"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; fair, warmer to-morrow; light winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LX....NO. 19,441. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

GIRL LEFT SENSELESS BY FLATBUSH THIEVES

Shot in the Heel as She Fled from Two Footpads Who Held Her Up at Night.

GOING HOME LATE FROM WORK

Concussion of the Bullet Left Her Helpless with a Broken Ankle—Scene of Many Hold-Ups.

The reports of five revolver shots and the screams of a girl last night aroused all that part of Flatbush which surrounds the Italian section in the neighhood of Malbone Street and Kingston Avenue, known as "Pigtown." Residents ran out of their homes, and Mounted Policeman Ferris of the Snyder Avenue Station galloped toward the sounds from blocks away.

At Kingston Avenue and Rutland Road he saw the body of a girl lying in the roadway beneath an electric light. Policemen Hall and McCormick came up and the three men carried the girl into a saloon near by. She was alive, but unconscious. Dr. MacDonald came from Kings County Hospital and found that the girl had only fainted. She had a bullet wound in her left heel and her left ankle was broken, the shock of the bullet probably having caused it, the surgeon said.

When she regained consciousness the girl said she was Mamie Fallon, whose home is at Kingston Avenue and Malbone Street, just on the outskirts of "Pigtown." She is a telephone operator employed in New York, and was on her way home at 11:55 last night, walking along Kingston Avenue toward her home, when two men stepped from the shelter of a telegraph pole and confronted her. Each held a revolver pointed at her.

"Give us every cent you've got," the girl says the men told her, "or we'll blow you full of holes."

Miss Fallon was terrified. Without a thought of the consequences she turned her back to the men and fled screaming toward Rutland Road. As she ran the girl heard the report of one pistol shot, and then another and another. Miss Fallon said she didn't know how many shots had been fired at her.

She continued to cry for help, and ran as fast as she could, until one of the bullets struck her in the heel. The blow upset her and she fell to the pavement.

She struggled to rise, and it was only then that she discovered that the concussion of the blow had snapped her ankle. She found that she could not get to her feet, and in terror she fainted. She knew nothing more till the policemen found her.

Miss Fallon could give no description of her assailants, saying it had been too dark to see them and she had been too frightened to observe them, anyway. She was taken to the hospital unhurt except for her wound on the heel and her broken ankle.

There have been many hold-ups in "Pigtown." The section is on the outskirts of Flatbush proper, and is a lonely spot, where only a few streets are cut through and there are few street lights. Miss Fallon said she was accustomed to cross this section on her way from work every night and had never given a thought to being held up.

The police believe that the men had watched the girl on her nightly pilgrimage across their district and had been prompted in their attack on her as much by her good looks as by any hope of obtaining money from her.

BOUND BY ROBBERS.

Aged Bronx Barber Fears for His Life After Midnight Attack.

When August Marchion opened the door of his little combination candy store and barber's shop at 1,847 Westchester Avenue, the Bronx, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, the customer who had knocked for nearly ten minutes saw that the old man was trembling and evidently had been frightened almost out of his wits. Marchion, who is 75 years old, shook his head in response to his customer's questions, answering only:

"They'll come back and kill me."

But at last he told how three men had entered his shop late on Saturday night and had ransacked the place for two hours in search of a hidden fortune. When they left, after 1 o'clock yesterday morning, they warned the old man not to tell the police and not to make an outcry, on penalty of death. He had paced the floor all night, and had said nothing until his customer wormed the story from him.

Last night a policeman stood guard near Marchion's home and Detectives Kelly and Zimmerman of the Westchester Station searched the neighborhood for the three men who Marchion said had robbed him.

According to the old Frenchman, who owns the one-story building in which are his combination store and his living rooms behind, it was about 11 o'clock, just a few moments after his assistant had left, that the three men came in and asked him for a pack of cigarettes. He started to get them, when two of the men grabbed him, and, poking revolvers in front of him—one of them so close to his face that the point of the barrel cut his forehead—ordered him to give up all the money he had.

He protested that he had none, and they took him in his bedroom, where they tied his hands and feet with a clothesline they had with them and laid him on the floor. Then, while one of them watched, the others searched.

They almost wrecked the candy store and barber shop, which are separated by partitions, and in his bedroom ripped up the carpet, tore open the mattress and pillows, and rummaged through his bureau. They found $55 in the cash register, and finally prepared to leave, telling him to gather all his money together in the next few days and be prepared to give it to an agent they would send.

"Now if you'll promise not to make an outcry and not to tell the police of this we'll release you before we go," they told him, and Marchion, too frightened to do anything else, agreed.

They cut his bonds, and two of the men left the store, going to the car tracks, where they waited until they saw a car approaching. The cars run only at half-hour intervals at that time of night, and they gave a shrill whistle as the car drew near.

The third man, who had remained on guard, then put his revolver in his pocket, and, telling Marchion that he would return and kill him if he made an outcry, ran from the place and boarded the car with his companions.

Marchion was able to give the police a good description of the men, as they spent more than two hours in his place and made no attempt to disguise themselves.

[illegible] B'way & 38th St. Famous German [illegible] are our Shoppers' Luncheons & Dinners. [illegible]

AGAINST SMITH, LOSES JOB.

Ex-Senator the Company's Friend, Assemblyman Says He Was Told.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 16.—There is much speculation here as to the motive behind the notice received by Assemblyman Allan B. Walsh that after two weeks his services will no longer be required in the electrical testing department of the John A. Roebling's Sons Company's plant. His friends declare that it was inspired by his support of James E. Martine for the United States Senatorship against James Smith, Jr.

Mr. Walsh asserted to-day that he and F. W. Roebling, Sr., had had several interviews on the Senatorship fight, in which Mr. Roebling had told him that James Smith, Jr., had proved a friend to the company in Washington and that the company would like to see him re-elected. The Assemblyman said he told Mr. Roebling he was pledged to stand by the popular choice, James E. Martine, and also told F. J. Newbury, Superintendent of the Roebling mills, that he was bound to support Mr. Martine.

Mr. Walsh said that Mr. Roebling questioned him on public utilities, employers' liability, and other measures, and offered him a job with the Trenton Street Railway Company if he would use his influence with the Common Council in certain matters.

The Superintendent of the department in which the Assemblyman is employed declared that Walsh had been giving too much time to his legislative duties. On the other hand, it is said that Walsh devoted just as much time to them last year and suffered no reduction in salary, whereas this year he not only had his income reduced, but also had been docked for absence.

Mr. Roebling declared that the reason given by the Superintendent was the only motive for Mr. Walsh's dismissal, and that he had paid the Assemblyman's election expenses.

Assemblyman Walsh declared that when he spoke to Mr. Roebling about his reduction in salary Mr. Roebling said: "Do you want us to pay you for going to the State House and raising hob with our interests?"

Regarding Mr. Roebling's statement that he paid the Assemblyman's election expenses, Mr. Walsh said he only received $50 from the Democratic State Committee and $10 from a personal friend.

DRAWS ROYAL FLUSH; DIES.

Chicago Girl Falls Lifeless from Her Chair in a Poker Game.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Miss Laura Cotton, daughter of Henry E. Cotton of the Deering Harvester Company, dropped dead in this city on Saturday night just as she had drawn a royal flush in a game of poker.

Some time ago Miss Cotton was employed as a stenographer. She became acquainted with a young man who paid her attention. One day he told her he was in a serious predicament and needed money. Believing him to be trustworthy, she lent him $100. A day or two later he disappeared.

Miss Cotton worried a great deal. Her health broke down, and she was compelled to resign. Since then she had been at home, and had found much diversion in card playing.

On Saturday night, with her father and mother and J. Mann, a friend of the family, she played poker. It was shortly after 11 o'clock that Miss Cotton, after drawing a hand, laughingly whispered to her father that if they were playing for money she would be willing to take off the "limit" in the betting. She stretched forth her hand, put down a royal flush, and fell off her chair dead.

ANTI-MORMON OUTBREAK.

Birkenhead Crowd Stones Meeting House and Orders Preachers to Quit.

BIRKENHEAD, April 16.—The anti-Mormon campaign led to serious disorders here to-day. An organized demonstration against Mormonism was carried out, and an ultimatum was issued requesting the Mormon missionaries to quit the town within eight days. Later a great crowd attacked the Mormon meeting house, and stoned the windows. The police had great difficulty in restoring order. Two persons were injured and five were arrested.

In January W. P. Monson, chief of the Mormon missionaries in England, wrote to the Home Secretary, Winston Spencer Churchill, seconding the request of certain English clergy that the Home Office investigate Mormonism in England. Monson declared that the Mormons were being persecuted.

An anti-Mormon campaign was organized at Liverpool by the Bishop of that city and other prominent churchmen. The object was the expulsion from England of the Mormon missionaries, who were charged with sending many recruits, chiefly girls, to the United States. The movement was taken up by the clergy of other cities.

AUTO HITS C. D. MARSH.

His Leg Broken in Fifth Avenue Crush—Daughter Goes to Hospital with Him.

Converse D. Marsh, President of the Bates Advertising Company of 15 Spruce Street, and living at 48 West Fifty-ninth Street, was knocked down in Fifth Avenue near Fifty-sixth Street, yesterday afternoon, by an automobile owned by J. W. Earle, President of the Union Typewriter Company of 280 Broadway. He was removed to Flower Hospital suffering from a fracture of the right leg.

His daughter, Miss Faith Marsh, was with him at the time. They had stepped from the curb on the east side of the thoroughfare and were attempting to get across the street between the automobiles. The Earle machine, which was going north on the avenue, was seen by Miss Marsh, who jumped back and tried in vain to drag her father out of its path.

At the hospital Mr. Marsh's daughter refused to leave him and personally administered to his needs.

RESERVES SAVE AN AUTOIST.

Curdy Hit Boy, and Policeman Callan Feared the Crowd Would Attack Him.

An automobile, going north in Second Avenue last night, operated by a man who said he was Edgar Curdy of 206 East 123d Street, struck thirteen-year-old Tony Capara, Jr., of 2,316 Second Avenue, at 116th Street. The lad was thrown about ten feet. He was picked up by Policeman Callan and carried into a drug store to wait for an ambulance from Harlem Hospital.

Before the ambulance came a crowd surrounded the drug store, and Callan, fearing trouble, called the reserves.

Dr. Baker of Harlem Hospital found that the boy had a fractured skull and removed him to the hospital. Curdy was locked up.

EXPLOSION ON BARGE SHAKES CITY ISLAND

The Electra, with 5,000 Gallons of Gasoline in Her Big Tanks, Blows Up.

CAPTAIN AND WIFE SAVED

Blown from the Burning Boat and Are Picked Up Only Slightly Burned—Wreck Goes Adrift.

City Island folk were abed or preparing to retire at 10:15 o'clock last night when an explosion shook the whole island. Houses trembled and crockery fell on kitchen shelves. At the same instant the sky was illuminated by a brilliant glow.

The townsfolk, hurrying into the streets, saw that the Electra, the big supply barge of the Texas Company, which is kept anchored 300 yards off shore to provide gasoline and lubricating oil to power boats, was afire. Flames leaped 200 feet into the air, casting a dazzling light over the water on which rode shoreward, the heavy rollers which the explosion had stirred up.

By the light of the blazing gasoline two figures could be seen struggling in the water. They were those of Capt. John Pierce and his wife, Annie. From the shore dozens of small boats, among them power boats, had put out toward the blaze, and Daniel Oakes, in the Fritzie, was the first to reach the struggling Captain and his wife. He dragged them aboard his craft and put back to shore, followed by most of the fleet of small craft, their owners shouting congratulations to the rescued and the rescuer.

Capt. Pierce said he had discovered a fire near one of the forward tanks when he returned to the boat from church, and at first had tried to put it out. He quickly realized that the fire was getting beyond him, and fearing the explosion which resulted, he ran aft, shouting to his wife to jump into the rowboat.

Before either of them could get into the boat the explosion came, and flames sprang 200 feet into the air. Both had leaped at the first big outburst of flame, and neither the Captain nor his wife were injured beyond the wetting they received. Their sleeping quarters aboard the launch, where Mrs. Pierce had been a moment before, were blown away by the explosion.

The blazing hulk broke loose from its moorings and started drifting slowly with the tide. The menace to shipping anchored nearby was realized immediately by those ashore and the fleet of small boats put out again, hurrying from vessel to vessel to get up anchors and move the craft out of danger.

Ashore firemen stood by lines of hose prepared to fight the blaze if the barge should float shoreward as well as to protect the Jacobs and Nevins ship yards from the flames which a wind blew toward them.

The fireboat Zophar Mills was called from its station at Ninety-ninth Street and the East River and it threw streams of water on the hulk. They made no impression on the blazing gasoline, however, and presently there came a second explosion, more powerful than the first. Again houses ashore were shaken, and again what was almost a tidal wave was sent rolling shoreward, tossing other craft about like chips. The explosion was practically the last of the fire, however, for after it the flames quickly died down, leaving the Electra a wreck to the water's edge.

Word of the fire reached Harbor Squad B, at 123d Street and the Harlem River, and the police boat hastened to City Island. By the time it reached there it was found that a line could be got aboard the Electra, and the Harbor Squad men towed the boat to the foot of Scofield Street, City Island, and there beached it.

BARGES LOST AT SEA.

"Captain John" of New York, Who Was Drowned, Was Soon to Marry.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 16.—Two barges were sunk and one life lost, it developed to-day, in the gale off Point Judith on Saturday morning. It was known Saturday that the barge Sailor had foundered off the Point, as Capt. A. P. Keefe, her commander, was picked up by the life savers at the Point with badly crushed feet and other injuries.

It was not learned until to-day, however, that the tug Salutation had lost two of her string of four barges. The Salutation from South Amboy, N. J., to Fall River and Providence had four coal-laden barges in tow, the Francis C. Scully, Tornado, Henry C. Cadmus, and Sailor following the tug in the order named. The Scully was taken to Fall River and the Tornado was brought here to Wilkesbarre Pier.

Capt. Melvin Chapman and his wife were on the Scully, the only barge whose hawser held, and he told to-day of seeing the other three barges break away, first the Sailor, then the Cadmus and last the Tornado. The Cadmus foundered almost at once, Capt. Chapman said, and the man who was in charge of her, known only to the others as "Captain John," attempted to escape in a dory. He had barely gotten clear of the sinking barge, however, when a great sea enveloped both boat and man. "Captain John" was only 24, and belonged in New York. When the barges were loading at South Amboy he told Capt. Chapman that in two months more he would give up his dangerous occupation, marry a New Bedford girl and settle down ashore.

On the Tornado were Capt. Upenbrow and his wife of New York. Capt. Chapman said that when the barge broke away he never expected to see either of them again, but the Tornado drifted into Point Judith breakwater and Capt. Upenbrow dropped his anchor. She was later picked up by the Salutation.

CHILDREN DIG FOR CHURCH.

They Break the Ground of an Addition to a Montclair Congregational Church.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., April 16.—Three hundred boys and girls, children of the Christian Union Congregational Church of this town, of which Rev. Henry E. Jackson is the Pastor, each brought to church this afternoon a little spade. After the service they set to work to break the ground for the site of a $32,000 addition to the church.

At a signal from the Pastor each boy and girl dug his spade into the earth and turned up some of the soil. Then, entering into the spirit of the occasion, the elder members of the congregation seized the spades and carried on the work. Mr. Jackson made a short address, pointing out the significance of the participation of the children in the work, and appropriate hymns were sung.

The addition to the church, which is at Park Street and Cooper Avenue, will be used largely for Sunday School purposes.

THE REAL ESTATE NUMBER of The New York Times, which will be issued next Sunday, will contain remarkably complete reviews of real estate affairs in this city.

HORACE WYLIE BACK FROM EUROPE ALONE

Did Flee to Europe with Wife of His Friend Philip Hichborn, the Latter Thinks.

HE MAY SEEK A DIVORCE

But Has Not Decided to Do So Yet, He Says—Wylie, Home on Lusitania, in Seclusion at the Waldorf.

Horace Wylie of Washington, who disappeared on Dec. 16 last year, with much resultant gossip at the National capital regarding his whereabouts, returned to this country from Europe on the Lusitania last Friday and is now staying at the Waldorf-Astoria. Mr. Wylie has become slightly lame in his absence, limping slightly on his left foot. Although he is registered at the hotel, he is never seen in the corridors, and all calls for him by telephone to his room receive no reply.

Mrs. Philip Hichborn, wife of the only son of the late Rear Admiral Philip Hichborn, left Washington about the same time as Mr. Wylie, and soon afterward it was openly asserted among friends of the two that they had eloped together to the Far East. This gossip was denied by Mrs. Hichborn's family, who stated that she had suffered a nervous breakdown through the death of her father, the late Henry M. Hoyt, Solicitor to the State Department, and had been sent to a sanitarium.

Mr. Wylie is the son of the late Judge Wylie of the District of Columbia. He is prominent in Washington society and has a wife and four young children. Since December 16 he has been variously reported as having been seen in London, Paris, Vienna, and Shanghai. His share of the $1,000,000 Wylie estate was estimated at $300,000.

Late last night, in answer to inquiries at the hotel, a message came down from Mr. Wylie's room that he had retired at 8 o'clock and had nothing to say.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The widow of Read Admiral Hichborn has admitted recently that her son, Philip Hichborn, is soon to apply for divorce from his beautiful wife, who disappeared shortly before Christmas, and has been believed to be with Horace Wylie of Washington, whose disappearance coincided with hers. Mr. Hichborn would not say yesterday, however, that he has such intention.

It is said that Mr. Hichborn received a letter recently from his wife, in which she frankly told him that she would never return to him, and that she was very happy. In this letter, it is said, Mrs. Hichborn expressed regret that so much publicity had been given to the affair, and hoped her husband would soon forget her. Hichborn had wished for his wife's return, it is said, but now realizes she is gone for good.

A friend of Mr. Wylie received a letter from him several days ago. It was postmarked Rome.

Efforts are said to have been made in vain by mutual friends to induce Mr. Wylie and Mrs. Hichborn to return to their homes and families. Yesterday Mr. Hichborn admitted for the first that that he though Mrs. Hichborn had fled with Mr. Wylie, who, in turn, deserted his wife.

"I have spoken to no one of my wife or my family affairs since my wife left Washington," he said. "I cannot answer the question as to whether or not my wife will again come to live with me. I cannot tell what the future will bring forth."

Mr. Hichborn declared that he had not consented to the plans of his family to institute proceedings for divorce against his wife. He said he did not know what he would decide to do in the future. He admitted that his wife had left him, but had no information to give as to her present whereabouts.

TWO KILLED IN ELEVATOR.

Operator and Woman Dead, Though Car Wasn't Much Damaged.

Tenants in the Rosemont Apartment House, 126 West 127th Street, were startled at 9:30 o'clock last night by two loud crashes. Many of them ran into the halls and heard groans from the elevator shaft.

Ernest Bailey, who lives on the third floor, ran to the basement and found John Nelson, the janitor, and his wife Mary trying to drag Richard Benjamin, the negro elevator boy, and Helen Levy, a servant employed by a family on the top floor, from the car, which rested at the foot of the shaft, its top slightly crushed, but otherwise apparently all right.

Benjamin and Helen Levy were both unconscious, and Dr. Donnelly, whom Policeman Horn of the West 125th Street Station summoned from Harlem Hospital, hurried them there in an ambulance. Benjamin died a few moments after he had been admitted. His back was broken and his skull fractured. Helen Levy died early this morning.

Inspector John Wilson of the Maintenance Surety Company, which insured the elevator, visited the house soon after the accident, but would not undertake to say what had caused it. He said, however, that the safety clutches must have worked, else the car would have been wrecked at the bottom of the shaft. Both cables had snapped apart.

The grillwork top of the elevator shaft was broken, as was the drip pan beneath the machinery, and persons who saw this damage suggested that the car had been allowed to ascend above the seventh, or top, floor, where it had crashed into the machinery, snapped the cables, and then fallen.

Benjamin, it was said, had been running the car only two days. He had been taking Helen Levy upstairs, and at the third floor had stopped to let Dr. C. F. W. Horn of 220 West 127th Street alight.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—SS Oceania, Naples, April 4; SS Lituania, Libau, April 4; SS Armenia, Matanzas, April 10; SS Jolando di Giorgio, Port Antonio, April 12; SS Querida, Macoris, April 8; SS Winnie, Tampico.

FAST TRAIN KILLS THREE AT STATION

Passengers on Local See Express Hurl Two Elderly Women and a Man from Tracks.

WERE HURRYING ACROSS

Baggageman Had Gone to Aid Women, Feebly Stepping Toward Train Standing at Elizabeth.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., April 16.—Passengers aboard the Jersey Central local from Perth Amboy to Jersey City, which stopped at Elizabeth Avenue, Elizabethport, at 9:05 o'clock last night, crowded to the windows of the cars as they heard a yell outside, and then saw E. S. Saunders, the baggage master, rush from the station and try to help two women across the tracks.

The women were old, and were stepping feebly. The passengers saw Saunders struggle to lift them from the track, and then they heard the shriek of a whistle and felt the rush past of the train as the Lakewood express, traveling at top speed, shot through the station.

When they looked out again after the express had passed they could see the bodies of Saunders and the two women tossed far from where they had been standing but a moment before. All three had been struck by the racing train and killed.

Railroad men ran to the bodies and carried them into the station, while aboard the train men turned away from the windows and women covered their faces with their hands, sobbing. Then the whistle blew and the Perth Amboy train pulled away.

In the Morgue, Chauncey Watson of 552 First Avenue, nearly crazed from grief, identified the women as Mrs. Hannah Crosgrove of Belford, N. J., his mother-in-law, who had spent the day at his home, and her aged mother, Mrs. Ann Eliza Stone of Riverhead, L. I. Mrs. Cosgrove was 60 years old, and Mrs. Stone 87.

Watson said that Mrs. Cosgrove had visited Elizabethport to spend Easter with her daughter, his wife, and had brought her own mother with her. The women had been trying to board the Perth Amboy local when the accident occurred.

They had been in the station, having waited there until the train pulled in. Then they started across the tracks. The local was drawn up on the tracks furthest from the station, and to reach it from the side on which the women had waited they had to cross the express tracks.

Saunders had seen them picking their way slowly across, and then had heard the whistle of the Lakewood express. Had he reached them a second sooner or had they been quicker in getting across all three might have been saved.

The express came to a stop as soon as possible and then backed down to the station to see what harm had been done. The conductor, G. H. Van Nott and the engineer, William S. Hartman, were arrested by Police Captain O'Leary on a technical charge of manslaughter and locked up in the Second Precinct Station. They will be arraigned in the morning.

Trolley traffic over the line which passes close to the railroad station was held up for about three quarters of an hour by the great crowd that assembled after the accident.

About two weeks ago the City Council was petitioned to force the Jersey Central Railroad to run its trains at a six mile limit over grade crossings in this city, because of the many accidents that have occurred.

KITES RIDDLED BY RIFLES.

Navy Men Say Tests Show an Airship 1,000 Yards Away Has No Chance.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—"It is reasonable to believe that an aeroplane 1,000 yards away would stand no chance if only the service rifle were used," is the conclusion of naval officers, as expressed to-day in an official report to the Navy Department, on the first attempt made to shoot an aeroplane-shaped kite from a battleship.

The experiment was made April 6, when the Atlantic Fleet was at target practice off Hampton Roads. Then only the service rifle was used in firing at the kites. Now preparations are being made to use a three-inch gun.

The kites were box shaped, measuring 4 by 2 feet. A team of ten bluejackets on the quarter deck fired at them. During the third volley aimed at the first kite the string by which the kite was being towed was cut by a bullet and the kite sailed away without the number of hits being disclosed. Of 160 shots fired rapidly at the second kite forty hits were made, several cutting the braces and frames.

"As the bunting covered not more than three-fifths of the total area of the kite as presented to the ship," says the report, "it gave the excellent result of forty hits out of 160 over an area of about five square feet with a rapidly plunging target 500 to 700 yards distant in the air."

RUNAWAY SCATTERS CROWD.

McGrath Grips Horse's Bridle as It Dashes Across Williamsburg Plaza.

A horse, hitched to the delivery wagon of Abraham Glickman of 243 South First Street, Brooklyn, with whom were Samuel Yudin of 198 South First Street, and his ten-year-old son, Max, was frightened yesterday by an automobile at the Brooklyn anchorage of the Williamsburg Bridge, and ran away. Policeman McGrath did not observe the horse until it was too late to close the runaway gate, but as the animal dashed past, got a grip on its bridle. He was knocked off his feet, but held on and was dragged across the Plaza.

The wagon struck a street car standing on a siding and scattered a dozen persons who were waiting to board it. A few yards further on two men were knocked down, but were not hurt and the wagon hitting an elevated pillar it upset. Its occupants were thrown out and were cut and bruised, and Patrolman McGrath managed to stop the horse.

Russian Priest Triumphs Over Synod.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 16.—By the Emperor's intervention the priest Heliodorus of the Tzaritsyn, who was transferred by order of Holy Synod to the diocese of Tula, has triumphed over the Synod. The result was a religious frenzy throughout the priest's parish. An investigation resulted in the Holy Synod rescinding its order.

Ship Brings 1,500 Tons of Cash.

The steamship Katuna, in yesterday from the Far East, brought 1,500 tons of Chinese money. The coins, which are manifested as "copper cash," are mutilated copper, condemned by the Government. They will be broken up and sold as copper. The cargo was shipped at Chemulpo.

$100,000 EASTER GIFT.

St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, Receives Endowment.

There was surprise and satisfaction among the people of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church at Clinton and Carroll Streets, Brooklyn, yesterday when the Rev. Dr. Andrew Chalmers Wilson, the rector, announced at the morning service that "a friend" had given a check for $100,000 for an endowment fund for the work of the church. For the time being the donor wished, he said, that his name be not disclosed.

The gift came at the close of a week of special mission services conducted by the Rev. Father Walter Howard Frere, head of the Order of the Resurrection of England, who came to this country recently. Bishop Frederick Burgess opened the mission and large congregations attended the services.

The Easter offering amounted to $1,000, and a set of silver candlesticks was presented to the rector by the choir.

SETTLERS FLOCK TO CANADA.

More Than 100,000 Landed at St. John and Halifax Since November.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 16.—All records for immigrants landed at Halifax and St. John, N. B., have been broken during the Winter season just closing, largely at the expense of New York, Boston, and United States ports, according to steamship officials.

While most of the immigrants have settled in the Canadian Northwest, there is said to have been a considerable entry to lands in the western part of the United States. The shorter passage of four and five days, as compared with six and seven days on many of the emigrant steamers in the United States service, is given as reasons for favoring Canadian ports.

It is estimated that more than 100,000 persons were landed here and in St. John since last November, compared with 68,000 during a similar period last year.

TOWING ALLEMANIA HERE.

Tugs Leave Haiti with Refloated German Liner Which Went Aground.

CAPE HAITIEN, Haiti, April 16.—The Hamburg-American steamer Allemania, which went ashore off Pointe Mardi Gras the latter part of March, left here to-day for New York in tow of the tugs Premier and Reveil.

The Allemania was floated by her sister ship, the Croatia, a few days after she went aground.

SAVED BY A CRYING BABY.

Family Waked in Time to Escape Flames Which Destroyed Home.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., April 16.—Allan Doran, a well-known farmer near this city, with his wife and two small children, narrowly escaped being burned to death early this morning when their house with all its contents was destroyed by fire. The family was aroused by the crying of their baby, and found the house in flames.

The children were carried to safety, and then all stood in their nightclothes and watched their home burn.

CHAMPAGNE RIOTERS CALM.

But Discontent Is Still Smoldering—Police Seek Stolen Dynamite.

EPERNAY, Department of Marne, France, April 16.—The champagne district is outwardly calm, although discontent is still apparently smoldering. There was a slight outbreak to-day near Ay, the rioters setting fire to the woods, doing considerable damage. Several villages in the Rheims district have not yet been occupied by the troops and are in a state of unrest. Detachments are now on the way to these places.

The police are searching for the dynamite which was abstracted from the quarries ten days ago and which is believed to be in the hands of the wine growers.

CRUISER TO DELAGOA BAY.

Anarchy There, Due to Portuguese Colony Remaining Loyal to Monarchy.

LONDON, April 16.—A Cape Town dispatch says that the British protected cruiser Forte has been ordered to Delagoa Bay.

According to The Johannesburg Express, anarchy reigns at Delagoa Bay, owing to the fact that many officials and residents of the Portuguese East African territory remain loyal to the deposed monarchy. The revolutionists demand the deposition of the Governor of Mozambique and the expulsion of the royalists.

ATTACKS ANGLICAN CHURCH.

Stead Accuses It of Apathy in Its Attitude Toward Peace.

LONDON, April 16.—At a meeting held in Whitefield's Tabernacle to-day in favor of the proposed Anglo-American arbitration treaty, W. T. Stead complained strongly of the apathy of the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Anglican Church toward the peace movement.

The meeting resolved to appeal to the leaders of the Church to aid the Lord Mayor's project of forming a committee representing all the religious churches and denominations in support of the Government in effecting such a treaty.

MAY WED LODGE'S SON.

Nurse Who Attended Him When Ill Says She Is Engaged to Him.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 16.—Miss Mary Connelly, a trained nurse, states that she is to wed John E. Lodge, the only son of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge. The reported engagement is said to be the outcome of an acquaintance begun when Mr. Lodge lay in a critical condition last December and January at the home of Dr. William Sturgis Bigelow, where Miss Connolly nursed him back to health.

Miss Connolly comes from St. John, New Brunswick, and received her training in Boston. She is 25 years old.

Six Hurt in a Surrey Collision.

A double surrey going south in Madison Avenue last night was hit by a car at Twenty-third Street. One of the wheels of the surrey was broken and the six occupants thrown out. Morris Rosenberg, 20 years old, of 100 Avenue D, was taken to New York Hospital with internal injuries.

The four others hurt were Ida Zimmerman, 17 years, of 202 Henry Street, lacerations and contusions; Joe Katz, salesman, of 74 Avenue C, contusions of the right eye and hand; Sam Leibowish of 49 Willett Street, and Sam Berk of 74 Avenue C, contusions. Tillie Dubinsky of 303 East Eighth Street escaped injury.

BATTLE NEAR ON THE BORDER; WE WARN AGAIN

Agua Prieta Garrison Makes Trenches Near American Line Despite Our Warning.

OUTPOSTS ALREADY FIGHT

Our Messengers Tell Federal Commander He Must Not Endanger Douglas Residents.

OUR TROOPS TO HOLD BACK

Ordered by War Department Not to Cross the Line, but to Protest if Americans Are Endangered.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—There is very little assurance in the advices received at the War Department from the scene of hostilities at Agua Prieta that a situation which will compel action by the United States can be averted. Dispatches came to the War Department as late as 10:15 to-night from Lieut. Col. Shunk of the First Cavalry giving a comprehensive description of the positions of the federals and insurrectos. The latter have thrown up intrenchments to hold the town, and in one place they are within a short distance of the boundary, where they must inevitably draw the fire of the federals in the direction of Douglas.

Army officers here state that the bombardment of Agua Prieta means the bombardment of Douglas, and it is morally certain that even without the use of artillery by either side an infantry attack will subject the American town to a heavy fire, as there is no possible way of controlling the positions of either side during a fight. All the fighting to-day was confined to the outposts of insurrectos and Federals, but the expectation is that the general attack will begin early in the morning.

Troops Likely to Cross Border.

Advices received at the State Department to-day suggest the total inability of the Mexican Government to comply with the demand by the United States that the life and safety of American citizens on this side of the boundary shall not be imperiled. The whole trend of the situation as described in to-day's dispatches to Washington is in the direction of a situation where our troops will be necessarily forced to cross the line.

The President has, however, adhered to his policy to maintain strict neutrality, and the latest orders to the commanding officer at Douglas reiterate former orders of this character. The insurrectos have the advantage of the situation in that they can force the Federals to fire in the direction of Douglas, and this is a powerful element of protection to them. They are making their desperate stand to hold the town because it gives them a port of entry and an inlet for arms and ammunition which it is understood here they very much need.

The following dispatches were given out at the White House to-night:

> Douglas, Ariz., April 16.
>
> Authentic reports indicate action ten miles south of here, between the advance guard of Federal troops, numbering about 1,200, and the insurgent scouts. In all probability a considerable engagement will occur not later than to-morrow.
>
> The insurgent forces are holding Agua Prieta, and are at present engaged in digging trenches parallel with the National line, and about two hundred yards south of the National line. I have warned the insurgents about using these trenches in a manner subjecting American citizens on American territory to danger. I have also sent a messenger, Charles McKean, to the Federal Commander, transmitting to him your instructions relative to the observing of the neutrality laws and the endangering of American lives on American territory.
>
> How far am I warranted in going, under the circumstances? SHUNK.

Instructions to Our Commander.

The War Department promptly sent this message:

> Replying to your request for instructions as to what to do in case fighting occurred, which involved danger to citizens of Douglas or vicinity, you are instructed as follows:
>
> Under no circumstances allow any of your men to cross International boundary. Prevent, as far as possible, any violation of the International laws through crossing of armed troops or individuals from that territory to that of Mexico. In case either Federals or insurgents enter American territory disarm them, and hold them pending further orders. Advise the citizens of Douglas to avoid exposure to fire from Mexican territory, and repeat, through civil messengers, your previous protest against firing into American territory by either Federals or insurgents.

Those messages came later from Lieut. Col. Shunk:

> 6:30 P. M.—Your message concerning danger to people of Douglas delivered to Federal commander, who promised to respect your wishes. Will do all in his power to prevent damage in United States territory. He reports that he will attack very soon.
>
> SHUNK, Commanding.
>
> 10:15 P. M.—Your wire: About 1,000 insurrectos hold Agua Prieta; have intrenched in several places. Some of their intrenchments within 100 feet of boundary line. A Federal force, said to be about 1,400 strong, is advancing upon Agua Prieta from the South. Advanced troops of hostile parties in contact for last hour. Engagement highly probable by to-morrow.
>
> SHUNK, Commanding.

The War Department has [illegible]

giving in detail the activities of the hostile forces. These will be given out to-morrow.

BRITAIN WATCHES SITUATION.

Daily Mail Says the Blame Will Be Diaz's If We Interfere.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 16.—The situation in Mexico is being watched here with a great deal of interest. The principal papers are devoting considerable space to the latest news from the seat of trouble, all featuring THE NEW YORK TIMES's special dispatches.

Dealing editorially with the action of the commander of the gunboat Shearwater in landing a party of British bluejackets, The Daily Mail will say to-morrow:

"Neither the United States nor Mexico need imagine that we have any designs on Mexican territory, though our financial and commercial interests in Mexico are perhaps as great as those of the United States. We recognize that if forcible intervention is called for, Mr. Taft has the first claim. The Monroe Doctrine is not disputed, but apart from this general sanction the United States has special interests.

"The frontier of Mexico, where the rebels are active, marches with the frontier of the United States, and these continued disturbances seriously affect the lives and property of American citizens in Arizona. Mr. Taft has already taken the precaution of concentrating 20,000 troops on the border, and has shown clearly that the forbearance of the United States Government is almost exhausted. He has now warned that Mexican frontier battles which endanger the lives of American citizens must cease, and has emphasized the warning by sending a mobile force of 800 cavalry to the boundary between the two republics.

"If the United States ultimatum is followed by armed intervention, the blame will be with the Mexican Government. President Diaz has had nearly a year in which to crush the rebellion. He has done nothing to show he has the power to deal with Señor Madero, who, according to the latest reports, has become weary of ineffectual negotiations and has decided to abandon his efforts to secure peace."

MEXICAN ARMY WARNED.

Neither Side, However, Agrees to Keep Away from the Line.

AGUA PRIETA, Mexico, via Douglas, Ariz., April 16.—After a number of small skirmishes between the rebels and the advancing Federals to-day, in which it cannot be learned that there were any fatalities, the opposing forces to-night were awaiting another day. The Federals were wearied from their long march, and at dusk halted. The rebels to-night were busy fortifying Agua Prieta and vicinity. Much excitement prevailed in Douglas and Agua Prieta to-night.

Lieut. Col. William A. Shunk, commanding the first United States Cavalry in Douglas, sent James T. Williams, a newspaper man of Tucson, and Charles McKean, a former army man, with a message to Reynaldo Diaz, commanding the advancing force of Federals. The message was similar to that delivered to the rebel chiefs in Agua Prieta—that battle plans must be so arranged that no bullets from either Federal or rebel rifles cross the line and again endanger life and property on United States territory.

The two men went in an automobile flying the United States colors and a white flag, and were escorted by the rebels to within sight of the Federals, three miles south of Agua Prieta. The messages were received by Diaz and his staff. The Federal commander sent word to Lieut. Col. Shunk that every precaution would be taken against firing across the line.

"If Americans were killed in the battle of last Thursday," he said, "it must have been because of their failure to observe care. If in our attack on Agua Prieta any shots cross into the United States territory it will be because we are unable to prevent it."

The rebels have dug trenches between Agua Prieta and Douglas at right angles to the United States line, to prevent a flank movement on the part of the Federals, thus keeping them from getting between the two border cities.

Col. Medina, commanding the rebels, said to the Associated Press correspondent to-night that he planned to confine the fighting to the south of Agua Prieta, but would use the city to protect his forces if driven back.

"If we are defeated and compelled to give up Agua Prieta our troops, all mounted, will not cross into United tSates territory," he said. "We will retreat east or west, taking new stands in the mountains. We prefer to die on Mexican soil rather than flee into the United States."

United States cavalry from Tucson and Naco have arrived in Douglas, augmenting the force already there. The troops were on duty all day, and sightseers were not permitted nearer to the boundary than Fourth Street. This street was crowded ten deep for a quarter of a mile this afternoon.

Citizens of Douglas have arranged to give first aid to the wounded. Many persons have volunteered for Red Cross Service, and sixty-five automobiles have been placed in service.

FEDERALS AVOID MEXICALI.

Col. Mayot Apparently Has Gone to Protect Great Dam.

MEXICALI, April 16.—Col. Mayot's Federal force divided yesterday. While half continued eastward, the other half is moving northward toward Algodones, the border town opposite Andrade, four miles east of here.

The rebel garrison here suspects that it is a strategic move on the part of the Federals, and have posted scouts to see that the Algodones division does not double back and take Mexicali by surprise.

The other section continued its march eastward to-day toward the Colorado and away from Mexicali. It appears evident that the Federal commander is more intent on carrying out his orders to guard the Colorado River dam, where the United States Government is working to protect the Imperial Valley irrigation system than he is to engage in a final encounter with the rebel forces.

The insurrectos received ten recruits to-day, all German miners from Nevada and Colorado.

Rebels Capture Towns in Durango.

LAREDO, Texas, April 16.—According to reliable reports in local telegraph circles, the telegraph offices at Itde, El Oro, and El Campo, three small towns in the State of Durango, have been closed temporarily, the reason given being that the towns are in the hands of the insurrectos.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE

OWNERS OF PROPERTY TAKEN FOR THE MANHATTAN BRIDGE.

You are hereby requested to attend a meeting to be held at Pacific Hall, 209 East Broadway, on Monday Evening, April 17th, 1911, at 8:30 P. M., to protest against the inadequate, insufficient, and unjust awards made by the Commissioners appointed to appraise the value of property taken for Manhattan Bridge. Means will be discussed and steps taken to obtain a fair and just compensation for same.

THOMAS SHEILS. LOWENFELD & PRAGER.

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Cost reduced to the minimum by the oldest company in the country—the company which pays the largest annual dividends.

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[illegible] John. 37 Liberty St., New York.

DIAZ GOVERNMENT CALLS VOLUNTEERS

Troubles Have Spread Through the Whole Republic and Army Will Be Increased.

REBELS HOLD MANY CITIES

Even in Guanajanto Bands Have Appeared — Dissentions Reported Among Some of the Insurrectos.

MEXICO CITY, April 16.—A general call for volunteer soldiers to serve for a period of six months was posted in this capital to-day. The call is made to all citizens between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who desire to lend their services to the country. The pay offered is one peso, (50 cents) a day besides clothing and equipment. The customary inducement of advancement in rank and pay to those who prove worthy is included.

In addition to the regular army, including such volunteers as may be secured, the war department has at its disposal numerous volunteer organizations maintained by wealthy planters, mine owners and others. Daily the Government is offered the services of these men and while the cases of their acceptance have been rare the department can at any time, by availing itself of these proffers, increase its fighting force to the extent of many thousands.

The activity in the war department overshadows to-day the much talked of plans for peace. Both Mexicans and Americans in the Capital were inclined to believe that the end of the revolution was still far off. Officially Mexico is not treating with the rebels. Day by day the desire for peace grows greater and Government officials and business men hope that the unofficial negotiations begun at Washington may bear fruit. Minister de la Barra continued to-day to express the belief that a compromise may be affected, but Dr. Vasquez Gomez at Washington, and Francisco I. Madero in the field, are probably the only two men who can say what the outcome will be. To-night Minister de la Barra stated that the negotiations begun at Washington between himself and Dr. Vasquez Gomez had not reached a stage where he was able to state what the result would be.

The necessity of the call for volunteers has been created not alone by the activity of the revolutionists in the north. Throughout the country, with the exception of a few states, the movement has grown with striking rapidity, especially in the southern part of the republic. The greatest activity has been displayed in the States of Tobasco, Yucatan, and Puebla.

It is by no means certain that all the depredations committed in these States are the work of organized revolutionists. The Government maintains they are work of bandits, but in numerous instances the battle cry of the men has been "Viva Madero." Whether bandits or revolutionists, they have served to keep several thousand Federal soldiers in the field.

Last week it was reported that San Juan Bautista, the capital of the State of Tabasco, was in danger of capture. This was confirmed to-day by consular reports. According to these reports the rebels yesterday took possession of Jalapa, twenty miles from the Capital. Previous to this the operations of the rebels had been in the southern part of that State. They have also threatened the northern part of Chiapas. The activity in Yucatan so far as reports have been received centre about the towns of Maxcunu and Halacho, which were recently taken by the rebels.

Jenabo, in the State of Campeche, was also assaulted by the same bands. Since this outbreak Gov. Curiel has exerted great efforts, including amnesty to political prisoners, looking toward pacifying the State, apparently with some measure of success.

Yesterday the rebels who recently captured the town of Chiautla in the state of Puebla, made an effort, but without success, to take Matamora Izucar. To-day a detachment of troops was in pursuit of the rebels and an encounter was expected at any time. With the exception of the taking of Chiautla the rebels captured no other towns in Puebla but planters have been the victims of their raids throughout the state.

In Guerrero, another of the southern States infested by rebels, Acuitlapan was captured yesterday. This town is twelve miles from Taxco, an important mining camp. Like Puebla, Guerrero has been the scene of innumerable raids, and its plantations and small villages have furnished the rebles money and arms.

For some days rebels in the State of Vera Cruz have not displayed any great activity. Federal troops sent to the region about the port of Tuxpan appear to have scattered their forces, but since the inauguration of hostilities rebel bands have appeared at various points from Coatzacoalcos to Tuxpan.

From time to time minor depredations have been made in the states of Morelos and Mexico but the marauders have successfully eluded the federals sent in pursuit. Recently rebels have shown unusual activity in the states of Zacatecas, Jalisco and Durango.

In Zacatecas, the capital of the state an attack was made and in Durango they continue to destroy bridges on the International Railroad between Durango and Torreon as rapidly as the railroad can build them.

In this state dissatisfaction was reported in the ranks of the rebels and dispatches received here to-day stated tha their chiefs are divided in their opinion regarding an attack upon Santiago Papasquiaro or Guancevi. A revolt was reported to-day in the town of Sandimas.

A delayed telegram to El Imparcial today related an encounter near Tamazula, resulting in seventeen rebels and one Federal being killed.

Reports have just reached here of the capture of Villa del Castanos, near Monclova by rebels under the leadership of an attorney named Andres Sanchez Fuentes. It also was reported that bridges between Parras and Viesca in that State were destroyed by rebels. Parras and Viesca are surrounded by vast estates belonging to the Maderos.

The states of Guanajuato and Jalisco were added last week to those in which the rebels have appeared. Little activity was displayed in Jalisco but in Guanajuato, a state which had boasted that it was wholly at peace, the rebels made an attack upon a mining camp near Leon and to-day are said to be working their way across the hills toward the capital.

Rebels Withdraw After a Fight.

EL PASO, Texas, April 16.—The second battle of Bauche has resulted as the first, fought on Feb. 4. The insurrectos have left the field and the Federals have come back to Juarez.

Whether the insurrectos retired because of lack of water, as on the former occasion, or as the result of a message from Dr. Gomez in Washington relative to peace is not known. A message was received here last night by the El Paso Junta, to be delivered to Francisco I. Madero, and this was sent south in duplicate by two couriers during the night. Whether Madero was near Juarez the Junta was uninformed.

What the message contained the Junta officials would not state, but they admit it had to do with peace, and will not deny that Dr. Gomez counseled inactivity pending negotiations now on with Mexico City. Soon after the messages went south the insurrectos retired.

The Federals lost six dead, including Lieuts. Miguel Baturoni and Abraham Jiminez, and six wounded, including Capt. Porfiro Hernandez. The wounded were brought to Juarez during the night. The dead were brought in to-day. The Federals had fired a bridge on the railroad between Auche, where the fight occurred, and Juarez. There was no necessity for this in order to block the railroad, however, as the insurrecto train had been wrecked in Bauche as it came from the south. Federals on Thursday placed dynamite under the tracks, and the charge blew up the train. The insurrectos had two cars loaded with railroad ties ahead of the locomotive, and these cars received the brunt of the damage.

A Real Event in the World's History is the Golden Jubilee celebrating the founding of the Safe Deposit Co. of New York—the first in the world. April 17th to 22d, at 140 Broadway. You are cordially invited.—Adv.

When the insurrectos retired they took their locomotive and some of their cars with them, but left two cars behind those wrecked. Beside the track were some bloody clothes, showing that they had some dead or wounded. A correspondent found two bodies. One was full of bullet holes. Another body had been rifled.

Gen. Navarro has not enforced the embargo on Americans crossing to and from Juarez and the town operated its saloons and gambling games as usual to-day.

The Federals are keeping a strict watch over Juarez to-night. Sentries patrol the streets and soldiers are in the trenches on the outskirts of the town. Federal military officers are not looking for an immediate attack, however, and insurrecto officials in El Paso are of the opinion that there will be no fighting at least until Gomez's negotiations are concluded. The insurrectos have insisted that there is no danger of attack and that Madero is not close to Juarez.

Another Man Goes to Madero.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, April 16.—Another peace mission was undertaken today, supposedly with the consent of Dr. Vasquez Gomez at Washington. Sylvester Uriazas on receipt of a cipher message from Washington immediately left for the interior to find Francisco I. Madero. It is believed here that Dr. Gomez, being away from the seat of hostilities, has been in a position to treat with officials at Mexico City and get a broader view of the possibility of peace than is obtainable by Madero himself.

Madero has taken an unyielding attitude in setting forth his demands. It is thought Dr. Gomez has outlined some suggestions which he hopes might lead to conciliation without insistence on Madero's demands which Mexico City regards as impossible.

LAREDO, Texas, April 16.—That persons interested in the peace mission of the Madero party which went to Eagle Pass with the object of proceeding to the vicinity of Chihuahua are unaware of the decision of the party not to proceed was indicated to-day by a telegram received by a citizen of this city, dated Chihuahua, and making inquiries as to the whereabouts of the elder Madero and his party.

The inquiry came from Francisco Moye, a prominent merchant of Chihuahua, who recently made a visit to Mexico City and held a conference with high Mexican officials with the object of presenting peace overtures, later returning to the camp of Francisco I. Madero, Jr., at Bustillos, and holding a conference with the rebel leader. The mission of Señor Moye was of an unofficial character.

A reply was sent to Señor Moye, stating that the Madero party had reached Eagle Pass, but, meeting with conditions adverse to a continuation of their trip, had decided to remain in the latter city pending the arrival of Don Ernesto Madero of Monterey, who is en route to Eagle Pass to confer with the father of the rebel leader.

REBEL DEFEAT REPORTED.

Orozco's Attempt to Rescue Americans Said to Have Been Costly.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, April 16.—Forty or more insurrectos were killed and over 100 wounded in a fight between Sauz and Santa Clara Canyon, about fifty miles north of here, according to Federal couriers who arrived to-day. The couriers brought orders for hospital cots for the Federal wounded. The Federals report five killed, but later developments are expected to change the figures. A number of women and children are believed to be among the killed.

Coming across from Casa Grandes on their way to Chihuahua with prisoners under Gen. Luis Valdez, the Federals, followed by about 100 refugees, were attacked.

Five hundred insurrectos under Gens. Orozco and Villa had been instructed by Señor Madero to head off the Casas Grandes contingent, and, if possible, capture and release the prisoners. The fight occurred on a hacienda as the prisoners, bound together by ropes, and the women and children refugees, weary from the long tramp, were scattered in a long, broken line. The Federals immediately responded with heavy firing, and placed the prisoners and non-combatants under protection. The fighting continued for several hours, and resulted in the sending north from here of Gen. Rabago with 500 reinforcements.

The extent of the fight became known when riderless horses arrived here with evidences of having left the front in a stampede. So far as is known, none of the prisoners, among whom are believed to be many Americans, was wounded, and none escaped, although these statements are based on unofficial reports.

Reports from the south, particularly in the States of Durango and Zacatecas, show the insurrectos are extending their sway over a wider territory. Many railroads connecting the larger cities have been disabled, and thousands of non-combatants are cut off. The reports show that, except for the larger towns, the insurrectos now move unmolested over the country, extending southward from the United States border more than half way to Mexico City.

CUTTING CHIEF RAILROADS.

Insurgents Busy in Coahuila and Nuevo Leon Burning Bridges.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, April 16.—The northbound express over the International & Great Northern Railroad which arrived here this afternoon was filled with refugees from Mexico, a majority of whom were women and children. The passengers said that on the line of the National Railways of Mexico, north of San Luis Potosi, prospective passengers now get notice that the sale of tickets to points in the United States does not carry a guarantee that the passengers will be taken to the boundary.

E. Muenzenberger, General Agent in San Antonio of the National Railways of Mexico, does not deny the seriousness of the situation in Mexico. He received word to-day that a band of insurrectos was in the vicinity of Topo Chico, Mountain, in the State of Nuevo Leon. Near this mountain the line of the National Railways from Laredo crosses the Salinas River. In another report received by Mr. Muenzenberger to-day he was informed that to-morrow had been set as the day for the blowing up by insurrectos of two of the railroad bridges south of Monterey.

These and similar reports received from Mexico have caused fear among officials of connecting lines in the United States that within a few days the City of Mexico and all of the States in the northern and central parts of the republic will be without rail communication to this country, except by rail to Vera Cruz and Tampico, and thence by steamship lines.

It is reported that insurrectos have succeeded within the last twenty-four hours in damaging the main line near the town of Vanegas, in the State of San Luis Potosi, and unverified reports are current to the effect that other bands are in the vicinity of half a dozen other important points along the line south of Nuevo Laredo.

It is said that as a result of these operations the insurrectos have badly crippled the mining and smelting works in the States of Coahuila, Durango, and Zacatecas. The cutting off of the old International line, linking the Southern Pacific at Eagle Pass, Texas, with points in Torreon, Durango and Monterey, means the cutting off of the coal supply from the Monclova district, not only for mines and smelters in that part of the country, but also of the railroad lines

H. M. Handshy, a mining man, who arrived here last night, gave some details of the cutting of the lines between Monclova and Torreon and Torreon and Monterey. He left Monterey last Monday, intending to go to Castano, where he desired to look over some mining properties. At Castano they found the dwelling houses barricaded and the streets deserted. The town had been raided by insurrectos and eight men who were accused of being Federal spies had been shot. The frightened inhabitants refused to leave their houses even when assured that the insurrectos did not intend to harm any of them.

Next day Mr. Handshy went into the mining country in a buggy, but before two miles had been traveled he was held up by insurrectos. He was permitted to proceed, and got back to Castano in time to take the Wednesday morning train for Monterey. As soon as this train passed Monclova the rebels began burning the railroad bridges, and by the time the train reached Reata, a junction point, he had seen seven bridges fired.

At the first station beyond Reata the train was stopped and ordered back to the junction. There it was held until the arrival of a train from Monterey. Both were searched by the insurrectos. When they found that the passengers were not soldiers, but mostly were trying to reach the United States, nothing was done except to send the trains to Monterey. One of the bridges between Reata and Monterey was on fire when the trains passed over it.

DES MOINES, Iowa, April 16.—Col. Charles M. O'Conner and the Sixth Cavalry, stationed at Fort Des Moines, will leave Des Moines Tuesday morning for Arizona, pursuant to orders received from the War Department late last night.

The First Squadron will go to Douglas, Ariz., the Second to Nogales, and the Third to Huachuca.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Prompt action was taken to-day by the American National Redcross Society on appeals for financial and medical assistance to relieve the soldiers wounded in the battle between the insurrectos and Mexican Federal troops near Agua Prieta last Thursday.

Following a conference held in the White House this afternoon, participated in by President Taft, as President of the Red Cross, Charles L. Magee, Secretary of the National Red Cross, the President of the Douglas, Arizona, chapter of the society was informed by telegraph to draw on the society's fund for $2,500. A dispatch from Douglas stated there were a large number of wounded men at Agua Prieta and some at Douglas, and these required prompt medical attention. The society's funds will be used in obtaining medical aid and other necessaries for the injured soldiers. At the same time orders were sent to Los Angeles, Cal., dispatching from there six trained nurses for Red Cross work in Mexico with the wounded and others were ordered from San Diego, Cal., to Douglas.

Weber Week at Aeolian Hall

Inaugurated as a fitting climax to the notable series of musical events beginning last fall with Steinway Week—to round out the most successful season in the Aeolian Company's history—and to present to a limited number of discriminating music-lovers an opportunity to secure at an attractive price one of the Weber Pianos used in Grand Opera this year

THE question of adding Weber Week to the brilliant series preceding it—Steinway Week, Metrostyle Week, Stroud Week, Victor Week, etc.—has been seriously considered by the management of the Aeolian Company — proprietors of the Weber Piano.

This famous piano has been so long and favorably known to the Metropolitan public that ordinary exploitation is superfluous.

But to convey some impression of the wonderful development of the Weber during recent years, which even its traditional admirers may not fully appreciate, it has been decided to hold Weber Week and to commemorate it with

Three Great Recitals

To which the Public will be invited without charge.

These Recitals will be held in the auditorium of Aeolian Hall on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

The features at these recitals will be:

The Kneisel Quartet
The Columbia College Glee Club
The well-known Artists—
Mr. Daniel Beddoe, Tenor
Miss Laura Coombs, Soprano

In addition to these features, the program at each recital will contain numbers rarely heard in concert and of far more than ordinary interest. The solo instruments employed will be the Weber Concert Grand Piano, the Metrostyle Pianola and the Great Triple Aeolian Pipe Organ.

It will be noted that in these Recitals are represented the two foremost tone-producing mediums that are known, viz: the human voice and the violin or cello. A definite purpose has here been served. It is to afford comparison with the Weber itself, which of all pianos *approximates most nearly the peculiar sympathetic quality so appealing in voice and string tone.*

Tuesday Program Beginning at 3 P. M.
No cards of admission required

THE KNEISEL QUARTET

Franz Kneisel, 1st *Violin* — Louis Svecenski, *Viola*
Julius Roentgen, 2nd *Violin* — Willem Willeke, *Violoncello*
Ernesto Consolo—*Pianist* — D. W. Kennedy—*At the Pipe Organ*

Fantasie in C (Part One) — *Saint-Saens*
Composed especially for the Aeolian Pipe Organ by Camille Saint-Saens.

AEOLIAN PIPE ORGAN

Quartet in G Minor Op. 27 — *Grieg*
Un poco Andante—Allegro molto ed agitato
Romanze. Andantino — Intermezzo. Allegro molto marcato

THE KNEISEL QUARTET

Pierrot - - - - - - - - - - *Scott*
Vecchio Minuetto - - - - - - - - - *Sgambati*
Toccata - - - - - - - - - - *Sgambati*

Mr. Ernesto Consolo

Quartet in A major, for Pianoforte, Violin, Viola and Violoncello, Op. 26 *Brahms*
Poco adagio — Finale—(Allegro)

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PEACE PLANS HALT REBELS NEAR JUAREZ

Dr. Gomez Asks Madero to Withhold Attack Until He Can Hear from Diaz.

MAY ARRANGE ARMISTICE

Envoys Leave for Madero's Camp With Introductions to Rebel Chief.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Dr. Vasquez Gomez, diplomatic agent of the Mexican revolutionists, was in constant communication to-day with the insurgent junta at El Paso, Texas, which transmitted to him messages from the insurgent army advancing on Juarez. Mindful of the incidents of last week around Agua Prieta, Dr. Gomez telegraphed a message of warning to avoid injury to American lives or property. He was advised that the insurrectos had mobilized practically their entire army in Chihuahua under Francisco I. Madero, Jr., to within striking distance of Juarez.

The messages that Dr. Gomez sent to the insurgent forces, in a manner still unexplained here, prevented the attack to-night on Juarez. He attached much importance to the pause of the insurgents, and other Mexicans drew much hope from the occurrence. Dr. Gomez, however, was unable to say whether it was caused by his long message of last Tuesday, addressed to Francisco I. Madero, Jr., and explaining conditions under which peace could be arranged, or his message of last night, advising the insurrecto forces to defer their attack pending the receipt of certain messages from Mexico City.

Dr. Gomez was said to be arranging for an armistice to take effect immediately, by which peace negotiations might be instituted near Juarez. Señor Oscar Braniff and Señor Esquival Obregon, two business men of Mexico City, who came here unofficially to confer with Dr. Gomez about peace, left to-night for the camp of Francisco I. Madero, Jr. Both men were in conference with Dr. Gomez before they left, and received passports through the insurgent lines and letters of introduction to the rebel chief. They also called on Señor de Zomacona, the Mexican Ambassador, to-day. They declined to discuss the result of their mission here, but it was learned from other sources that they were unable to obtain anything definite in the way of peace conditions, and decided to confer with the rebel chief in person. It was explained at the Mexican Embassy to-night that the envoys did not constitute an official commission, but that their mission was not without the knowledge of the Mexican Government.

Dr. Gomez was in communication with Mexico City to-night in an effort to bring influence to bear on the Mexican Government, and avert a great loss of life at Juarez, which he believes to be inevitable unless the Federal garrison there is withdrawn or an armistice arranged. According to his advices the Federals are outnumbered nearly two to one, and to-morrow almost the entire insurgent army will be concentrated within the vicinity of Juarez. Dr. Gomez hopes that the serious situation at Juarez may be averted by concessions from Mexico City.

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FASHION STAYS OUT OF EASTER PARADE

Fifth Avenue Procession Made Up Mostly of Those Who Came to View It.

MEN OUTNUMBER WOMEN

Sombreness in Weather and Raiment Over All—Few Notables in Line —One Man in a Panama.

Freakish weather—snow, cold bleak winds, lowering clouds, and fitful sunshine—gave a sombre tone to yesterday's Easter parade on Fifth Avenue. Overcoats and furs were much in evidence. The coloring of former Easter Sundays was lacking, partly on account of the boisterous weather and partly on account of the changes in this Spring's styles. The coloring was all in the hats and corsage bouquets. Dresses that were not hidden by furs and coats were for the most part black or neutral in color. An occasional pink, white, or blue costume flashed out and made the wearer conspicuous.

The crowd was even larger than in previous years, but it was a different crowd. Fashion, with all that the word implies, was not represented. It consisted mostly of visitors, many from the east side, but more from out of town. Hundreds of Canadians flocked to view the procession and then became a part of it, drawn irresistibly into the human tide that flowed up and down the avenue between Forty-second and Fifty-ninth Streets for two hours after the church services.

Society folk went to and from church in automobiles, and from this point of vantage watched the curious throngs, devotees of a precedent fast losing its force, who tried vainly to impress others like themselves with their sartorial resplendency. The famous institution has become unmistakably bourgoise.

The impress of the stranger could not be mistaken in yesterday's procession. They came to see what could be seen, and saw a crowd the component parts of which were like themselves. There was more distinction on Riverside Drive or in the churches than on the Avenue.

There were other noticeable changes. Men, for instance, were the predominant features yesterday. There were three men to one woman. There were more silk hats than Fifth Avenue has ever seen in one day before. Likewise there were more canes. It didn't seem to matter if the wearer didn't have other garments to match. The absence of a frock coat was no bar to a shining lid. All kinds and degrees of man and youth had silk hats, and they strutted as proudly as ever woman did in rustling silk.

There were few familiar faces. Occasionally an actor passed along or a notable figure hurried from a church portal to his waiting automobile, and instantly disappeared. But that didn't seem to matter to the crowd. A clerk in a silk hat with an exaggerated tie, an artificial walk, and a cane is just as impressive as a bank President or a cotillion leader, and the average onlooker didn't seem to notice the difference.

It seemed as if the men had ousted the women from their immemorial privilege of parading "dressed to kill." Those who couldn't afford a high hat had at least a new necktie. The neckties put the most picturesque feminine costume to shame. They were of all colors, shapes, and sizes, like the wearers. There was one portly man who claimed special attention. He wore a frock coat and a new straw Panama hat. The crowd made way for him, much as a circus crowd does for the elephants, and he strutted along with no apparent conception of the contradiction. The Summer headgear did a whole lot to send a shiver of warmth along the windswept highway.

The "rubber neck" stages did a thriving business. An extra number was put on and every one was crowded. Even the cold wind could not deter persons from making several trips. The crowds on the sidewalk and the crowds on the stages amused each other.

The crush, of course, was greatest in front of the Cathedral. For two hours traffic here had to move at a snail's pace. It was the show place of the parade, and the high stoops of the dwellings opposite were occupied as reserved seats by several hundred who found it too blustry to promenade. These onlookers were men, mostly. The women did not seem to care what other members of their sex had on. Any costume seemed to be as good as another.

There was also an absence of dressmakers and milliners in the procession. This, more than anything else, seemed to sound the doom of the old-time Easter parade. Time was when dressmakers and milliners sought Fifth Avenue, as eagerly as they did Paris, on Easter Sunday to pick up suggestions in dresses and hats. But all that has been changed. Only a few, and these from out of town, consider it worth while to study Spring styles on Fifth Avenue at Easter. They know that "fashion" is no longer on parade there.

Women's dresses, viewed from what the parade produced, are severely plain this year. It was explained that this is because the startling colors run this season to indoor gowns of light, fluffy material not adaptable to street wear. The most striking costumes yesterday were of black and white material in serge, black satin, and chiffon. There were black marquisette costumes, embroidered in gun metal or steel beads. Many wore coat and skirt costumes of black satin or satin serge. Fichus of black on white or colored costumes, worn on both coats and gowns, were much in evidence.

Millinery furnished color. There were flower hats aplenty. Small hats were the rule, but there were many of the large picture variety. The new hats have flat, low, rounded crowns faced with colored satin or silk and trimmed with huge roses. The larger hats are trimmed with shaded ostrich plumes in varying shades of green, gray, and rose. The smaller hats are not worn as low over the face as formerly. Roses, orchids, pansies, lilies, azaleas, and jonquils were the predominant flowers worn in the corsage.

There were hobble skirts, more or less hobbled, but not a harem skirt in sight.

GRAND STREET BLOOMED

With Diamonds and Gorgeous Millinery and Yellow Buttoned Shoes.

If you live on the lower east side, you scrubbed yourself with unwonted particularity yesterday morning, and, after arraying yourself in the staggering clothing which made you painfully penniless last week you sallied forth and paraded up and down Grand Street. This is distinctly the thing to do.

"I'll bet you," declared a Pitt Street resident yesterday with pardonable local pride, "that there wasn't half so much money in diamonds on Fifth Avenue as there was on Grand Street this morning. I'll bet there was a million dollars in diamonds worn on Grand Street. Didn't you see the stud the Duke of Essex Street wore?"

Of course the Duke of Essex Street was there, to say nothing of the Duchess. The Mayor of Second Avenue did honor to the day by wearing his silk hat, and Charley Newman, the Mayor of Avenue C, could be seen bowing graciously right and left. Then there was Max Hahn, the Mayor of Grand Street, and Alderman Max Levine and Josel Madinski, and, in fact, everybody who is anybody.

The chill wind and the brisk snowfall did not entirely discourage the finery displays. Here and there the straw hat, gorgeously bedecked and going Paris one better, topped a costume that was itself hidden prudently in winter cloaks. But for the most part those who had gone deep in pocket in preparation for yesterday were not to be thwarted by the elements.

For a week the Clinton Street shops had been besieged, for that street, from Grand to Houston, is now known as Millinery Avenue. The two blocks between Rivington and Houston Streets boast of twenty-one millinery shops, and these were all but emptied in the rush of Easter preparation.

A casual glance at Grand Street yesterday afternoon was enough to show that ostrich plumes are in high favor this year, preferably of an amazing magenta hue, and the longer the better. One damsel who walked proudly alone the length of the street had captured a black one which swirled around uncertainly for a space and then swept down to her waist. It was the undisguised envy of all beholders, and several small girls followed her for blocks as though resisting sternly an impulse to hang on to the plume and be carried.

Then there were hobble skirts, just a few, but enough to give tone to the parade. One girl was attractively swathed in a yellow gown that lost itself below the knees in a confusion of purple silk. Her hat did not reach from the curb to the buildings but it came near it, and the peril of the hatpin was averted by a large yellow dahlia speared upon its point. This was a decided innovation and it is thought that there will be a large demand for dahlias on Clinton Street to-day.

Then there was a black turban, worn by an unabashed party named Sadie, which made an excellent impression except when her girl friends gave her away as they did at every opportunity.

"You see, Sadie did not have a hat to wear," they said, "so this morning while her brother Dave, who plays the violin at the restaurant over there, was still asleep she pinched the quilted muffler he wears with his evening clothes and wrapped it around her head and stuck her hatpin in it. Sadie's awful smart, but I bet Dave will have something to say when he wakes up."

Toward evening some of the more fortunate hurried home to shift into costumes appropriate for the dance in the evening of the Harry Blum Social Club. Late in the afternoon the crowd had thinned out to a marked degree. Most of the young folks deserted in favor of Delancey Street. The older people see with regret that the east side's younger set, while still realizing that for Easter morning it is de rigeur to walk on Grand Street, are showing a marked partiality for the broader thoroughfare, and it is predicted that it won't be long before the Grand Street parade will not be held on Grand Street at all.

Of coure the elegance yesterday was not all feminine, and many of the young men haberdashed along in distinct splendor. They owed it to those who took the parade on their arms. It is pleasant to know that the gold of her myriad puffs meets in rivalry the gleam from your yellow buttoned shoes, and while in all probability she will see the moving picture show on Wednesday evening with someone else, and the glory of the shoes will dim with time, still one can be very happy Easter Sunday on Grand Street.

ALL THE HOTELS JAMMED.

Boxes of Chocolate Eggs Distributed to the Women Guests.

The hotels observed Easter by decorating their dining rooms with roses, lilies, carnations, and palms, and giving boxes of chocolate eggs to the women guests. All the leading hotels were crowded at luncheon and dinner.

The rooms left by regular guests who had gone out of town to spend Easter with relatives and friends were taken by visitors from other places. It was a difficult matter for any one to get a table for dinner last night, and the wind drove an unusual number of promenaders in to tea, which is unusual on Sunday.

WINDY ON THE BOARDWALK.

But the Crowd Came in Its Glory and Filled It Up.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, April 16.—It didn't rain a drop, but the wind blew over the largest crowd that has ever been seen on the Atlantic City boardwalk on Easter Sunday. It is the first time in several years that rain has not fallen at some hour of the day. In spite of the cold there was a brilliant display of Spring toggery. There was even a large number of white gowns. There were not, apparently, two hats alike. Plumes were in abundance, but a majority seemed to run to flowers and ribbons.

All this week the trains have been pouring thousands into the city, and to-day, when they all turned out on the boardwalk, together with several thousand who came in just for the day, the crowd was so great that it was uncomfortable going, even though the promenade has been enlarged since last season. The cold wind chilled many who had left at home or in the hotel heavy wraps, and before the day was over many of them sought top coats and furs.

Hotels and restaurants along the boardwalk had all they could do to handle the crush at dinner. Long lines were formed at the restaurants, and it was well into the afternoon before the hotels were able to close their dining rooms.

The roller chair barons shot the price of double chairs up to $1.50 for this occasion, but that did not deter persons from riding. There was a long line of chairs on either side of the boardwalk all day and well into the evening.

EASTER WORSHIPPERS RIOT.

Resent Being Locked Out of Church—Priest Objected to Bands.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICOPEE, Mass., April 16.—A street riot resulted to-day from the refusal of the Rev. Stanislaus Czelusneak, pastor of the St. Stanislaus Church, to celebrate a 5 o'clock Easter mass. Heretofore it has been the custom of the Polish societies, headed by brass bands and drum corps, to march to church on Easter Sunday morning.

Father Czelusneak has looked upon the parade and more especially the brass band feature, with disapproval. He voiced his opinion last Sunday and on Friday, learning that his wishes would be disregarded, announced that there would be no 5 o'clock Easter mass.

The members of the Polish societies, 1,200 to 1,500 strong, arrived at St. Stanislaus's Church in a driving snowfall, promptly at 5 o'clock with colors flying and bands playing. The church was locked. An uproar followed, whereupon Father Czelusneak appeared and told the assemblage to file to the rear of the church, say their prayers, and disperse. Part of the men obeyed.

Criticism of Father Czelusneak was resented by his followers and the paraders took sides. The police were called upon to restore order in the free-for-all fight which ensued. Knives were freely drawn. The only arrests made were Paul and Leo Dymski, step-brothers, who fought each other, one armed with scissors and the other with an ice pick. Their wounds were dressed by a surgeon at the police station.

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CHURCHES CROWDED ON EASTER MORNING

Father Chidwick in St. Patrick's Cathedral Speaks of the Comfort of the Resurrection.

GERMAN SERVICE AT TRINITY

The Rev. Dr. Jowett Tells What Love Can Accomplish—Many Night Workers at St. Paul's Church.

The churches were filled to the doors and hundreds were turned away at the Easter services yesterday morning. Special programmes of music were rendered, and the sermons breathed the hopefulness and joy of the chief festival of the Christian year. At St. Patrick's Cathedral, Fifth Avenue and Fiftieth Street, a pontifical mass at 11 o'clock was attended by 4,500 persons, who were admitted by ticket, according to the usual custom at this season of the year. Fully another thousand were unable to gain admittance.

Archbishop Farley was the celebrant, assisted by Mgr. M. J. Lavelle, pastor of the cathedral. The deacons of honor were Mgr. P. J. Hayes and the Rev. Dr. W. J. Hayes. The altar and side chapels were properly decorated with Easter flowers and palms.

The regular choir was supplemented by a number of professional singers and Howe's Orchestra, of sixty-five pieces, led by Prof. Ungra, director of the cathedral choir. In all 200 voices took part in the choral celebration of the mass. The processional was "Christ the Lord Is Risen To-day," and the offertory "Terra Tremuit," by Mr. O'Connor.

At the suggestion of Archbishop Farley the Easter offering was devoted to extending the work of the Cathedral College of New York. Mgr. Lavelle, in explaining the work of the college, stated that the Archbishop needs about forty priests a year, and, as the course takes six years, it is important that material assistance be given.

Father Chidwick, whose voice cheered the survivors of the battleship Maine after the explosion in Havana harbor, chose from the Gradual of the Mass the text, "This is the day which the Lord hath made. Let us rejoice and exalt in it." He dwelt on the importance of Easter in modern civilization and its importance in church history, and said:

"Some ask what does this glorious day mean to the Church, to the poor, to the helpless. If we go into the home where death has come, and the mother sits beside the child who has been taken all too soon, all seems darkness and despair. No human words or sympathy can be given.

"But there comes a figure through the darkness saying, 'I am the resurrection,' and peace and satisfaction come to that mother. She realizes that the little one does not have to suffer the worldly cares.

"And so it is in other ways. With this day comes the word of Christ in forgiveness and sympathy to all."

Services at Old Trinity.

At old Trinity one of the three early communion services was celebrated in German. At the 11 o'clock service, when there was a High Celebration the crowd was so great that it required the services of three policemen to handle it.

The musical programme included Morgan's "Jesus Christ Is Risen To-day," "Introit," Handel; Kyrie Eleison, Credo, Sanctus and Agnus Dei, Gloria in Excelsis, Haydn. Palestrina's "The strife is o'er, the battle won," was the recessional.

The Rev. Dr. W. T. Manning, the Rector, delivered a brief sermon. He spoke from the text, "Behold My hands and My feet that it is of Myself. Handle me and see, for a spirit hath come out of flesh and bone," and prayed there would soon be a resurrection of the Christian Church.

"The Christian Creed has not lost power," he said, "but what we need is more real personal thought of the meaning and history of Christianity. Christ is alive and among us to-day, right here in our midst and I say to you, think more of him and study more about him and you will be happier.

People ask, is there to be a recognition after the grave. I answer that there will be assuredly. We shall know our dear ones after death when we join them, for Christ is living to-day, and that makes it certain that we shall have the joy of reunion after death."

Dr. Jowett Spoke on God's Love.

Every seat was filled, and all available standing room was occupied yesterday morning at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. The new pastor, the Rev. Dr. J. H. Jowett, preached from Romans V, 7 and 8: "For scarcely for a righteous man will one die; yet peradventure for a good man some would dare to die. But God commendeth his love toward us, in that, while we were yet sinners, Christ died for us." He described various varieties of love, and said:

"The final test of love is how low down will it take you in order to reach people, down to the horrible pit and the miry clay. At my church, in Birmingham, young women used to care for the babies in the crèche, while their mothers went up stairs to meetings Monday nights, and I used to say that was the greatest service rendered by anyone in the church. It shows fine love to nurse dirty babies.

"It requires still finer love to minister to dirty men, but most repellent of all is a woman with the stench of bouts of incessant drinking. Could your love reach down to the level of the man who is not only persistently unclean, but who is also your enemy, and uses his uncleanness as an instrument against you? That is the love of God.

The night workers service at historic old St. Paul's Chapel, Broadway and Fulton Street, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, was made unusually attractive by the special music arranged for by George Valentine Ellery, the precentor at these services. A quartet especially engaged for Easter Sunday, Miss Grayce Campbell, soprano; Miss Janie Murray Fyfe, contralto; William Fullerton, tenor, and Mr. Ellery, baritone, sang "As It Began to Dawn," Vincent, and "Awake and Sing," Hammond.

The male choir under the direction of Mr. Ellery sang the "Magnificat," by Carnall, in F, and the "Gloria," by Sir John Goss.

Herbert D. Hodgson is the sub-organist at these services, which are held every Sunday at 2:30 o'clock in the morning for night workers. The Rev. William Montague Geer is vicar.

At the morning service in Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church, Twenty-first Street and Fourth Avenue, yesterday a letter of greeting was read from the Rev. Theodore Sedgwick, rector of the Church of St. John the Evangelist, St. Paul, Minn., who is to be installed as rector by Suffragan Bishop Burch on the evening of St. Mark's day, April 25.

At high mass in St. Agnes's Church, East Forty-third Street near Lexington Avenue, Mgr. Henry A. Brann preached on "Mental Peace," basing his sermon on the idea that Easter and "peace" were symbolic.

"The most ambitious man in this world wants more," he said. "No matter how wealthy a man may be he is never satisfied, and keeps on seeking to acquire more money. So it is with the scholar, the soldier, the scientist. They have no peace because of their love for more."

The Resurrection, the preacher continued, contains peace for all Christians, and belief in it brings a happiness that cannot be acquired by those who fail to accept a lesson of whose truth ample proof had been found centuries after the historic happenings had occurred.

Dr. Felix Adler, addressing the Society for Ethical Culture yesterday morning, discussed the growth of ideas as the realization of life. He declared that the concentration of the mind upon one subject is detrimental, and compared the Ethical Culture Society to the spirit of the Saviour as regards its aims and object toward humanity.

"A savior," he declared, "is one who shows you how to live and helps you to live right. The Ethical Culture Society was formed that the members might help each other. I can be a savior to you and you to me; we can help each other, both to broaden our intellect and to grow in righteousness. Each and every man has it in himself to make himself as he should be and any one who says no, lies."

Dr. Adler expressed the opinion that hyperactivity of the mind is practically as bad as concentration, and the mind can lose the power of inwardness and of self-collection. Concentration of the mind in one subject he termed disloyalty.

WOMEN RALLY FOR ELECTION.

Daughters of the American Revolution Gather in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Each faction of the assembled Daughters of the American Revolution claims victory for itself and defeat for its opponent. The followers of Mrs. Scott expressed themselves to-day in an official pronouncement as follows:

> We have this election won by an overwhelming majority.
>
> If the Storyites have any strength, why do they not show figures?
>
> The Story followers have no hope in this contest.

For Mrs. Story there were equally positive claims, couched in this wise:

> Mrs. Matthew T. Scott has been claiming everything for the election, which takes place this week, and we have been satisfied to let her claim it. If we get an honest count of ballots, we have the election won. We will get votes in every State, except two, which have officially indorsed her.

With these contradictory statements, excitement over the election to take place this week at Continental Memorial Hall ran high throughout the day among the Daughters who are gathered in Washington for the annual congress.

The rooms of Mrs. Matthew T. Scott at the Arlington Hotel, bedecked with flowers sent by her followers, were visited throughout the day by hundreds of Daughters who arrived yesterday and this morning.

Mrs. William Cummins Story held an informal reception throughout the day at the New Willard Hotel, where, with her husband, her two sons, and her friend, Miss Florence Finch of New York, she is installed in a handsome suite.

FIREMEN FALL WITH RUINS.

Twenty-two Are Dropped Three Floors at a St. Paul Fire.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 16.—Twenty-two firemen were dropped three stories to the ground when the third story of the Greve Block, on East Fourth Street, gave way early this morning. Assistant Chief Miles McNally and Pipeman Nicholas Remakel were seriously injured and taken to a hospital. Most of the other firemen were severely injured, though none of them fatally.

The fire started on the second floor of the building, which was occupied by the E. A. Young Mercantile Company. Two engine companies were working on the third floor, and members of the salvage corps were on the second floor when the roof gave way.

It is remarkable that all were not killed. The third floor crushed through the second, carrying the salvage corps men down with the others. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

GIRL WAS NOT ABDUCTED.

Left Home and Went to House of Refuge—Promises to be Good.

The suspicions of the Brooklyn police that 14-year-old Ethel Baldwin was the real writer of the Black Hand letters which threatened her abduction were justified yesterday when word was sent to the Baldwin home, 473 Cleveland Street, East New York, that the girl had been at the House of the Good Shepherd on Dean Street ever since her disappearance on Thursday.

At that time, while the family was still agitated over the Black Hand letters, Ethel set forth, carrying what her small sister supposed was a music roll. It was really a change of linen in disguise, and instead of going to her aunt's as she had promised she went directly to the refuge house with a story of temporary homelessness and a declaration that, anyway, she felt within her the need of reforming her bad habits of "sassing" her mother and slapping her small brothers.

The sisters at the House read of her disappearance in yesterda's newspapers, and not long afterward she was escorted home. There she expressed her intention of being good for the rest of time, but even as she said so, and while her father's back was turned, the reporters saw her make what her mother called "a snoot" at her. Mrs. Baldwin was very skeptical about the expression of good intentions and vowed that Ethel would be the death of her.

HIGHWAYMEN NOT SATISFIED.

Take $7 from Hoppe and Then Beat Him Because He Carried Cheap Watch.

Herman Hoppe, 25 years old, a tanner living at 744 East 229th Street, was found unconscious last night upon the pavement in front of 4,873 Bronx Boulevard. He was taken to Fordham Hospital suffering from a laceration of the scalp and probably broken ribs.

He said he had been held up and robbed of $7 by three men. When they found a cheap watch upon him they declared that a man carrying such a timepiece should be killed. Then he was beaten upon the head with a bottle until he fell to the sidewalk, when he was kicked in the ribs.

Eastern Paraders See Suicide's Body.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., April 16.—Eastern paraders in East Main Street today saw the body of a man lying in a field on the Murray Farm, adjoining Eddie Foy's home. The man was shot through the head and a revolver lay beside him. Mrs. Thomas Donohue of 407 East Sixty-third Street, Manhattan, identified the man later as her husband. She said she had feared he would kill himself and believed he had done so through grief over the recent loss of a child.

Just Received

Fresh Imported Porto Rico Cigars

Get them while we have them.
We can't supply the demand.

CIGARS UNITED

UNITED CIGAR STORES

CIGARS UNITED

NEW BID FOR ASSETS OF CARNEGIE TRUST

Roy Rainey's Liquidation Company Expected to Offer More Than $5,000,000 Named by Rival.

BANKERS' OFFER EXPLAINED

Put In Through E. Clarence Jones & Co. and Would Guarantee Final Payment of All Depositors.

With three active bidders in the field for the assets of the Carnegie Trust Company, depositors are likely to fare better than they anticipated several weeks ago. Two bids have already been made, and the third is expected this week.

The prospective bidder is the Liquidation and Realization Company of 165 Broadway, of which Roy A. Rainey, a wealthy coal man and brother of Paul Rainey, the hunter and explorer, is President. For several days Mr. Rainey's company, which is backed by powerful Wall Street interests, has been making an investigation of the Carnegie's assets, and is now said to be framing the terms of its offer. The offer would have been made several days ago, it is said, had not Mr. Rainey and his partners wished to learn just how far the State Banking Department is committed to the five-million-dollar offer of the Assets Realization Company. They have been told that the offer is still under consideration and a more liberal one sure of recognition.

"If the offer of $5,000,000, as reported in the newspapers, is correct," said an official of the Liquidation and Realization Company yesterday, "it is ridiculously low."

This sum, it is stated, would guarantee the Carnegie depositors less than 60 cents on the dollar.

Mr. Rainey's company has another rival for the Carnegie's assets in the syndicate of bankers which on Thursday last made a formal offer to State Banking Supt. Orion H. Cheney, guaranteeing the payment of all Carnegie depositors in full. The details of this offer became known yesterday, and also the fact that it was submitted through E. Clarence Jones & Co. of 100 Broadway. This firm liquidated the Merchants' Trust Company several years ago.

The plan, as explained yesterday by a member of the syndicate, is to have all the assets of the Carnegie deposited in a trust company of this city and to pay all depositors whose claims amount to $10,000 or less in full immediately. This would mean that nearly 4,000 small tradesmen and workmen would receive their savings at once, greatly to their relief and pecuniary advantage, as they have already been put to great expense because of their ready money having been tied up since Jan. 7.

The balance of Carnegie depositors, whose claims represent in the neighborhood of $5,000,000, would receive participation certificates for the full face value of their deposits with a guarantee of payment in full at the end of two years. A deposit of $1,000,000 by the syndicate would guarantee this final payment.

Should the Banking Department and its Advisory Committee of five bankers decide to accept this offer it would release more than $2,000,000 at once. This sum in cash is already in the Carnegie Trust Company, collected by the acting receiver, George W. Egbert of the State Banking Department.

One of the conditions under which the offer of Jones & Co. is made is that the State Banking Department use its influence to adjust the debt of the Carnegie Safe Deposit Company to the Carnegie Trust of $400,000. Such an adjustment would not be difficult, it is said, as the Carnegie Trust owns 40 per cent. of the safe deposit company stock, and there is an agreement that the loan shall be repaid at the rate of one-third of the safe deposit company's earnings each year. Although the State officials say the earnings of the safe deposit company do not amount to more than $3[illegible] a year, the majority of the stock owners, including Charles M. Schwab, would be willing to settle the debt for a reasonable sum.

The offer of Jones & Co. also stipulates that the Banking Department exert its influence for the settlement of the George L. Dyer loan of $396,000 on a note indorsed by several members of the syndicate headed by William J. Cummins. Negotiations are now under way for the payment of this note by one of the guarantors upon the stipulation that he be released from liability on another note on which his name appears as indorser along with several members of the Cummins syndicate.

The settlement of the Dyer loan is also one of the stipulations of the Assets Realization Company. The note was made by Dyer as an accommodation for the Carnegie Trust officials. It was originally for $600,000, but was shaved down after Andrew Carnegie loaned $2,100,000 to the Cummins syndicate. The note is secured by Independent Fertilizer Company stock as collateral, which is worth only the paper it is written on, but several of the indorsers are men of wealth.

The remuneration asked for by the syndicate of bankers headed by Jones & Co. is 10 per cent. of all the assets realized on, and counsel fees and disbursements not to exceed $100,000. Although this would probably net the syndicate a small profit, provided their estimate of the Carnegie's slow assets is a conservative one, it would guarantee the depositors the entire sum of their claims.

Among the seventy-one depositors of the Carnegie Trust Company whose claims aggregate about $5,000,000 are the Madison Trust Company, the Twelfth and the Nineteenth Ward Banks with claims aggregating $1,600,000; New York City, whose deposit is $650,000; the American Snuff Company, $400,000; the Northern Bank, $250,000, and the United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company, $100,000. Most of the other depositors whose claims are in excess of $10,000 each are out-of-town banks, trust companies, and corporations.

The Grand Jury investigation of the Carnegie Trust affairs will be resumed this week. The indictment of two Carnegie Trust officials is to be asked for to-morrow on information that was presented to the Grand Jury last week. As to the names of these officials there is no hint as yet.

Cable advices from Rome say that Charles Arthur Moore, Jr., a Carnegie Trust Director, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed last week, has left that city for the north of Italy, and that it is believed he is on his way to New York. Mr. Moore's father is critically ill in Rome.

THE Rainier

BETTER CAR—NEW POLICY

Go to the Show-Room and Ask Mr. Carrie

THE RAINIER MOTOR COMPANY

1920 Broadway, Cor. 64th Street

Telephone, Columbus 1001

English Clothes at Saks'

¶ The long arm of our resources has gathered up the styles of Piccadilly and put them down on Broadway. Today the most representative assemblage of correct London-made clothes is at Saks'. It was but natural for us to duplicate in the handling of English clothes the ascendancy we enjoy in American clothes. To be first has become a habit.

¶ The English clothes imported by us this Spring are the most satisfactory consignment yet brought over. They have all the effortless elegance of fine tailoring, and Regent Street can produce nothing better, whether in overcoats, Raglans, raincoats, or in the several typically English style suit models.

¶ Fabrics show the various designs and weaves familiar in London this season, and our assortments exhaust the range of excell.

¶ We are also the sole agents in this country for the Acme Norfolk Coat and Trousers, a garment that is standard among sportsmen and golfers throughout the British Isles.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Raglan Overcoats are either all right or all wrong. They admit of no middle ground.

Ours are right and recognizing the popularity of the Raglan this season, we have a liberal variety of them. They are all strangers to snugness, but they fit beyond all question.

$30 to $35

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

The Standard Fallacies Against Advertising

THE first objections raised by manufacturers against advertising their business fall almost invariably under the following ten heads. The amazing thing about these *standard objections* is that in 99 cases out of 100 they are not objections at all. They are fallacies based on imperfect knowledge. The simplest analysis, rightly applied, will explode them.

Mr. Manufacturer, do you find here any of *your* objections to advertising?

1. Narrow margin of profit. "Our profit per unit is 1-5 of a cent. How much should we have to sell to pay for a page in THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL?"
2. "We sell through jobbers." The jobber puts his own ticket on the goods. "Private brands."
3. "Our goods are staple—no different from the same thing made by a dozen other manufacturers."
4. "The conditions in our business are so peculiar."
5. "The initial order of our goods is small, and there are not enough people in the market for them at one time to make advertising pay us."
6. "My goods are standard. I don't have to advertise. My 'cheap skate' competitor does. It hurts rather than helps me to be classed with him."
7. "Rather put the same amount of money into more salesmen and get immediate results."
8. "Big space and high rates have made advertising prohibitive *to me*."
9. "If I advertise I must raise the price to pay for the advertising."
10. "Our factory cannot fill its orders now."

Our new 40-page booklet throws some light on these objections that may surprise you. You will find it stimulating reading. It is sent gratis on request.

The Curtis Publishing Co.

CHICAGO BOSTON PHILADELPHIA NEW YORK

The circulation of THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL is more than 1,400,000 a month. That of THE SATURDAY EVENING POST is more than 1,850,000 a week. We have reached this commanding position in our field by the same merchandising methods we propose to you.

MANY USEFUL SUGGESTIONS.
Read the Help Wanted advertisements in to-day's issue of The New York Times. They are interesting and may contain some useful suggestions.—Adv.

TO PASS RECIPROCITY IN HOUSE THIS WEEK

Senate Insurgents, However, Decide to Fight It and Farmers' Free List Bill.

EARLY VOTE IN CANADA

Liberals Merely Waiting on American Congress—Opponents There Admit the People Want It.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—While the leaders of the House are letting debate on Canadian reciprocity run on without limit, it is likely that the bill will be passed by the end of the week. That will send it to the Senate on Monday, and already the insurgents are ready with their plan for handling it when it comes. It can be stated that the Democratic bills extending revision along lines often demanded by the insurgents have done nothing toward soothing the insurgents toward reciprocity, and they are now prepared to make the same fight for the amendment of the President's Canadian agreement as they had mapped out for its defeat in the closing days of the last session.

This plan of the Senate progressives marks clearly the divergence between the policy of the Republican insurgents in the two houses. Both groups dislike the idea of Canadian reciprocity, but the insurgent Representatives, realizing their insignificant standing as the minority of a minority, are willing to make terms. Their plan is to give their votes for reciprocity as the President has drafted the agreement in return for certain favors they hope to wring from the Democratic leaders in the "farmers' bill," giving free trade to the world in the list of things the farmers buy. Thus, in order to have sugar put on the free list some of them would vote for reciprocity.

In the Senate, on the other hand, the progressives, holding a technical balance of power between the Democrats and the old guard, are playing for bigger stakes. As a general proposition they oppose the farmers' bill. From their point of view, though they have often demanded a measure of this sort, it gives free trade on too many articles and it gives free trade with the world.

They had settled themselves down at the end of the last session to insist on adding to our free list with Canada, but the move of the Democrats to avoid the "most favored nation" clauses in our commercial treaties by giving the same concessions to the world has frightened them almost back into the protectionist ranks.

Mr. Cummins is daily becoming more clearly the progressive leader in the Senate, and he is as determined now as he ever was to put the insurgent demands in the form of amendments to the text of the Canadian agreement itself. Even he finds some items in the House "Farmers' bill" which he approves—free coal, free iron ore, free lumber—none of which is produced in the State of Iowa. But he objects to free shoes or free leather, as the two items stand together, and the Iowa farmers sell hides from which the leather is made.

It is a queer situation these objections make for the Senate insurgents. In their weakness their brethren in the House have taken the wiser course—at least from a political point of view—and are simply using the sweeping Democratic measures as a basis on which they hope to add a few of their own ideas. The insurgents in the Senate, however, now that the Democrats are offering them all they ever demanded and more besides, are turning right around and are moving nearer every day to the regular breastworks of the protectionists.

One of the great complaints of the insurgents against the reciprocity agreement was that while it put cattle, which the farmers sell, on the Canadian free list, it left meat, which the farmers buy, subject to protection, and while it put wheat, which the farmer sells, on the free list, it left flour, which he buys, under protection.

Now the Democrats have framed a bill putting both flour and meat on the free list in the trade with the world, and the insurgents are as much opposed to this proposal as to the original agreement as presented by Mr. Taft.

As Mr. Cummins pointed out recently, he is willing to have meat come free from Canada, but not from the Argentine. As Argentina is one of the greatest meat-producing countries in the world, and could therefore be expected to do much to lower the cost of meat to the farmer, it is hard to see exactly what is left of the insurgent claim that their sole objection to reciprocity was that it discriminated against the farmer in favor of the manufacturer. That, however, is a point that is being forced home upon them by their constituents. Already Mr. Bristow of Kansas, whose opposition to reciprocity has been loudly proclaimed, has been instructed by his Legislature to support the President's measure, and sentiment in other insurgent States has been equally surprising to the progressive Senators.

The feeling now is that the rather vague tactics of the Senate insurgents will serve greatly to prolong the session. No one, however, will predict that they will succeed in modifying the Canadian agreement. As to the other tariff measures, the insurgents will have less trouble in squaring their present position with that they held so strenuously in the tariff struggle of two years ago. They are all of them in favor of revising the woolen and cotton schedules, and it is merely a question as to how far those items shall be reduced.

CANADA WAITING ON US.

To Pass Reciprocity Bill Immediately After American Congress Acts.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 16.—A favorable vote on the reciprocity agreement with the United States is looked for by members of the Dominion Government not long after Parliament reassembles on Wednesday. The rapid progress being made at Washington, and the prediction that the agreement will be before the American Senate by next Thursday, have been noted here with satisfaction by the Government's supporters.

Settlement of the reciprocity issue in Canada, they believe, now depends primarily upon action at Washington. Any assurance that Congress will ratify the agreement may be coupled, they say, with the assurance that the Canadian Parliament will do its part as soon as the passage of the agreement on the other side of the line is certain.

The Canadian Government, backed by a majority of more than forty in the House, is pledged and anxious to put the agreement through as soon as the conservative opposition permits a vote. Ratification then by the Senate would be merely a matter of form, since the Government's supporters in that body outnumber the conservatives three to one.

Until, however, the agreement is ratified by both American branches, the fight against it in the Canadian House will be continued by Mr. Borden's adherents along the lines followed the last six weeks. But their stubborn resistance admittedly is being kept up only in a hope that the situation may be saved, from the conservative point of view, by a second failure of the Senate at Washington to ratify the agreement.

There has been a decided moderation in the last few weeks of the fierce opposition at first waged against the agreement. The resentment aroused by ill-advised annexation talk has practically disappeared, and members of the Government assert that some of the conservative representatives of rural constituencies have been under strong pressure because of their alleged alarmist attitude on the subject.

In large centres like Montreal and Toronto, where the protectionist element is strongest, the fight against the agreement is being continued by conservative press and speakers. But it is admitted by some conservative members that their fight in the prairie provinces and in the non-urban parts of Eastern Canada will not prove to have won them votes. Addressing his constituents in Morden, Manitoba, on Thursday, for instance, W. H. Sharpe, a promient conservative member of the House, admitted that he knew all he had to do to make himself safe in his seat was to vote for reciprocity.

Other western Conservatives are in practically the same position, but have stated that they will continue to abide by the decision of their party caucus and fight the agreement to the end. There may be two or three members of the Opposition representing rural constituents who will deem discretion the better part of valor, and, if forced to vote, break from their party and go with the Liberal ranks for reciprocity. These will be counterbalanced by the action of three Liberals who already have declared against the agreement. Aside from these defections the issue is still a straight party one, so far as the House is concerned.

There is no method by which the Government can force closure of debate if the Conservative leaders, after conferences during the Easter recess, have decided to continue obstructive tactics by prolonged discussions. The prevailing opinion, however, appears to be that if Washington passes favorably upon the question, the Opposition will not persist in whatever intention it may have had to talk the measure to death or to delay its ratification by debate until the middle of May, when Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Prime Minister, plans to sail for London to attend the Colonial Conference and the coronation.

The debate will be resumed when Parliament reassembles next Wednesday. There will be a Liberal caucus on Thursday, and so certain are the members of the Government that the reciprocity proposal now has the indorsement of the great majority of Canadians that the Liberal members will be urged to expend little further time in defending their position in the House. The burden of continuing the debate and thus preventing a vote will be left to the Opposition members.

The Prime Minister is hopeful that if ratification has not been actually completed by both countries by May 12 there will be such certainty of its accomplishment within a few days as to warrant his departure on that date for London. Otherwise he probably will not leave Ottawa, but will deputize Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia, and the Hon. L. P. Brodeur, Minister of Marine and of Naval Affairs, to represent Canada at the conference.

NAMING HILL'S SUCCESSOR.

Berlin Regard Leishman, Seth Low or Dr. Butler as Good Possibilities.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 16.—Mr. Hill's mysterious resignation continues to be the uppermost topic in political and diplomatic Berlin. The Foreign Office is still without a formal notification, which is not expected until the American Government is ready to submit the usual inquiry whether such and such a person is acceptable as Mr. Hill's successor. Speculation on this score is already active.

If Mr. Taft adheres to the principle of promoting meritorious Ambassadors, the name of Mr. Leishman, now at Rome, crops up as a possibility. The Pittsburg diplomat's German antecedents would probably predispose Berlin in his favor. If the President decides to bring an entirely new man into the service, Seth Low and Nicholas Murray Butler are regarded here as possibilities of the first rank, and as men whose academic identity and well-known Germanophilism would make them distinctly persona grata at the Kaiser's Court. Both of them have met the Emperor, who showed Dr. Butler conspicuous honors on the occasion of the Columbia President's visit to Berlin last October.

There is little ground for the supposition that Mr. Hill's references to "divine right" in his lectures at Columbia jeopardized his position. Mr. Hill evidently feared that his views on that subject might give offense to Germany, because he took occasion to write a private letter to Berlin friends pointing out that the version published in New York did not exactly interpret what he said. The Ambassador, however, reckoned without his host, for the New York correspondents of German newspapers failed to realize that Mr. Hill's lectures contained such eminently good "copy."

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DRY COLD AIR STORAGE
OF FURS, FUR-LINED GARMENTS AND
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in accordance with the most modern and approved methods and insuring the same against damage by Moth and Fire, at Very Moderate Charges, also

STORAGE FOR DRAPERIES AND HANGINGS

Special Concessions in Prices for Altering or Repairing Furs during the Spring and Summer months.

Articles called for promptly upon request by mail or telephone.

West 23d and 22d Streets

LARGE SUMS PLACED IN POSTAL BANKS

More Rapid Growth in Deposits West of the Mississippi Than in the East.

MANY NEW OFFICES BY MAY 1

Number of Accounts and Average Balance Increase During March—Friends of the System Pleased.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The Postal savings bank system is proving a greater success than its friends have thought it would be. Postmaster General Hitchcock in a statement made public this evening shows that the interest in postal savings banks is steadily increasing. It is shown in his statement that $201,961 was on deposit at the forty-eight postal savings banks at the close of business March 31, compared with $133,869 on the last day of February, an increase of $68,092. The number of open accounts increased from 3,664 to 4,307 during March, and the average balance per depositor from $36.54 to $46.89. These banks have only been open for the receipt of deposits since Jan. 3.

By May 1 Mr. Hitchcock hopes to have forty-five additional offices open and ready to receive deposits. A few days ago he issued orders for all the Postmasters of the recently designated offices to assemble on April 21 and 22 at certain places where the system has been in operation, in order that they may get a practical demonstration as to its operation. Instead of bringing the Postmasters to Washington, as was done originally, Inspectors will be sent to certain of the postal savings offices to assist in explaining the operation of the system. All necessary supplies, such as cards, stamps, and certificates, together with blank forms, regulations, and instructions, have been sent to the recently designated offices.

Since the inauguration of the postal savings system there have been deposited in the twenty-two offices west of the Mississippi River $148,699, as compared with $75,565 received in the twenty-six offices east of the Mississippi River. Though the average amount of each deposit for the month of March was approximately $28, there were more certificates issued of the $50 denomination than of any other; in fact, over one-fourth of all issued were of that denomination.

In Leadville, Col., 255 fifty-dollar certificates were issued in March out of a total of 455, quite a contrast to Norwood, Mass., where 140 one-dollar certificates were issued out of a total of 347. Separate deposits to the number of 9,742 have been made to date, averaging over $23 per deposit.

The following statement shows how the various offices rank in the amount of business done after three months' operation:

Depository.	Number of Open Accounts	Total Amount on Deposit	Average Per Depositor
Leadville, Col.	427	$34,679	$81.22
Anaconda, Mon.	284	20,895	73.57
Globe, Ariz.	176	15,339	87.15
Carthage, Mo.	194	12,554	64.71
Carson City, Nev.	145	9,807	67.63
Pittsburg, Kan	153	8,582	56.09
Johnson City, Tenn.	144	8,330	57.85
Dubois, Penn	212	8,180	38.40
Ashtabula, Ohio	182	7,681	42.20
Olympia, Wash.	96	6,337	66.01
Norwood, Mass	256	5,688	22.22
Pekin, Ill	157	5,532	35.24
Oroville, Cal	84	4,690	55.83
Bessemer, Ala	102	4,420	43.33
Manitowoc, Wis	189	4,404	23.30
Coeur D'Alene, Idaho	63	3,695	58.65
Bristol, R. I.	107	3,305	30.89
Laramie, Wyo	81	3,146	38.84
Provo, Utah	98	2,858	29.16
Nebraska City, Neb.	94	2,775	29.52
Key West, Fla.	41	2,509	61.19
Princeton, Ind	79	2,248	28.46
Berlin, N. H.	41	1,948	47.51
Brunswick, Ga.	49	1,695	34.59
Rutherford, N. J.	84	1,485	17.68
Guymon, Okla	31	1,340	43.23
Raton, N. M.	36	1,276	35.44
Klamath Falls, Ore	26	1,254	48.23
Salisbury, N. C.	30	1,208	40.27
Deadwood, S. D.	27	1,193	44.19
New Iberia, La.	55	1,135	20.64
Gulfport, Miss	52	1,080	20.77
Cohoes, N. Y.	62	1,054	17.00
Port Arthur, Texas	38	1,017	26.76
Houghton, Mich	22	971	44.14
Bemidji, Minn	37	897	24.24
Middlesboro, Ky	61	848	13.90
Ansonia, Conn	37	816	22.05
Montpelier, Vt.	27	782	28.96
Grafton, West Va.	30	778	25.93
Decorah, Iowa	19	772	38.00
Rumford, Me.	34	735	21.62
Stuttgart, Ark	35	538	15.37
Clifton Forge, Va.	32	381	11.91
Wahpeton, N. D.	13	367	28.23
Frosburg, Md.	23	320	13.91
Dover, Del.	24	281	11.71
Newberry, S. C.	17	186	10.94
Totals March 31, 1911	4,307	$201,961	$46.89
Totals Feb. 28, 1911	3,664	133,869	36.54

W. F. Sheehan Coming to New York.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., April 16.—William F. Sheehan, who has been at the Homestead here ever since the Senatorial contest in New York was settled, left for New York to-night, but is expected to rejoin Mrs. Sheehan here after a few days.

PURSUING CRAFT TOOK FIRE.

Canada Awards Captain for Aid When Burning Cutter Chased His Tug.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., April 16.—Capt. E. G. Tuttle of this city, whose fishing tug, the Eagle, was seized by a Canadian revenue cutter last week, has been richly rewarded by the Canadian authorities for bravery displayed at the time of his capture.

When the Eagle, illegally fishing in Canadian waters, was sighted by the Government boat and a stern chase began for the American side of the lake, a fire broke out in the cabin of the pursuing craft. The Eagle was quickly overhauled, while the fire gained considerable headway and put the Government boat in grave danger. Instead of running away again, as he might have done, Capt. Tuttle swung alongside the cutter, and he, with several of his men, leaped on board. The flames were extinguished by the combined crews.

When the case came up for trial on Saturday Capt. Tuttle was found guilty and a fine of $650 was imposed, but his tug and all the nets on board, valued at several thousand dollars, which had been confiscated, were returned to the American Captain as a reward for his gallantry.

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You Make It Plain—

that you know the best silk glove made when you ask for "Kayser's," *and insist* on seeing the "name in the hem," and *to offer you* the "just as good kind" would be useless.

"Kayser" gloves "*cost no more*" than the "ordinary kind," don't wear out at the finger ends and every pair contains

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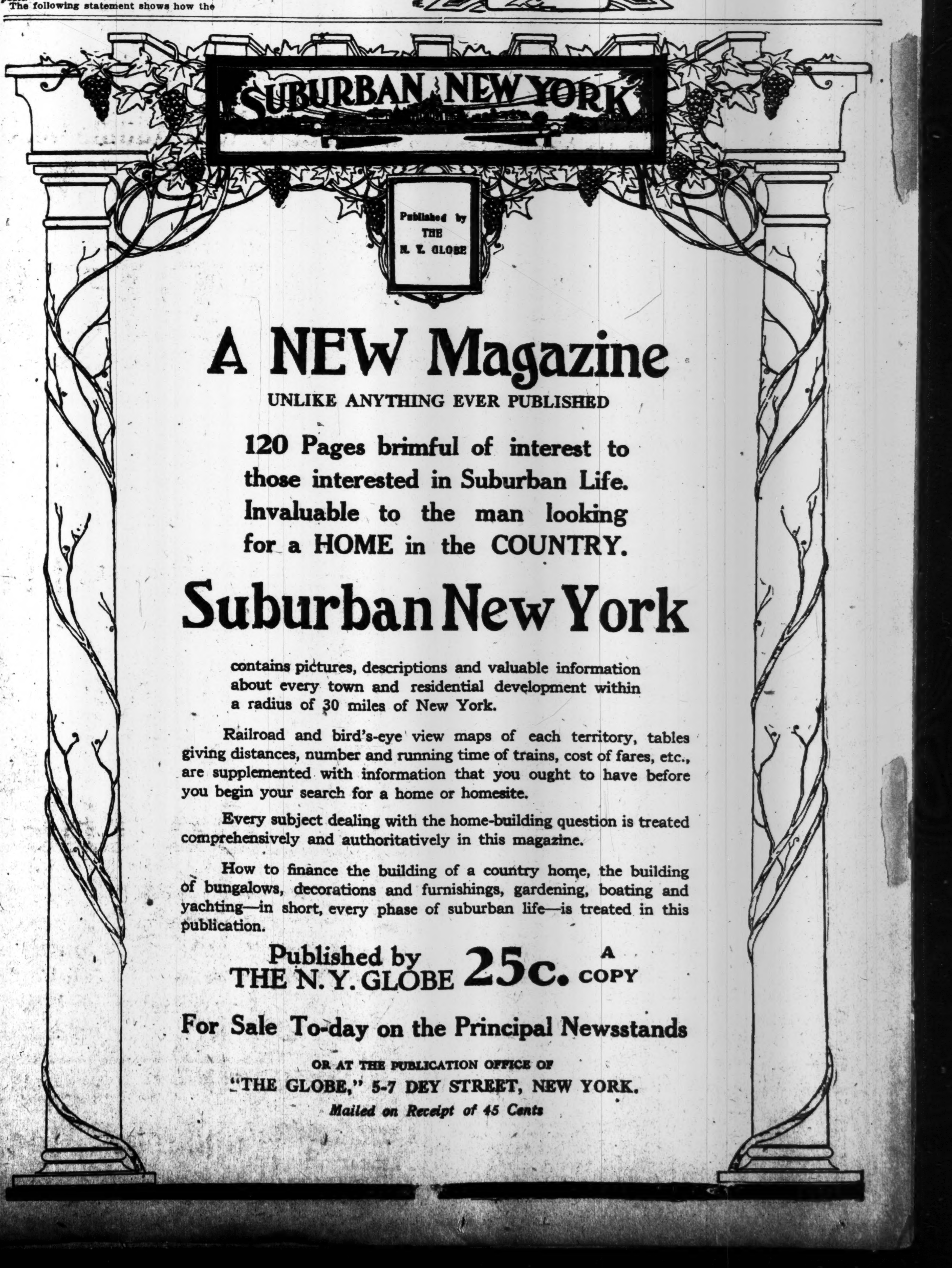
You take no risk. "*Look in the hem*" for the name "KAYSER," it's there for your protection.

Short Silk Gloves—50c., 75c., $1.00
Long Silk Gloves—75c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50

JULIUS KAYSER & CO., Makers
New York, N. Y. 2

"Kayser" The Guarantee that Guarantees

"The Kayser"



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CIVILIZING ASPECT OF CAMORRA TRIAL

May Mean Regeneration of Southern Italy, Where People's Energy Needs Proper Guidance

LOVE ROMANCE IN ALBANO

Aged Soldier of Pius IX. Marries Daughter to Carabiniere in Cathedral When Priests Decline to Officiate.

Special Correspondence THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 7.—Several writers in the Roman press look upon the Camorra trial as a source of unfailing education to the nation—just as in another way the Dreyfus affair educated France. In the later case it was archaic laws and race prejudice nurtured by them that needed correction. Here it is the traditions of a people finding archaic expression because of a laxity of law and order.

It is doubtful as the trial goes on whether the masses, even in the south, will continue to regard the Camorra people as heroes and martyrs. The inspiration of the few papers which support them, the source of the letters that Enrico Alfano has received congratulating him and cursing the authorities, are too obvious to require analysis. But of the sincerity of the hundreds of letters that have been received from all sorts and conditions of Neapolitans, praying for the annihilation of the terrible Camorra, there can be no doubt. The real heroes and darlings of the people are the Reali Carabinieri.

Foreigners here are astonished at the inaction of the Vatican authorities in regard to the case of Don Ciro Vitozzi. In all such cases, however, the initiative of the Church waits upon the civil verdict, and is only then introduced through the proper ecclesiastical authorities. Very often the result of a Church trial is directly opposite to the verdict of a trial by the State. Neither respects the other's evidence.

Meanwhile, even in this section of the peninsula, several events have occurred which reveal the individual attitudes of priests toward the Carabinieri, if nothing more. Here is a story, for the trustworthiness of which I can vouch, because it was told me by an eyewitness, who regretted that he did not have the pen of a Manzoni, in order to impart it properly:

Last week there took place in the Cathedral of St. Paul at Albano, about an hour's ride from Rome and near the Castel Gandolfo, which, with San Giovanni in Laterano and the Vatican, alone remains of the once vast possessions of the Church, a scene unique in the history of Italy—a couple was married from the altar of the cathedral by a man who, without authority but without deception, daringly usurped the offices of the priest who was to have performed the ceremony.

A fortnight ago Antonio Rosati, 42 years of age, a Maresciallo of the Carabinieri, obtained leave of absence in order to marry Giuseppina, the 23-year-old daughter of Oreste Vistarini, a veteran of the Papal Gendarmes under Pope Pius IX. The civil ceremony was in due time performed by the Mayor, but, as the parties concerned were all prominent and devout Catholics, great preparations were made to celebrate the religious ceremony in the cathedral.

This function had several times been postponed on one excuse or another until the very last day of the bridegroom's leave of absence. He was then informed by the secretary of the Bishop that the certificates of his birth and civil status had not been presented in proper form, and that, therefore, the wedding could not take place.

The young people were in despair, for Antonio must be with his regiment on the following day, and it would take at least a week to have the matter rectified by sending to Tjone, in Aquila, his native place.

All at once Giuseppina's aged father, the old soldier of Pius IX., who had silently seen their grief, bade them dry their eyes and follow him to the cathedral. On the way he called on two neighbors to serve as witnesses to what he was about to do, Giuseppe de Santis and Saverio Bassetti, both honest men and good citizens.

On reaching the cathedral the veteran with his white hair pushed back and his fine old head bowed upon his chest, strode straight to the altar and entered the chancel at the steps of which the others paused. At a sign from the veteran they all knelt. Then, with his hands held high toward the altar, he began:

"I am a Catholic, Lord, and as an officer of the Pontifical Gendarmes, I have served Your representative on earth. These, my children, are in Your grace, and would very much like to marry and ought to marry; but Your ministers do not wish it to be so. My Lord God, I shall marry them through that paternal authority which comes to me from You."

Then he turned to the couple and asked: "Are you contented to unite yourselves in holy matrimony?"

When the answer came in the affirmative, he continued:

"O Lord, my God and our God, bless me that I in turn may bless and make happy these children who will always follow Your laws."

With that he made the sign of the cross and added:

"My children, you are now married and blessed in the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit, Amen."

Then he paused and regarded them with a serious look and said very solemnly: "Remember, that before God you are man and wife."

While this was passing several priests had gathered in different parts of the cathedral, but they were evidently too astonished to interfere. When all was over the white-haired soldier led the way straight from the place as silently as he had come. But this time his head was not bowed.

By his unprecedented action, Signor Oreste Vistarini has laid himself liable to severe penalities, not only for usurping the functions of a priest, but for profaning the altar of the cathedral, which cannot be used again until reconsecrated. Nevertheless, he has not been arrested, and it is unlikely that any steps will be taken against him. As far as the Government is concerned, it is alone interested in the civil ceremony which was perfectly regular in form.

As the Cuocolo trial goes on the interest augments, as it shows how deeply rooted the influence of the Camorra still is in the most populated of Italian towns, and how much even those who are members suffer from it. Gennaro Abbatemaggio, who by the way does us the honour of saying that if he could choose a profession he would like to be a journalist, has many points of contact in his mental equipment with another man who was an important figure in the criminal world, with Giuseppe Musolino, the last [illegible] brigand, who after a long [illegible] of murders, burglaries, and incendiarism, was nine years ago arrested and is still in a penitentiary for life.

It must be remembered that Musolino had become a romantic hero in the public imagination of the Calabrese population and had established himself on the peaks of the Sila as King of the Forest, and could count on the sympathy of 140,000 Calabrese against the ever failing attempts of 500 men sent to catch him. They never succeeded until they began to arrest all those who could directly or indirectly help him.

Musolino realized that isolation would be the end of him and conceived the most audacious plan of escaping without abandoning the mountains—that is to say, following the chain of the Apennines northward. He was able to carry out this daring project until he reached the centre of Italy between the Marches and Umbria, where he was taken.

No acute observer can miss the significance of this fact. If fifty years before a Musolino had taken refuge in the region where he was caught, he would not have been arrested, as brigandage was an endemic disease there, and he would have found the same assistance as in his native Calabria. To-day, after half a century of moral resurrection, Umbria and the Marches are among the most civilized, progressive and good-hearted regions of Italy and did not, therefore, provide Musolino with the atmosphere necessary for his protection.

The same thing will happen with the Camorristi, at least it is hoped so. If their case had been heard in Naples, in the centre of their organization and in an atmosphere entirely subdued by it, their conviction would perhaps have been impossible, but in Viterbo, it will be another thing. The jury from what is known are gaining the moral certainty of the culpability of the accused so that it will be difficult for them to escape.

The hope is entertained that this trial will be the beginning of a serious work of purification which may have a salutary effect in Naples and the South, where the people, with their quick intelligence, wonderful intuition, and easy adaptability could accomplish prodigies if these qualities were well directed.

HOW THE CAMORRA ADMITS RECRUITS

Novice's Sponsor Dwells on the Crimes He Has Committed as Proof of Qualification.

THEN HE MUST FIGHT A DUEL

When He Stabs His Rival He Kisses the Wound and Binds It—Rites Held Before a Camorrist Court.

VITERBO, Friday, April 7.—The most interesting revelations made by Gennaro Abbatemaggio, the Camorrist informer, at the trial of the members of that organization for the murder of Cuocolo and his wife, had to do with the real nature of the Camorra, the dreaded association, which first found its way from Arabia into Spain, and from Spain into Southern Italy, and how its adherents are chosen.

The Camorra in the city of Naples, as Abbatemaggio explained, is divided into fourteen bands, one for each region of the city. Each band is composed of twenty-four Camorrists and forty-eight picciotti, (recruits,) each one of the former having two of the recruits at his disposal. Each picciotto, in turn, is served by five or six giovani onorati, honored youths. The latter are aspirants for membership in the society.

Thus, in Naples alone, there is a body of upward of 3,000 men, determined in character, resolute and tried in astuteness and intelligence. This army, which has ramifications in almost every class of society, is practically directed by two men, the Capo in Testa, or Head of Heads, and the Contaiuolo, or cashier, who takes the place of the Head when necessary. Both of these officials are elected by a majority of votes. The Contaiuolo is generally an old Camorrist, clever in exacting each day the gains from the members, or able to handle them roughly if they refuse to pay.

The picciotti are chosen from among the giovani onorati and are instructed in their duties by the Camorrists. They are obliged to swear perfect obedience, after which the newly admitted member kisses every Camorrist, beginning with the Head of Heads, in a token of good faith. When the ceremony of admission is about to be carried out, the society meets at the sequest of one of the members, after having posted the picciotto so as not to be taken by surprise. The Camorrist who has called for the assembly submits the name of his candidate, and offers to act as his padrino, (a kind of godfather.) He enumerates the services which his candidate has rendered, entering as ardently as possible into the details of the thefts, burglaries, and other important crimes which the picciotto, who desires to be promoted to the estate of Camorrist, has committed, not forgetting to call attention to the "sfregi" inflicted, which are the razor slashes across the cheeks of the persons who have had to be called to order, which marks are very prominent on the faces of both Abbatemaggio and Erricone, the latter the reputed leader of the society.

As in a court of justice, there is a Camorrist called the Terzo Contrario, who takes the part of public prosecutor and finds arguments to oppose the admission of the candidate. Even when these arguments are satisfactorily met the candidate must, in the presence of the members, undertake the tirata, a kind of duel, the gravity of which varies according to circumstances and individuals. Generally, the tirata is perfunctory, in which case it is called "of the muscles," because the combatants are allowed to wound each other only in the muscles of the arm, which they bare before engaging in the combat. If the candidate injures any other part of his opponent's body he is disqualified.

In a basin placed in the centre of the meeting place—generally a tavern—five knives are placed. Two of these have sharp points and keen, double-edged blades; two have only the sharpened points, while the fifth is characterised by its great length. The knives are covered with a white handkerchief, and over this a red handkerchief is thrown. The godfather of the candidate, and a second chosen for his adversary, take the knives with the double-edged blades; the head of the Camorra takes the long knife, while the candidate and his opponent grasp the others.

The duelists are then placed back to back, with arms bare to above the elbow, and when the head cries, "In the name of the saints, Cosmo and Damian—one—two—three!" they turn, and the combat begins. It continues until one or the other is stabbed in the arm. He who has done the stabbing immediately sucks the wound, kisses his opponent as a bond of friendship, and bandages the injury with the white handkerchief taken from the basin. Each new member admitted must pay 15 lire ($3) to the Contaiuolo as an entrance fee, half of which goes to the head of the Camorra and the other half to a fund for the purchase of a banquet.

When there is such a deep-rooted antagonism between the candidate and his opponent that one of the two must fall forever, the duel, or tirata, is termed "of the box." In such cases all the knife thrusts must be directed toward the upper part of the body or the head, as in a duel with rapiers. These duels, however, are rare.

F. E. GUEST JOINS TREASURY.

Peer's Son Who Wedded Amy Phipps Appointed Junior Lord and Whip.

LONDON, April 16.—The Hon. Frederick Edward Guest, M. P. for Dorset, East, has been appointed Junior Lord of the Treasury and Whip, in succession to Ernest Joseph Soars, who has resigned his seat in the House.

The acceptance of this office makes it necessary for Mr. Guest to seek reelection.

The Hon. Frederick Edward Guest, late a Captain in the First Life Guards, is the third son of Baron Wimborne, and was born in 1875. Mr. Guest married Miss Amy Phipps, eldest daughter of Henry Phipps of Pittsburg, in St. George's Church, Hanover Square, London, on June 28, 1905. The guests at the wedding, which was a big social event, included Ambassador and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, the staff of the American Embassy, most Americans prominent in London society, Princess Christian, and the daughters of Princess Henry of Battenberg. Archdeacon Sinclair and the rector of St. George's Church officiated. Over 1,000 were present at the reception held at Brook House, Park Lane, after the ceremony. Two sons have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Guest, the second at the Fifth Avenue residence of Mrs. Guest's parents on Nov. 24, 1907.

Mr. Guest had just leased Burley Hall, near Oakham, in August, 1908, when the historic mansion was damaged by an early morning fire. Many historic articles, including letters of Oliver Cromwell, were lost. Winston Churchill and others who were guests in the house worked hard and saved many valuable pictures.

BALLOON BOLTS; THROWS 5.

One Clings to Basket of Nordhausen—Released Gas Explodes.

DRESDEN, April 16.—A thrilling accident occurred to-day at the competition of the Saxon Aeronautical Society. The balloon Nordhausen ascended prematurely, carrying off Otto Korn, a Dresden manufacturer, who clung to the outside of the basket. The pilot at once opened the valve, letting off the gas, but the balloon was driven with great force against a gasometer. Korn fell to the ground, breaking his leg.

The balloon, freed from this weight, ascended quickly and passed over the gasometer, but the escaping gas ignited, causing an explosion. The four occupants of the balloon were thrown from the basket and crashed through a roof. The pilot, Capt. Von Oldtman, suffered a fractured skull and is not expected to recover. The other three were badly injured.

LISBON PLANS CONSTITUTION

No Foreign Minister Nor Envoys Is Part of Portuguese Scheme.

LISBON, April 16.—The Cabinet has begun the discussion of the project for a Constitution, to be submitted to a constituent assembly to consist of 235 members. The Assembly will elect a President for five years.

The administrative services will be greatly simplified and expenses decreased. It is hoped to dispense with a Foreign Minister and with plenipotentiaries abroad, the Consuls carrying out the diplomatic work.

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ROOSEVELT HOME, SILENT ON POLITICS

Interested in O'Gorman's Election to the Senate, but Declines to Comment.

SPOKE IN FIFTEEN STATES

Why He Denied Political Aspirations in Seattle Explained—Won't Talk About "Taking Panama."

Theodore Roosevelt returned yesterday from his seven weeks' tour of the South, West, and Middle West, looking as brown as a berry from his contact with the Western sun, but uncommunicative as to his views on the current questions of the day, and the part he may or may not intend to play in the campaign of 1912.

The Colonel didn't look a bit fatigued as he stepped from the Lake Shore Limited at the Grand Central Station late in the afternoon. His smile was in evidence as the newspaper men crowded around expectantly. But there was no interview forthcoming. He barely gave the newspaper men time to fire a volley of questions concerning his views on the Mexican situation, Canadian reciprocity, the crime wave in New York, Western prosperity, and his own plans for the future, when, with a brisk wave of the hand, the Colonel exclaimed:

"Not a word, gentlemen; not a word to say."

"You know I never have," he added, and hurried to a waiting automobile and started for Oyster Bay.

On his way to New York from Chicago Col. Roosevelt chatted with several acquaintances, two of whom happened to be newspaper men, but if they hoped to get an interview from the Colonel they were disappointed. In fact, they were interviewed.

The Colonel wanted to know all about the election of Senator O'Gorman and Tammany's connection with the selection of the successful candidate. He wanted particularly to know what part Charles F. Murphy played in the election of Senator O'Gorman, and what the newspapers and the public at large thought of the outcome.

Col. Roosevelt was also keenly interested in knowing what the Democrats had done about primary legislation during his absence, as direct primaries was one of the pledges in the Democratic platform. When informed that no such legislation had made its appearance yet, the Colonel had this comment to make:

"If the Republicans had won, does any one doubt that they would have kept their pledges?"

That was the nearest he came to committing himself on any of the questions asked. He explained that he had been so busy on his tour and so out of touch with the issues here that any views he might express would be lacking in weight.

It was learned yesterday that Col. Roosevelt's announcement in Seattle that he had "had everything" and was not "an aspirant for anything," was not really voluntary on the Colonel's part. He was being introduced to the Seattle audience, when the Chairman turned to Col. Roosevelt and said:

"Colonel, we don't know what you aspire to, but let me say that the West will give you anything you want."

Col. Roosevelt was obliged to reply to the Chairman's words, and it was then announced that he aspired to nothing. Had it not been for the Chairman's remarks the Colonel would have remained silent as to aspirations.

Another one of Col. Roosevelt's Western utterances which caused comment in the East was his boast that he "took the Panama Canal." The Colonel feels that if he didn't take the Panama Canal he would like to know who did. But as to this remark as well as others which excited comment during his trip, he was silent yesterday.

Mrs. Roosevelt joined her husband in California, but she remained at the home of their son there, while the Colonel traveled up the Pacific Coast on his tour. He spoke in fifteen States.

FISHERMEN STRANDED.

Falling Tide Tips Their Boat, Spills Blazing Fat, and Burns the Cook.

Ill-fortune attended yesterday the cruise of the motor sloop Peg, which set forth early in the day from Canarsie landing, carrying thirty men on what was intended to be a fishing excursion. Three miles out the Peg ran on the breakwater of Big Channel, and before the Captain could get her off the tide dropped and she was stranded.

That happened about 9 o'clock, and it was 5 in the afternoon before the luckless fishermen were released by the police boat of Harbor Squad C. The adventure with the breakwater had started the seams a little, but this was forgotten as the receding tide caused the Peg to careen and upset a pan of fat in the galley.

The fat flared and dripped on a kerosene oil stove, whereupon there was a boisterous explosion. The cook, his clothing afire, sprang out on deck to throw himself overboard, but the others grabbed him and doused him with bucketfuls of water. Then with more buckets they advanced upon the burning galley and routed the flames there.

The cook, John Gillan of 344 Bergen Avenue, Union Hill, was burned about the face and arms, and the police took him to St. Mary's Hospital in Brooklyn.

Nurses Object to City Supervision.

The Executive Committee of the New York County Registered Nurses' Association passed a resolution on Friday night denouncing Assembly bill 1,348, putting their profession under the jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Licenses. They hold that such action will be detrimental to the interests of nurses. A copy of the resolution was sent to Mayor Gaynor, to the Chairman of the General Laws Committee of the Assembly, and to the Chairman of the Cities Committee of the Senate.

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OLIVE OIL

DR. DUNNELL SAYS FAREWELL

He Leaves All Saints After 40 Years' Service—Church to be Maintained.

The Rev. Dr. William Nichols Dunnell, who is retiring from All Saints' Episcopal Church at Henry and Scammel Streets after a forty-year pastorate, held services in the church yesterday for the last time.

The church was crowded with present and past parishioners, and Bishop Greer, besides holding a confirmation, delivered an address, in which he paid a warm tribute to the venerable pastor, and announced his intention to keep the historic old church open. The Rev. Mr. Johnson, a young and unmarried clergyman, will assume the pastorate.

"Your venerable rector was born in this parish eighty years ago," said Bishop Greer. "He was in the infant class of the old parochial school. He has administered the parish's affairs for the last forty years with great fidelity. To part with him now will be particularly sad for the older members of the parish. He will be missed by young and old. But the peace of the Lord will be with him wherever he goes.

"This parish will not be discontinued, but it will have to be kept open with such means as has been placed at my disposal. The rector and vestry have been good enough to hand it over to me, and I have secured the services of a young unmarried man, the Rev. Mr. Johnson. He has lately been ordained, and is full of religious zeal. He has expressed himself as glad to make the necessary sacrifices and endure the inevitable privations. I ask you to give him your confidence as he has mine. I wish the beloved Dr. Dunnell peace, strength, joy, and happiness to the end of his days."

At the close of Bishop Greer's address Dr. Dunnell expressed his regret at leaving the church, and gave the parishioners his blessing. He will remain in the All Saints' rectory until May 1, and will then move into a house in Red Bank, N. J., which the Trinity Church Corporation has provided for him.

At the afternoon service the Palestine Commandery of the Knights Templars attended in uniform, and at the evening service a delegation of the Veterans of the Twenty-second Regiment, National Guard, of which Dr. Dunnell was for many years chaplain, was among the large congregation.

In his evening sermon of farewell the aged rector reviewed his career, and said:

"Why does a man stay where there is little wealth, little of the good things of life, little of the associations that men seek after? Because the Master did it. Man lives because Christ lives; and no matter what the surroundings there is grace rising to every one, who in the hopelessness of despair makes a noble effort to reach the high ideal that the true heart aspires to.

"On my own initiative I resign from active duties here, but I am still a priest, retaining my duties with the voice of the priest—the voice of one crying in the wilderness. Let your minds be strong in things that make duty honorable and patriotism honorable, that makes the duty of the father and mother and brother and sister heaven high.

"May the grace of God go with you all along the way and make life better, brighter, and sweeter unto the perfect day, until God's good time when we may all meet again in the final home of All Saints."

POLICE FIND STOLEN SLOOP.

Arrest Man Who Was Engaged to Take Her to Florida, but Didn't.

John P. Johnson, 36 years old, who was formerly a seafaring man, but who retired to take up the quieter life of janitor of the apartment house at 101 West 115th Street, was arrested Saturday night, charged with the larceny of an auxiliary sloop belonging to Dr. J. H. Egbert of Willimantic, Conn., and valued at $1,000. He was held in $2,500 bail by Magistrate Herbert in the Harlem Court yesterday for examination this afternoon, when Dr. Egbert will be present.

Lieut. Dwyer of the Harbor Squad told the Magistrate that he had been looking for Johnson and the sloop Dorothy since the first of the year. He said Johnson had been engaged by Dr. Egbert to take the boat to Florida, and sailed from New London on Christmas Eve last. A day or two later the owner received a message from Johnson that the boat had been badly battered in a storm, and had to put into a port on the Sound for repairs. Money was sent to have the necessary repairs made. From every port at which the sloop touched along the Sound, the Lieutenant said, Dr. Egbert would receive word from Johnson that something had been carried away, and asking for money to have repairs made.

When the sloop reached New York Dr. Egbert notified Johnson to sell the boat for what he could get.

Johnson sent word that the best offer received was a plated watch and $300, payable $10 quarterly. Dr. Egbert then sent orders to continue on the way to Florida.

According to Lieut. Dwyer, Johnson, who is a tall, lanky Swede, did not leave this port in the Dorothy, but sold her to Paul Kutzner of 500 East Seventeenth Street for $300 cash. Lieut. Dwyer recognized the Dorothy, tied up at 122d Street and the Harlem River, on Saturday, and when he went on board Mr. Kutzner showed him a bill of sale for the yacht, executed by Johnson.

Soon after ordering Johnson to leave New York with the Dorothy, Dr. Egbert received a message, dated Atlantic City, asking that more money be sent to make repairs. The next he heard from Johnson was a message from a town in Delaware saying that the Dorothy had been sunk in a terrible blow off Cape Henlopen, on the Delaware Coast.

Dr. Egbert's suspicions were aroused, and he communicated with the police.

Builder in Jail Charged with Forgery.

Louis Gordon, a builder, living at Manhattan Avenue and Varet Street, Brooklyn, was arrested last evening at Broadway and Siegel Street by Detective John J. Sullivan of Brooklyn, charged with forging the name of Nicholas Timm, a real estate operator of 438 Macon Street, with an office at 190 Montague Street, to a check for $450 on the People's Trust Company of Brooklyn. The money was received by the prisoner and deposited by him, it was alleged, in a private bank in Manhattan under the name of David Heyman. Gordon was locked up in the Adams Street Police Station.

Chinese Sailors Complain of Ill-Feeding

Thirteen Chinese sailors deserted yesterday from the British steamship Sergeant Fels at the Standard Oil docks in Bayonne. They went to Police Headquarters and declared they had been ill-treated and poorly fed, and asked that the British Consul send them back to China. Chief of Police John Yore returned them to the ship and notified the Consul.

Jamestown Entries for To-day.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; four and a half furlongs, selling. Shingle, Inwood, Blowout, Bait, 106 pounds each; Bill Lamb, 109; Auto Maid, 111.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Ruby Knight, 86 pounds; Neva, 91; Smirk, Marsh Light, 96 each; Jolly, 112; Parlor Boy, 88; Babbler, 93; Apologize, 120.

THIRD RACE.—Colonial Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. *Capsize, 95 pounds; *Montcalm, 99; Antenor, 103; Alfred the Great, 107; †Racquet, 116; Mexoana, 100; Blackchief, 101; Vreeland, 105; Trap Rock, 108; †Besom, 120.

*Forest Rose entry. †Randolph entry.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile. The Nigger, 89 pounds; Banives, 102; Lawton Wiggins, Live Wire, 106; Plate Glass, 107; The Golden Butterfly, 97; High Private, 103.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs, selling. *Firewood, 94 pounds; *Horace E., 101; Little Friar, Inferno Queen, 102 each; Tom Shaw, Havre, 109 each; Grandissimo, 113; John A. Munro, Cornely K., 114 each; Seymour Beutler, 117; *Moncrief, 97; San Orelia, 105; Servicence, 112; *Baby Wolf, 112.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards, selling. Idleweiss, 91 pounds; The Whip, 92; *Nesakaleeta, Muskmelon, 95 each; *Joe Rose, 103; Duke of Bridgewater, *St. Joseph, 107 each; Capt. Swanson, 108; Golden Castle, Judge Dundon, Sir Edward, 110 each; Ta Nun Da, 111; Agnar, 93; *Tom Melton, 102; *My Gal, 106.

*Five pounds apprentice allowance claimed.

ORDERS EXHUMATION OF WOMAN'S BODY

Judge Grants Facilities for Investigating Death of Mrs. Drennan of Middletown.

A DAUGHTER IS SUSPICIOUS

Mother, Said to Have Been Insured in Several Companies, Died Suddenly After Alleged Runaway Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., April 16.—Supreme Court Judge A. S. Tompkins on Saturday granted an order for the exhumation of the body of Mrs. Margaret Drennan, a well-known woman of this city, who died suddenly on Dec. 23, last year. The application was made by Assistant District Attorney J. D. Wilson.

Mrs. Drennan was 54 years old and had resided for several years with her son, John F. Hughes, an Ontario & Western Railroad conductor, in this city. She was buried at Rock Hill, Sullivan County. After her death it was learned that she had been insured for between $2,000 and $3,000 in several companies. All except one of the companies paid the insurance without demur. The objecting company started an investigation and found that the death certificate stated that Mrs. Drennan died as a result of injuries sustained in a runaway accident on Nov. 9 last, nearly two months before her death. Further investigation is said to have failed to substantiate the story that there had been a runaway accident.

The deceased woman had three children, Mary E. Schoonmaker of Newark, N. J.; John F. Hughes of Middletown, N. Y., and Simon P. Hughes of Cornwall. Some time after her mother's death Mrs. Schoonmaker came to Middletown and declared that she did not know of her mother's decease. She stated that she had suspicions that all was not right, and communicated with attorneys here. These attorneys, Watts, Oakes & Bright, are counsel for the Ontario & Western Railroad, against which company Mrs. Drennan's son, John F. Hughes, a conductor on that line, had commenced an action for $40,000 for personal injuries received on April 21, last year, when, he alleges, his head went through a window of a car as the air brakes were suddenly applied. He was treated at the Thrall Hospital in this city and discharged as cured, but at present is said to be lying in a serious condition.

A reporter to-day called upon Mrs. Hughes, who denied that Mrs. Drennan had been heavily insured, and said there were only two policies on her life—one for $875 and another for $240. Dr. Thomas L. Gillson attended Mrs. Drennan and gave the death certificate, which stated that injuries were the cause of the woman's death.

Sheriff Sutherland, County Detective Moore, and other officials will exhume the body of Mrs. Drennan to-morrow and an analysis will be made of her stomach. Meantime several Pinkerton detectives, who are said to have been on the case for several months, remain, awaiting developments.

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps With Purchases Before 12 o'Clock

Until Further Notice
No Charge For Alterations On Women's and Misses' Apparel.

We Trim Hats FREE

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE, 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.

In Our MAIN Building
AND FOR TODAY WE ANNOUNCE
An "After-Easter Sale" of Beautiful Imported Model Hats
At Greatly Reduced Prices
$35 Trimmed Hats at $20
$50 and $55 Trimmed Hats at $25 and $30

ONE OF THE IMPORTED MODEL HATS

NOT TO MENTION EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS IN THE PRICES OF DOMESTIC CREATIONS.

And our Millinery Salons are JUST AS ATTRACTIVE, JUST AS FULL OF GOOD THINGS, JUST AS COMPLETE, AND JUST AS COMPREHENSIVE IN VARIETY as they were BEFORE EASTER.

What about a going-away hat? Or bonnet? Or toque? EXTRAORDINARY values in all of these.

Prices start at Five Dollars—thence up.

(MAIN Building, First Floor.)

Our MAIN Building Contains:
Everything that men, women or children wear.
Everything that men, women or children eat or drink.
Everything that men, women or children use for sport or for play.
Everything that men, women or children wish to read.

Our GREENHUT Building Contains:
Everything that the home needs in furniture.
Everything that the home needs in carpets, rugs, curtains, pictures, china, lamps and ornaments.
Everything that the kitchen needs, from cook stove to soap dish.

Ask for S&H Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

W. & J. SLOANE
ESTABLISHED 1843

CONTINUATION OF OUR
UNPRECEDENTED SALE OF
ORIENTAL RUGS
AT PRICES SLIGHTLY ABOVE
IMPORTATION COST

The Stock Has Been Freshened by the Addition of Many Very Desirable Rugs

The Most Important Event of its Kind that has Ever Occurred in America

To facilitate removal to our new store, at Fifth Avenue and 47th Street, we have decided thus early to begin reducing our immense stock of Oriental Rugs. Our object being to dispose of the stock quickly, profit has been ignored.

Genuine Oriental Rugs of Equal Quality Have Never Before Been Offered At Such Marked Reductions From Actual Values

For sixty-eight years we have been specialists in floor coverings. The rugs in this sale have been selected by our own experts in the East. The diversity of patterns and sizes is beyond description.

Prices Range From $5 Upward

BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH STREET, NEW YORK

ADMITS SYNDICATE HAS GARDEN OPTION

It Runs Until July 15, Says Corporation's Secretary, Confirming Report of the Deal.

PRICE ABOUT $3,400,000

Syndicate's Plans Call for $8,000,000 More Capital to Put Up Skyscrapers on Madison Square Property.

The persistent report that a syndicate has obtained an option on Madison Square Garden was confirmed last night by James C. Young, Secretary and Treasurer of the Garden corporation, at his home, 44 Union Avenue, Mount Vernon. Mr. Young said he did not know the names of the men comprising the syndicate. Frank K. Sturgis, President of the corporation, declined to be interviewed on the subject last night at his home, 17 East Fifty-first Street.

The syndicate has an option on the property until July 15. Mr. Young said that the price asked for the property by the Garden corporation was about $3,400,000. He considered this a fair price. It was the intention of the syndicate, he said, to raze to the ground the present structure and to erect in its place from two to four skyscrapers to be used for office, store, and other business purposes. In order to make the undertaking profitable financially the syndicate, he understood, needed about $8,000,000 besides the purchase price for the erection of these skyscrapers.

"This syndicate," said Mr. Young, "put their plans before the Garden owners a few weeks ago. The Directors of the corporation then called a meeting, and it was decided to give the syndicate an option on the Garden until July 15. If the syndicate can raise sufficient funds to carry out their plans the Garden will be sold. If, however, the syndicate does not purchase the Garden will still be for sale, as the stockholders, of whom there are more than 100, have decided to put it on the market.

"The Garden from an investment point of view has never been a paying proposition to its owners, and they have held on to it more for sentiment than for any other reason."

Asked if he thought it would be a good plan for the city to buy the Garden, Mr. Young said he did not if it was in danger of becoming a plaything for politicians. He thought, however, that it could be put to useful civic purposes. The city, he said, was always recruiting policemen and firemen, and he thought that the Garden would be an ideal place in which to drill these recruits. He suggested that when the firemen and police became proficient in drill admission be charged and the money turned over to the Fire and Police pension funds. The Garden, he said, could be used for civic expositions and meetings of a civic character. He thought that the city would greatly miss the Garden when it was gone.

The Madison Square Garden corporation is capitalized at $2,000,000. The Directors are Frank K. Sturgis, J. Pierpont Morgan, Charles Lanier, Adrian Iselin, Jr., W. F. Wharton, J. C. Young, H. K. Knapp, Peter Cooper Hewitt, J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., Ogden Mills, and Le Grand L. Benedict.

PASTOR RUSSELL IN LONDON.

Brooklyn Tabernacle Preacher Called to Paddington Tabernacle.

A cable received here by the agent of the Central News, Ltd., of London, says that Pastor Charles T. Russell of the Brooklyn Tabernacle has accepted a call to the important pastorate of the London Tabernacle, Paddington.

In his letter of acceptance Mr. Russell says he will devote as much time to his new work in London as God's providence permits. It is understood that provision will be made for the conduct of the work of the church during his absence. He hopes to make the Paddington church the centre of a great religious effort on lines similar to those of the late Rev. Charles Spurgeon, the famous pastor of the Metropolitan Tabernacle.

Pastor Russell occupied the pulpit of his new church yesterday afternoon, preaching an Easter sermon on the subject of the resurrection. Taking as his text the First Epistle to the Corinthians, xv., 12 to 27, he attacked the doctrine of purgatory and of eternal torment, declaring that these ideas had caused many persons to doubt everything connected with religion and the Bible.

NEARLY BLIND, PREACHES.

Dr. Van De Water Hopes to be in Pulpit Again on May 28, with Sight Restored.

On the verge of total blindness, the Rev. Dr. George R. Van De Water occupied the pulpit at St. Andrew's Church, Fifth Avenue and 127th Street, yesterday morning, preaching to nearly 1,100 persons. It was his last sermon before he undergoes an operation for cataracts. The operation is to be performed at St. Luke's Hospital on April 27.

Since he was stricken Dr. Van De Water has kept on preaching, and he expects to be able to resume his pulpit on May 28 with his sight completely restored. In Dr. Van De Water's absence the Rev. Dr. Joseph H. Ivie will officiate.

Dr. Van De Water was led to the pulpit to preach his Easter sermon, which contrasted the agnostic and the Christian teaching concerning death.

ON HIS HEAD ALL NIGHT.

Laborer, Seeking a Lodging in Grain Barn, Falls Down Chute.

AUBURN, N. Y., April 16.—After standing on his head all night, imprisoned in a narrow grain chute into which he had fallen head foremost, Charles Stokes, a laborer, was discovered early this morning in the barn of John Hunter, a local attorney, and rushed to a hospital, where it is said he will recover.

Stokes entered the barn to seek a night's lodging, it is said, and in walking about in the dark plunged into the chute. His arms were pinned to his sides, and, unable to move, he was forced to inhale the suffocating grain chaff all night. He was discovered by a companion, who summoned the police, and Stokes was pulled out, black in the face but apparently not seriously hurt.

MURDER CONSPIRACY PROVED

Doctor Sentenced for Life—Father and Sister of Victim to be Tried.

ANNISTON, Ala., April 16.—Dr. John B. Pearce, who has been on trial here several days on the charge of killing Shell Kennedy on Jan. 14, was convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment to-day. The jury retired on Saturday afternoon, and did not reach a verdict until this morning. Pearce's plea was self-defense. The State alleged that the killing was the result of a conspiracy.

Cross Pearce, who is alleged to have killed Sarge Kennedy, a son of Shell Kennedy, and William and Ada Kennedy, father and sister, respectively, of Shell Kennedy, and also alleged participants in the conspiracy, will be tried at a special term of court in May.

GARROS SUES HAMILTON.

Accuses Fellow-Aviator of Defrauding Him of $3,000 in Sale of Aeroplane.

Roland G. Garros, one of the Moisant international aviators, has filed a suit in the Supreme Court against Charles K. Hamilton, alleging that the latter obtained $3,000 from him under false pretenses at El Paso, Texas, last February, and the sale of a Blériot monoplane. In addition, Garros has written to the Aero Club of America, setting forth the facts and asking that the club take official cobnizance of Hamilton's conduct.

At a meeting of the Governors of the club last Thursday a special committee was appointed to formulate charges against Hamilton. Further action will be taken by Garros when he arrives in Paris next week, through the Aero Club of France and the International Aeronautical Federation. He will ask that Hamilton's pilot's license be revoked on the ground that he has defrauded a fellow-pilot.

The act complained of by Garros took place at El Paso, Texas.

"I bought from Charles K. Hamilton in El Paso," says Garros in his letter of complaint, "a Blériot monoplane equipped with a Gnome motor and many valuable parts. I paid him cash on the spot and obtained his receipt, written by his own hand and signed before a notary public in El Jaso.

"It was verbally agreed between Hamilton and myself that the machine should be delivered to me in Mexico City, as we were going there together. The reason for his not delivering it to me in El Paso was that Hamilton said he wanted time to have the machine repaired, for it was broken at the time he sold it to me.

"In Mexico City Hamilton never paid the slightest attention to the repairing of the machine and refused to deliver the object of the sale, pretending that he had made the delivery in El Paso. This was an absolute impossibility, as I found upon inquiry that the extra parts sold to me were nowhere in existence, and also that Hamilton had plainly no right to sell me that Blériot as he was obligated to Alfred J. Moisant by contract to leave it, together with a biplane, in the outfit of Mr. Moisant's company for one year from the date of that contract, which was Nov. 12, 1910. And this machine was contracted to be at Mr. Moisant's disposal and use under the terms of that contract."

BARRETT DENIES CONFESSION

Held in $15,000 Bail in Connection with $85,000 Bond Theft.

Harry H. Barrett, the former confidential clerk of Aaron Bancroft, of the firm of George H. L. Bancroft & Co., who was arrested on Saturday in connection with the theft of the $85,000 worth of securities from the Bancroft firm on March 2, was held in $15,000 bail for examination Tuesday afternoon by Magistrate Breen in the Tombs Court yesterday. The charge against him was grand larceny.

Barrett was represented by Richard E. Weldon, of Weldon & Byrnes, of 309 Broadway. Weldon denied the statement made by detectives that his client had made a confession at Police Headquarters on Saturday. Detective Armstrong, who has been working on the case under Inspector Russell, told Magistrate Breen that Barrett did make a confession.

Weldon entered a plea of not guilty for his client and asked for an adjournment. Aaron Bancroft, the aged banker, was in court, accompanied by his personal counsel, William M. Sullivan. Barrett could not furnish the bail and was locked up in the Tombs.

Leave to Windsor Trust Co. to Move.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 16.—Consent has been given by State Superintendent of Banks Cheney to the Windsor Trust Company to change its location from the southeast corner of Forty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue to the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-seventh Street.

LEAPS INTO HARLEM AND SAVES CHILDREN

Crowd Sees a Youth Rescue a Boy and His Sister in a Racing Tide.

LATTER FALLS IN AT PLAY

Six-Year-Old Lad Dives After Her and Both Are Drowning When Christopher Kenny Pulls Them Out.

A child's cry from beneath them sent a throng of men and women on Willis Avenue Bridge yesterday afternoon running to the guard rails at the sides to peer over into the river below. There were cries then from the women when they saw a little girl floundering in the water near the pier in which Second Avenue ends at 127th Street.

It was not the girl who had uttered the cry, but a boy little larger than herself. He was still screaming, and though those on the bridge cried to him to stand still the youngster sprang from the pier, striking the water close to the girl. The watchers on the bridge, too far off to be of help, saw the girl throw her arms around the boy's neck as he reached her, and an instant afterward both sank.

Women on the bridge were crying by this time, but several men ran for the Manhattan end of the bridge to reach the pier at the end of Second Avenue. Christopher Kenny, a youth of 206 East 123d Street, was the first to get there, and throwing off his coat as he ran he dived into the river. As he came to the surface the children, with the girl's arms still locked about the boy's neck, rose near by. He swam toward them and caught them just as they were sinking again. He managed to keep them afloat, although in the swift tide it was hard to keep them above water.

With his left arm about the children, holding them so that their heads were out of water, Kenny struggled to make the pier. From the bridge came cheers as the crowd saw that he was making headway.

Policeman McGuire had reached the pier and was waiting with arms outstretched, as the tide swept Kenny and the youngsters in front of him. He grasped the children and Kenny pulled himself to the pier unaided.

From the bridge had come many women and they loosened the children's clothing, working to bring them back to consciousness while Dr. Donnelly in an ambulance was on his way from Harlem Hospital.

When the surgeon reached the pier he found the children still unconscious. The little boy was breathing easily and presently opened his eyes. He commenced to cry the instant he regained consciousness and could not be consoled until his demands to know how "Annie" was had been met by assurances that she was all right.

The throng prevented him from seeing the little girl who was still senseless and by the surgeon's orders she was placed in the ambulance before the little boy could see her.

The boy, who appeared none the worse for his ducking, was six-year-old Edward Reith of 256 East 125th Street. The girl was his four-year-old sister, Annie. He said they had been playing on the pier when Annie slipped into the water. He said he could not swim, but he didn't think of that when he dived after her.

A policeman took Edward home and explained to his family that Annie would be all right soon. The hospital doctors said last night that she was getting along nicely.

RESCUED BY POLICE BOAT.

Brothers Had Clung Two Hours to Their Overturned Rowboat.

The police boat of Harbor Squad C picked up two young men yesterday just as the overturned rowboat to which they had clung for two hours was drifting steadily through Rockaway Inlet out to sea. They were Charles Jackawar and his brother Gustave of 2,080 Amsterdam Avenue who were out rowing in Jamaica Bay, when they lost one of their two oars, and in their efforts to regain it upset the boat.

This happened near Barren Island, and a strong wind and tide had carried them three miles when they were rescued. The police found them numb from the immersion and exposure.

THE PRISON POET'S SONG.

Convict 28,118 Tells in Verse of What He Might Have Been.

The nameless poet of Auburn Prison has been at it again. Several times during the last year this wooer of the muse, whose number on the prison roster is 28,118, has confided his thoughts to his fellow-convicts in verse. This is his latest, which he labels "Drawbacks":

I might have been a writer—
  Like these joinalistic fellers,
I might have written lots of books
  Classed with the "six best sellers,"
And folks would want my autygraff;
  My picter they'd know well;
I might have been a writer, but—
  I don't know how tuh spell!

I might have been a actor
  Strutting in the limelight's glare;
A starrin' in romantic roles
  Wit' leadin' ladies fair;
I'd foil the willain ev'ry act—
  B'gee, I'd be a screech!
I might have been a actor, but—
  I stutters in muh speech!

I might have been a airman
  Winnin' fame and prizes, too;
A-risin' in my airy-plane
  Into the dizzy blue,
Wit' all the crowds a-cheerin'
  As I circled 'round on high;
I might have been a airman, but—
  I sorter hates to die!

I might have been a jockey
  Perched upon a famous steed;
A-ridin' in the Handicap
  You'd see me in the lead;
They'd hand me floral hoss-shoes
  Fer my vict'ry, I'll be bound;
I might have been a jockey, but—
  I weighs three hundred pound!

I might have been a rich man
  With a income pretty steep;
I'd smoke ten-dollar stogies
  And would think 'em pretty cheap;
I'd go to Yurrup twicet a year
  To spend some of muh kale;
I might have been a rich man, but—
  Wuz pinched and put in jail!

L'ENVOI.

Life's full o' many drawbacks,
  Which is why I makes complaint;
I might have been most everything,
  But—darn it all!—I AIN'T!

The nameless poet of Auburn does not always write in slang. His fellow-convicts are looking for an ode to Spring from his pen, and it is likely to appear soon in one of the issues of The Star of Hope.

China in the Lead at Cornell.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 16.—Of the 31 foreign countries sending students to Cornell University China leads with 44 students, according to The Cornell Register. Porto Rico has 22 students, Cuba 15, the Philippines 13, and Canada and Hawaii 11 each. Practically all the European and South American countries are represented.

Identified as Train Robber.

BELLEFONTAINE, Ohio, April 16.—Timothy McCoy was identified to-day as the lone bandit who recently held up and robbed passengers on a Big Four train at Muncie, Ind. McCoy was arrested here. The identification was made by J. E. Porter and William Glasgow, Cleveland traveling men, who were among those robbed. McCoy was taken to Muncie to-night.

ALCOHOL TAKEN OUT, LIQUOR STILL POISON

Dr. Whitney of Wesleyan Says Hard Cider and Claret Are Most Harmful.

WORSE THAN BRANDY AND GIN

Experiments Made Upon Animals Show Other Toxic Ingredients Than Ethyl Alcohol.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., April 16.—"The harmfulness of intoxicants is not removed with the removal of alcohol from their composition.

"With their alcoholic contents reduced to the same percentage, ordinary hard cider and claret are the most poisonous beverages, and brandy, gin, and whisky are the least poisonous."

These two conclusions have been drawn by Dr. David B. Whitney of the biological department of Wesleyan University after a comprehensive investigation of the problem, and observation of the effects of de-alcoholized liquors upon low forms of animal life.

It seems that a committee of fifty investigating the liquor problem reported some time ago that alcohol is the only poisonous ingredient of liquors and stated that if all liquors were reduced to possess the same percentage of alcohol, their injurious effects would be equal. Furthermore, a new method of de-alcoholizing has been discovered in England by which it is possible to remove from the beer all the alcohol and leave it practically identical in taste and color with the ordinary beer. This new beer is supposed to be harmless and at the same time as "satisfying" as the old kind.

Dr. Whitney has conducted his experiments in order to determine whether there are other injurious ingredients than alcohol in the ordinary liquors, or whether liquors containing the same amount of alcohol are equally injurious, and finally to determine whether de-alcoholized liquors are entirely harmless. He used in his experiments some small water-living animals called rotifera. He put varying amounts of the different liquors into the water in which these animals lived and noted in what percentage of alcohol they could live thirty minutes and also in what percentage of alcohol they could live two or three days and produce young. Tests were made with wines, such as cider, claret, and sherry, and with malt liquors, such as beers, and ales, with distilled liquors, such as whisky, brandy, gin, and with pure alcohol.

The results of these experiments, in which the alcoholic contents of all liquors used were reduced to the same percentage, show that ordinary hard cider and claret are the most poisonous beverages and that brandy, gin, and whisky are the least poisonous. In some other experiments in which claret and sherry were evaporated and their residue put into water, it was found that these two de-alcoholized beverages were even more poisonous than the same percentage of pure alcohol.

Dr. Whitney says:

"It is readily seen that the wines are the most toxic, the malt liquors stand second in point of toxicity, and lastly the distilled liquors are the least toxic of all the beverages. The value of these experiments is to show that in the three main kinds of alcoholic beverages there are other important toxic ingredients than ethyl alcohol and also to demonstrate that the various alcoholic liquors when reduced to the same percentage of alcohol differ widely in their point of toxicity.

"The results perhaps explain why different alcoholic beverages have such different effects upon the drunkard even though an equal intoxication is produced. It is generally recognized that brandy produces a certain type of drunkenness and that cider produces another type differing widely from the brandy type. Many of the other liquors also produce a particular type of drunkenness the characteristics of which are typical for each liquor. These types of drunkenness are doubtless partly caused, at least by the non-alcoholic ingredients in the liquors."

BUYS 2,500 FREIGHT CARS.

Cotton Belt Railway Gives Mortgage to Bankers' Trust for $2,217,500.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, April 16.—The Secretary of State filed a copy of an agreement showing that the St. Louis Southwestern, or Cotton Belt Railway, is to receive within a very short time more than 2,500 freight cars. It is a copy of a contract between the Bankers' Trust Company of New York and the Cotton Belt, the Bankers' Trust Company holding the mortgage.

The contract calls for 1,500 box cars of thirty-ton capacity, 500 auto cars of thirty-ton capacity, and 500 refrigerator cars of thirty-ton capacity, to be furnished by the American Car and Foundry Company of St. Louis. The consideration is $2,217,500, of which $457,500 is in cash and the balance is to be paid in twenty notes of $88,000, payable semi-annually.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

The styles of the world, advanced and exclusive, are spread before you in broad array in the present Smith Gray & Co. display of clothes for Spring and Summer. There are models English, models Continental, models from our own Fifth Avenue; in fact there are models from every known good style producing centre of the world. Then too, there are distinctive Smith Gray & Co. models reflecting the consensus of the world's best thoughts on dress for men.

The assortment, which includes models for every formal, outing and business service, is broader than in all our years, every good taste style idea being anticipated.

Smith Gray & Co. Spring Suits and Overcoats range in price from **18.00** to **50.00** with special values at **15.50** and **18.50**.

BLUE SERGE SUITS
Special 16.00

These blue serge suits are standard values at 22.50—there are six distinctive styles for men and young men.

SUITS AND SPRING OVERCOATS
15.50 and 18.50 Special

At 20.00 to 25.00 these garments would be standard values, but this special pricing means a saving to you of from 4.50 to 7.00. All are distinctively styled—tailored in the Smith Gray & Co. plant—including models for men, young men and boys.

15.50 Suits of velours, cassimeres and worsted cheviots, neat mixtures and smart stripes in exclusive designs.

15.50 Spring Overcoats in black, Oxford and smart designs in grays, browns and olives.

18.50 Suits include blue serges, yarn dyed worsted sand high grade velours—in neat mixtures in exclusive designs, in all the new Spring shades.

18.50 Spring Overcoats in smart tweed weaves, also velours and worsted finished cheviots, in gray, brown and various mixtures.

Silk lined to edge black and Oxford Spring Overcoats—New York's best overcoat value....... **20.00**

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs
Auto Clothes Book on Request

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
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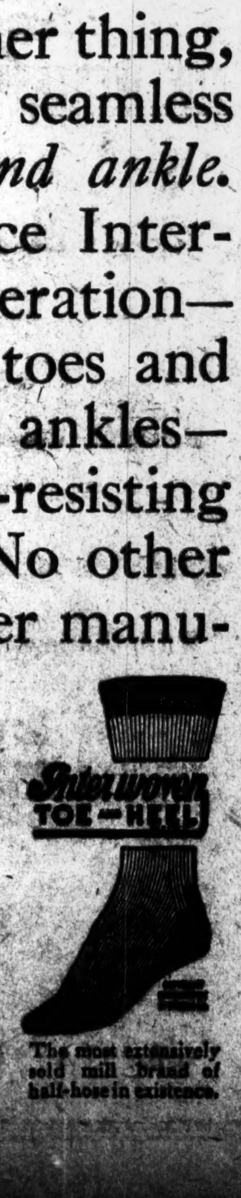
Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Socks are bound to wear out. The real question is: *How long from the first wear to the first darn?* It's easy enough to make thick socks which will wear. But to make *thin, gauzy* socks which will wear is another matter. Interwoven Socks are light and sheer as the finest socks you ever saw; yet Interwoven toes and heels outwear all others. And, mind you, these toes and heels are not made separately, but are a woven part of the socks reinforced by Interwoven process. That is, Interwoven Socks are *darned before you buy them.* Another thing, Interwoven Socks are the only seamless socks that actually *fit the foot and ankle.* Special patented machines produce Interwoven Socks complete at one operation—with perfect shape, interwoven toes and heels, and reinforced soles and ankles—equipping the socks with wear-resisting fabric at every point of wear. No other machines can do this and no other manufacturer can make Interwoven Socks. Should your dealer not have them he can easily get them for you at the New York Wareroom of the Interwoven Stocking Company, 1261 Broadway. Telephone Madison Square 7762.



Two Merchandising Events
Of Extraordinary Magnitude
Begin Today at GIMBELS

FIRST—
The Entire Stocks of the Oldest Established Queensware House in New York,
D. B. Bedell & Company
22 West Thirty-fourth Street
Presenting Minton, Cauldon, Coalport, Doulton, Wedgwood, Royal Worcester, Crown Derby, and Other Fine English and French Chinas
Baccarat, Rock Crystal and Other Exquisite Glasswares
At Lowest Prices for Which Such Fine Wares Have Ever Been Offered
Full details were published in yesterday's newspapers. Main and Fifth Floors

SECOND—
The Purchase, and Consequent Sale, of The New York Retail Stocks of
CROSSETT SHOES
for Men and Women
The $4, $5 and $6 Grades in Full Assortments of Spring and Summer Styles, at $2.85 a Pair
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In the HOUSE of FASHIONS
Exhibiting, in Assortments That Will Delight Women,
Latest Arrivals in Tailored Suits and Costumes, Afternoon and Evening Wraps, also Coats for All Occasions.
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GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

TELLS PAINLESS WAY OF TAKING AIGRETTES

Venezuelans Gather Them Only in the Moulting Season, Naturalist Asserts.

BIRDS PROTECTED BY LAW

More Than 1,200 Pounds Picked Up Annually, Says Mayeul Grisol of the Paris Museum.

Mayeul Grisol, naturalist and explorer, of the Honorary Mission of the Museum of Natural History in Paris, has written a letter on the white heron harvest of Venezuela to J. E. Grillet, President of the Syndicate Chamber of Manufacturers of Feathers for Ornament. Venezuela is a great producer of aigrettes, and it is M. Grisol's contention that the manner in which they are gathered there is beneficial rather than destructive to heron life.

As ammunition to repel the attacks of the Audubon Societies, this letter is being widely circulated among the milliners and feather dealers, much distressed at the realization, growing daily more acute, that after July 1 aigrettes and many other feathers cannot be sold legally in this State. The milliners are planning to contest the constitutionality of this law.

It is M. Grisol's point that the heron plumage is, for the most part, gathered after the feathers have been discarded by the birds in moulting season, and that far from the herons being butchered, they are zealously protected, as a source of great revenue to the country.

In his letter, as translated in a recent issue of The Millinery Trade Review, he says:

"The harvest of white heron bird feathers and other birds takes place in special localities chosen by these birds. They are called Garzeros (from heron in Spanish) and Dormitorios, (dormitories.) The Garzero is different from the dormitory in this sense, that there only the white herons, coupled, as well as the other species come to nest and to raise their young broods, while in the dormitories assemble those not coupled.

"The white heron and other wading birds follow the natural law, which every year at a fixed period compels them to moult—that is, these birds, aiding themselves with their beaks, scatter hither and thither the magnificent feathers which are their ornament, and which are bound to grow anew still more beautiful. Everywhere on the ground, as well as on the tree branches and on the bushes and thickets, they leave their feathers, which at that moment must form the happiness of the natives and of the workmen busy with the harvest thereof. There are some Garzeros where daily from three to four kilos of these magnificent feathers may be gathered.

"I had with me six men for the gathering of the feathers, and the daily result was from about 600 to 700 grams per man at the time of the highest moult. As a total I may calculate that as an average for three months I obtained from 450 to 500 grams a day per man. I know another Garzero in the City of Guarico, called Chaguangal, which gives yearly 125 to 130 pounds of feathers gathered or picked up as I said above.

"I could cite more than fifteen Garzeros in which one proceeds always in the same way, and which render yearly at the moulting period a total of about 1,200 pounds of feathers.

"The owners of these Garzeros jealously protect their property, and they are the first ones interested in preventing any one from coming to their home and destroying by arms one of the principal sources of their income.

"The Government also made some very severe laws against those who would destroy these magnificent birds, and with all its means, endeavors to encourage the gathering, which thus becomes a source of revenue for the Indians and their families, for the owners, and for the national treasury.

"It is very rare for the natives to kill the herons. It would be only in the case of necessity, for their sustenance.

"To sum up, the feathers exported from Venezuela for our markets are for the greatest part gathered feathers, and the exception being those coming from birds killed, the meat of which serves as food to the natives living in these regions. The harvest is considerable, and is increasing precisely because they protect the birds which furnish, through their feathers, one of the most appreciable revenues of these rich countries."

FINDS VENEZUELA FAIR.

H. C. Day Says American Capitalists Are Well Treated There Now.

Henry Cole Day of 16 West 121st Street, who is interested in the asphalt business in Venezuela, returned from that country on Saturday, and yesterday told a TIMES reporter that opportunities for free competition by American capital in Venezuelan concessions were never better. He lamented the fact that certain news articles had interpreted the recent withdrawal of several concessions from Americans as a sign of an anti-American feeling throughout Venezuela.

"One single newspaper article, published a few months ago and asserting that Americans were unfairly treated," he said, "caused much excitement in Caracas. The article appeared in a New York newspaper, and was cabled to one of the papers in Caracas. It was suppressed immediately by President Gomez.

"I found out later that the article had been inspired by one personal experience, and that it did not at all depict the national spirit. The most prominent officials there told me that it might take years to correct the impression created, and that the loss of business thereby was a national misfortune to Venezuela."

"It is no longer necessary," he continued, "to make financial overtures to everybody who has a vestige of power. The Government is in the hands of wide-awake business men, and they won't accept graft. They know that 95 per cent. of the promotion work in their country is done by English, Canadian, and American capital, and they are especially careful to keep on good terms with those interests on which the development of their country depends.

"The method for getting a concession is simply this: You are allowed to reconnoitre all you like, and when you have found a site of land which you think offers good returns in minerals, wood, asphalt, &c., you can make application to the Governor of the province for it. If you expect to conduct an inter-provincial business, however, your concession must go through the national channels. Your application is considered and the Bank of Venezuela refers all your financial references to its own correspondents in New York. The authorities reserve the right to trace all organization of the capital to be invested and to withdraw concessions when it is shown that proper responsibility has not been vested in the claimants.

"The South American may have no natural love for the North American, but to-day, he has at least a sincere respect for the average American."

LECTURES ON BOTANY.

Saturday Series to Start at the Bronx Gardens on April 29.

A series of botanical lectures is to be given in the lecture hall of the Museum at the Bronx Park Botanical Gardens, beginning at 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoons. They will close in time for the audience to catch the 5:35 train from the Botanical Garden station, arriving at the Grand Central at 6:06.

Dr. N. L. Britton will speak on April 29 on "The Preservation of Our Native Plants," Dr. C. Stuart Gager on May 6 on "What Is Botany?" George V. Nash on May 13 on "Transformation of an Old Swamp," Dr. Marshall A. Howe on May 20 on "The Reef-Building and Land-Forming Seaweeds," Frederick V. Coville on May 27 on "The Influence of Soil Acidity on Plant Distribution," Prof. Carlton C. Curtis on "How Plants Are Distributed," Dr. William A. Murrill on "The Royal Gardens of Kew, England," Fred J. Seaver on June 17 on "Collecting in the High Mountains of Colorado," and Dr. Arthur Hollick on June 24 on "Past [illegible] Conditions as Indicated by Fossil

THE CHARITY CONFERENCE.

Problems of the Work in This City to be Discussed.

The first New York City conference of Charities and Correction, held a year ago, proved so successful that a second conference has been called for May 9, 10, and 11.

The opening meeting will be held at the Polytechnic Institute Hall, Brooklyn. Municipal needs are to be discussed by Controller Prendergast, Dr. Edward T. Devine, Dr. Woods Hutchinson, and others.

The conference will continue on Wednesday, May 10, in the Assembly Hall of the United Charities Building, Manhattan, and on Thursday an excursion has been planned to visit the Home for Convalescent Children of the New York Children's Aid Society at Chappaqua, Westchester County, where two meetings will be held and luncheon served.

The subjects to be considered bear directly upon the complex problems met daily by a small army of workers engaged in administering the great charitable and correctional departments and institutions in this city.

SIX STEAMERS ARRIVE.

Laurentic, Lapland, Columbia, St. Louis, Touraine, Carpathia Have Few Aboard.

The transatlantic steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

LAURENTIC (Liverpool)—Lenwood Achorn, F. A. H. Anger, Mrs. C. P. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Orr Callaghan, Mrs Julius S. Corbett, Mrs. Oliver Dalrymple, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Demik, James S. Dickinson, Mrs. J. L. Eastwood, Lieut. W. H. Garrison, Miss Florence Hathaway, Geoffrey Firth, W. Thomas Horne, Mr. and Mrs. William P. James, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. La France, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P. Little, Mrs. Charles Pryer, Mrs Angela Randolph, Lieut. A. W. Robinson, W. S. Sample, Howard J. Sprague, Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Tod, Francis von Tacky, and George P. Whittlesey.

LAPLAND (Antwerp)—Judge W. S. Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. William Bastian, Gen. and Mrs. J. M. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Buckingham, Conrad C. Clayton, Henry Farnam, M. D. Jacobs, O. S. Larson, F. H. McCaol, Henry F. Parmelee, Mrs. E. J. Smith, Mrs. Leonard K. Storrs, William B. Varley, Lionel Walden, Col. and Mrs. John R. Wiggins, Mrs. Robert Cade Wilson, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wianett.

COLUMBIA (Glasgow)—Thomas S. Allan, Norman A. Arthur, J. E. Bernard, Mr. and Mrs. George Lindsay, Kenneth Neill, Mrs. E. C. Rayburn, and Mrs. Jean Thomson.

ST. LOUIS (Southampton)—G. B. Cundell, former United States Senator and Mrs. S. W. Dorsey, R. M. Erwin, Hubert Neville, Miss Temperence P. Reed, Col. W. J. Sutherland, and A. J. Tourangeau.

TOURAINE (Havre)—The Rev. Claude Chambard, Marius Delsoin, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Fischer, Jonas Lippmann, Miss Pauline Muriset, and Miss Juliette Rochat.

CARPATHIA (Naples)—The Rev. B. K. Hunsberger and family and the Rev. T. S. Lee and family, returning from the Indian mission field; Mrs. H. M. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. von Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Ray, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Somers, and Mrs. Ralph Skene.

Special Accountant for Metz Fund.

The Bureau of Municipal Research announces that it has engaged U. L. Leonhauser as accountant for the National fund established by ex-Controller Metz for "promoting efficient municipal accounting and reporting." Mr. Leonhauser will have charge of the co-operative investigations conducted with the City Controllers and Mayors of other cities by that fund, and of the correspondence which Mr. Metz hopes will "make available to American cities the best principles and practice worked out in municipal accounting and reporting." With him will be associated George L. Bergen.

PIG RIDES IN CARS JUST LIKE A BABY

Comes from Newark by Train in Owner's Arms Without a Squeal or Wriggle.

DRESSED LIKE AN INFANT

And with a Bottle for Inward Comfort —Gives Itself Away Alighting from Taxicab at Theatre.

If it hadn't been for a stifled squeal and a very piglike wriggle the taxicab driver would never have known that one of his fares wasn't human. In fact, the chauffeur rubbed his eyes several times before it finally dawned on him that Mrs. Marie Watson's traveling companion was a pig instead of a baby.

The chauffeur wasn't to blame for being deceived, for several conductors had made the same mistake. They don't know even now that the bundle Mrs. Watson carried so tenderly in her arms was not a baby at all, in spite of its baby cap and fluffy little coat and the milk bottle which Mrs. Watson produced every now and then on her ride from Newark.

Mrs. Watson, as almost every vaudeville performer knows, is the wife of Sam Watson, who has a barnyard circus. One of the star performers was a wee pig, but it got so fat that Mrs. Watson decided that another pig would have to join the show, one that she could hold in her arms without straining her muscles.

After some correspondence she found what she wanted in the pig line on a farm just outside of Newark. The pig's owner agreed to sell free on board at Newark, but not Manhattan.

Mrs. Watson and her husband went into conference to decide how to get the pig here.

"Leave it to me," said Mrs. Watson. "I'll just bring the pig over on the train."

Her husband suggested that pigs were not allowed on passenger trains. But Mrs. Watson knew what she was talking about.

"Leave it to me," she repeated, and Mr. Watson did so.

Mrs. Watson made the trip to Newark Friday and met the farmer and his pig. Mrs. Watson whispered a few words of pig language in the little fellow's ear and proceeded to dress him up in baby attire. The cap was a cute affair of muslin and baby chiffon, with a near-blue ribbon at the tip. The baby coat was also blue, as was a blanket which Mrs. Watson had provided. When the dressing was finished the farmer departed chuckling over the transformation.

With the pig in her arms Mrs. Watson proceeded to the Newark station of the Pennsylvania Railroad and boarded a train for Jersey City. The pig wasn't making a sound. Perhaps it was because of those few whispered words of pig language of which Mrs. Watson says she has a smattering. Perhaps it was a bottle of milk which the pig tippled now and then. Anyhow, no one on the train imagined that it was anything else than a very quiet and well-behaved baby that Mrs. Watson was carrying in her arms.

At Jersey City Mrs. Watson and her charge proceeded to the Hudson Tunnel station. While waiting for a tunnel train an elderly man suggested to Mrs. Watson that she had better stand well back from the edge of the platform.

"You know these drafts are very bad for babies," said the elderly gentleman. Mrs. Watson smiled and thanked the solicitous old man. Never once during the trip to Manhattan did the pig betray himself.

At Thirty-third Street Mrs. Watson hailed a taxicab, and in this the last lap of the journey was made. At the theatre Mrs. Watson alighted and paid her fare. The movement of getting into her purse must have disturbed the pig, for there was a sudden squeal and a very vigorous wriggle. The baby cap slipped back, displaying a very piglike face. It was then that the chauffeur began rubbing his eyes and pinching himself.

In a few days the little pig will take the place of the elderly porker in the barnyard scene. He is now undergoing the necessary preliminary training.

TO STEADY SHIPS AT SEA.

German's Invention of Anti-Rolling Tanks May Be Used on Big Liners.

Arthur M. Anderson, a London marine engineer who was at the Hotel Knickerbocker yesterday, said that in spite of the enormous increase in tonnage and the adoption generally of bilge keels ships still rolled in a heavy beam sea.

"An invention by a German engineer," said Mr. Anderson, "with anti-rolling tanks filled with water has proved very successful, and they may shortly be used with considerable benefit to seasick passengers on Atlantic liners. When a vessel fitted with these tanks goes over to starboard some ninety tons of water in her tanks goes over, too. This weight of water delays her from coming back on the rythm of the waves and really acts as a wave working in the opposite direction. As a result the regular swing of the waves is broken, and the ship by virtue of her own self-carried waves is able to resist, at least to a large extent, the power of the waves of the sea."

Mr. Anderson added that the anti-rolling tanks would doubtless prove of great importance to warships, as a steady platform was almost indispensable to the gunner.

PLAN A DINNER TO PARSONS.

Friends of the ex-Congressman to Give Him a Testimonial on Friday.

Friends of former Congressman Herbert Parsons, Chairman of the New York Republican County Committee, will give him a testimonial dinner in Reisenweber's, Fifty-eighth Street and Eighth Avenue, on Friday evening.

About 500 acceptances have already been received. The speakers will include a number of the most prominent New York City Republicans. Mr. Parsons's district, the Thirteenth, extends, roughly, from Bleecker to Ninety-sixth Street and from Third to Seventh Avenue. Those who will attend come from all parts of this district. Among them are Lloyd C. Griscom, Ezra P. Prentice, Charles S. Whitman, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry W. Taft, John Henry Hammond, Gherardi Davis, P. Tecumseh Sherman, Norman Hapgood, B. Aymar Sands, John L. Cadwalader, William Williams, Ogden L. Mills, George Blagden, Judge William N. Cohen, Louis Marshall, and Felix N. Warburg.

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Charges for alterations and repairs made during the Summer are materially lower than at other times.

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A mass of medical testimony on file witnesses the efficacy of Buffalo Lithia Springs Water in combating a uric acid tendency, and all the ills that flow from it.
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Direct your attention this morning to a review of the many exceptional buying advantages of this "Store *de luxe*"—notably the very recent arrival of—

Charming *Gowns* — *Dresses* — *Blouses* — *Waists* — new *Silk Tailor-made Suits* and *Coats*—*Motor*, *Steamer* and *Service Coats*—"*Golf*" and "*Tennis*" *Coats*—Misses' and Juniors' *Coats* and *Dresses*—and *Millinery*.

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PERFECT
Tooth Powder
not only cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth *without injury*, but imparts purity and fragrance to the breath, removing instantly the odor of tobacco.

Bring It Back, Please!

If there's anything you don't quite like about the suit or overcoat you bought, perhaps a little hurriedly, in a Brill store last week, bring it back. We'll not only refund your money, we'll thank you. For we want your goodwill, and we do all we know how to make Brill Clothes right. If we've fallen below our standard in any instance, we shall count it a friendly act to be permitted to make good.

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Fifteen Thousand Yards of Irish Dress Linen in plain and Ramie weaves. A wide range of colors, also White, Cream or Black. 36 inches wide. 27c per yard
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Irish Linen, pure white, water shrunk, soft finish. Weight suitable for waists or dresses. 32 inches wide. 25c per yard

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Five Thousand Yards of Shepherd Check Wool Suiting in a variety of styles. Especially adapted for tailor-made gowns. 85c per yard
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Granulated Sugar ....3½ lbs.	17c
Flour, Pride of St. Louis, bag 69c; 7 lb. 19c; 3½ lb. bag	10c
Pillsbury's Best and Gold Medal Flour, bag	75c
East View Eggs, Large, new laid, in sealed cartons only, dozen	25c
Cheese, Very best New York, with all the cream, lb	15c
Essie Sugar Corn, Maine's choicest, 12c can	10c
Essie Tomatoes, Finest Fruit in largest 15c can, each	12c
Peaches, Essie Brand, choicest Lemon Clings, large 25c can	17c
Peaches, East View Brand, choice fruit, large 20c cans	15c

Asparagus
Bonita Brand, big can 20c Red Top Brand, big can. 15c Regina Brand, can... 10c

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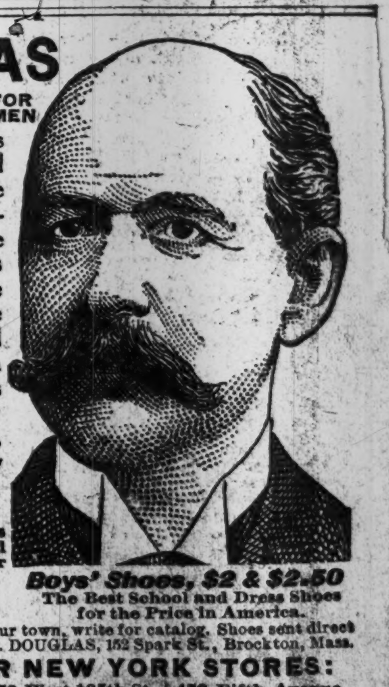

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1779 Pitkin Avenue.
Newark—785 Broad Street.
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CAMNITZ IN FORM, DEFEATS CHICAGO

Big Crowd Witnesses First Game of Series—St. Louis Downs Cincinnati Team.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Pittsburg defeated Chicago 4 to 1 here to-day in the first game of the series. Chicago's one run was made on a base-on-balls, a double, and a single. A pass, two sacrifices, and a single gave the visitors their first run. Two more were added with a single and a pair of errors. The last run was the result of a single, a double, and a sacrifice. The crowd was so large i toverflowed into the outfield and a hit into this territory went for two bases. Score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	3	2	1	0	1	Evers, 2b.	3	1	1	2	2
Leach, cf.	3	0	1	3	0	Sheck'd, lf.	3	0	1	2	0
Clarke, lf.	3	0	2	2	0	Hofman, cf.	4	0	1	3	0
Wagner, ss.	2	0	0	2	2	Chance, 1b.	3	0	1	11	0
Miller, 2b.	3	1	1	3	5	Schulte, rf.	4	0	2	0	0
Hunter, 1b.	4	1	0	11	2	Z'man, 3b.	4	0	2	1	2
Wilson, rf.	4	0	0	3	1	Tinker, ss.	4	0	0	3	5
Gibson, c.	4	0	0	2	1	Archer, c.	4	0	1	5	2
Camnitz, p.	4	0	0	1	2	Brown, p.	3	0	0	0	0
						*Kling	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	4	5	27	14	Total	33	1	9	27	11

*Batted for Brown in ninth inning.

Errors—Evers, Zimmerman.

Pittsburg ....1 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0—4
Chicago ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Sheckard, Clarke, Schulte. Sacrifice hits—Leach, Wagner, (2,) Sheckard. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Pittsburg, 5. First base on balls—Off Brown, 3; off Camnitz, 2. Struck out—By Brown, 5. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Brennan.

Bresnahan Hits Ball Hard.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 16.—Sallee was in fine form and had no trouble during any part of the game. St. Louis hit Gaspar hard. Bresnahan's batting and the fielding of the entire St. Louis team featured. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Huggins, 2b.	3	1	1	4	7	Bescher, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
Ellis, lf.	5	0	3	0	0	Bates, cf.	3	1	0	3	0
Mow'y, 3b.	4	0	3	1	2	Hob'z'l, 1b.	4	1	1	6	1
Ko'chy, 1b.	3	1	1	15	1	Mitchell, rf.	4	0	0	3	1
Evans, rf.	3	1	0	1	0	Grant, 3b.	4	0	1	2	3
Bres'han, c.	5	2	2	4	2	Altizer, ss.	4	0	1	1	2
Oakes, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	Do'ney, 2b.	3	0	0	3	4
Hauser, ss.	3	0	1	0	2	McLean, c.	3	0	1	7	3
Sallee, p.	4	0	1	1	3	Clarke, c.	1	0	0	1	0
						Gaspar, p.	2	0	0	0	0
						Keefe, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						*Northern	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	5	9	27	17	Total	31	2	5	27	14

*Ran for McLean in the eighth inning.

Errors—Downey, 3.

St. Louis ....0 0 1 0 0 2 0 2 0—5
Cincinnati ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—2

Two-base hit—Bresnahan. Three-base hits—Hoblitzell, Bresnahan, Grant. Hits—Off Gaspar, 9 in 8 innings. Sacrifice hits—Mowrey, Oakes. Stolen base—Huggins. Double plays—Altizer, Downey, and Hoblitzell; McLean, Downey, Hoblitzell, Altizer, and McLean. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Cincinnati, 4. Bases on balls—Off Gaspar, 4; off Keefe, 1; off Sallee, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Gaspar, (Evans, Huggins;) by Keefe, (Konetchy.) Struck out—By Gaspar, 4; by Keefe, 1; by Sallee, 4. Time of game—2 hours and 27 minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Rigler.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit Bunches Hits and Scores Easy Victory Over Cleveland.

DETROIT, Mich., April 16.—With Lively, a recruit, pitching, Detroit defeated Cleveland to-day 5 to 2. Doubles by Lajoie and Jackson scored Cleveland's runs. Detroit bunched hits off West in the first and sixth, and in the eighth, Krapp, who relieved West, with two men on bases and no one out, was found for a double by Delehanty, which gave Detroit two tallies. Score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf.	4	3	3	3	1	Graney, lf.	3	1	1	0	0
Bush, ss.	3	0	0	2	1	Turner, 3b.	3	0	2	2	6
Cobb, cf.	3	1	1	2	0	Jackson, cf.	4	1	2	0	2
Crawf'd, rf.	3	0	2	2	0	Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	2	2	1
Dele'ty, 2b.	4	0	2	1	2	East'ly, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
Mor'rty, 3b.	4	0	2	1	4	Stovall, 1b.	4	0	0	11	0
Gainer, 1b.	3	0	0	9	1	Smith, c.	4	0	0	5	3
Stanage, c.	3	0	0	6	2	Knaupp, ss.	3	0	0	3	3
Lively, p.	3	1	1	1	1	West, p.	3	0	0	0	1
						Krapp, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	5	11	27	12	Total	31	2	7	24	16

Errors—West, Gainor.

Cleveland ....1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—2
Detroit ....2 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 ..—5

Left on bases—Cleveland, 5; Detroit, 4. Two-base hits—Lajoie, 2; Jackson, Delehanty. Hits—Off West, 10 in 7 innings; off Krapp, 1 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hit—Bush. Stolen base—Moriarty. Double plays—Jones and Stanage; Delehanty, Bush, and Gainor. Struck out—By Lively, 5; by West, 2; by Krapp, 2. Bases on balls—Off Lively, 3; off Krapp, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Sheridan.

Walsh Strikes Out Eight Men.

ST. LOUIS, April 16.—Chicago won the first game of the opening season with the local team to-day, by a score of 7 to 1. Walsh struck out eight men. In the eighth inning McIntyre went in to the overflow crowd, and made a sensational catch of Clarke's long drive. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'C'n'l, 2b.	5	2	1	0	0	H'fman, cf.	4	0	1	5	1
Zeider, ss.	3	2	0	3	4	Austin, 3b.	4	0	2	2	1
M'Int'e, cf.	3	1	1	1	0	Murray, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Dou'ty, lf.	3	0	2	3	1	Laporte, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2
Meloan, rf.	3	0	1	0	0	Clarke, c.	4	0	2	6	1
T'n'hill, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	New'm, 1b.	4	0	0	8	1
Jones, 1b.	3	0	0	10	1	W'iams, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Sullivan, c.	4	0	0	9	1	Wallace, ss.	4	1	1	1	3
Walsh, p.	4	2	2	1	4	Gregory, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						Pfeffer, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Total	32	7	7	27	12	Total	35	1	7	27	11

Errors—Austin, Wallace, Zeider, McIntyre, (2,) Dougherty, Meloan.

Chicago ....0 0 2 0 4 0 1 0 0—7
St. Louis ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Wallace, Walsh. Sacrifice hits—Zeider, Dougherty, Meloan. Double play—Dougherty and Zeider. Stolen bases—Dougherty, Zeider. Bases on balls—Off Gregory, 3. Struck out—By Walsh, 8; by Gregory, 1; by Pfeffer, 4. Hits—Off Gregory, 6 in 4 innings; off Pfeffer, 1 in 5 innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Chicago, 4. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Dineen.

Other Baseball Games.

At Providence.—Providence, 6; Boston Nationals 8.

At Albany.—Springfield, 2; Albany, 1.

At Baltimore.—Boston Americans, 8; Baltimore, 1.

At Dayton.—Dayton, 8; Rochester, 1.

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THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg, 4; Chicago, 1.

St. Louis, 5; Cincinnati, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, 5; Cleveland, 2.

Chicago, 7; St. Louis, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
St. Louis	2	0	1.000	Boston	2	2	.500
Philadelphia	2	1	.667	**New York**	1	2	.333
Pittsburg	2	1	.667	Cincinnati	1	2	.333
Brooklyn	2	2	.500	Chicago	0	2	.000

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	4	0	1.000	Cleveland	2	3	.400
New York	3	0	1.000	Boston	1	2	.333
Washington	2	1	.667	Chicago	1	3	.250
St. Louis	2	3	.400	Philadelphia	0	3	.000

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at New York, 4 P. M.
Philadelphia at Boston.
St. Louis at Cincinnati.
Pittsburg at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Washington.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Chicago at St. Louis.
Cleveland at Detroit.

JERSEY CITY WAS EASY.

Yankee Recruits with Chase and Johnson Score Ten Runs.

The Yankee Yannigans, with only Manager Chase and Otis Johnson of the regular team in the line-up, had an easy time with the Jersey City team in an exhibition game at Jersey City yesterday afternoon, piling up a total of ten runs to one lone tally for the Skeeters. Chase's men put the game on ice in the third inning, and the Eastern Leaguers never appeared dangerous. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Elliott, 3b.	4	2	1	3	1	Breen, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2
Bailey, rf.	4	2	2	2	0	Wheeler, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Chase, 1b., p.	3	1	1	10	1	Gettm'n, cf.	2	0	0	0	0
G'dner, 2b.	4	1	2	0	4	Han'fan, cf.	2	0	0	0	0
J'nson, ss.	3	1	0	4	4	Abstein, 1b.	3	1	0	7	0
Kauff, lf.	4	1	0	3	0	Dein'g'r, lf.	4	0	1	6	0
Jube, cf.	5	1	0	0	0	Dolan, 3b.	3	0	0	2	0
Walsh, c.	4	0	2	4	0	Warner, ss.	3	0	0	3	2
Brock'tt, p.	4	1	1	1	2	Tou'm'n, c.	2	0	0	2	1
						Wells, c.	1	0	1	4	1
						Bartley, p.	0	0	0	1	0
						Jones, p.	0	0	0	0	2
						Walker p.	2	0	0	0	3
						*Spahr	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	10	9	27	12	Total	30	1	3	27	11

*Batted for Bartley in third inning.

Errors—Elliott, Breen, Abstein, Dolan, (2,) Warner, Tonneman

New York ....1 0 6 1 0 0 0 0 2—10
Jersey City ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0— 1

Two-base hits—Walsh, Deininger. Three-base hits—Bailey, Elliott. Home run—Chase. Sacrifice hits—Bailey, Chase. Sacrifice fly—Chase. First base on balls—Off Chase, 2; off Bartley, 2; off Walker, 3. First base on errors—New York, 4; Jersey City, 1. Struck out—By Brockett, 2; by Chase, 2; by Walker 4. Stolen bases—Gardner, Kauff, (3,) Johnson, (4,) Jube, Breen. Double plays—Gardner, Johnson, and Chase; Tonneman and Dolan. Hits—Off Brockett, 3 in 8 innings; off Chase, none in 1 inning; off Bartley, 6 in 3 innings; off Jones, 2 in 3 innings; off Walker, 1 in 3 innings. Left on bases—New York, 6; Jersey City, 4. Passed ball—Wells. Umpire—Mr. Pfanmiller. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes.

GIANTS TROUNCE NEWARK.

McGinnity's Indians No Match for National Leaguers.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, April 16.—It was a case of a "merry-go-round" for the Giants in the exhibition game with Joe McGinnity's Indians here this afternoon. In fact, the contestants seemed so unequal and the game became one-sided so quickly that the fans poked fun at the locals at the slightest provocation. The weather was more suitable for a chair at a grate with a hot toddy on the side than it was for baseball, and it seemed to affect the Redmen more than it did the well seasoned Giants. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Devore, lf.	6	2	2	2	0	Browne, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	6	1	2	4	1	Kelly, lf.	4	1	1	0	0
S'dgr'ss, cf.	3	0	1	3	0	Louden, ss.	3	0	0	2	5
Murray, rf.	4	2	0	1	0	Dalton, rf.	2	0	1	0	0
Merkle, 1b.	3	4	3	8	1	Frick, 3b.	2	0	0	0	2
B'dwell, ss.	4	1	2	1	5	Nee, 2b.	3	2	1	4	1
Fletc'r, 3b.	5	1	2	1	4	Agler, 1b.	3	2	1	14	1
Hartley, c.	5	1	1	7	1	Cady, c.	5	1	2	4	3
Rudolph, p.	4	2	2	0	2	Lee, p.	1	0	1	0	0
						Sykes, p.	1	0	0	0	2
						Swayne, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
						Hall, 3b.	3	0	2	1	1
						Meyer, ss.	0	0	0	1	2
						Flater, p.	2	0	0	0	4
						*McAllister	1	0	1	0	0
Total	40	14	15	27	14	Total	37	6	10	27	21

*Batted for Sykes in the sixth inning.

Errors—Doyle, Hartley, Louden, Lee, Meyer.

New York ....1 6 1 2 0 3 0 1 0—14
Newark ....0 2 0 0 0 3 0 0 1— 6

Sacrifice hit—Bridwell. Stolen bases—Murray, Merkle, (3,) Hartley, (2,) Rudolph. Two-base hits—Fletcher, Agler, McAllister, Kelly. Three-base hits—Devore, Rudolph. Home run—Merkle. Base on balls—Off Rudolph, 5; off Lee, 3, off Sykes, 2. Struck out—By Rudolph, 6; by Flater, 1; by Sykes, 1; by Lee, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Merkle, by Sykes; Meyer, by Rudolph. Hits—Off Lee, 7 in 2 innings; off Sykes, 6 in 4 innings. First base on errors—New York, 2; Newark, 1. Left on bases—New York, 6; Newark, 11. Time of game—2 hours. Umpire—Mr. Bedford.

American Association.

At Columbus.—Minneapolis, 8; Columbus, 5.

At Toledo.—Toledo, 10; St. Paul, 9.

At Louisville.—Louisville, 4; Milwaukee, 2.

At Indianapolis.—Kansas City, 5; Indianapolis, 3.

M'FARLAND-MURPHY BOUT HEADS THE LIST

Strong Cards Arranged for Many Local Clubs This Week—Amateur Tournament.

Packey McFarland yesterday completed his hard training for the bout with Tommy Murphy at the Fairmont A. C. to-morrow night, and will not don the gloves again until he climbs into the ring for his little session against the New Yorker. On Saturday Packey weighed in below 135 pounds, the figure named for this bout, and he took things easy for the day, but yesterday he was again above the mark, and he did some strenuous work. He boxed eight fast rounds at his training quarters in the afternoon, taking on four partners for two rounds each, and his fast work delighted a crowd of about 250 spectators. This morning McFarland will take a walk, and this afternoon he will indulge in light gymnasium work. Manager Thiry stated last evening that Packey had nothing to worry about as regards either weight or condition.

McFarland and his manager are still awaiting a reply from Tom Jones, manager of Ad Wolgast, to the statement which they recently issued, setting forth Packey's claims to his right to fight for the lightweight title. As Jones absolutely refused to allow Wolgast to encounter Packey, after agreeing to a bout at 135 pounds, it is not expected that he will enter into any controversy which will subject his champion to a comparison with McFarland. Manager Thiry has now come forward with another challenge to Wolgast, and offers to post any sum up to $10,000 as a side bet for a bout of any number of rounds between McFarland and Wolgast at 133 pounds at 3 o'clock. Such a bout would go to some other State where side bets and long bouts are allowed. Manager Thiry contends that any man who can make 133 pounds is a lightweight, and says there is no authority for ringside weight rather than the same weight at any other time of day. McFarland will remain in New York for two weeks, one of which will be taken up in theatrical work.

Murphy also completed his hard work yesterday by boxing eight rounds at the Fairmont A. C., and those who have seen him in action figure that he will put up the fight of his career. Such will be necessary, for in McFarland Murphy will be against the fastest lightweight in the game to-day. Murphy has worked harder for this bout than for any previous battle, having trained continually for the past three weeks. During that time he figured in one bout, which he won with ease. McFarland has been fighting more often than any of the other lightweights, and has won three bouts since his encounter with Owen Moran here a few weeks ago. He is always in shape, and Murphy will have to travel his fastest against the Stock Yards champion.

There are several other bouts on this week's calendar to take up the attention of the boxing lovers, who have just passed through the quietest week since the game was revived. The Olympic Athletic Club will hold its regular session this evening, with Battling Hurley and Benny Franklin in the star number, and this show will be the opener of the busiest kind of a week.

The Twentieth Century Athletic Club, with quarters at the St. Nicholas Rink, will make its bow in the boxing field Friday night, with a ten-round bout between Tom McMahon of Pittsburg and Sailor Burke of Brooklyn. Burke has evidently taken a new lease on life, judging from his work against Montana Dan Sullivan and Jim Mitchen, but he is against a dangerous man in McMahon, who recently finished Jim Smith in less than a round, and later defeated Bill McKinnon.

At the National Sporting Club on Thursday night Joe Jeannette, the negro heavyweight, will take on Al Kubiak in the main event, and this affair is attracting considerable atttention, as both are heavyweights of National reputation. On the same night at Brooklyn Jack Goodman of the west side will try to lower the colors of Young Ahearn. This will be Goodman's first bout since he was knocked out by McFarland.

Billy Leary and Billy West have been secured for the main bout in Thursday night's show at the Long Acre Athletic Club. Bob Williams, the Masked Marvel, will oppose Jack White of Brooklyn before the Princess Athletic Club Wednesday night, and the Sharkey Athletic Club will hold its regular show on the same evening, with Paddy Sullivan and Dick Howell, the Canadian lightweight, as principals in the main bout. The usual Saturday night stags will be held at the Long Acre and Sharkey Clubs.

An amateur boxing tournament, open to all registered amateurs, will be conducted at the Fairmont Athletic Club this week under the auspices of the Mott Haven Athletic Club. The preliminaries will be held Thursday night, and the finals Saturday night.

BOSTON MARATHON ENTRIES.

New York Will Send Several Cracks for Patriots' Day Race.

BOSTON, April 16.—Upon the weather and road conditions next Wednesday, Patriots' Day, depends, it is believed, the success of the fourth assault upon Tom Longboat's record time for the Boston Athletic Association's annual Marathon road race of twenty-five miles from Ashland to Boston. The coming fifteenth annual renewal of this classic event already has such an unusually high-grade field of runners that the mark set by the Indian in 1907—2 hours 24 minutes 24 seconds—is believed to be seriously threatened. Up to to-night 131 athletes had signified their intention of starting.

CYCLE RACE IN SNOWSTORM.

Molloy Takes Easter C. R. C. Event Over Long Island Course.

A snowstorm and biting weather made conditions anything but ideal for the ten-mile handicap road run of the Eastern Division of the Century Road Club, decided yesterday at Floral Park, L. I. The route was over a distance of five miles to Westbury and return, and marks the advent of a busy season for the association.

The contestants, who numbered sixty-six, were on hand at the scheduled time for the start, and were sent off with a stiff wind in their faces. All but four finished the course, these being compelled to withdraw at various places owing to unavoidable troubles in the shape of punctures and the breaking of chains.

The handicaps were arranged from three and one-half minutes to scratch, with prizes to the first three to finish, and prizes to the first five fast times. The first three places were captured by handicap men, but J. Townsend of the Irish-American Athletic Club, one of the back-mark men, managed to come over the finish in fourth place. The fast-time honors were captured by four scratch riders, and J. de Bruyn, with a minute start. J. Molloy of the Empire City Wheelmen carried off the honors of the event with a handicap of 2 minutes and 30 seconds, being clocked in at 31:06, making his elapsed time 28:36.

From the start until the turn was reached at Westbury the entire field was well bunched together, and was jammed at places along the road, but after turning on the home stretch the strain began to tell on many of the less-seasoned riders, and they were strung out along the course. At the turn A. R. Cooley of the Century Road Club was in the lead, with H. Kest of the New England Wheelmen and Molloy, the victor, in close pursuit. After entering the return stretch Kest dropped back, but managed to finish in eighteenth position, after putting up a hard battle in the early race.

The finish of the entire field was very close, with the riders coming in at periods of only one-fifth of a second apart, and Townsend, the first of the scratch men, made a great dash for the line by sprinting like a flash for over 100 yards. The order of finish:

Name and Club.	H'p.	Finish.
J. Molloy, Empire C. Wheelmen	2:30	28:36
G. Bieregel, Century Road Club	3:00	28:36 1-5
A. R. Cooley, Century Road Club	3:00	28:36 2-5
J. Townsend, I.-A. A. C.	Scratch	28:36 3-5
C. Rick, Acme Wheelmen	1:30	28:36 4-5
J. B. Schmidt, Acme Wheelmen	1:30	28:37
A. D. Dawson, Century R. Club	1:00	28:37 1-5
H. Naptal, New York City	1:30	28:37 2-5
A. J. Eberhardt, Acme Wheelmen	2:00	28:37 3-5
J. E. Higgins, Acme Wheelmen	1:30	28:37 4-5
J. De Bruyn, Acme Wheelmen	1:00	28:38
H. Glotzer, New York City	2:00	28:38 1-5
T. Lockhart, Courier C. C.	2:30	28:38 2-5
J. E. Kopsky, N. Eng. Whe'n.	Scratch	28:38 3-5
E. Wilke, Acme Wheelmen	1:30	28:38 4-5
G. A. Knopf, Century Road Club	2:00	28:39
H. Lihenthal, Century Road C.	1:00	28:39 1-5
H. Kest, New Eng. Wheelmen	3:30	28:39 2-5
D. Pellecchia, New Haven W.	2:00	28:39 3-5
G. Meinecke, Akron Wheelmen	2:15	29:30
H. Schetzin, Tourist Road Club	2:00	29:30 1-5
J. Campenella, New Haven W.	2:00	29:30 2-5
J. Frenchy, New York City	2:00	29:30 3-5
E. O. Spillane, Acme Wheelmen	2:30	30:04 4-5

CROWDS AT POLO GROUNDS.

Mournful Rooters View Ruins and Wonder When Play Will Be Resumed.

The fire-swept Polo Grounds proved a big attraction for the Easter crowds, and mostly all of yesterday there was no break in the procession of sightseers who came from all parts of the city to gaze on the ruins. The usual crowd of promenaders along the Speedway was greatly augmented by the throng which turned out solely to view the wreck and the thoroughfare along Coogan's Bluff took on the appearance of a downtown street during the business hours.

The grounds, of course, were not open to the public, but this was hardly necessary, as the roadway above the field furnished a fine view of the ruins. The viaduct on 155th Street was also well lined on its north side at all times of the day and afforded an equally good view of the burned section of the stands. Many thousands passed along the viaduct and Speedway during the day, and there were few who did not pause to gaze on the scene.

In the crowds which pass in almost unending procession daily there can be detected many traces of feelings quite akin to those with which one would view the wreck of an old home. The feeling of personal loss is augmented by the doubt expressed as to whether or not it will be practicable to rebuild and play ball there again. Some decision is expected within the next few days, and it will be most gladly or mournfully received by baseball followers, according as it is favorable or unfavorable on the question of rebuilding. New York without its Polo Grounds would not seem the same to the vast army of baseball fans, not even to the youngsters who furnished about all the comedy in evidence while the stands were burning down Friday morning with their shouts, "Get a score card; you can't tell the players without a score card," and "Fresh roasted peanuts; get 'em while they're hot."

Meanwhile the Giants will continue to play their home games at American League Park. It is generally expected that the New York Club officials will decide upon some plans for new stands, and then rush the work toward completion after the fashion of the Washington Club owners, who were able to open the season at home less than a month after their stands had been completely wiped out by flames.

Clarke to Coach Tiger Ball Team.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 16.—William J. Clarke has resigned as manager of the Albany Baseball Club, a position he has had for three years. Clarke had the Albany team down at Princeton, N. J., for two weeks' practice, and while there was offered the position of coach to the Princeton College team. This he accepted yesterday. Clarke was formerly catcher for the Giants.

BRITISH POLOISTS PLAY AT LAKEWOOD

Meadow Brook Team Scores Easy Victory Over Picked Quartet—The Englishmen Improve.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., April 16.—With exactly the same line-up as yesterday afternoon, the poloists practicing here for international matches this afternoon played a full eight-period game. Although a change was made at the end of the first four periods which, according to the Polo Association handicaps, should have weakened the team opposing the Meadow Brook four, the latter half of the contest developed by far the best polo of the day. The Whitney team won the contest by a score of 8½ to 1, but eight of the goals were secured in the first four periods. Capts. Hardress Lloyd and H. H. Wilson, the two Englishmen who arrived yesterday, were again seen on the green, but did not appear to be fully accustomed to the conditions here, and it took four or five periods before they measured up to championship form. Lloyd especially seems to be holding back, apparently with an idea of getting fully acquainted with his opponents' game. The Meadow Brook four played together throughout, but L. E. Stoddard and Foxhall P. Keene, who started the game with the Britishers, gave way at the end of the fourth period to R. L. Agassiz and Malcolm Stevenson.

The ponies which have been brought to this country for the challenging team to use do not seem to have struck their gait, as yet, as the ones used both yesterday and to-day were apparently much slower than those of the Americans. This may be due to the fact that they had no work-out on the polo field since leaving England. They are being fed with oats imported from the other side, and every effort has been made to keep them in exactly the same condition as when they left home.

Lawrence Waterbury excelled in the afternoon's game for the Meadow Brook team, scoring five of the nine goals, Milburn getting two and J. M. Waterbury and Smith getting one each. Smith was penalized ½ a goal in the fourth for crossing Foxhall Keene. The only score for the Greens came in the fourth, being made by Stoddard.

By far the best polo came after the shift in the line-up the green team being on the defensive, and the Meadowbrook finding it extremely difficult to get the ball near the posts, being effectively prevented from scoring by the fine work of Capt. Wilson and Mr. Stevenson. Lloyd played a better game toward the end, than at the start, but Mr. Milburn was more than a match for him.

After the regular game there was a cut in contest in which Alex Brown, J. A. Rawlins, J. A. Burden, A. S. Burden, C. E. Snowden, W. H. T. Huhn, Joshua Crane, C. P. Beadleston, A. S. Alexander, F. H. Prince, and W. A. Hazard, played. The line-up and score:

MEADOW BROOK.	GREENS.
1—L. Waterbury	1—L. E. Stoddard (R. L. Agassiz)
2—J. M. Waterbury	2—Capt. H. H. Wilson
3—H. F. Smith	3—Foxhall P. Keene (Malcolm Stevenson)
Back—D. Milburn	Back—Capt. H. Lloyd

Goals—L. Waterbury, (5,) Milburn, (2,) J. M. Waterbury, Smith, Stoddard. Smith penalized half goal for foul. Referee—Mr. Joshua Crane.

POLO CHAMPIONSHIP PLANS.

Committee Announces That Reservations Must Be Made by April 22.

Announcement is made by the committee in charge of the arrangements for the international polo matches to be held on the grounds of the Meadow Brook Club at Westbury May 31, June 3 and 7, that all applications for boxes and seats should be made by April 22 to insure participation in the allotment, which will be made April 29.

Members of Polo Association clubs and active players will be given preference in the allotment of boxes and seats. Payment for these reservations must be made within ten days after allotment or the application will be canceled and the boxes and seats resold. All boxes will seat six persons.

Boxes and seats for the entire series only will be sold on application at the following prices. West stand boxes for the entire series, two sections nearest the centre, $200; other boxes, $150; grand stand seats for the entire series, $10; east stand boxes, located in the centre of the stand, for the entire series, $75; grand stand seats for the entire series, $5.

Applications for boxes or seats for single days will not be entertained before May 20. Holders of boxes in the west stand only will be entitled to admission to the club enclosure. A charge of 50 cents will be made for a single admission to an enclosure on the east side of the grounds.

No parking spaces for automobiles or carriages will be provided inside the polo ground enclosure, but ample space will be found at the disposal of patrons outside.

Pittsburg A. A. Clubhouse Opened.

PITTSBURG, April 16.—The new clubhouse of the Pittsburg Athletic Association, erected at a cost of $1,000,000, was thrown open to inspection to-day, and will be formally dedicated to-morrow night. The exercises will continue throughout the week. Among the guests to-morrow night will be the members of the National Waterways Commission, which comes here to inspect the proposed Lake Erie and Ohio River Ship Canal, and representatives from athletic clubs from various parts of the country.

KRAMER QUITS CYCLE RACE.

Champion Exhausted in Feature Event at New Track.

NEWARK, N. J., April 16.—The outdoor bicycle racing season opened to-day at the new Velodome track in Vailsburg, near here, with the defeat of Frank Kramer, the American champion, in the feature event of the day. In the five-mile race, open to professionals, the champion dropped out exhausted after the fourth mile. A northwest wind made it difficult for all the riders, and uncomfortable for the big crowd of spectators.

The winner of the day was Joseph A. Fogler of Brooklyn, who won the five-mile event over Paddy Hehir and Alfred Goulet of Australia, after Kramer dropped out, and also took the mile handicap. The new track is a six-lap, steeply banked affair, and is said to be the finest track of the kind in the world. The summaries:

One Mile, (Novice.)—Won by J. Genth, Newark; G. Wohlrab, Jersey City, second. (No third prize.) Time—2:51.

Half-Mile Handicap, (Amateur.)—Won by Frank Blatz, Jersey City; Herman Kjeldsen, Denmark, second; Charles Siebert, East Orange, third. Time—0:59 1-5.

One-Mile Handicap, (Professional.)—Won by Joseph A. Fogler, Brooklyn; Alfred Goulet, Australia, second; W. P. Palmer, Australia, third. Time—2:10 1-5.

Three Miles, Open, (Amateur.)—Won by Frank Blatz, Jersey City; Albert Byerman, Brooklyn, second; E. L. Adams, Montclair, third. Time—7:59 3-5.

Five Miles, Open, (Professional.)—Won by Joseph A. Fogler, Brooklyn; Paddy Hehir, Australia, second; Alfred Goulet, Australia, third. Time—11:49.

Holmer and Ljungstrom To-night.

Hans Holmer and Husta Ljungstrom are to have their fifteen-mile battle to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink, Sixty-sixth Street and Columbus Avenue. The winner is to be pitted against Bill Queal in a contest over a distance of ten, twelve, or fifteen miles. Holmer and Queal have been shooting challenges at each other for a long time, and the bitter rivalry between them is a guarantee that they will both toe the mark fit for the hardest sort of a struggle. The five-mile open event, which is carded to precede the match race, has received a number of entries, prominent among them being Harvey Cohn, Al. Raines, Charlie Miller, and W. Kohalemin. The special event will be put on at 8:30 sharp, and the match race at 9:15.

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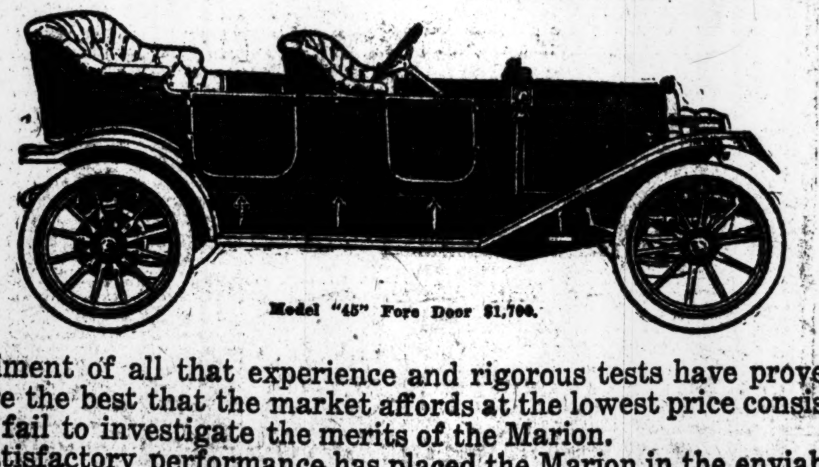

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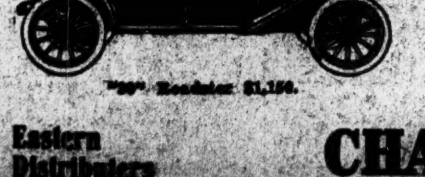

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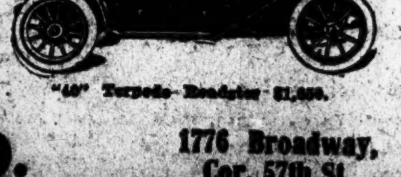

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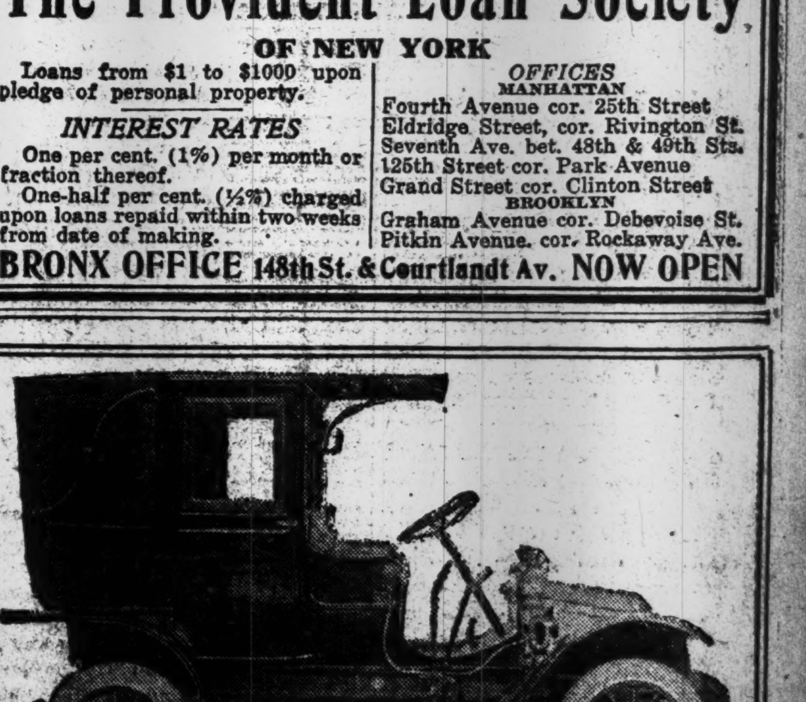

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THE MONETARY COMMISSION.

When the Monetary Commission was appointed its membership was limited to members of Congress, because they would be influential in promoting the enactment of the Commission's recommendation. For this reason even bankers were excluded from membership. The years have passed, and the Commission's report is yet to be made, but the Commission's membership now fails for the only reason which ever explained the appointments which were made. Only one-third of the membership now retain their seats in Congress, and one-half of them are known disrespectfully as "lame ducks." Except Senator ALDRICH and Representative VREELAND, none of the members has distinguished himself, except perhaps by suggesting that as a body the Commission was not responsible for Mr. ALDRICH's outline plan for banking reform, which has met such general approval. There will be scant regret that the reform of the currency is unlikely to be prepared by the body as it stands. It will be difficult enough to enact anything, and it will be unnecessarily difficult to arouse support for the work of a commission not held in highest esteem.

The task of making over our complicated currency system is not one for statesmen retired against their wills and taken care of in pity. The interests of the country should be cared for first, and it would seem that the Commission might now be reorganized more on the lines which ought to have been followed in the first place. The members who have shown capacity might be retained, and there might be added a representation of members of the present Congress, and also bankers and financiers. The country was more ready for the question than the Commission appreciated. It spent so much time in preparation that it passed into decrepitude itself before it was ready to act. It is a misfortune for the country, and it practically ends the Commission's usefulness. The work which has been done for the Commission need not be done again, and its successor ought to be able speedily to produce something which it shall not be necessary to explain or excuse. A bill ought to be passed within the lapse of a period no longer than that which the Commission spent in preparing to get ready to begin.

Reports are conflicting whether the movement for the reorganization of the Commission is motived by views regarding the Aldrich plan. It is suggested that the banks, which are the holders of some seven hundred millions of 2 per cents, are dissatisfied with the provision for their redemption under the tentative suggestions now made. There is another body of opinion hostile to any banking reform, and especially to the central bank idea, which it is feared may give too concentrated control over credits. There are rumors of extravagance, and general dissatisfaction with the work of the Commission. It is a pity that the Commission cannot be defended as warmly as the objective toward which it was guided, and it is an even greater pity that the professions of friendliness toward the Commission are so lukewarm at a time when it needs support. There is interesting politics ahead, and it will be hard to maintain the momentum which 1907 gave to the cause of currency reform. If the present Commission should make a full report, it could lend little prestige to the Aldrich plan or any other, and the same proposal would meet a better reception if it should be made after reorganization.

THE ZEMSTVO INCIDENT.

The Czar came very near open defeat in his Council of the Empire on Friday. By a vote of nearly two-thirds his use of the imperial prerogative in promulgating the zemstvo law was condemned. A change of two votes would have forced him to take up the matter again and to decide publicly whether he had erred.

Of course there is no doubt as to what the decision would have been, but the situation is full of significance. He has encroached on what the Council of the Empire believes to be its rights in order to enact a more liberal measure than the Council approves. Thereupon the Council accuses the Ministers of having betrayed their trust and misled the Emperor. On the one hand, we have despotic means to carry a liberal measure. On the other, we have the aristocratic and reactionary upper chamber appealing, against this action, to the doctrine of ministerial responsibility. In effect liberal principles gain "going and coming." The ultra conservatives are weakened by the opposition of the Czar and his Ministers; the Czar and his Ministers are attacked under the shelter of the theory of a Ministry responsible to the Legislature, which is the very life of representative Government in a monarchy. When we remember that a dozen years ago either of these phases of political action in Russia would have been inconceivable, we can realize how great and rapid a change has really taken place.

FAINT PROSPECT OF PEACE.

In spite of the danger that threatens foreign residents and, indeed, all owners of property in all parts of Mexico, Mr. STEPHEN BONSAL's dispatch from the capital to THE SUNDAY TIMES indicates that there is still a possibility of an early peace. But it depends on the resignation of President DIAZ. CORRAL has gone, and the duties of Chief Executive would temporarily be assumed, in that crisis, by Mr. DE LA BARRA, lately the Mexican Ambassador at Washington and now Minister of Foreign Affairs.

If Gov. DEHESA of Vera Cruz, who was associated with MADERO in the political campaign last April, and Dr. GOMEZ, now agent of the insurrectionists in Washington, should then enter the Cabinet, there would be reason to hope for an armistice and a brighter prospect of the termination of all strife and the resumption of traffic and business before Summer. Mr. BONSAL's information encourages this hopeful view, yet he depicts the gravity of the situation in the sister republic candidly and presents a clearer view of it than we had previously received.

THE WAR FOR THIS CONTINENT.

In order to appreciate the nearness of the impending conflict to settle whether this continent shall be ruled by the Parliament at Ottawa or the Congress at Washington it is necessary for Americans to read the British rivals for the honors of our own HOBSON. Col. HUGHES is easily the leader of those above our northern border, but there is a competitor for the leadership formerly held by the egregious editor of The Saturday Review in London. The editor of that fine old Tory sheet, The Morning Post, has discovered a secession movement in Canada. In the eastern portion of the Dominion, "rather than see their beloved Dominion severed, they will fight to the last man and the last dollar." In Western Canada "American settlers and a low class of European immigrants will outnumber Canadian or British voters and will control the destiny of Canada." If it is destined and foreordained it will be prudent to surrender without bloodshed, and the more particularly so because, The Morning Post says,

> Mr. TAFT is making preparations accordingly. He is creating a naval force on the Great Lakes amply sufficient for the work it will have to do, and which is a standing menace to the independence of Canada. Mr. TAFT has succeeded in awakening in this country a profound distrust.

We can imagine even the admirers of HOBSON despairing of his rivaling that fine effort. It is not a case of auto-intoxication. The inspiration comes from the celestial eloquence of Col. HUGHES, who has been assured by Sir WILFRID LAURIER on the floor of the House that his services will be the first utilized for repelling the American invasion. So desperate seemed the chance of defeating reciprocity that the leader of the Opposition rallied to the assistance of the gallant Colonel with a question to the Premier about the naval rendezvous arranged by President TAFT so craftily that Americans were ignorant of it until The Morning Post exposed the plot. Mr. BORDEN demanded to know whether the United States was not mobilizing no fewer than nine warships on the lakes with a mere pretense that they were to play a war game which was part of the celebration of the completion of the naval training station near Chicago, and whether this is not in violation of treaty obligations. The calmness and respect of Sir WILFRID's answer is a model for the warriors in the Homeric combat now waging among our city fathers. Sir WILFRID was doubtful about the things Col. HUGHES alleged, and did not know anything about what he insinuated, but he would speak to the United States about it. It is announced now that Ambassador BRYCE will talk business with Earl GREY, the Governor General, on May 2. Can it be doubted that the warships already mobilized will on that date shell the Government buildings on Parliament Hill unless reciprocity shall sooner be passed?

It is idle to suggest that the warships are the size of tugs, and have no guns, and that if they had guns they could not carry from the lakes to Ottawa. We are capable of arming the warships over night, putting them on flat cars, and shelling the Premier and Governor in their beds before we declare war and present our ultimatum. Obviously that will be something more than reciprocity. "From Panama to the pole" will then be our irreducible minimum. Meanwhile our crafty diplomacy is doing its best work. We have seemingly acquiesced in the Dominion's refusal to allow a sure enough warship to pass the canals through Canada, and we have informed Canada that upon the expression of her desire we will withdraw the threats to her independence which have steamed into the lakes with her neighborly permission.

If Canada and Great Britain feel that way about it the matter should be treated soberly, despite the temptation to levity. The sober facts are that we have nine warships where our treaty allows but one, and that they are larger and are fitted for larger guns than is our right. Their object is to encourage shipbuilding on the lakes, but their presence lends itself to the distortions practiced by those intoxicated by the exuberance of their patriotism and eloquence. At the same time Canada is organizing a militia with the assistance of officers of high rank lent by England on the "supposition that the United States may be hostile." These mimic war establishments are set up while the United States and England are negotiating perpetual peace as exemplars for the world, it is hoped by the sanguine.

The Canadians have urbanely taken the same semi-humorous view of our navy that we have of their militia, but now they are being nagged into turning these "warships" into weapons of offense against mutual interests. If it is not possible to laugh the business out of attention the "warships" ought to be withdrawn.

LONDON'S TAXICABS.

London has a taxicab strike due to the determination of cab owners and cab drivers alike to make more money. The drivers, it seems, have been pocketing the extra sixpences paid for every passenger more than two in each cab, but they declare that they could not otherwise make enough to live. The owners want the extra sixpences, and they also want to charge tenpence instead of eightpence for the first half mile. That is to say, they ask 20 cents for a service for which 50 cents is willingly paid in New York, and feel that with that charge permitted they could pay their drivers better wages and still make a good profit.

If New Yorkers could get a good cab service for twice the price London cab owners are striving to establish they would feel grateful. We may be sure that the difficulty will soon be settled in London, but New York's dream of an inexpensive and efficient cab service is as far as ever from realization.

FOR A NEW LIBRARY.

The New York State Library will be replaced, so far as possible; of that there is, of course, no question. There is a question, however, of how soon and how it will be done. The Regents and the Commissioner of Education, A. S. DRAPER, urge the Legislature to put at their disposal promptly a liberal amount. The Governor does the same. We believe the Legislature will grant the request, and we know that the great mass of sensible and fairly informed people in the State will heartily approve.

The value of the State Library, its immediate, practical, and varied value in the daily life of this great Commonwealth, is probably less understood in the City of New York than in the rest of the State. Our own resources are so great, and our people are, for the most part, so engrossed in their own affairs, that they have not had the need or the time to make use of the collection at Albany. We think of it, when we think of it at all, as a vast accumulation of books, some rare, mainly pretty technical, which students in special lines consult, and we have a vague pride in its reported riches. The pride is justified, and would not be vague for those who really informed themselves of the resources of the Library as it was before the needless fire got in its cruel and stupid work. Its special collections had a value of their own, because, besides being extensive, they contained much that could not be found elsewhere. This was true of the law library, the medical, technological, genealogical, theological, and educational collections.

But this was only a part, and perhaps not the greatest part, of the sources of usefulness in the State Library. By an admirable system which had been carefully and ingeniously worked out, books were sent out from Albany to the remotest parts of the State to schools, to local organizations for study, to individual students, so that it was substantially true that its riches were within the reach of every one who wished to make proper use of them. For example, within our own knowledge, a gentleman in an interior town who organized the children of his neighborhood for the careful study of bird life, plant life, and, incidentally, of the stars, was able to secure books, maps, diagrams, plates, &c., that would ordinarily be quite beyond the scope of even a well-established school. And what was practicable in this instance was equally so, and on a larger scale when needed, all over the State.

It will thus be seen that the function of the Library was, in a peculiarly broad and fecund manner, educational, and that its direct influence was exerted upon all study, from the most recondite to the simplest, from the expert in research to the children at their mother's knee. That most important and essential function has been rudely broken in upon. No time should be lost in resuming it, and on a scale even more extended than in the past. Of course there are treasures, especially in the line of original historic documents and records, that cannot be restored. Let us properly mourn them, and turn to the future.

Thanks to the developments of modern times it will be quite practicable to get together, from the markets of the world, a library even better than the old one for most purposes, and to do it within the next two years, at a cost of one million of dollars. The appropriation should be made at once. It will be well expended. The work is in good hands, competent, energetic, impartial, and faithful. The whole Library force, from the Regents and Commissioner through all branches, is organized on the merit system. Every dollar will be used honestly and to good purpose, and there should be no delay in voting the money. The opportunity is so obvious, the need is so great, the gain to be had is so incalculable, that to defer the appropriation or to cut it down would be, in effect, a wanton waste.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Quarantine as Seen in Westchester. Up in Westchester County, just now, the local and State health authorities have combined to give by example a lesson, worthy of more attention than it is receiving, in the noble art of laborious and elaborate inefficiency—sometimes more briefly described as "how not to do it."

There have been several cases of rabies—the real thing—among the county's innumerable dogs in the past few months, and it was therefore wise for the authorities mentioned to take vigorous measures for stamping out the dreadful malady. And they took them, but the measures, though vigorous, have no other merit, for they might be continued for years, or forever, without accomplishing the desired end—or any end, for that matter, except the infliction of a lot of suffering on harmless and innocent dogs, and of some expense and much inconvenience on their owners.

The quarantine, so called, which has been established, forbids the taking of dogs out of the county, which is well enough, but it neither orders nor attempts any interference with bringing them in, which is, of course, the only way to insure the maintenance of canine health after it has once been attained. Then the orders are that all dogs, even those on leash, shall be muzzled, but the only penalty for disobedience is the seizure and impounding of the unmuzzled dogs, and in the enforcement of this penalty the dogcatchers show a strong preference for the dogs that are sure or likely to be ransomed. Such, at least, is the general belief of the Westchesterians, and it is supported by the very obvious fact that many dogs of birth and breeding have been taken, while those in whose fate nobody takes much interest roam the streets in safety, though unmuzzled and usually unlicensed.

Not unnaturally, and indeed inevitably, a quarantine thus conducted accomplishes nothing, new cases of rabies continue to appear, and the only thing done about it is to extend the period of troublesome, but wholly inefficient, precautions! Meanwhile the comparatively few dogs that are muzzled endure quite uselessly the torture which the best of muzzles inflict, and the agonies which the worst—and commonest—cause their wretched wearers. They are, too, helpless when attacked by the very dogs most likely to carry and spread infection, and this adds a culminating absurdity to the situation.

One Judge Judges Another. Now that Mayor GAYNOR has expressed a frank and forcible opinion of the judicial ruling which brought to such a sudden end two trials of JOHN M. PHILLIPS, the Queens County Under Sheriff indicted for grand larceny and forgery, it would seem to be safe for those of us who have not, like the Mayor, been Judges ourselves, to reveal the fact that the ruling in question struck us, too, as brilliantly illustrating the—well, let us be cautious and say only, "the amazing possibilities of the law." The Mayor was bolder. What he wrote to Commissioner FOSDICK, whose laboriously secured evidence Justice MADDOX threw out of court, ran thus:

> I do not wonder that you feel discouraged when your work is frustrated by a judicial ruling such as you describe. I do not know a single justification for it, nor have I been able to get a suggestion of one from any competent person.

That, now, is pretty savage criticism, and the Mayor added to it by declaring that though PHILLIPS could not have been compelled to supply the prosecution with specimens of his handwriting, the fact that he had done so without claiming the privilege not to incriminate himself made the evidence competent. Justice MADDOX ruled otherwise, insisting that PHILLIPS had written under duress—that telling him not to write would put him in a bad position and was as bad as it would have been to ask him to put his hand in his pockets and hand out his valuables. Thus widely do high authorities differ!

The layman, while understanding well enough that, and why, a man accused of crime should not be forced to prove his innocence in court, cannot forget that men are constantly asked to do just that thing, out of court, and that in innumerable instances their failure to do it leads to acts based on the assumption that they are guilty. It is a common experience, too, that innocent men, when under suspicion, are glad to assist in every way the legitimate investigation of their acts. Perhaps Mayor GAYNOR, remembering that the rule as to self-incrimination was devised in days when no prisoner was allowed to testify in his own behalf, shares the general lay belief that in the changed conditions of to-day the rule does much for the guilty and nothing for the innocent, and should be mitigated, if not entirely abolished.

He Could Have Had Help. New York's medical charities are so numerous and so nearly limitless in their scope that any indigent person can usually get for nothing the services of skilled physicians and surgeons—if only he knows how to apply for them, and where. Indeed, persons not indigent, but more or less well able to pay, abuse these widely extended privileges, and crowd worthier patients out of the free clinics and dispensaries, and out of the free beds in the public and private hospitals. This is an old and just grievance of the medical profession, and a subject of constant complaint in the medical journals.

The chances are, therefore, that the pathetic story of the Monteque family, told in THE TIMES on Saturday and yesterday would have been much shortened had the unfortunate father been better informed or advised as to the provisions made in this city for the relief of cases just like his. He discovered for himself where the operation required by his eyes would be performed without a fee, and we feel sure that if he had looked long enough he would have found a place where a man in his circumstances would not have been expected to pay board while the wounds inflicted by the beneficent knife were healing.

It is true, however, that in not infrequent instances our medical charities are less generally known than they should be, and that ignorance of their existence is most prevalent among such people as the Monteques—the very people whom the charities are designed, primarily and chiefly, to serve. An enormous amount of gratuitous work is done by the New York doctors, and only for the fact that so much of their generosity is abused by those with the means, but without the inclination, to pay, Mrs. MONTEQUE would never have had to think of "selling" her baby because her husband thought he could not get for his failing eyes the attention they so desperately needed.

SLOW WORK SEEING ENGLAND

When You're Broke and Have to Pick Oakum to Pay the Bills.

The quality of English hospitality did not appeal to Philip Japhet, a young Philadelphian who got home yesterday on the American liner St. Louis.

Japhet shipped out of Philadelphia on an oil steamship several months ago. He was paid off at Liverpool and with £3 in his pocket started out to see something of England. The money did not last long and the seaman got to Liverpool broke. He determined to walk back to Southampton, 245 miles.

On the tramp, he said, he stopped nights in workhouses. In payment for hospitality Japhet had to pick three pounds of oakum. He said his capacity was a pound a day and whenever he stopped it meant two days and nights. It took him three weeks to cover the distance. When Japhet got to Southampton he applied to the American Consul, who sent him home.

An unwilling passenger on the St. Louis was Philip Young Giles, a negro, who described himself as a vaudeville actor. He was ordered out of England after serving nine months in jail for cutting his landlord with a razor. Giles comes from Savannah. He said he went to England with the Sunny South Company in January, 1906. He made a round of the music halls and married Edith Spencer, a white music hall performer.

$1,000 for Shirtwaist Fire Sufferers.

The Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, District No. 1, through its President, Joseph H. Ullman of New Haven, announced yesterday that it had turned over to Jacob H. Schiff $1,000 for the benefit of the sufferers of the Washington Place fire. The money was collected by letters sent out to influential men in New York, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Maryland, and a part of Canada.

The Philosopher's Stone.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In answer to the question, "What particular task shall we set for an individual to prove that he has attained the highest form of general knowledge obtainable?" asked by "Vonderferne," permit me to state: Let that individual master any branch of knowledge that is of use to the race, and to the individual and to those dependent on him, and then have him wait for a market to rent his brains, wait and wait, until every fine instinct, every noble thought is clouded, wait until he has mastered the evil tempests that rage within because of a condition he cannot control—and if he emerge from the ordeal sweet and simple and with a kind thought for his brother men, then he has attained the highest degree of philosophy and knowledge. The economic material is the basis of all, for, as ye vulgar say, it costs money to be born, it costs money to live, and it costs money to be laid away. Therefore it is the ultimate that really affects our lives.

BARNETT BRASLOW.

New York, April 12, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, "Vonderferne," seems to be illogical in his demand for a particular task to determine the highest form of general knowledge attainable. Would not a variety and multitude of tasks be a better test?

Then again, your correspondent may be qualified to judge of proficiency in astronomy or chemistry, yet utterly unable to decide about questions of art, literature and hundreds of other things with which mankind is concerned.

After all, the knowledge that we, individually, know so little about any particular thing must convince us that we know hardly anything about everything.

C. A. G.

Brooklyn, N. Y., April 12, 1911.

Big Fire Insurance Brokerage Fee.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is to-day a bill pending at Albany which proposes an annual license fee of $100 for privilege for brokers to carry on fire insurance business in this State.

The bill has been introduced to take away the licensing from the various insurance exchanges and to place this authority in the hands of the State. This is no doubt good policy and only follows the example of other States, but the proposed fee is exorbitant and is being advocated by the larger brokers, who desire to eliminate the smaller men. Thousands of men throughout this State who are now managing to make an honest living will find themselves severely handicapped or effectively shut out, and the many real estate firms who combine fire insurance with their other business would have this source of income cut off.

The neighboring States of Connecticut and New Jersey are satisfied to charge a fee of $10 only. This contemplated fee of $100 would stifle competition, and it seems almost confiscatory, while the result must necessarily be to create a privileged class of brokers whose power may not be used for the benefit of the public.

WILLIAM STREET.

New York, April 12, 1911.

Organized Labor and the Soldier.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let "N. W. C." remember that the snobs who "do not relish the company of one whose inferior social position is evident in his very garb," meaning the enlisted soldier, do not represent the majority of American citizens by any means conceivable. They are in the smallest minority, to the same extent that their intelligence and respect for the United States exists. I have known for a long time that the attitude of organized labor is officially against the militia, but even this un-American feeling has some little excuse, by reason of too much respect for labor's commercialism and none for law and order when their labor questions and orders are affected.

MICHAEL J. HICKEY.

Brooklyn, N. Y., April 10, 1911.

The Vacancy on the Yale Corporation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has just been called to an item printed in THE TIMES of the 9th inst., in the form of a special telegram from New Haven, in which it is stated that Mr. John V. Farwell of Chicago and I will "aggressively enter the field" for the place on the Yale Corporation then held by Mr. Henry Farnam Dimock, and since made vacant by his decease.

So far as I am concerned, this statement is incorrect. I am not, and shall not be, a candidate for this vacancy. On the contrary, I shall support the candidacy of Mr. Farwell, and shall be glad to have all my friends in the East, as well as in the West, join me in endeavoring to secure his election.

HENRY T. ROGERS.

Denver, Col., April 13, 1911.

The Adventures of Joke.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Joke, a cat connected with an insurance and trust company in Jersey City, was given to some one who took him to Bayonne. He was put in a basket and went by an express wagon. After three and a half months Joke was seen looking again into the back window of the trust company, and worn to skin and bones. He had left his Bayonne home after only a two weeks' stay and had spent the balance of the time trying to get back to his old home, a distance of seven miles. He was over three months in finding it.

He has been fed up and his owners say they will never part with him again.

WILLIAM C. ELTING, JR.

East Orange, N. J., April 15, 1911.

Pays for Hot Water, Gets Cold.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an editorial article, "Save the Water," you speak of "stopping leaks in water mains, improved meters," &c. If the owners of apartment houses would fulfill their agreements with tenants to "furnish hot water," probably a third of the water would be saved, for I often must run it ten and sometimes fifteen minutes to get it even warm, and if like conditions exist in the hundreds of apartment houses in New York the waste of water is explained. One pays for hot water and gets cold. Is there no remedy?

A FLAT DWELLER.

New York, April 12, 1911.

WATER STORAGE DANGER.

Commissioner Osborne Opposes Leader Merritt's Plan.

If the Merritt concurrent resolution relating to water storage in the forest preserve passes the Legislature at the present session it will be in spite of the opposition of Thomas Mott Osborne, Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner; the Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks, the New York Board of Trade, and other powerful organizations. Mr. Osborne, who, it is said, will soon head a new commission, to be known as the State Commission of Conservation, embracing the present Forest, Fish, and Game Department and the State Water Supply Commission, talked plainly about the Merritt measures in Albany last Wednesday.

"I am unalterably opposed to opening the door to private interests or individuals, as the Merritt concurrent resolution proposes," he said.

"The State should exercise rigid control over its water-power supply and derive a revenue from it. The bills and the amendment introduced at the last session of the Legislature by the State Water Supply Commission seem to make necessary provision for such control and revenue.

"The State has been extravagant and foolish in the past in granting franchises, but I do not believe that the people will ever consent to open the doors to individuals in the Adirondack State lands. Nothing can be done in regard to water storage in the Adirondacks without an amendment to the Constitution, but such an amendment must protect and not throw the doors open to private interests."

The Merritt resolution, to which Mr. Osborne is opposed, is an amendment to Article VII., Section 7 of the Constitution adopted in 1904, providing that State lands, then owned or thereafter acquired, constituting the Forest Preserve, shall never be leased or sold or taken by any corporation, and that the timber thereon shall not be sold, removed, or destroyed.

It was claimed in support of the bills that their passage would reduce the present cost of power in New York, Rochester, Syracuse, and other cities, now $50 or $60 per horse power per year, by at least one-half, and would insure the present supremacy of the State in the magnitude of its manufacturing interests, including wages paid, capital invested, and the value of manufactured products. The bills further provided that the reservoirs constructed by the State were to be maintained and controlled by the State, that the use of the water from the reservoirs was to be leased to power plant owners and others under contracts running for fifty years, at reasonable rates—sufficient to produce a net revenue to the State. The sale of not more than $20,000,000 of bonds was to provide the necessary funds.

These measures were approved by Gov. Hughes and indorsed by the Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks, by the New York Board of Trade, and by other societies and individuals who had always opposed any invasion of the Forest Preserve, a tract of land containing twice as many square miles as the State of Rhode Island, or any change in Article VII., Section 7, of the Constitution.

They were successfully opposed by Mr. Merritt, who has been a water power owner on the Raquette River for over twenty years, and by members of the Legislature from the northern part of the State, who demanded that when the development bonds had been paid off, at the end of fifty years, the State should hand over the use of the reservoirs it had built to the owners of the power plants, as a free gift forever.

This attitude of Mr. Merritt and his friends, as well as the Merritt amendment, met with strong opposition last year from the Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks, which questioned the "propriety of a man financially interested in water power development sitting as an impartial judge in the capacity of Chairman of committee and member of the Legislature, called upon to enact legislation upon this subject."

A meeting of the Judiciary Committee of the Assembly is scheduled to be held in Albany on Tuesday next. John G. Agar, counsel for the association; Edward Hagaman Hall, its Secretary, and Judge James F. Tracy of Albany will appear to oppose the Merritt measures. Mr. Merritt will advocate the adoption of his amendment, in his triple rôle of water power owner, attorney, and legislator.

TOLSTOY ADVOCATES TREATY

Son of Novelist Declares This Country Should Form a Peace Pact with Czar.

Count Leo L. Tolstoy, in his first public speech in America, delivered at a meeting of the International Peace Forum in the Metropolitan Temple, Seventh Avenue and Fourteenth Street, last night, advocated an immediate treaty between the United States and Russia. His six weeks' visit to this country has as its main object the furthering of such a treaty, and he has had a conference with President Taft on the subject.

"My father," he said, "did a great deal toward the unification of nations, and I believe that he regarded it as his greatest work. I hope to take up that work as the greatest inheritance my father has left me."

The church was decorated with silk flags of all nations, loaned by the League of Peace, and over the head of the Count hung the large American flag which waved at the entrance of New York Harbor when the combined fleets of the nations entered our port at the opening of the Columbian Exposition, in 1893.

On one end of the pulpit, immediately in front of Count Tolstoy, had been placed an angelic, flaxen-haired girl doll, draped in a National flag. It was supposed to symbolize a child leading the nations to the dawn of peace. The Rev. Dr. John Wesley Hill, pastor of the church, however, did not appreciate it. He did not discover the doll until the church was well filled, and then he became quite indignant. He denounced the judgment of those who had placed it there, but he could not persuade any one to take it away.

"Anyway," he was heard to say, "wouldn't you at least think that they would have made it a boy?"

Dr. Hill introduced Count Tolstoy as "the son of a patriot, prophet, literary genius, reformer, statesman, humanitarian, and philanthropist, a son who cannot be silenced and who bids fair to be greater than his father."

"I am laboring under two great difficulties," said Count Tolstoy, who in appearance, accent, and gesticulations is more French than Russian. "The first is that I am a Russian and speak very bad English. The other is that I am a small son of a great father. It is a hard duty to be Leo L. Tolstoy, Jr., but I am much impressed by the love extended here to the memory of my father.

"I once received a letter from my father in which he told me to think less of my own life and work, and to look more closely and to study more carefully the work and lives of others. It is exactly that advice which I think he tried to bring out in his teachings. Your country is too much interested in its own affairs. So it is with Russia and other countries. To meet the advice of my father there ought to be many traveling ambassadors of peace going from nation to nation and advancing the doctrine of altruistic relations.

"I made it very clear in my talk to President Taft that in my opinion, after he had consummated the American British treaty, he ought to turn his attention to Russia and plan to draw up a lasting treaty between my country and his. I told him that although the political and social ideals of the two nations are shaped entirely differently, this should not be a bar to the furtherance of peace between us. I count that day not so many generations distant when universal peace shall not only be a dream, but a fact."

At one point in his address the Count caused a ripple of merriment by searching every pocket of his evening clothes for a document, from which he intended to read an extract.

"If these suits only had more pockets," he remarked, "perhaps it would be easier to find things."

Other speakers were John Temple Graves and William H. Short, Executive Secretary of the Peace Society. The latter said that the cost of warships within the last six years had more than doubled, as the average tonnage had risen from 14,000 to 28,000 tons, while vessels of 32,000 tons are already under consideration. This increase in armaments, he said, was the greatest sign of retrogression with which the peace societies have to contend.

Count Tolstoy, immediately after his speech, hurried away to a social engagement. He intends to leave this country on Wednesday.

WORLD PEACE RESTS WITH US AND BRITAIN

New Zealand's Premier Declares for Anglo-American Union to Prevent Asiatic Invasion.

IS KEEN FOR ARBITRATION

Sir Joseph Ward Says Jingoism Has Little Place in His Country—Here on Way to Coronation.

Sir Joseph Ward, Premier of New Zealand, in an interview yesterday with the New York representative of the Central News of London, declared that the preservation of the world's peace lay with Great Britain and the United States. Sir Joseph, accompanied by Lady Ward and their son and daughter, is making a brief stay in New York on his way to London to attend the imperial conference and the coronation of George V. They will sail on the Lusitania on Wednesday.

"In the British oversea dominions adjacent to the Pacific, it is recognized that one of the most imporant questions we have to keep before us is that of preserving our territory for the British race, and doing everything in our power to prevent Asiatic immigration to any great extent," said Sir Joseph. "I think I may be permitted to say that this problem is one which also closely concerns the United States of America, and in my judgment some well-thought-out plan of Anglo-Saxon co-operation is necessary to preserve all the countries I have alluded to from an invasion of Asiatics.

"Unfortunately there are at the present time some important aspects of the matter which require to be settled first, and this can only be done by British statesmen. I do not wish to trespass upon the domain of home politics, but I cannot help saying that the non-solution of the Irish question appears to me to stand in the way of the best efforts of the friends of the Empire in helping to establish a system for the preservation of the Anglo-Saxon race in every part of the world, which cannot be done without considering, from a legitimate standpoint, the position and natural desires of Oriental nations.

"The relations between Great Britain and the United States constitute the real key to the situation in preserving the peace of the world, and I do not think there should be any hesitation on the part of English statesmen in removing any obstacle that stands in the way of that Anglo-Saxon co-operation and unity which every well-wisher of the Empire would like to see consummated.

"I can hardly say how gratified I am to hear there are such good prospects of the proposed new arbitration treaty between Great Britain and the United States being carried through. It will be an important step in the direction of the co-operation I have spoke of and means a great deal more to all parts of the British Empire and to the Anglo-Saxon race as a whole than appears on the surface."

Sir Joseph expressed himself most enthusiastically in regard to the projected "all-red" route between England and New Zealand. "I am most anxious," he said, "to see this all-British service in operation in order to bring the mother land and the younger and distant portions of the Empire as close together as possible.

"A day or two ago I had a most pleasurable meeting with Sir Wilfrid Laurier at Ottawa. Sir Wilfrid has always been most cordial in his feelings toward New Zealand, and our sentiments toward Canada are equally friendly, both countries being anxious to meet each other in trade matters and other international projects wherever it is possible to do so. The trade between Canada and New Zealand is already considerable, but with the transport facilities which exist between the two countries, from Montreal via the Atlantic and from Vancouver via the Pacific, there is no reason in my opinion why the present amount of trade should not be materially increased."

The Premier asserted that imperialistic sentiments in New Zealand permeated the whole country, and that love and affection for the mother country, so far from diminishing as the years rolled on, was becoming stronger.

"No sensible person in our country is on the side of jingoistic doctrines," he added, "but speaking generally our people are animated by an anxious desire to have a better system that at present exists to put to the best possible use the combined strength of all parts of the Empire without interfering with the complete and independent autonomy of any portion of it."

MORE TEA AND COCOA DRUNK.

Americans Favor These Beverages Because of Dear Coffee.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The greater use of tea and cocoa by many Americans, due to the prevailing high prices of coffee, is indicated by the imports of these three commodities. Imports of tea and cocoa for the fiscal year ending June 30 next bid fair to be the largest in the history of America's import trade.

Coffee, which is showing the highest prices since 1897, has fallen in the imports. Since last July 644,000,000 pounds were imported, or 100,000,000 pounds less than during the corresponding time last year. Meanwhile tea and cocoa are surpassing all records.

At the present rate of importation it is probable that tea imports into the United States will aggregate 115,000,000 pounds, and that cocoa will exceed 140,000,000 pounds. The marked growth of tea imports to the United States is of comparatively recent development.

The Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor estimates that the average import price of coffee this year is 10 cents a pound, against 7 cents last year.

WINS EUROPEAN FELLOWSHIP

Kansas Woman at Cornell Will Spend Two Years in Study Abroad.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 16.—Miss Corinne Stephenson of Kansas, who has won high scholarship honors at Cornell University, has been awarded the European fellowship by the Association of Collegiate Alumnae. The fellowship carries with it $500.

Miss Stephenson will spend two years in Europe. She was graduated from Ottawa College, Kan., and entered Cornell in 1909, winning a Sage fellowship. She is studying for a doctor's degree in philosophy.

The Well-Bred Governess's Position.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I accept cheerfully the correction of your correspondent, "Sola Virtus Invicta." His statement serves to render still more absurd the pretentiousness of our own parvenu society. I reiterate that the well-bred woman employed as a governess—as an instructor, not as a nurse—in the average American family of recently acquired wealth is treated as though her calling were almost disgraceful, and she herself in a state of social ostracism.

A SELF-SUPPORTING GENTLEWOMAN.

New York, April 11, 1911.

American Honor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me, an humble reader, to congratulate you on the high moral tone of your leading article, "American Honor." Such public avowals of wrongs committed and desire for reparation are as oases in the deserts of National thefts. In the meantime, what can be thought of the statesman who openly boasts that he was the head and front of it all?

THOMAS F. WELCH.

Washington, D. C., April 8, 1911.

50 YEARS A TEACHER IN SUNDAY SCHOOL

"Mother" Jenkins Honored at a Special Service in Sixteenth Street Baptist Church.

SEES RELIGIOUS DECLINE

Young People More Worldly and Less Earnest Than in the Past—How Faith Helped Her.

For fifty years Mrs. Miles E. Jenkins, or "Mother" Jenkins, as she is known to all her friends, has been a Sunday school teacher at the Sixteenth Street Baptist Church, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues. Yesterday afternoon a celebration was held in her honor, and she occupied a chair draped with the Stars and Stripes, while the children of the present school gave a programme of Easter songs and recitations, and many of those who had been taught by her in years long gone by sat in the congregation.

The Rev. George H. Dowkontt, the pastor, told how, soon after he had been appointed to the charge, an old lady had introduced herself to him as "Mother" Jenkins, and how great had been the value of her advice to him.

"I have wondered," he said, "what her thoughts were at this gathering and how they must have wandered back over the long years. Now I present to her this purse, not as the measure of what she has done for us, but as a love token to show how we hold her in our hearts."

"Mother" Jenkins replied, and spoke of her constant delight in the children, whom she called her grandchildren, and indeed, she said, some of them are the grandchildren of those she taught when she first came to the school.

Mrs. Jenkins is 77 years old, and was born in Dutchess County. Her father died when she was young, and then she came to New York and settled at Eighth Avenue and Fourteenth Street, where she lived until a few years ago. She was a Miss Elizabeth Blois, and in 1850 was engaged to Henry Mandeville de Secara, grandson of Sir Charles Chamberlain, British Consul General to Brazil. She nearly moved to that country, but the match was broken off, and a few months later she married Miles E. Jenkins, who died fifteen months ago.

Fifty years ago Fourteenth Street and Eighth Avenue were one of the best residential districts of the city. The Havemeyers and the Kidders lived there, and it was thought to be far uptown. The Sixteenth Street Baptist Church was an offshoot of the Macdougal Street Church, and was founded in October, 1833, on the site of the old ropewalk on Eighteenth Street, but it soon outgrew that and built the edifice it still uses.

In those days it was a large congregation, composed of many well-to-do people, who owned the three-story houses in the neighborhood. The church, however, never went in for elaborate services, but was then, as now, a plain, simple building, differing little from a country church. With its galleries around three sides and the organ and choir gallery over the pulpit, it differs much from the churches built in recent years. But Mrs. Jenkins looks back with great affection on the work that was done there.

"I remember," she said yesterday, "marching with 600 Sunday school children up to Madison Square for the annual May Walk of all the Sunday schools of the city. And see how much fewer we have now. I don't think young girls are as interested in religious matters as they used to be. They are more worldly and less earnest, and they don't give the same time to religion.

"Still, I think times are better and there is not the same amount of drinking that there was in my young days. Five of the girls of my class were baptized this morning, and others would have liked to be, but their parents did not consent."

In all her fifty years of service Mrs. Jenkins has missed the Sunday school only when absolutely obliged by sickness or deaths in her family. When she was complimented on the way she carried her years she replied:

"Yet I've had four apoplectic strokes, but, as my friends tell me, they can't kill me. The last was in my foot only a week or two ago, but I'm here through the power of prayer. I remembered that the Lord said, 'Ask and thou shalt receive,' and I thought I would see if He would keep His promise. I told Him of what my work was in the church and how they were preparing this celebration for me. Then I determined I would get out of bed and see if I could walk. I tried, and, you see, here I am."

SOCIETY IN WASHINGTON.

President and Mrs. Taft Attend Easter Services—The Last Musicale.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The President and Mrs. Taft attended the Easter service this morning at their respective churches. Henry W. Taft of New York, who arrived at the White House yesterday, accompanied the President to All Souls' Church, while Mrs. Eckstein and Frederick Eckstein of Cincinnati were worshippers at St. John's Episcopal Church with Mrs. Taft and her daughter.

Robert Taft will arrive at the White House to-morrow to pass the remainder of the week. The dance for young people on Wednesday evening will be limited to the closest personal friends of Miss Taft and her elder brother, and be preceded by a dinner party of thirty covers. A number of out of town guests, friends of the White House family, will be here for the occasion.

The concluding musicale of the season on Friday evening will be one of the largest of the year, something like five hundred invitations having been issued.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. McLean, according to their annual custom, entertained a large breakfast party at Friendship, their suburban home. Nearly one hundred guests were seated at tables laid for six and eight in the large Colonial hall and dining room. In the company were the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador and Baroness Hengelmüller, the Mexican Ambassador, Miss Helen Taft, the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. MacVeagh, the Postmaster General, Senator Warren, Senator Brandegee, the Chief of Staff and Mrs. Leonard Wood, Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant, Prince Koudecheff, Mrs. Seaton Schroeder, Mrs. Richard Townsend, Mitchell Innis of the British Embassy, Baron and Baroness Preuschen, the Countess Gizycki, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Townsend, Miss Yvonne Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. George Howard, Col. and Mrs. Cosby, Mrs. Chandler Hale, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Pell of New York, Miss Boardman, Miss Kean, Miss Fish, Miss Owen, Miss Isabel May, Count Pejacsevich, and John Barrett.

The French Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand entertained a dinner company this evening. Among their guests were the Italian Ambassador and his daughter, Donna Beatrice Cusani; Chargé d'Affaires of Russia, Prince Koudecheff; Mr. Domitrow, also of Russia; Mrs. Fish, the Count and Countess de Chambrun, the Viscount and Viscountess d'Azy, and M. and Mme. de la Rocca.

Mrs. Thomas F. Richardson entertained a breakfast company of fourteen covers, complimentary to the Ambassador to Germany and Mrs. Hill. This evening the same visitors were entertained at dinner by Mrs. Hanna, widow of the former Senator from Ohio.

Dr. and Mrs. Hill and their young daughter will leave Washington on Saturday for Rochester, N. Y., where they will stay a week. Later they will go to New York to remain until their departure for Europe May 4. The Ambassador and Miss Hill will go direct to Berlin, where the former will put the business of the embassy in order for his retirement July 1. Mrs. Hill, after several weeks in Paris, will join her husband and daughter in Berlin. Dr. and Mrs. Hill have made no plans for their immediate future, and will probably not return to America until Autumn, when they will decide upon their place of residence.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hay White entertained a dinner company this evening.

Mrs. Julian James entertained at luncheon at her home on Twentieth Street.

Mrs. Hickley was also among the luncheon hostesses of the day.

Mrs. Audenreid has returned to her home on Vermont Avenue after passing the Lenten season at Atlantic City.

Mrs. J. B. Foraker has returned to town to pass several weeks at her Sixteenth Street home.

BRADFORD AUTOGRAPHS RARE

Quaker Printer Whom William Penn Brought Over Put Up a Press Here.

Among the rarest of American literary autographs are those of William Bradford, the Quaker printer, whom William Penn brought to this country. He was born in Leicestershire, England, in 1663, learned his art in London in the office of Andrew Sowles, an intimate friend of William Penn, and married Sowles's daughter Elizabeth. He set up a printing press in Philadelphia in 1685, which was the first one south of New England, and the third one in the American colonies. He settled in New York in 1693, established the first press here, and printed the laws. He died in 1752, aged eighty-nine, and was buried in Trinity Churchyard.

This letter by him, New York, Jan. 28, 1726, addressed to Col. Richard Floyd, will be sold at auction in Philadelphia this week:

"Sir: I have herewith sent you Ten Books of the Acts of Assembly. Am told it is about that number which is subscribed for in your Town, and that the others must be sent to Easthampton and Southhold, and pray give directions about them, and whether I shall send them to you, or to same other person in Easthampton and Southhold. Your favor herein will very much oblige your humble servant. WILL BRADFORD.

"I send you the last sheet of the votes, whereby you may see what acts are passed this last session."

On the inside flank of this letter are lists of names of residents of Long Island in the hand of Col. Floyd, apparently of subscribers to the printed acts.

There is also in the collection the original subscription list to the acts of New York Assembly, printed by Bradford. It reads: "For the encouragement of so useful a work we, whose names are subscribed, do each of us, promise to take and pay for one of said Books at Twenty Shillings per book, when they are so printed and bound, as proposed, on delivery of same." There are thirty-eight names signed to the list.

A receipt, signed by Bradford, New York, Aug. 6, 1726, is for £7 received from Col. Floyd "by the hands of his son," for seven books of the acts of Assembly. There are likewise two documents, one a bond of Bradford, April 18, 1720, signed and delivered, and a summons and complaint in Mayor's Court in an action brought by Bradford against Henry Holt for printing work done. In fine condition is a copy of the rarity, "An Act Passed by the General Assembly of the Colony of New York in July, 1715," &c., six pages folio, printed by Bradford in this city in 1715. In 1725 he began the publication of the New York Gazette, the first paper published in New York, which he edited until his eightieth year.

EVENTS AT HOT SPRINGS.

Edwin Hawley and Theodore Shonts Among the Visitors—Social Notes.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., April 16.—Miss Ruth Harrison of Cincinnati, was hostess to-day at a small luncheon at the Daniel Boone log cabin, and later at her villa was at home to a large number of callers.

Mrs. S. P. Sproul was a luncheon hostess to-day for Mrs. Alexander Biddle, Mrs. Dudley Williams, Mrs. James M. Winslow, and Mrs. George Bird.

Edwin Hawley and Harry S. Black left this afternoon in their private cars with George W. Stevens, President of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad for White Sulphur Springs. They had a special, expecting to reach the West Virginia resort in time for several hours' visit before catching the night train for New York. With them were Theodore Shonts, B. S. Henry, Frank P. Fraser, former Gov. M. T. Herrick of Ohio, and former Gov. David R. Francis of Missouri.

Mr. and Mrs. Eben Jordan were among the scores of those who spent the afternoon driving. Among others following the same recreation were Mrs. Paul Morton, Mr. and Mrs. G. Maurice Heckscher, Mrs. L. C. Hanna, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Sears, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Swift, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Livingston Whitney.

Mr. and Mrs. William L. Benedict were hosts at Fassifern this afternoon in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Baker.

Others entertaining there at luncheon included Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Pierce, Mrs. Arthur Middleton, and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Randolph.

Messrs. K. B. Schley, Edmund Rogers, C. Tiffany Richardson, and Evander Schley spent the afternoon playing a foursome of golf; B. Henry played a twosome this morning with ex-Gov. Francis, and C. L. Hanna and Fred Watson played a threesome over the eighteen-hole course.

An arrangement with the State authorities was reached by the hotel company of this resort and White Sulphur Springs here to-day, by which $40,000 will be spent in improving the road connecting the resorts so as to make it one of the best automobile thoroughfares in the State. The three will share expense, and work will be begun at once.

IN THE BERKSHIRES.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., April 16.—Mr. and Mrs. William J. Wadsworth, Mrs. John E. Alexandre, Miss Civilise Alexandre, and Mr. and Mrs. Bayard C. Hoppin have returned to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Delafield and Mr. and Mrs. Francis D. Fitzgibbon, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Frothingham, have gone to town.

Mr. and Mrs. William Adams are guests of Dr. and Mrs. Richard C. Greenleaf.

Dr. and Mrs. William Bullard of Boston are at the Curtis Hotel.

Mrs. Melville Davidson Post has been in Lenox in search of a villa for the season.

Grenville L. Winthrop has gone to New York, after a visit to Groton Place.

Miss Emily Biddle of Philadelphia is expected in Lenox this week.

TO PLAY CARDS FOR CHARITY.

Reception to be Held in the Waldorf by the Catholic Protective Society.

A bridge and euchre reception for the benefit of the Catholic Protective Society of the Archdiocese of New York will be held in the Waldorf-Astoria on Monday evening, April 17, under the auspices of Archbishop Farley and a large number of patronesses.

Archbishop Farley has assigned the Rev. Thomas J. Lynch, formerly of the Dunwoodie Academy, to be supervisor of the society. The society cares for and obtains employment for children paroled in its custody. The money raised by the euchre and bridge party will be used for this purpose. Among those who have already obtained boxes are Mrs. M. F. Westergren, Mrs. Edmund J. Curry, Mrs. William H. Moffitt, Mrs. John Lynch, and Mrs. K. C. Hughes.

Dinner to the Duke of Manchester.

Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt gave a dinner in the Plaza last night in honor of the Duke and Duchess of Manchester. Others who entertained friends in that hotel were Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Col. H. B. Colt, Mrs. Maldwin Drummond, and Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Ingalls.

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OPERA SINGERS OFF FOR A BRIEF TOUR

Open in Montreal To-night, When Mme. Fremstad Will Sing Elizabeth for the First Time.

PLANS FOR NEXT SEASON

Chicago Company to Give French Operas at the Metropolitan—List of Artists Engaged.

Two special trains that left the Grand Central Station yesterday carried most of the Metropolitan Opera House singers, who are on their way to Montreal, where the company will open a two weeks' tour to-night with a performance of "Tannhäuser." The first train, carrying the chorus, the ballet, and the company's press representative, William Guard, left at 8:30 A. M. In the evening, at 9:30, a train of eight special compartment cars carried away the stars of the organization.

Mme. Fremstad, who will sing Elizabeth to-night for the first time in her career, left Saturday for Montreal, and so did Mr. Slezak. Mr. Scotti will go to-day. Miss Farrar will leave New York to-morrow. Mr. Caruso, who, of course, is not to be heard on the tour, will sail for Europe to-morrow.

Crowds of people in the station watched the departure of the singers last night, and the platform by the side of the special train was crowded with friends of the departing ones. Among those who left were Mme. Alda, Miss Destinn, Miss Alten, Mrs. Rappold, Mr. Martin, Mr. Reiss, Miss Maubourg, Mme. Fornia, Mr. Hertz, Mr. Toscanini, Mr. Gatti-Casazza, Mr. de Segurola, Mr. Gilly, Mr. Didur, Mrs. Gluck, and Mr. Witherspoon.

An official announcement was sent out from the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday in which the plans for the organization for next season were detailed. As many of these plans have already been published in THE TIMES, the announcement is not here repeated in detail.

It is announced, however, for the first time that the Philadelphia-Chicago company, under the direction of Andreas Dippel, will give six performances during February and March, 1912, at the Metropolitan, when the most popular French operas of that company's répertoire will be given. The announcement reads that "It is impossible for the Philadelphia-Chicago company to give more performances in New York owing to the division of its season between Chicago and Philadelphia and its engagements elsewhere."

The list of artists who have been reengaged for next season is given as follows:

Sopranos—Miss Bella Alten, Miss Anna Case, Miss Emmy Destinn, Miss Geraldine Farrar, Mme. Rita Fornia, Mme. Fremstad, Mme. Gadski, Mrs. Gluck, Miss Morena, Mme. Alice Nielsen, Miss Inga Oerner, Mme. Beatrice de Pasquali, Mrs. Rappold, Mme. Sparkes, and Mme. Van Dyck.

Contraltos and Mezzo-Sopranos—Mrs. Louise Homer, Mrs. Mapleson, Miss Maubourg, Mrs. Mattfeld, Miss Snelling, Mrs. Wakefield, and Miss Wickham.

Tenors—Messrs. Audisio, Bada, Bayer, Burrian, Caruso, Jadlowker, Jorn, Martin, Reiss, Slezak, and Smirnoff.

Baritones—Messrs. Amato, Begue, Campanari, Gilly, Goritz, Scotti, Reschiglian, Missiano, and Hinshaw.

Basses—Messrs. Georges Bourgeois, Didur, Pini-Corsi, Reiner, Rossi, Rothier, Ruysdael, de Segurola, and Witherspoon.

Musical Directors and Conductors—Messrs. Toscanini, Hertz, Hagemann, Pasternack, Morgenstern, Romei, Tanara, and Willy Tyroler.

Chorus Masters—Messrs. Setti and Steiner.

Technical Director—Edward Siedle.

Stage Managers—Messrs. Schertel and Speck.

Among the new artists already engaged for the coming season are Heinrich Hensel, first dramatic tenor of the Imperial Opera of Berlin; the American bass, Putnam Griswold, also of the Berlin Opera; Hermann Weill, leading baritone of the Stuttgart Opera, and possibly Frieda Hempel.

The following paragraph is included in the announcement: "The relations between the Metropolitan Opera Company and the affiliated Boston and Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Companies will be continued, the resulting exchange of artists having proved, during the season closing, to be highly advantageous to all concerned."

The Metropolitan opera season of 1911-12 will begin Nov. 13 and continue twenty-two weeks. Apart from the regular subscription performances on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday evenings and Saturday afternoons, there will be given a series of extra performances on Saturday evenings, a series of Wednesday and Thursday matinées, and a number of performances at popular prices. The company will make nine visits to Philadelphia, and will give a series of seventeen subscription performances at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

A feature of the next season at the opera house, which is rumored, but has not been officially announced, is a series of concerts of symphonic music under the direction of Arturo Tocanini.

OPERA STARS FOR BOSTON.

Tetrazzini, Bonci and Gerville-Reache Sign Contracts for Next Season.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 16.—Luisa Tetrazzini will be a member of the Boston Opera Company next season. The famous prima donna has signed a contract calling for at least eight appearances at a salary of $1,000 for each performance.

Bonci, the Italian tenor, also has signed a contract calling for five appearances, but Director Russell has an option upon his services, and he will sing in Boston for the entire season if Constantino does not quickly come to terms with the management.

Gerville-Reache, the contralto, has signed a contract for the entire season in Boston.

Special Performances by Genee.

Mlle. Genee will give six performances in or near New York during the week of May 1 under the direction of Mrs. R. W. Hawksworth, a newcomer in the field of theatrical management. The dancer will be seen in Newark, New Haven, Springfield, New York, Hartford, and Boston, appearing here in Carnegie Hall on the afternoon of May 4. The principal feature of the programme will be "The Dryad," which Genee never has given in this country. It was originally produced in London at a charity benefit, and later before Queen Alexandra.

Last Rehearsals of Thomas Comedy.

Two dress rehearsals of Wagenhals & Kemper's production of "What the Doctor Ordered" were given at the Astor Theatre yesterday. At the evening performance there was a small audience of guests, friends of the managers and author, A. E. Thomas. The first performance of the comedy will be given at Trenton, N. J. to-morrow evening, and the company will open at the Astor next Friday.

Bellew to Cruise Down East.

Kyrle Bellew will close his season at the end of the next fortnight and will spend a month yachting along the Eastern Coast. In June he will sail for England, and will return to America late in August to begin another tour of the United States.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The first performance of "The London Follies" at Weber's Theatre, has been postponed from to-night until Wednesday evening.

The guests at the Actors' Fund Home, Staten Island, will give an entertainment to-night for the Superintendent and the Matron of the Home, Mr. and Mrs. William G. Barton. The programme will consist of recitations, songs, and several short plays, all by the actors and actresses resident at the Home.

A dress rehearsal of the children, who are to appear in the special performance of "Pomander Walk" at Wallack's next Thursday afternoon, will be held at the theatre this morning. Miniature costumes and wigs have been made and the children are all "up" in their parts.

GOV. FOSS ON TAX DODGING.

Will Recommend to Legislature That Experts Investigate the Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., April 16.—Gov. Eugene N. Foss is going to wage war against the tax dodgers. He intends to recommend to the Legislature that the entire taxation system of the State be examined and investigated by experts with a twofold object.

First, that it is placed upon a more equitable and uniform basis.

Second, absolutely to prevent tax dodging.

In a statement Gov. Foss said that his plan was to put the matter right up to the people, and to make them understand that if they wanted the evasion of the law stopped they would have to strengthen the laws so they could not be evaded. He said that many well-known Bostonians prominent in business and in quasi-public organizations are confirmed tax dodgers.

The Governor feels that Massachusetts is operating under a timeworn system of taxation, which could be improved so that the relative burden will not fall so much more heavily upon the small property owner than it does upon the rich tax dodger. The latter, with his large holdings of intangible property or personal property, so called, is able, under the present system, to make an arrangement with the assessors whereby his taxes are reduced to a minimum.

"The community has had recently some conspicuous examples of tax dodging, and these have doubtless made the average citizen pay more attention to the subject than he has been accustomed to," said the Governor last night. "I have been making investigations and conferring with people having knowledge of the extent of the practice, and I felt it my duty to call the matter to the attention of the Legislature. Tax dodging has long been very common—so common that it is hardly regarded as a serious offense. The average man regards it as wrong to lie deliberately to an assessor about how much property he possesses, but he does not consider it a serious thing to evade in any other way than perjury his tax obligations.

"I do not think Massachusetts is any worse in this respect than other States. In a sense tax dodging is common to all States. The American people more than others are a Nation of tax dodgers. It has been estimated that a billion dollars of taxable property in Massachusetts escapes taxation. The greater part of the investments in stocks and bonds and money in bank escapes taxation.

"Can these taxes be collected without driving the property outside the State? That is a matter that Massachusetts will have to consider.

"When Sidney W. Winslow, President of the United Shoe Machinery Company, at Beverly, went through the formality of having himself made a citizen of Orleans, down on Cape Cod, his boyhood home, he took with him $750,000 worth of personal property. This property was taxed at about $15 on a thousand in Beverly. In Orleans the accession of the Winslow valuation reduced the Orleans tax rate to about $3 on a thousand. The difference between the Beverly and Orleans rate means that Mr. Winslow saves $9,000 a year in his personal property tax alone, and by methods legally unassailable under our present antiquated system of taxation."

MEMORIAL TO DR. LOWRY.

Tablet Unveiled in Church of Which the Famous Hymn Writer Preached.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., April 16.—A bronze memorial tablet to the late Rev. Dr. Robert Lowry, a gospel hymn writer, was unveiled to-night at the Park Avenue Baptist Church, of which he was pastor for many years.

Addresses were made by local clergymen and laymen and hymns by Dr. Lowry were sung by the choir and congregation. They included "Shall We Gather at the River," "Where is My Wandering Boy To-Night," "I Need Thee Every Hour," and "Follow On."

The tablet was designed by Gyula de Festetics.

MSS. IN HOE LIBRARY.

Some Rare Ones and Others Highly Illuminated Were Sold.

Of the many valuable manuscripts in the first part of the Robert Hoe library sale, one of the most important is the "Horae Beatae Mariae Virginis ad Usum Sarum," or as it is more commonly known, the "Pembroke Hours." It is a manuscript on vellum of the fifteenth century, and is written on 231 leaves in red and black Gothic characters. It is embellished with 24 small circular miniatures, 29 full-page miniatures, and 260 miniatures of a smaller size.

This beautifully illuminated manuscript was executed for Sir William Herbert, Earl of Pembroke, elder son of Sir William Herbert of Raglan Castle, who fought in France under Henry V. The son was knighted by Henry VI. in 1440, and played a prominent part on the side of the Yorkists in the War of the Roses. In 1457 he was created Baron Herbert and received in consideration of his services the castle, town, and lordship of Pembroke, with numerous manors and castles on the Welsh marshes.

Pembroke and his brother, Sir Richard, advanced in August, 1468, against the castle of Harlech, the last Lancastrian stronghold in Wales, where Jasper Tudor, with his young nephew Henry, afterward Henry VII., still resisted the power of Edward IV. The castle taken, Pembroke made Prince Henry prisoner and became his guardian. A plan to marry Henry to Pembroke's daughter Mary failed.

In July, 1469, a rebellion, which was largely fomented by the Earl of Warwick, broke out in the north. The rebels declared for Henry VI., and in a battle Pembroke and his brother, Sir Richard, were taken prisoners. They were beheaded at Northampton on July 28, 1469.

The "Book of Hours" was later in possession of Sir William Herbert, Earl of Pembroke of the second creation, grandson of the first Earl. In the nineteenth century it passed into possession of the Borghese family in Rome, by whom it was sold to an antiquary, who, in turn, sold it to a London book-seller, from whom it passed to Brayton Ives, and finally to Robert Hoe.

Thirty-four of the leaves are in English, all the others are in Latin. On the margins of the older and main part of the manuscript are notes at certain dates, relating to incidents in the War of the Roses. The writer of these notes is believed to have been private chaplain to the family. On the second leaf of the English part is a full length portrait of the second William Herbert, Earl of Pembroke, in silver and gold armor, kneeling before an altar in a chapel, probably that of the Abey of Wilton, granted him by Henry VIII. He married a sister of Catherine Parr, Henry VIII.'s sixth Queen.

CITY BREVITIES.

The body of Mrs. Myrtle Van Buskirk, who died in Paris, on March 31, arrived here yesterday on the French liner Touraine. Mrs. Van Buskirk was of an old New Jersey family. She left a sister, brother, and son.

The Advisory Committee of the Architecture and Building Show, which opens at the New Grand Central Palace, on May 6, will dine to-night at the Hotel Martinique. Among those invited are John A. Bensel, State Engineer; Rudolph P. Miller, Superintendent of Buildings; Prof. Charles P. Warren, Building and Engineering Department, Columbia University; Donn Barber, and other prominent architects and builders.

5th Avenue Restaurant
FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING, entrance on 24th St.
DELICIOUS DINNER
À LA CARTE, OR IF DESIRED,
AT FIXED PRICE $1.25

HAUPTMANN IN BAD HUMOR.

German Dramatist Takes a Fling at America in "Easter Aphorisms."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 16.—Gerhart Hauptmann, the distinguished German dramatist, has been in a bad humor for some time over the successive failures of all his new plays. He apparently decided that America must in some way be to blame, in as much as his collection of "Easter aphorisms," which he contributes to to-day's Berliner Tageblatt, contains the following:

"Isn't it our damnable duty and obligation when we pause to look at America to be European through and through?"

Hauptmann's latest drama was called "Rats." That's what the critics said the next day, too.

CHARLES W. GOODYEAR DEAD.

Active in Business Life, He Aided in Grover Cleveland's Nomination.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 16.—Charles W. Goodyear, a prominent lawyer, lumberman, and coal operator and builder of railroad lines, died here this afternoon following an illness of several months. Mr. Goodyear was born in Cortland, N. Y., in 1846. He adopted the law as a profession and practiced until 1887. He took an active part in politics as a Democrat and served several terms as District Attorney of Erie County. It was largely through his efforts that Grover Cleveland was nominated for Governor.

In the development of Pennsylvania timber and coal lands, the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad was built by Mr. Goodyear and his brother, the late Frank H. Goodyear. Since 1902 the Goodyears have been developing the yellow pine lands of Mississippi and Louisiana, where another railroad, 250 miles in length, was built to bring timber to the market.

In the latter years of his life Mr. Goodyear had been President of the Goodyear Lumber Company, the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Company, the Buffalo and Susquehanna Coal and Coke Company, the Buffalo, Attica & Arcade Railway Company, the New Orleans Great Northern Railroad Company, the Frontier & Western Railroad Company, the Great Southern Lumber Company, and the Hurd Publishing Company. He was Vice President of the Buffalo and Susquehanna Iron Company, and a Director in the General Railway Signal Company, the Marine National Bank of Buffalo, and the Netherlands Tramways.

G. E. GRIFFEN, EDITOR, DEAD.

Long Associated with The Albany Argus and Other Newspapers.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 16.—George E. Griffen, associate editor of The Argus, died this morning at Baltimore, Md., where he was undergoing medical treatment. He was a great-grandnephew of Gerald Griffen, the poet, and was born in Greenbush, N. Y., forty years ago.

Mr. Griffen began his newspaper career as a route boy, later becoming police, political, and legislative reporter. He served on the staffs of several Albany newspapers, going to The Argus in 1894.

DEAD FROM HIS BURNS.

Escape Cut Off by Steam, Wealthy Manufacturer Fatally Scalded.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., April 16.—John W. Roe, 61, a wealthy piano stool manufacturer, who was terribly scalded in the boiler room of his factory when a boiler flue burst, the steam cutting off his escape except by a window through which he plunged, falling ten feet, died early to-day.

Roe was looking after the fires for one of his employes when the accident happened. His only surviving relative is a sister living in Middletown.

MME. NERUDA HALLE DEAD.

Wife of Sir Charles Halle Was Famous as a Violinist.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 16.—Mme. Neruda Halle, the great woman violinist, who was born in Hungary, but attained her chief fame in England as the wife of the Manchester conductor, Sir Charles Halle, is dead in Berlin, aged 72. She was known as the "English Goachim."

The veteran virtuoso only recently reappeared on the concert stage in Berlin and revealed that her famous "bow arm" had lost little of its old-time power.

Mrs. Adeline Jarvis.

Mrs. Adeline Jarvis died Saturday in her ninety-sixth year in the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wilbur Purdy, 875 East Thirty-fourth Street, Brooklyn. She had lived in Flatbush for fifteen years, and is said to have been one of the oldest women in that section. It was Mrs. Jarvis's ambition to pass the century mark. She frequently told her friends that many of her family lived to be 100 or more years old. The Funeral service will be held this evening in her late residence by the Rev. L. F. Reed, pastor of the Flatbush Congregational Church. Interment will be in Greenwood Cemetery.

Gen. W. S. Muse.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 16.—Gen. W. S. Muse, U. S. M. C., (retired,) 69 years old, died here to-day of a complication of diseases. He entered the Marine Corps during the civil war as Second Lieutenant. During the Spanish-American war he was stationed at Norwood, being sent later to Annapolis to take charge of Cervera and other Spanish officers.

Gen. Arthur L. Goodrich.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 16.—Gen. Arthur L. Goodrich, Treasurer of the Hartford Courant Company, died at his home here to-day. General Goodrich was connected with the Courant for forty years, and since 1882 was the Treasurer of the company. He was prominent in military circles of the State and was Quartermaster General of the staff of Gov. Henry B. Harrison. He was 62 years old, and leaves a widow.

Obituary Notes.

Capt. FRANCIS CLASSON, for many years a master mariner and well known in shipping circles in this city and St. John, N. B., died on Friday after a short illness, in his home, 312 East Fifty-fifth Street, Brooklyn. He had seen sea service for fifty-two years on American and British ships.

Sir HENRY ELZEAR TASCHEREAU died in Ottawa on Friday. He was born at Ste. Mary de la Beauce, Quebec, in 1836, and was the eldest son of Pierre Elzear Taschereau. He was the coproprietor of the Seigniory of Ste. Mary de la Beauce, where the family has been prominent for three centuries. He was appointed Judge of the Superior Court in 1871 and of the Supreme Court of Canada seven years later, succeeding his cousin, J. T. Taschereau.

DAVID HARVEY, Jr., Asbury Park's first lawyer, died in his home in First Avenue Saturday night, following an illness extending over two years. He was 57 years old.

Mrs. JOSEPHINE A. RIGNEY, wife of John F. Rigney, Assistant Superintendent of the Ward Steamship Line, died in her home, 201 Caton Avenue, Brooklyn, on Saturday.

WILLIAM COURTNEY WRIGHT, son of William J. Wright, 214 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, died of heart disease on Saturday morning, in the Williams College Infirmary, Williamstown, Mass., after a brief illness. He was a student in Williams College, class of 1912.

SIGMUND ZOLINSKY, who served in the civil war with the Eighth Missouri Volunteers, died in his home, 75 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, on Saturday. He was 69 years old.

FREDERICK CHARLES PRENTISS, 68 years old, died suddenly yesterday, of pneumonia, in his home, 1 Riverside Drive. Mr. Prentiss had been in failing health for some weeks, but his condition was not considered serious until yesterday, when he suffered a relapse. Mr. Prentiss retired from business several years ago.

Dr. LEARTUS CONNOR, for many years a prominent member of the American Medical Association, and one of the best-known physicians of Detroit, Mich., died yesterday in that city, as a result of a paralytic stroke. He was born in Orange County, N. Y., in 1843.

DR. SANGER DIES SUDDENLY.

Brother of Late Theatrical Manager Was Prominent in Dental Societies.

Dr. Roderick MacLean Sanger died suddenly yesterday at 48 Lenox Avenue, East Orange, N. J. For years he had been professor of mechanical dentistry in the New York College of Dental and Aural Surgery, and he had been active in State and National dental organizations. He was 54 years old. Dr. Sanger had been in poor health since the death six years ago of his brother, Frank W. Sanger, who at the time was identified with the management of the Broadway Theatre, and at one time manager of the Madison Square Garden.

Mr. Sanger belonged for years to the New Jersey State Dental Society, of which he once was President, and he was an ex-President of the Central Dental Association. The Odontological Association of New York recently made him an honorary member, and he belonged also to the Inter-State Dental Society and to the Academy of Dentistry of New York, which recently made him an honorary member. He had been a member of the Township Committee before East Orange became a city, and for nearly ten years was a member of the Board of Education, being Chairman of the Building Committee. He was a member of Hope Lodge, F. and A. M., and of Jersey Commandery, No. 19, Knights Templars, both of East Orange. The funeral will be from Calvary Church to-morrow afternoon.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ARONSON.—April 9, 1,324 74th St., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. S. Aronson, a son.

GRIFENHAGEN.—April 11, 785 St. Nicholas Av., to Mr. and Mrs. Grifenhagen, a daughter.

NEUWIRTH.—April 9, 768 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. L. Neuwirth, a son.

RAUCH.—April 14, 830 Beck St., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. S. Rauch, a daughter.

Married.

AUERBACH—BEHRENS.—April 9, Florence Behrens to Milton M. Auerbach.

BRENNGLASS—MINTZ.—April 9, Dora Mintz to Samuel Brennglass.

GRUNEBAUM—BAER.—April 10, Cora Baer to Herbert Grunebaum.

LEVY—GREENBERG.—April 9, Sophie Greenberg to Martin Levy.

ROTHENSTEIN—GLOGAU.—April 12, Lillian Glogau to Paul Rothenstein.

SPENCER—HUNT.—April 15, Helen A. Hunt to Clarence G. Spencer.

WALKER—GREENE.—April 16, Mary E. Greene to Henry W. Walker.

Brooklyn.

DINWIDDIE—HORTON.—April 15, Miriam M. Horton to James B. Dinwiddie.

MONTANE—BAIRD.—April 12, Mary Baird to Pedro J. Montane.

SEARS—STATES.—April 15, Isabel States to Stephen H. Sears, Jr.

Died.

BRAY.—On April 16, Richard A. Bray, after a lingering illness, in his 35th year. Funeral from his late residence, 1,964 Park Av., Tuesday morning, April 18. Service at his home Monday evening, at 8 o'clock, at which members of Gavel Lodge, No. 703, F. and A. M., are herewith summoned to be present.

(Signed) GEORGE H. TAYLOR, Master.

BROAD.—At Brooklyn, N. Y., April 15, 1911, Walter H. Broad, in the 35th year of his age. The prayers will be said at his late residence, 448 45th St., Brooklyn, at 12:30 Monday, April 17. Funeral services will be held from the residence of his parents in Matteawan, N. Y., on Tuesday, April 18, at 3 P. M.

DALY.—Suddenly, Clara Smith Daly, 306 West 27th. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d. (FRANK CAMPBELL BUILDING.)

DRAKE.—On Friday, at the residence of his son, Charles D., 522 West 185th St., Henry W., beloved husband of Elizabeth Drake, in his 74th year. Funeral services at St. Chrysostom's Chapel, 39th St. and 7th Av., Monday, April 17, at 1 P. M. Members Sons of St. George, Foresters of America, and Guild of St. Chrysostom respectfully invited.

DREYFUSS.—On Sunday, April 16, 1911, after a short illness, at his residence, 1,239 Madison Av., Bernard, beloved husband of Rosa Dreyfuss, in his 62d year. Funeral strictly private.

EGGLESTON.—George Cary, at his home, 171 West 95th St., Friday, April 14, 1911. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

ELY.—On April 15, 1911, at his home, in Lambertville, N. J., Gervas Ely, in the 74th year of his age.

GIANNIE.—Suddenly, Easter Morning, April 16, at her residence, 131 West 56th St., Mary A. Giannie, widow of Emilio J. Giannie. Funeral services Wednesday morning, 9 o'clock, at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, Columbus Avenue and 60th St. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

HILLYER.—On Sunday, April 16, Fannie N. Hillyer, wife of Clarence W. Hillyer. Funeral services from her late residence, 180 West 59th St., on Tuesday, April 18, at 4 P. M. Interment private.

HOFFMAN.—On Saturday, April 15, Katherine, daughter of the late Anthony N. Hoffman. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Marble Collegiate Church, 5th Av. and 29th St., on Tuesday, April 18, at 11 A. M.

HUNNEKE.—On Sunday, April 16, 1911, at 2:30 A. M., Henry Hunneke, in his 75th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral service on Tuesday, 18th inst., at 8 P. M., at his late residence, 1,738 Crotona Park East, (Bronx.) Funeral private.

JANEWAY.—On April 14, in his 82d year, Col. John H. Janeway, U. S. A., retired. Funeral in Princeton, N. J., on Monday on the arrival of the 10:08 train, leaving New York 8:30, Pennsylvania Station. Washington, New Brunswick, and Philadelphia papers please copy.

JOHNSON.—At Naples, on Friday, April 14, Cornelia Van Wyck, widow of Jacob B. Johnson, and daughter of the late Theodore and Maria T. Polhemus, formerly of Brooklyn.

KRIETE.—John Kriete. Funeral at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St. (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING.)

NOSTRAND.—At her late residence, Lincoln Av., Jamaica, N. Y., on April 15, 1911, Ann Elizabeth, daughter of the late Peter M. and Hannah Nostrand, formerly of Flushing, N. Y. Friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Monday, April 17, at 2:30 o'clock, from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Abraham Van Sicklen, Lincoln Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

PETTIT.—Sunday, April 16, at her home, Henrietta A. Pettit, widow of Mortlock Pettit, in her 71st year. Funeral services 8 P. M. Tuesday at 886 Park Place, Brooklyn. Interment private.

PRENTISS.—On Sunday, April 16, 1911, of pneumonia, at 1 Riverside Drive, Frederick Charles Prentiss, son of the late Frederick James and Delia Hurd Prentiss. Funeral services at Holy Trinity Church, Greenport, L. I., at the convenience of the family. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

SANGER.—Suddenly, on Easter Sunday, at East Orange, N. J., Roderick M. Sanger, D. D. S., in the 55th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at Calvary M. E. Church, corner Main and Walnut Sts., East Orange, Tuesday, April 18, at 4 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

SERGEANT.—On Friday, April 14, William Leaman Sergeant, aged 43 years, son of William R. and Edith M. Sergeant. Funeral services at St. Stephen's Church, 69th St., east of Broadway, on Monday, April 17, at 10 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

SLOANE.—Eva Bradley, wife of William Douglas Sloane and daughter of William and Celia Bradley. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Monday at 2 P. M. at St. Paul's M. E. Church, 86th St. and West End Av., New York. Interment at convenience of family.

SMITH.—On April 16, 1911, George H. Smith. Funeral service, to which relatives and friends are invited, will be held at his late residence, 121 19th St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, the 18th, at 2 o'clock P. M.

SWIFT.—On Sunday, April 16, at her residence, 126 East 34th St., Caroline, widow of Henry Swift, and daughter of the late Gorham Parks. Funeral private.

TERRY.—At Aiken, S. C., on April 14, George S. Terry, Assistant Treasurer of the United States, aged 67 years. Funeral services and interment at Hudson, N. Y., on Monday, April 17.

WHEELER.—At Elizabeth, N. J., April 16, of pneumonia, Ira B., in his 63d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 28 Prince St., Elizabeth, N. J., Tuesday, April 18, at 8 P. M. Interment at Bridgeport, Conn.

WILSON.—On Saturday, April 15, 1911, at the residence of her son, Francis A. Wilson, 45 Sidney Place, Brooklyn, Jeannie Marilla, widow of Matthew Wilson. Funeral private.

WRIGHT.—On April 15, 1911, in Williamstown, Mass., after a brief illness, W. Courtney, beloved son of William J. and Charlotte G. Wright, aged 18 years. Funeral service in his home, 214 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, April 18, at 8 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

BLOOMFIELD.—Isaac, 461 East 160th St., April 15, aged 74.

BODINE.—Catherine, 90 Christopher St., April 15.

BRADLEY.—Robert G., 468 West 133d St., April 14, aged 7. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BRILLES.—Rosa, April 14. Funeral 224 East 83d St.

CARROLL.—Catherine, April 15. Funeral 27 Columbus Av. to-morrow, 10 A. M.

CELULA.—Bertha, 19 Catharine St., April 14.

COHEN.—Barbette, 222 East 78th St., April 15. Funeral to-morrow, 11 A. M.

CONNELL.—Isabella, 1,489 2d Av., April 15. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

CURRAN.—Bridget, 635 1st Av., April 15, aged 55.

DEVLIN.—Charles H., 538 West 14th St., April 15. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

DAVIS.—Henry B., 200 West 80th St., April 5, aged 60.

DIMMLER.—Louise, 339 East 82d St., April 15, aged 48. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

DONOVAN.—Michael, 2,742 8th Av., April 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DOWNEY.—Daniel, 396 Hudson St., April 15. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

FELMER.—Theresa, 512 East 17th St., April 15, aged 75. Funeral to-day, noon.

FLANNIGAN.—Annie, 81 Amsterdam Av., April 15. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

FUREY.—William H., 739 East 183d St., April 14.

GAREISS.—Augustus, 2,966 Marion Av., Bronx, April 15, aged 71. Funeral private.

GILMARTIN.—Patrick, 210 Lafayette St., April 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GREEN.—Marjorie H., 1,131 Lexington Av., April 14, aged 4.

GIENN.—Margaret R., 145 East 60th St., April 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HAHN.—John E., 955 Boston Road, Bronx, April 14, aged 56.

HEALY.—Elizabeth, 336 East 29th St., April 14, aged 51.

HESTER.—Charles T., April 13. Funeral 344 East 29th St.

KELLEHER.—Cornelius, 134 East 175th St., April 14, aged 74.

KELLY.—Patrick, 406 East 16th St., April 15. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

LEWIS.—Mary, 475 10th Av., April 15, aged 15.

McGINNIS.—Margaret, 233 East 40th St., April 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McGRANE.—Mary A., 432 West 17th St., April 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MAHONEY.—Mary A., 171 East 106th St., April 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MALLON.—John, 866 Columbus Av., April 14.

MALLON.—Julia, 5 Batavia St., April 14, aged 57.

MALMBERG.—Minnie, 160 East 64th St., April 13, aged 18.

MATHEUS.—Martin, 433 West 18th St., April 13.

MERRILL.—Benjamin, 217 West 104th St., April 15. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MODA.—Isaac, 2,307 7th Av., April 14, aged 84.

MURPHY.—Anna H., 512 5th Av., April 14. Funeral to-day.

O'BRIEN.—James S., 438 Lenox Av., April 14. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

O'FLAHERTY.—John, 558 West 42d St., April 15, aged 30.

SCULLY.—Ellen, 209 West 15th St., April 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

SENGENS.—Margaret, 539 9th St., April 15. Funeral to-morrow.

VAN GAASBECK.—Jeannette A., Baptist Home, April 14, aged 85. Funeral to-day.

VOGELL.—Climerah L., 124 West 165th St., April 15. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

WALSH.—Michael J., 406 East 115th St., April 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WHALEN.—John A., 298 East Broadway, April 15. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

WINNIK.—William H., 58 Bank St., April 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

ZANNET.—Margaret L., 336 West 42d St., April 14.

Brooklyn.

BAZIEN.—John F., 262 Willoughby Av., April 14.

BEARDALL.—Elizabeth, 1,226 Prospect Av., April 15, aged 85. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

CARLIN.—James E., 230 6th Av., April 14. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

CARROLL.—James, 613 65th St., April 14. Funeral notice later.

CROAKE.—Jennie S., 172 Ralph Av., April 13, aged 52.

CARMICHAEL.—John, 524A Hancock St., April 14, aged 64.

ENRIGHT.—Eugene, 105 15th St., April 13, aged 4. Funeral to-morrow.

FARRELL.—Lillian, 269 Sackett St., April 15.

FOX.—Elizabeth, 160 Bond St., April 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GILLESPIE.—Edward F., 472 6th St., April 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HEENAN.—Joseph, 263 Bridge St., April 13, aged 37.

JARVIS.—Adaline, 875 East 34th St., April 15, aged 95. Funeral service to-day.

KLUGE.—Gertrude, 351 Winthrop St., April 15. Funeral private.

KILLMER.—Frank G., 80 Buffalo Av., April 14, aged 21. Funeral to-day.

KNAPP.—Howard, 8 Clinton St., April 14.

MULLEN.—Mary M., Morris Park, April 14. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PAULUS.—Charles, 1,308 Myrtle Av., April 15, aged 59.

PRESTON.—Mary R., 305 Monroe St., April 15, aged 56.

RIGNEY.—Josephine, 173 Woodruff Av., April 15. Funeral to-day.

STEPHAN.—Leonard, 126 Lynch St., April 15, aged 24.

SWANTON.—Elizabeth, 371 Hoyt St., April 15, aged 60.

TEICHLAUF.—Solomon, 515 Bedford Av., April 15. Funeral to-day.

TITUS.—William H., 73 Enfield St., April 14, aged 56.

ZOLINSKY.—Sigmund, 75 St. Mark's Av., April 15. Funeral private.

Long Island.

HIBSON.—Joseph C., Flushing, April 14, aged 67. Funeral service to-day.

New Jersey.

ADAMS.—Mary A., 309 9th St., Jersey City, April 15, aged 42.

ANDERSON.—Carl, 1,108 Clinton St., Hoboken, April 13, aged 22.

AUFFINGER.—Joseph, 242 Griffith St., Jersey City, April 13.

AYERS.—Johanna, 213 Mercer St., Jersey City, April 15, aged 61.

BERRIAN.—Emma F., Newark, April 14. Funeral service to-day.

BENNETT.—Mary, 61 South St., Jersey City, April 15, aged 35.

BRUNNER.—Anna, 267 Clinton St., Hoboken, April 14, aged 59.

BOYNE.—Mary, West New York, April 13, aged 62.

CLOUGH.—W., 34 Grand Av., Jersey City, April 14.

DAVIS.—Lillian V., West New York, April 14.

DONOHUE.—Margaret, 208 Bay St., Jersey City, April 14, aged 2.

ECKEL.—Beatrice, 171 Wilkinson Av., Jersey City, April 14, aged 8.

FARRINGTON.—Thomas J., 3 Prior St., Jersey City, April 15, aged 21.

FIELDS.—Anna, 66 Ege Av., Jersey City, April 13.

FITZGERALD.—Catherine, Hudson Heights, April 14, aged 21.

FRANKA.—Franz, 687 Garden St., Hoboken, April 15, aged 38.

GIFFORD.—Mary C., Jersey City, April 14.

HAYES.—Eleanor, 615 Summit Av., Jersey City, April 14.

JONES.—John J., 349 Pavonia Av., Jersey City, April 15, aged 52.

KING.—Mary E., 300 River St., Hoboken, April 15, aged 49.

LIKELY.—Madeline, 732 Garden St., Hoboken, April 13, aged 2.

McKEIVER.—James P., 558 West Side Av., Jersey City, April 14, aged 58.

MARSH.—Margaret L., Scotch Plains, April 14. Funeral to-day.

MAYNARD.—Edward M., 119 Shermond Place, Jersey City, April 15, aged 26.

MILL.—Rachel A., 417 Central Av., Jersey City, April 15, aged 74.

MILLS.—Harriet M., 349 Summit Av., West Hoboken, April 14, aged 5.

MULLIGAN.—Rose, 147 Price St., Jersey City, April 14.

NICHOLS.—Jasper, Rutherford, April 14, aged 68.

—Philipine, West Hoboken, April 13, aged 22.

PLATT.—Marion E., Bloomfield, April 14, aged 6. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

POST.—Henry E., 190 Washington St., Jersey City, April 15.

RENNIE.—Annie, Cliffside, April 13, aged 82.

SOBKE.—Clara, 23 Holden Lane, Jersey City, April 15, aged 21.

SUPPLE.—Batholomew, 149 Wayne St., Jersey City, April 14, aged 47.

TYCZYNSKI.—Raymond, 240 Wilkinson Av., Jersey City, April 13, aged 23.

WILLARD.—George P., 344 2d St., April 14, aged 37.

New York State.

SMITH.—R. C., Peekskill, April 14.

In Memoriam.

ANDRIESSE.—Israel, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemtery, April 23, 2 P. M.

BACHRACH.—William, unveiling monument, Mount Nebob Cemetery, April 23, 3 P. M.

BIRMINGHAM.—Edward F., mass St. Brigid's Church, April 19, 9 A. M.

BLATT.—Nathan, unveiling monument, Salem Fields Cemetery, April 23, 3 P. M.

CALVERLY.—Jane, in memory of; died April 20, 1907.

GEISMAN.—Joseph, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, April 23, 1:45 P. M.

GRONAU.—Louis, unveiling monument, Mount Zion Cemetery, April 23, 3 P. M.

GUGENHEIM.—Max, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, April 23.

McELKENNEY.—Mary, mass St. John's Church, Kingsbridge, to-day, 9 A. M.

McGLINSEY.—John D., in memory of; died April 18, 1906.

MOAN.—Anna, mass Chruch of the Epiphany, to-day, 9 A. M.

NOONAN.—Sarah T., mass St. Joseph's Church, to-day, 8 A. M.

OPPENHEIMER.—Isaac, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, April 23, 2 P. M.

OSSUSKY.—Henry, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, April 23, 3 P. M.

ROSENFELD.—Eliza, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, April 23, 2 P. M.

RUSH.—Catharine, mass St. John the Evangelist's Church, April 20, 8 A. M.

SCHLOSS.—Louis, unveiling monument, Mount Carmel Cemetery, April 23, 3 P. M.

STRAUS.—Tillie, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, April 23, 2 P. M.

WALLACH.—Joseph, unveiling monument, Linden Hill Cemetery, April 23, 3 P. M.

WEENING.—Joseph, unveiling monument, Mount Zion Cemetery, April 23, 2:30 P. M.

WHELAN.—Frank, in memory of; died April 18, 1907.

ZEITUNG.—Max and Lena, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, April 23, 2 P. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

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Casket, Box, Robe, Embalming, Hearse, Coaches, Furnishings. Satisfaction guaranteed. 'Phone makes us neighbors. Call 2070 River.. Dargeon, 107th, Amst'm av.

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SPORTING NEWS

Continued from Page 9.

SOLDIERS COMPETE IN HANDICAP GAMES

Athletes of the Twenty-second Regiment Contest in Season's Final Competition.

Twenty-second Regiment athletes held their concluding competitive series yesterday in the armory, Broadway and Sixty-eighth Street, with some capital performances resulting. At the conclusion of the games it was announced that W. McIntyre was the winner of the point trophy, given by Capt. Charles J. Dieges to the man tallying the greatest number of places during the season.

The sports were framed in order to give the officers of the association an insight as to the calibre of the team which will represent Defendam in the Military Athletic League championships next Saturday night in their armory.

From the present outlook, the Twenty-second's entry will fall far short in the matter of point scoring as against other years, through the defection of some of the best men in the regiment, who absolutely refuse to carry the regimental colors. Chief among these is Mel Sheppard, who was disciplined last year at the championships and on whose account the whole of the Twenty-second team abstained from competition when it was considered that it could have won the team honors.

The relay race at one mile called out one of the closest finishes and was probably the best race of the meet. The team of Company F went away in the first two relays as though to make a runaway of the event, Walters and Foster getting a thirty-yard lead on Noel and Slattery of the opposing team. B. Ed Lohse of the latter aggregation, however, did some fine running in his relay, and, doing his quarter in 0:53, managed to cut the advantage of the leaders down to one yard when he turned the last relay over to Ed Coyle, who just beat out Conlin of F by a yard in 3:43. The summary:

70-Yard Dash; Handicap.—Final heat won by C. B. Clark, Company A, (scratch;) W. McIntyre, Company E, (9 feet,) second; J. Strube, Company F, (9 feet,) third. Time—0:07 3-5.

One-Mile Relay Race.—Won by Company B team, composed of E. Noel, C. P. Slattery, E. Lohse, and E. Coyle; Company F team, composed of W. Walters, A. Foster, J. L. Harris, and C. F. Conlin, second. Time—3:43.

220-Yard Low Hurdle Race; Handicap.—Won by W. McIntyre, Company E, (6 yards;) R. Schaeffer, Company F, (6 yards,) second; R. Jenkins, Company F, (4 yards,) third. Time—0:28.

One-Mile Run; Handicap.—Won by E. Hills, Company E, (scratch;) J. Harris, Company F, (25 yards,) second; H. B. Norman, Company K, (60 yards,) third. Time—4:45 4-5.

Two-Mile Bicycle Race; Handicap.—Won by H. Lightfine, Company F, (scratch;) Jack Donovan, Company K, (100 yards,) second; W. Buckingham, Company F, (scratch,) third. Time—5:23.

One-Mile Walk; Handicap.—Won by B. Mann, Company F, (scratch;) E. Durtnell, Company F, (0:12,) second; R. Schaeffer, Company F, (0:05,) third. Time—7:34.

HOOLEY TAKES MOHEGAN RUN

Thirty Harriers Finish Six-Mile Road Race in the Bronx.

In a field of thirty-one starters, of which thirty finished, G. Hooley, unattached, romped home first in the ten-mile cross-country run of the Mohegan A. C. yesterday. The unpleasant weather served to hurry the pack along, and from the start the entire bunch hung well together. The course was laid over the upper end of the club's twelve-mile run on May 6. The course was from the clubhouse to Willis Avenue Bridge to Southern Boulevard, up to Bronx Oval, then to 180th Street, west to Jerome Avenue, down Jerome Avenue to Central Bridge to Seventh Avenue to 126th Street, and finished at the clubhouse.

Hooley took the lead at the start and went out in front at a fast pace in an effort to kill off the pack and open a large gap, but he found the task a hard one as many of the runners picked up the pace and held the leader safely for more than five miles. As they passed the Oval Hooley was closely followed by Tom Hogan of the Holy Cross Lyceum and W. Burke of the home club, running in this position for over a mile with the trio of Nelson, Brown, and Glasser as the second division.

Turning at 180th Street and Jerome Avenue, Hooley was still in the lead by a small margin, with Meyer and Harris as his followers, in which position they finally finished. From Jerome Avenue to the finish the positions remained the same with the first fifteen runners, and they came in at about intervals of one minute for the first eight, after which they came over the line in bunches. Hooley's time for the ten miles was 1:07:50. The order of finish:

G. Hooley, unattached; U. Meyer, Italian Gymnasium Association; T. Harris, Glencoe A. C.; M. Nelson, Glencoe A. C.; W. Burke, Mott Haven A. C.; F. McCullough, Glencoe A. C.; C. Burris, West Side A. C.; T. Hogan, Holy Cross Lyceum; H. Jackson, Italian Gymnasium Association; G. Nazzulcca, Glencoe A. C.; W. G. Wilson, Xavier A. C.; S. D. Richman, Glencoe A. C.; J. Crowley, Glencoe A. C.; C. Ressinico, St. George's Lyceum; I. H. Brown, Xavier A. C.; F. Miller, Glencoe A. C.; R. Clark, unattached; L. Taschman, Mercury A. C.; J. Lykes, Alphabet A. C.; S. Benafatto, Glencoe A. C.; A. Glasser, Glencoe A. C.; J. Ohland, Alphabet A. C.; W. P. Dickson, unattached; J. Kalnig, Glencoe A. C.; T. Kelly, unattached; R. Rosenstein, Sheridan A.C.; J. Holy, unattached; F. Early, National A. C.; W. Carroll, unattached.

New York Athletes at Ithaca.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA N. Y., April 16.—Of the seventy-seven "C men from last year's Cornell teams and those given the letter up to this time this year thirty-nine came from the State of New York, according to figures compiled here. Seven Cornell Captains come from this State. Half of the football and crew men and more than that percentage of baseball and track men are also from this State.

Lehigh Track Athletics.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., April 16.—The Athletic Committee of Lehigh University, at its regular meeting, ratified the track team schedule, which is as follows: April 29—Penn relays, Philadelphia; May 3—Haverford, at home; 6—Rutgers, at home; 17—Lafayette, at Easton; 20—Swarthmore, at Swarthmore; 27—Intercollegiates, at Harrisburg. The following members of the gymnasium team were awarded monograms: J. M. Bley, R. W. Jannus, J. W. Tremlett, J. Bailey, C. D. Kester, E. Bowen, G. P. Flick, S. Elliott, and C. W. Pettigrew.

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SPORTING EVENTS.

BASEBALL, Amer. League Park, To-day, 4 P. M., Giants vs. Brooklyn. Adm. 25c. & 50c.

MOTOR TRUCK PARADE.

Many Commercial Vehicles Will Be in Line Saturday.

Entries for the motor truck parade, which is to be held in this city Saturday, are beginning to come in. Up to Saturday noon the Motor Truck Club had received entries from seventy-five individual firms, including commercial motor vehicle dealers and manufacturers and owners. These are entering from one to ten vehicles apiece, so that the parade, the first of its kind to be held in New York, will be a big success.

In addition to the entries already made over seventy firms have stated their intention of having motor trucks or delivery wagons in line next Saturday. The firms that have already made formal entries are Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Company, Mosler Safe Company, Edward Davis, Joseph McGinness, Bell Brothers, Rupert Brewing Company, Alden Speare's Sons Company, E. Greenfield's Son & Co., New York Zoological Society, F. F. Dean, Smith, Gray & Co., Rockwell Motor Transportation Company, Rees & Rees, New York Telephone Company, J. G. Leikens, Joseph Bollander, H. L. Grey, George J. Pickell, A. D. Eyre, Hanby Express Company, Hudson County Towel Supply Company, Sanitary Towel Supply Company, A. B. See Elevator Company, Paul Steir, Meyer & Voss, United States Tire Company, Ajax Grieb Rubber Company, Junction Motor Company, Metzger Motor Company, Alden Sampson Manufacturing Company, Renault Freres Selling Branch, Carl H. Page Company, De Dion-Bouton, Remington Standard Motor Company, Buick Motor Company, Chase Motor Truck Company, Wyckoff, Church & Partridge, Kelly Motor Company, Knox Automobile Company, Diamond Rubber Company, Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, and the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company.

In a letter sent to every user of commercial motor vehicles in this city the Motor Truck Club says, in part:

"This will be your first opportunity to display your vehicles in a strictly motor truck parade in New York City. As a means of advertising your own business and your progressive spirit it cannot be surpassed, for it will be the greatest commercial spectacle this city has yet seen. Inasmuch as the parade will start at 1:30 and be over at about 4 o'clock, you will not lose more than about three hours' service, and the advertising gained thereby will far more than offset the short time given up to it. A full load can be carried if desired, and distributed to your customers after the parade is over.

"There is no entrance fee, and suitable banners will be provided to mention the name of the truck, but not to interfere with your own painted advertisement on the sign boards. This parade is being held to impress the public with the tremendous improvement in delivery and transportation service, to advertise the business acumen and progress of the motor truck owner, and to promote the motor vehicle industry."

Milo Wins $10,000 Stake.

PARIS, April 16.—The Prix du President de la Republique, a steeplechase handicap at two miles six and one-half furlongs, was run over the Auteuil course to-day. The stake amounts to $10,000, with a valuable trophy added. The winner proved to be the chestnut filly Milo, owned by Gaston Dreyfus. M. Guerlain's Hopper was second and M. Lienart's Teuton third. The Prix du Bois, a selling chase at two miles one and one-half furlongs, was won by Eugene Fischof's bay colt Ouf, with Thomas Hitchcock, Jr.'s, Iakoutsk second.

NEW HORSES ON SPEEDWAY.

Road Drivers Brush in Face of Heavy Snowstorm.

The cold wind and April snowstorm yesterday morning did not keep the road drivers from celebrating Easter Sunday on the Speedway, although for the first time in many years there were practically no brushes. The big drive is not yet opened and this is later than ever known, as in former years it not only was opened after April 1 but horses had had work enough to be ready for contests, even for matinées. Owners stated that the footing had hardly been dry enough for workouts more than half a dozen times this year, and their horses are not in shape for anywhere near fast work. The best horses were out and the public had a chance to see several newcomers as well as the best-known old ones that had not been on the drive any Sunday this year.

Nathan Straus and James A. Murphy arrived late on account of the snowstorm, yet both showed some of the former champions, who received a hearty applause on their initial appearance. Mr. Straus drove Denver, 2:14¼, which went several fast halves, fully convincing his many admirers that he is speedier than ever before.

Mr. Murphy drove his trotter, Brother Milrol, 2:14½. Mr. Murphy and Andrew Crawford, the latter driving his fast trotter, The Sailorman, 2:14¼, had a slow brush, the former finishing slightly in the lead. Mr. Murphy later drove Coast Marie, that old veteran of the drive, and she appears to improve in speed as she gets older.

While the snowstorm was at its worst, Joseph F. Gibbons, driving Claro, and Charles Weiland behind Sid Axworthy, were having a merry time in an impromptu brush. Both changed horses afterward, the former driving his chestnut pacer, Mahlon Wilkes, and the latter giving nearly an hour's stiff work to his trotter, Dewitt, 2:08¼, the well-known former Grand Circuiter from Cleveland. Mr. Gibbons came down with The Sailorman almost the entire distance and finished a bad second, as he did to Dr. Eddy, but neither was allowed to be called a winning brush.

STATE SOCCER HONORS.

Clan McDonalds Defeat Critchleys by 3 Goals to 1.

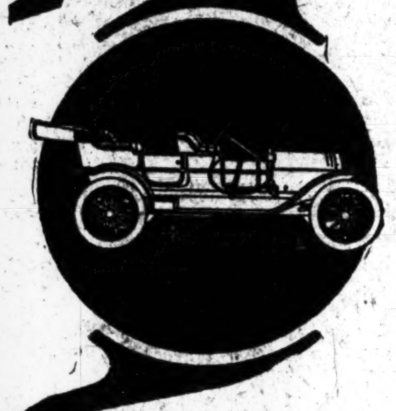
The privilege of playing in the final round for the State Soccer Cup of the New York Football Association was earned by the Clan McDonalds of Brooklyn, who defeated the Critchleys, winners of the Amateur League championship, by the score of 3 goals to 1 at Marquette Oval in Brooklyn, in the presence of 2,000 people, yesterday afternoon. It was a signal victory for the Clan McDonalds, who had previously made a record of a win and a tie in their two league games with the new champions. At the end of the first half the Clansmen, who had the most of the play from the start, led by a margin of 2 to 0, and they scored a third through a block of the goalkeeper's kick in the early part of the second period before the league champions were able to gather themselves together and score their first goal. James Cave shot all three of the goals for the winning team yesterday.

MAY END TROTTING WAR.

Grand Circuit and Columbus to Patch Up Differences.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 16.—Peace between the Grand Circuit and the Columbus Driving Park Company, which recently withdrew its membership in this chain of tracks, is in sight. Preliminary arrangements were made to-day by Secretary Harry Shepard of Columbus and H. C. Neally of Buffalo over the long-distance telephone. By to-morrow night the agreement is expected to be perfected.

It has been proposed to have the Buffalo meeting limited to three days, the first three of the week beginning Aug. 14. If this plan is adopted the Columbus racing will begin on Thursday, Aug. 17 and extend through Friday, Aug. 25, with Sunday for rest. There will be eight days of racing here instead of ten as intended originally.



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IN the 30 H.P. 4-cylinder motor of the Model T every precaution has been taken to eliminate noise and wear. The wheelbase of 112 inches brings easy riding and comfort when touring, and yet is not too long for handy turning in city traffic. The motor is so flexible that gear shifting is reduced to a minimum. The body is of the four-door type, with the foredoor easily detached. The spring suspension and upholstery are such as to provide the most comfortable riding. 34x4 inch tires are used on both front and rear wheels.

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51 h. p., Six-Cylinder, $5000
46 h. p., Four-Cylinder, $4700

Prices Include Top, Glass Front and Demountable Rims

The Lozier Six, leader of the 1912 line—the most successful six-cylinder car ever built—is in its fifth year. Scores of these cars have covered the roads and mountain passes of Europe. Hundreds have made their mark on American trails. They are in every city in America. Repeated winners of 24 hour races—the only six-cylinder cars which have ever won events of this kind—and the winner of the Atlanta 250-mile Grand Prize race last fall in world's record time.

The demonstrated success of this six-cylinder Lozier model—mark the prediction—will cause the last of the laggards to fall in line.

Cars of Matchless Endurance

No car in the world has in one season so strongly impressed the public with its consistency, its endurance, its absolute reliability. Mulford and Tetzlaff, driving Lozier stock cars, entered all the great road races of the past season—winning the National Championship and exactly three times as many of the big road races as any other car. It was the only make of car to win a place in every great road race of the year, never failing to finish in any race entered—emphatically proving its right to be called "the safest car built."

These were not racing cars, remember—but our regular, comfortable touring models, stripped for racing—and raced not to show speed, but to prove their wonderful staunchness, reliability and endurance.

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Two chasses only, identically alike except in motors—six cylinders and four. Three types of open bodies: Riverside (touring), Lakewood (torpedo), Briarcliff (toy tonneau). Four types of closed bodies.

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URSULA LEADS MOTOR BOATS

Duke of Westminster's Entry Captures Prince of Monaco's Prize.

MONTE CARLO, April 16.—In the motor boat regatta to-day the Prince of Monaco's Cup, valued at $2,000, and a cash prize of $400, one nautical mile, was won by the Duke of Westminster's Ursula in 2:34. The cruisers' prize of $300 for the same distance was won by the Sigmalabor in 3:15.

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BRUSH	Cars. John Moore & Co., 2,008 Broadway. 'Phone 5369—Columbus.
BUICK	Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CORBIN	1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 3810 Col.
CARHARTT CARS	1,989 Broadway, near 68th St. Tel. 7159 Col.
E-M-F & Flanders	Studebaker Bros. Co. of N. Y. Broadway and 59th St. Phone 7151 Columbus.
FIAT	"THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,786 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
KNOX	Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
Lexington	40 H. P., $1,650. C. S. Baeder, Agt., 1993 B'way.
NATIONAL	POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1,932 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
OAKLAND	30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,500. 1,659 Broadway, at 52d St. Tel. 477 Col.
"SIMPLEX"	"Made in New York City." 1860-62 B'way. Tel. 5188 Col.
STEVENS-DURYEA	A. G. Spalding & Bros., 29 W. 42d. Tel. 433 Bryant.
WHITE	WHITE CO., B'way & 62d St. 'Phone 2952 Col.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

Ball Bearings	HESS BRIGHT CO., 1,974 B'way, (67th St.)
SPLITDORF-MAGNETO	Walton Ave. & 138th St. Branch 1,679 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL
"Founded on Honesty." "Prospers on Merit." Write for booklet. 233 West 54th St.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. New term just starting. Individual road lessons. Small group classes. Booklets. 302 West 57th St.

Marmon
"The Reliable Car"
You can't hear a Marmon till you see it. It's the quietest, smoothest running car in the world. If this isn't so you can easily disprove it.
Marmon Thirty-Two $2,800
4 and 5 Passenger Touring Cars
Roadsters Town Cars
Better See the Marmon
Bowman Automobile Co.
Salesrooms:
1661 Broadway, near 52d Street
Main Office and Garage, 225 W. 49th St.

Automobile Exchange

Brings together Buyers and Sellers of Reliable Bargains in used Motor Cars, Tires and Accessories.
Eliminates trouble and hastens sales.
Telephone—1000 Bryant.

Advertising Rates:—

One insertion	25c. per line
Three insertions in one week, including Sunday	60c. per line
Seven consecutive insertions	$1.05 per line

USED CARS FOR SALE.

RELIABLE USED CARS

BUICK M. 10, RUNABOUT	$500.00
BUICK M. 10, SURREY	550.00
BUICK M. 10, TOY TONNEAU	650.00
BUICK M. 19, TOURING	850.00
BUICK M. 17, TOURING	750.00
BUICK M. 2A, TRUCK (NEW)	1,000.00
POPE-HARTFORD, TOURING	850.00
NATIONAL, 7 PASS. TOURING	850.00
PACKARD TOURING	850.00
FRANKLIN TOURING	150.00
AUTOCAR RUNABOUT	150.00

We advertise as reliable dealers and as such we solicit your patronage.
GLIDDEN MOTOR & SUPPLY CO.,
239 WEST 58TH ST.,
AT BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

A1 CARS: PRICES AT BED ROCK. Come to Headquarters for a "Square Deal." All Makes, in PINK of Condition. TIRES—PRICES ABSOLUTELY UNDER ALL. Every Make—Big Stock—Tubes also. BODIES: AMERICAN AND IMPORTED. Put on your chassis—Whole Job Complete. Only Place of Its Kind in New York. BROADWAY AUTO EXCHANGE, 1,759 to 1,767 Broadway (bet. 56th and 57th St.)

A lot of automobiles (fourteen), consisting principally of touring cars of many makes in different states of repair; all will be sold for spot cash at a very low figure; come immediately and get your choice of the lot; complete chassis, bodies, engines, tires, everything. 162½ West 46th.

Why buy a second-hand car when oyu can get a new Brush car at $460, f. o. b. New York; speed up to 30 miles an hour; climbs any hill; guaranteed one year; cars taken in trade. JOHN MOORE & CO., 2,008 Broadway.

Alco demi-limousine, 24 HP. Overhauled, refinished and guaranteed. An ideal car for Summer touring. $1,750. American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 5300 Columbus.

ALL MAKES BOUGHT AND SOLD. DELIVERY WAGONS—ALL CAPACITIES. 20TH CENTURY AUTOMOBILE CO., 244 West 49th St., near Broadway.

Alco landaulet, 40 HP. Is being rebuilt, refinished, repainted, and will be sold with a new car guarantee. American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 5300 Columbus.

Almost new, high-grade monoplane must be sold at once, with French engine, propeller, and assembled ready for flight; guarantee given. Opportunity, 374 Times Downtown.

Palmer-Singer 6-60 toy tonneau, late 1909 model. Has been overhauled, repainted, and fitted with top. American Locomotive Company, 1836 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 5300 Columbus.

1908 Lozier, 7 passenger trouring car, all overhauled and newly painted; full equipment; can be seen and tried out at C. G. V. Import. Co., 549 West 59th St., N. Y.

A client will sell 1910 Velie 40 h. p., fully equipped; run less than 5,000 miles; $950; no dealers. Crichton Realty Co., 200 West 72d, New York.

Chalmers 1911 "30" limousine; practically new. Has a complete equipment. $2,100. American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 5300 Columbus.

Will exchange high-grade monoplane assembled ready for flight for automobile; must be good make. Opportunity, 349 Times Downtown.

Thomas 60 HP. touring, with extra limousine body. Has been overhauled. Willing to accept a reasonable offer. American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 5300 Columbus.

Practical instructions how to fly aeroplane given in exchange for auto. Opportunity, 242 Times Downtown.

Lozier 1908, 45 HP., seven passenger. In excellent condition. Will accept a reasonable offer. American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 5300 Columbus.

A swell 20-30 Renault landaulet for sale or hire, cheap; A1 condition. 3,342 Hull Av., Bronx. Tel. 533 Williamsbridge.

CHALMERS "40" HP light delivery automobile. Carl H. Page and Company, 50th St. and Broadway.

HUPMOBILE—GOOD CONDITION. Quick, $425. 737 7th Av., Cor. 49th St.

1911 Auburn 40, fully equipped, slightly used; reasonable. Mr. Bellows, 103 West 51st St.

1910 CHALMERS rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

1ST QUALITY AUTOMOBILE TIRES.
High grade standard makes. No junk.
Complete List mailed free.

28x3	$10.50	32x3½	$16.85
30x3	11.25	34x3½	17.55
29x3½	15.40	32x4	20.85
30x3½	15.85	34x4	22.50

All other Sizes Proportionately Cheap.
NOTE—We have regular second grade shoes for about half above prices.
Complete Cut Rate Supply Catalogue Mailed Free. E. J. WILLIS CO., 85 Chambers St., near Broadway.

AUTO TIRES—BEST QUALITY.
THE Leading Standard Makes.
No Junk of Obscure Manufacturers.

28x3	10.00	30x3½	15.75	34x3½	17.50
30x3	10.75	32x3½	16.75	30x4	18.00

Popular Makes of Established Reputation.
Kn'c'k'b'r T. & R. Co., 794 7th Av., nr. 52d St.

ELECTRIC VEHICLE BATTERIES.
We have the best equipped battery workshop and longest experience. Bring your storage battery troubles to us, and they'll be dealt with intelligently and with economy to you.
THOMPSON, 562 WEST 52D ST.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING, overhauling, and remodeling at very reasonable prices; difficult machine work a specialty; estimates furnished. SCHLOSSER MFG. CO., 151 East 126th St.

AUTOMOBILES TO RENT.

AUTOS FOR HIRE.
We will furnish any style foreign or American made car with a smart looking, competent and respectful chauffeur; will fit him out with livery to be made to order, for any lady or gentleman who wishes to engage an automobile for the season or year.
RITZ AUTO COMPANY,
59 West 53d St., New York City.
'Phone 2167 Plaza.

PACKARD AND RENAULT CARS.
Hour, day, or month.
F. T. SANFORD AUTOMOBILE CO.,
44, 46, 48 West 43d St.
'Phone Bryant 1881-2.

For Rent.—Elegant Palmer-Singer landaulet car, monthly, reasonable rates, with competent chauffeur. Henry Kless, 483 Park Av.; tel. 2437—Plaza.

PACKARD AUTO RENTING GARAGE.
124 West 50th. 'Phone 409 Columbus.
BEST SERVICE. LOWEST RATES.

STUDYING ALASKA GLACIERS.

Third Expedition to be Sent This Year by Geographical Society.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 16.—The third expedition for the purpose of studying the Alaska glaciers sent out by the National Geographical Society will be started next Summer under the leadership of Prof. Ralph S. Tarr, Cornell Geologist, assisted by his former student, Prof. Ernest Martin of the University of Wisconsin.

The Research Committee of the society has voted $5,000 for the expedition. The previous expeditions were also conducted by Messrs. Tarr and Martin. This year the scientists will explore the Inward Passage and study the glaciers of Muir and Taku.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Carter Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; T. Keeley, domestics; 43 Leonard St.; Hotel Latham.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; F. E. Shaw, dry goods; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Broztell.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; H. MacDougall, woolen dress goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Broztell.

McBain & Hyslup, Roanoke, Va.; G. B. McBain, dress goods, silks, cloaks, and laces; 55 White Street.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; F. H. Myers, dress goods; 2 Walker Street.

Gutman, Joel & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss S. Sachs, millinery; 79 Grand Street.

Galland Brothers, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; M. Galland, muslin underwear; 9 West Twenty-second Street.

August Brothers, Rochester, N. Y.; D. August, clothing; Hotel Marlborough.

Kitchen & Gould, Norfolk, Va.; I. G. Kitchen, dry goods; Hotel Long Acre.

Holmes, D. H., Company, New Orleans, La.; L. E. Masson, dress goods; 20 East Twentieth Street; Hotel Long Acre.

Sessions, F. W., Millinery Company; J. V. Clement, millinery; 621 Broadway.

Miller, Rhoads & Swartz, Norfolk, Va.; H. L. Linnell, upholstery goods; 55 White Street; The Hermitage.

Cleaver, J. N., Portland, Ore.; carpets; Hotel Wellington.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. T. Diller, furs; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Wellington.

Baird Dry Goods Company, Jellico, Tenn.; R. L. Moore, notions and furnishing goods; Hotel Grand.

Pettis Dry Goods Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; H. L. Alden, dress goods; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Grand.

Fordyce-Osborne Company, Youngstown, Ohio; W. B. Mitchell, cloaks and muslin underwear; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Grand.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. M. Rosenthal, coats, suits, waists, and dresses; 215 Fourth Avenue.

Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss A. Doyle, children's wear; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Pelletier Company, Sioux City, Iowa; L. S. Meares, cloaks, suits, and infants' wear; 45 East Seventeenth Street.

Bradshaw Brothers, Minneapolis, Minn.; D. Bradshaw, millinery ornaments; 621 Broadway.

Duffy & McInnerney Company, Rochester, N. Y.; W. J. Neal, clothing and hats; 45 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Victoria.

Stein, M., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. Stein, piece goods; Hoffman House.

PACIFIC COAST RESIDENT SALESMAN desires line of silk waists and silk dresses or silk petticoats for territory Denver West for coming Fall season; best New York references and connections. Address M. B., R. 523 Commercial Bldg., San Francisco.

SALESMAN.—Neat line of popular-priced underwear can secure services of salesman calling on department stores in New York and New England; commission basis. Box 24, 352 6th Av.

Guide for Buyers.

One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, and 846 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Lesmann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
KHAKI CLOTHING, PANTS & SHIRTS.
H. P. Friedman & Bro., 52 Lispenard St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite. (Floridine Mfg. Co.) 42 Franklin.
MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings
Hauser & Davis Mfg., 59 East 8th St.
MARABOU NECKWEAR AND MUFFS.
Ostrich & Fancy Feather Boa Co., 28 E. 10th.
NECKWEAR. Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, and 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 Broadway.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NOTICE.

TO ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against THE SYDNEY H. SOUTER SILK COMPANY:—Please take notice that pursuant to an order made by Hon. E. Henry Lacombe in a suit pending in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York—wherein the Standard Silk Dyeing Company is complainant and The Sydney H. Souter Silk Company is defendant—on March 13, 1911, you are hereby required to present your claims against such defendant, with the vouchers therefor, to the Ancillary Receivers, H. W. Chamberlin and Theodore W. Morris, Jr., at the office of the latter, No. 32 Liberty Street, New York City, on or before May 1 next.

Proof of claim may be made in the first instance before any Notary Public, Commissioner or Master in Chancery of the above-named Court. The order further provides that unless such creditors duly prove their claims in the first instance, within the time so limited they shall be excluded from any distribution of the property of said defendant in such suit.

Dated New York, March 14, 1911.
H. W. CHAMBERLIN,
THEODORE W. MORRIS, Jr.,
Ancillary Receivers of The Sydney H. Souter Silk Company.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MARTIN J. POTTER, bankrupt. Please take notice that the undersigned, the Receiver in Bankruptcy of the above-named bankrupt, will sell to the highest bidder at private sale on competitive written bids of the assets and effects of the said bankrupt, now located at Glen Island, New York, consisting of a quantity of wines, ale, mineral water, champagne, whisky, brandy, all in bottles in good condition. All bids must be submitted to the Receiver at his office, 115 Broadway, New York City, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 24th day of April, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be marked "Bid in the matter of Martin J. Potter, bankrupt." All bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for at least ten per cent. of the amount of the bid. The Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Should the Receiver accept any of the bids, the successful bidder will be called to pay the balance of the purchased price within twenty-four hours after acceptance; should the Receiver fail to accept any bids so made, the property will then be offered for sale at Public Auction on the 27th day of April, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. For inspection of the said property apply to the attorneys for the Receiver.
ALBER FALCK, Receiver, 115 Broadway.
CARELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway.

IN THE MATTER OF A. ROSENER & CO. To all whom it may concern:

Please take notice that the undersigned, pursuant to the deed of assignment made to him for the benefit of creditors, will sell, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, at 846 Westchester Av., Bronx, New York City, on the 17th day of April, 1911, at 2 P. M., all the property belonging to the said debtors, consisting of machinery, fixtures, woolens, satins, linings, trimmings, &c., used in the merchant tailoring business. The assignee reserves the right to reject any purchases made at this sale unless the same are confirmed by the Court.

Dated New York, April 10th, 1911.
A. JOSEPH GEIST, Assignee.
JULIUS KENDLER, Attorney for Assignee, 309 Broadway, New York City.

CORONATION WEEK.
London, England.

FOR THE CORONATION.

A very bright, well furnished Flat, one minute's walk from Hyde Park; $300 for month of June; contains large sitting room, large double bedroom, bathroom; has electric light, hot water, telephones; meals in dining room or served in apartment; very reasonable prices; servant left if desired. Address Mrs. MINELL, 70 Park Mansions, Knights Bridge, London.

Coronation, London, Clapham Common, S. W., to be let for 6 weeks or longer at £75 per week; large detached residence, furnished, containing 15 rooms, bathroom, and usual offices; large garden, lawn, &c.; also rooms in office at St. George's Circus, S. E., one of the best positions on the route for viewing the procession; £20 to £30 per room. Apply Watts, Auctioneer, 5 St. George's Circus, London, S. E., England.

Coronation.—Modern seven-room apartment for rent in London; reasonable. D 228 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

Germany.

GERMANY'S BEST HOTELS.
The Atlantic Kaiserhof, in Berlin, and the Atlantic Hotel in Hamburg. Write Town and Country, 389 5th Av., N. Y., for booklets.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,757.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX WEINGARTEN, HENRY DURST, and MAX DURST, individually and composing the firm of N. Y. ROYAL RUBBER CO., Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Max Weingarten, Henry Durst, and Max Durst, individually and composing the firm of N. Y. Royal Rubber Co., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1911, the said Max Weingarten, Henry Durst, and Max Durst, individually and composing the firm of N. Y. Royal Rubber Co., were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
April 15, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,922.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH D. ZERWICH, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Joseph D. Zerwich of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Joseph D. Zerwich was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
April 15, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HYMAN LABES, individually and as member of firm of COHEN & LABES, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Hyman Labes, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 30, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and others persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 22d, 1911 at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, April 14, 1911.

MASTER'S SALES.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS.—

THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE; THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE; GEORGE J. GOULD, ET ALS., COMPLAINANTS, VERSUS INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, DEFENDANT.

Consolidated Cause No. 2,501.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, COMPLAINANT, VERSUS INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, AND THOMAS J. FREEMAN, AS RECEIVER OF THE INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, DEFENDANTS.

Equity Cause No. 2,514.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of a decree in these causes made and entered on or about the tenth day of May, 1910, foreclosing the mortgage made by the International and Great Northern Railroad Company to The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as Trustee, dated June 15th, 1881; and of decrees of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Texas, entered on or about the 25th day of June, 1910; the Eastern District of Texas, entered on or about the 27th day of June, 1910; and the Western District of Texas, entered on or about the 29th day of June, 1910; in the suits in equity in each of said last mentioned Districts pending, wherein The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Trustee, is complainant, and the International and Great Northern Railroad Company, The Mercantile Trust Company, and Thomas J. Freeman, as Receiver of The International and Great Northern Railroad Company, are defendants, and in accordance with an order dated September 28th, 1910, made and entered in said Consolidated Cause No. 2,501, and in said Equity Cause No. 2,514; I, WILLIAM H. FLIPPEN, the Master Commissioner in and by said decrees appointed for the purpose, will, on Tuesday, the sixteenth day of May, 1911, at twelve o'clock, noon, at the passenger depot of the International and Great Northern Railroad Company in the City of Palestine, in the County of Anderson, in the State of Texas, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, and as an entirety, and without valuation, appraisement, redemption or extension, and with all muniments of title thereto and evidences of ownership thereof, the following property, premises, and franchises described in the said decrees, as follows:

"ALL and singular the lands, tenements, and hereditaments of the defendant International and Great Northern Railroad Company, whether owned at the date of the execution of the said Second Mortgage, namely, on the 15th day of June, 1881, or thereafter acquired by it, including its lines of railroad in the State of Texas, extending from the town of Longview, in the County of Gregg, in said State, through said County, and through the Counties of Rusk, Smith, Cherokee, Anderson, Leon, Robertson, Milam, Williamson, Travis, Hays, Comal, Bexar, Medina, Frio, La Salle, Encinal, and Webb, to Laredo in said last-mentioned County; and from the town of Mineola in Wood County to Troupe in Smith County; and from the City of Palestine in Anderson County, through the Counties of Houston, Trinity, Walker, and Montgomery, to Houston in Harris County; and from the town of Spring in Harris County, through the Counties of Montgomery, Waller, Grimes, Brazos, Robertson, Falls, McLennan, Limestone, Hill, Navarro, Ellis, and Johnson, to the City of Fort Worth, Tarrant County; with branches and branch lines from the town of Overton to the town of Henderson, in Rusk County, from the town of Round Rock to Georgetown in Williamson County, from the town of Phelps to the town of Huntsville in Walker County, from the City of Houston in Harris County to the town of Colombia in Brazoria County, from Navasota in Grimes County to Madisonville in Madison County, from Calvert Junction to Calvert, and from Waco Junction to East Waco; also, the railway and railway tracks and property appurtenant thereto, and certain tracts of land in and adjacent to the City of Houston in Harris County, State of Texas, known as the Houston Belt Terminals; a total distance of about eleven hundred and six miles of completed railroad, all in the State of Texas; also the trackage rights of the said International and Great Northern Railroad Company from Houston in Harris County to Galveston in Galveston County, in said State of Texas, over the railroad of the Galveston, Houston & Henderson Railroad Company, of 1882, accorded to it by an agreement between said last-named railroad company and said International and Great Northern Railroad Company, dated November 19th, 1895; also, all and singular the said International and Great Northern Railroad Company's railroads, tracks, rights of way, main lines, branch lines, superstructures, depots, depot-grounds, station houses, engine houses, car houses, freight houses, wood houses, sheds, watering places, workshops, machine shops, bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, and fixtures, together with all its leases, leasehold-interests, leased or hired lands, leased or hired railroads, and all its locomotives, tenders, cars, carriages, coaches, trucks, and other rolling stock; its machinery, tools, weighing scales, turn tables, rails, wood, coal, oil, fuel, equipment, furniture, and material of every name, nature, and description; together with all its corporate rights, privileges, immunities, and franchises, whether held at the time of the execution of the said Second Mortgage, namely, on June 15th, 1881, or thereafter acquired (including the franchise to be a corporation), and all the tolls, fares, freights, rents, income, issues, and profits thereof, and all the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders thereof, as well as all property purchased or held by the Receiver herein, including any balance of cash, credits, and income which may remain in his hands after application thereof, as herein provided or as has been or may hereafter be directed by the Court herein, to the payment of receivership obligations and charges and to the payment of claims which may be allowed by the Court herein against the same with priority over said Second Mortgage dated June 15th, 1881; excepting, however, all land grants, lands, land certificates, town lots, and town sites, owned or controlled by the said International and Great Northern Railroad Company at the date of the execution of said Second Mortgage, namely, on June 15th, 1881, or at any time prior to said date, which were not, on the first day of November, 1879, or thereafter up to the said 15th day of June, 1881, actually occupied and in use by the said Railroad Company and necessary to the occupation and maintenance of its lines of railroad; and excepting, further, any portions of said premises and property which may have been released from the lien and operation of said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, and the releases for which have been duly filed for record in the proper county."

The said premises and property will be sold subject to the mortgage dated November 1st, 1879, made by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company to John S. Kennedy and Samuel Sloan, as trustees, and known as said Railroad Company's First Mortgage, and subject also to any unpaid indebtedness or liability contracted or incurred by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company in the operation of its Railroad, which the Court has, since the entry of said decree herein, ordered or decreed, or which it may hereafter order or decree herein, to be prior or superior to the lien of the said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, except such as shall be paid or satisfied out of the income of the property in the hands of the Receiver herein under orders of the Court entered or to be entered herein; and subject also to such debts, claims, liens, and demands of whatsoever nature heretofore incurred or created, or which may hereafter be incurred or created by the Receiver herein under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein and which have not been or shall not hereafter be paid by said Receiver under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein, or other parties in interest herein; or out of the proceeds of the said sale as in said decree directed; and certain specific portions of said property and premises, namely: The San Antonio Passenger Station, the Colorado Bridge and certain equipment, will be sold respectively subject to the existing recorded mechanic's lien, the First Mortgage Colorado Bridge Bonds and the unsatisfied recorded equipment liens, specifically and respectively affecting the same.

The Master Commissioner will receive no bid from any person until such person shall have deposited with him the sum of $100,000. Such deposit will be returned in case the depositor's bid be not accepted; but if his bid be accepted, then such deposit will be held by the Master Commissioner on account of the purchase price.

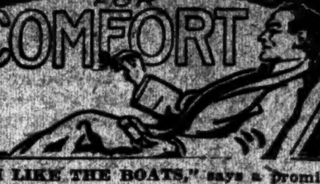
The purchaser, when the property is struck down to him, shall at once pay the Master Commissioner on account of his purchase a sufficient sum to make up with his deposit ten per centum of his accepted bid. The deposit required before bidding shall be paid in United States currency or in such certified draft, certificate or cheque as may be satisfactory to the Master Commissioner, or in a certificate of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company duly made payable to the order of said Master Commissioner. Said further payment shall be made either as aforesaid, or in the bonds and coupons secured by the said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, taken at a valuation equal to the amount said bonds and coupons would be entitled to receive in cash out of the amount bid for the said property. The certificate of the said The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company that it holds bonds and coupons as therein described subject to the order of the party named therein, such certificate being by him transferred to the order of said Master Commissioner, will be accepted in lieu of such bonds and coupons. Should any further payment not be made, the property will be forthwith resold, without further advertisement, the Court reserving the right to consider such resale made on account of said successful bidder or as an original sale; and in case of such resale, the deposit received from the said successful bidder will be applied on account of the purchase price. Such further portions of the purchase price shall be paid in money as the Court may from time to time direct, the Court reserving the right to resell the premises and property herein directed to be sold upon the failure of the purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their successors or assigns, to comply with any order of the Court in that regard, and in case of any such resale or the failure of the said purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their assigns, to comply with the terms of the bid or the orders of the Court relative to such additional payments, the said money, bonds and coupons so paid in as aforesaid shall be forfeited as liquidated damages and shall be applied toward the expenses of any resale ordered, or toward making good any deficiency or loss in case the property at such resale shall bring less than at the prior sale. The balance of the purchase price may be paid either in money or in bonds or overdue coupons secured by the said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, each said bond and coupon being received for such sum as the holder thereof would be entitled to receive under the distribution herein ordered and according to the priority herein adjudged. The certificate of the said The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company that it holds bonds and coupons as therein described subject to the order of the party named therein, said certificate being by him transferred to the order of said Master Commissioner, will be accepted in lieu of such bonds and coupons.

Within thirty days from the confirmation of said sale or such further time as the Court may allow on application of the purchaser for good cause shown, the purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their successors and assigns, shall complete payment of the entire amount bid to the Master Commissioner; and on such payment the said purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their successors and assigns, will be entitled to receive a deed of conveyance and bill of sale of the property purchased from the Master Commissioner, and from the other parties to this cause as in said decree herein provided, and to receive possession of the property so purchased from the parties holding possession of the same, subject, however, to the said mortgage, dated November 1st, 1879, made by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company to John S. Kennedy and Samuel Sloan, as Trustees, and known as said Railroad Company's First Mortgage; and subject also to any unpaid indebtedness or liability contracted or incurred by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company in the operation of its Railroad, which the Court, since the entry of the said decree herein has ordered or decreed, or may hereafter order or decree herein, to be prior or superior to the lien of said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, except such as shall be paid or satisfied out of the income of the property in the hands of the receiver herein, under orders of the Court entered or to be entered herein, and subject also to such debts, claims, liens, and demands of whatsoever nature heretofore incurred or created, or which may hereafter be incurred or created by the Receiver herein under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein, and which have not been or shall not hereafter be paid by said Receiver under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein, or other parties in interest herein, or out of the proceeds of said sale, as in said decree directed, and subject also, as to certain specific portions of said property and premises, namely, the San Antonio Passenger Station, the Colorado Bridge and certain equipment, to the existing recorded mechanic's lien, the First Mortgage Colorado Bridge Bonds and the unsatisfied recorded equipment liens specifically and respectively affecting the same. And the Court reserves jurisdiction over said property, notwithstanding such deed or deeds or delivery of possession, for the purpose of enforcing such payment.

For a more detailed statement of the terms and conditions under which said sale will be made, reference is hereby made to the said decrees and each and every one of them on file with the Clerks of the several Courts herein before mentioned.

Dated Dallas, Texas, April 17th, 1911.
WILLIAM H. FLIPPEN,
Master Commissioner.
GELLER, ROLSTON & HORAN,
BAKER, BOTTS, PARKER & GARWOOD,
Solicitors for Complainants.
THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.



"I LIKE THE BOATS," says a prominent business man who takes the trip weekly—"the wide decks for after-dinner exercise; the clean, comfortable rooms and Simon-pure air make me sleep fine; in the morning I am 'fit.'"

YOU'LL LIKE THEM, TOO!
PEOPLES LINE
NEW YORK AND ALBANY
Magnificent steamers ADIRONDACK or C. W. MORSE at 6 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted.)
CITIZENS LINE
NEW YORK, ALBANY AND TROY
New steel steamer TROJAN or RENSSELAER at 6 P. M. daily (Saturdays excepted.) Steamers stop at Albany in both directions.
FROM PIER 32, N. R., foot Canal St.
Round Trip, $2.50, via both lines; 10 day limit. Splendid accommodations; the best cuisine and service. Tickets and rooms secured at pier and principal ticket offices in Greater N. Y. Tel. 9400 Spring.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PROVIDENCE. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North, week days only, leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M., Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11:00 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

COMMENCING APRIL 19TH.
$1 Manhattan Line to Albany
ROUND TRIP, $1.50. Good 10 Days.
Horses and automobiles at reasonable rates. Steamers lve. ft. W. Houston St. 5:30 P. M. daily. 'Phone 9226 Spring.

CATSKILL Evening Lines Steamers from pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M., for Catskill-Hudson, Coxsackie and intermediate landings. Passenger Service Mon., Wed. & Fri.—Freight Service daily.

MASTER'S SALES.

SALE OF
INDIANAPOLIS SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Illinois, made and entered upon the 14th day of February, 1911, in a case wherein Charles A. Peabody and Alexander G. Hackstaff are complainants and the Indianapolis Southern Railroad Company is defendant, and as attorney of Charles A. Peabody and Alexander G. Hackstaff, Trustees, under a mortgage or deed of trust executed by the Indianapolis Southern Railroad Company to them, dated July 1, 1906, and a supplemental indenture thereto to which the Illinois Central Railroad Company is also a party, dated March 15, 1911, I, the subscriber, Special Master designated in and by said decree and attorney designated by said supplemental indenture will, on the Fifth day of May, 1911, or the day to which I may adjourn the same, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the front of the passenger station in the City of Effingham, in the State of Illinois, used by the Indianapolis Southern Railroad Company, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, all the property, rights, and franchises covered by the certain mortgage of said Indianapolis Southern Railroad Company, mentioned in said decree and made and executed to Charles A. Peabody and Alexander G. Hackstaff as Trustees, dated the 1st day of July, 1906, including all and singular the railroad property, corporate rights, and franchises hereinafter described, consisting of the following, to wit:

The railroad of the company last named, extending a distance of about 177.12 miles from its northern terminus in the City of Indianapolis in the State of Indiana, through the Counties of Marion, Johnson, Morgan, Brown, Monroe, Greene, and Sullivan in the State of Indiana, and the Counties of Crawford, Jasper, and Effingham in the State of Illinois, to the City of Effingham, in the State of Illinois; also all locomotives, engines, tenders, cars, carriages, equipment, and rolling stock of every nature then owned or possessed by the railroad company or which it has since acquired for use upon or in connection with the said line of railroad above mentioned. Together with all the additions, sidings, switches, and turnouts of the said railroad, including all lands, rails, bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, roadways, rights-of-way, stations, offices, depots, depot grounds, workshops, machine shops, machinery, engine houses, freight and station houses, warehouses, elevators, and other structures then held or acquired or since held or acquired for use in connection with the said railroad or the business thereof; and also all the corporate rights, privileges, franchises, easements, property rights, and things of whatever name and nature connected with or relating to the said railroad, or to the construction, maintenance, or use thereof, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments, and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, and the reversions, remainders, tolls, earnings, incomes, issues, and profits thereof; and also all the estate, right, title, interest, property, possession, claims, and demands whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, of the said Indianapolis Southern Railroad Company of, in, and to the same, and any and every part thereof, with the appurtenances. The said property shall be sold together and as a whole without division into parcels for the purpose of either offerings or sale. The sale may be adjourned from time to time by announcement at the time and place appointed for such sale or for such adjourned sale, and without further notice or publication such sale may be made at the time and place to which the same shall be so adjourned. No bid will be accepted for the property from any bidder for less than Two Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, ($2,500,000.00,) nor from any bidder who shall not deposit with the subscriber as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of its acceptance a sum of Two Hundred, and Fifty Thousand ($250,000.00) Dollars in money or in a certified check upon any National bank or trust company in the City of New York, Chicago, or Indianapolis, or bonds secured by the said mortgage of not less than Three Hundred and Fifty Thousand ($350,000.00) Dollars face value. The deposit received from any unsuccessful bidder shall be returned to such bidder when the property shall be struck off. In case the bid should be accepted and the same confirmed, and the successful bidder shall comply with the terms thereof, the deposit so made or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be credited on the purchase price. In the event that any bidder shall fail to make good his bid upon acceptance by the Special Master and confirmation by the Court, or shall fail to comply with any further order of the Court in regard to the payment of the balance of the purchase price, said deposit to the extent of the sums above named shall be forfeited as liquidated damages and shall be applied toward the expense of any resale order or toward making good any deficiency or loss in case the property at such resale shall bring less than the prior sale, or to such purposes as the Court shall direct; but if the said sale shall not be confirmed the deposit shall be returned to the bidder. Upon the confirmation of such sale there shall also be paid in cash by the purchaser, and from time to time thereafter, such further portions on account of the purchase price of the property sold as the Court may direct. The balance of the purchase price not required to be paid in cash may either be paid in cash or the purchaser may satisfy and make good his bid in whole or in part by turning in any bonds and any matured and unpaid coupons to the extent of the value of such bonds and coupons upon a distribution among the bondholders of the net proceeds of such sale, after deducting the costs and expenses of the sale and any other sums allowable under the terms thereof. The Court reserves the right to direct a resale of the property upon the failure of the purchaser to comply with the terms of the sale, or with any order of the Court requiring further payment or performance within ten (10) days after service upon such purchaser of a certified copy of such order.

The purchaser shall, as a part of the consideration and purchase price of the property, and in addition to the sum bid, take the same and receive the deed therefor upon the express condition that he or his successors or assigns shall pay, satisfy, and discharge any unpaid indebtedness and obligations which shall have been legally incurred or contracted by the Indianapolis Southern Railroad Company in the operation or on account of the property directed to be sold at any time prior to the conveyance thereof to the purchaser. The purchaser shall also take the property subject to the performance by him or his successors or assigns, of all pending contracts heretofore lawfully made by the said railroad company with respect to the property sold.

For further particulars reference is made to the said decree on file with the Clerk of the said Court, dated Chicago, March 27, 1911.
WALTER S. HORTON,
Special Master.
BLEWETT LEE,
Solicitor for Complainants.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
Adriatic, April 19, 3:00 P. M. | Laurentic, April 22, 11:00 A. M.
St. Louis, April 22, 9:30 A. M. | Oceanic, April 26, 3:00 P. M.
Lapland, April 22, 10:00 A. M. | St. Paul, April 29, 9:30 A. M.
*The World's Largest and Finest Steamer, New S. S. OLYMPIC, (45,000 TONS) Sails June 28

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Louis...Apr. 22; May 20; June 17; July 15
St. Paul...Apr. 29; May 27; June 24; July 22
New York..May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Philadel'a..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnehaha..Apr. 29; May 27; June 24; July 22
Minnewaska..May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Minneapolis..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Minnetonka..May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12

Red Star Pier 59, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Lapland...Apr. 22; May 20; June 17; July 15
Vaderland..Apr. 29; May 27; June 24; July 22
Finland....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Kroonland..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5

White Star Piers 60 & 61, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
*OLYMPIC (New)........June 28; July 26
Adriatic....Apr. 19; May 17; June 12; July 12
Oceanic....Apr. 26; May 24; June 21; July 19
Majestic...May 10; June 7; July 5; Aug. 2
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Laurentic..Apr. 22
Arabic..........May 20; June 17; July 15
Cedric....Apr. 29; May 27; June 24; July 22
Teutonic...May 3
Baltic.....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Celtic.....May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5

New York & Boston
To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Romanic..Apr. 29, 10 A. M | Canopic..May 20
Cretic......May 10, noon | Romanic..June 10

OUR TRAVELERS' CHECKS GOOD EVERYWHERE.
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY. (TEL. 2100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 32, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
CRUISES DE LUXE
TWO GRAND CRUISES AROUND THE WORLD
These cruises will be made by the large new transatlantic steamship "CLEVELAND" (17,000 tons), 110 DAYS' duration each, the first to leave New York on NOVEMBER 1, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on FEBRUARY 17, 1912. Rates $650.00 and up, including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore.
REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON-PARIS-HAMBURG
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC. April 20, 10 A. M.
CLEVELAND..........April 27, 9 A. M.
*PRESIDENT GRANT..April 29, 10 A. M.
‡¶BULGARIA..........May 4, 10 A. M.
‡Hamburg direct. †Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg. ¶Steerage only.
Direct Service PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE.........April 25, 2 P. M.
S. S. HAMBURG..........May 20
S. S. MOLTKE..........June 3
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
SUMMER CRUISES | To Norway, Spitzbergen, Iceland, North Cape, etc. Sailing from Hamburg During June, July, and August. | 13 TO 24 DAYS. $62.50 up.
Write for Booklet of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Polar Cruise, within less than 10 degrees of the Pole, from BREMEN, July 18 to August 16.
Independent Around-the-World Trips.
London-Paris-Bremen
Express Sailings Tuesdays.
Ss. Kaiser Wilhelm II. Sails April 18, 10 A. M.
Ss. Kaiser Wm. der Grosse Sails April 25, 10 A. M.
Ss. Kronprinzessin Cecilie Sails May 2, 10 A. M.
Ss. George Washington (New) Sails Thurs., May 4, 10 A. M.
THURSDAYS.
Bremen..........April 20 } 10 A. M.
*Rhein..........April 27 }
*Breslau..........May 11 }
*Bremen direct.
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA
Sailings Saturdays, 11 A. M.
Ss. KOENIG ALBERT Sails April 29.
†K. Luise....May 6 | †Fried'h d.Gr.May 20
Berlin(new).May 13 | P. Irene....May 27
†Omits Algiers.
Connections by Company's Steamers for Egypt, India, and Far East. Wireless & Submarine Signals.
Baltimore-Bremen Direct. One-Class Cabin Twin-Screw steamer Sailing Every Wednesday.
Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World.
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents, 5 Broadway, New York.

CUNARD Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
Largest Fastest Finest Ships
Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Fishguard and Liverpool
LUSITANIA April 19, 9 A. M. | MAURETANIA May 3, 9 A. M.
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool
CARMANIA, April 22, 10 A. M. | CAMPANIA April 26, 10 A. M.
GIBRALTAR *ALGIERS GENOA NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
*Calls either Madeira or Algiers. For complete itineraries see extended sailing list. Sailings noon.
Carpathia Apr 27 June 15 Aug 3
Ultonia May 11 June 29 Aug 17
*Saxonia May 18 July 3 Aug 24
Pannonia June 1 July 20 Sept 7

SPEND YOUR VACATION IN BERMUDA
MOST BEAUTIFUL SPOT IN THE WORLD. Every outdoor recreation. Bathing in the clearest of turquoise waters. Excellent fishing.
1,400-MILE SUPERB OCEAN VOYAGE BY THE MAGNIFICENT FAST MAIL
Twin-Screw S. S. "Oceana"
FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP, Including Stateroom Berth & Meals. Best Cuisine on the Atlantic. $20 UP
LARGEST, FASTEST & FINEST STEAMER. 14,000 TONS DISPLACEMENT; 535 FEET LONG. Many staterooms with brass beds; six suites-de-luxe with private baths; finest promenade deck in the world. Orchestra, Gymnasium, Wireless. Only Bermuda steamer with submarine signals.
EXCURSIONS covering all expenses for eleven days, including steamship fare, best hotel accommodations, shore trips, drives, etc., at total cost of $45 UP
Beautiful Booklet, Itinerary, Tickets, etc., of BERMUDA-ATLANTIC LINE, 290 B'way, NY

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
BERMUDA INCLUSIVE TOURS
CUBA WEEKLY SAILINGS
JAMAICA-PANAMA etc
FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS
Superior accommodations for 250 first class passengers. Orchestra, excellent cuisine, wireless, and all safety appliances.
NORWAY CRUISES July-Sept. R. M. S. P. Avon
Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agts., 21-24 State St., N.Y.

Holland America Line 39 Broadway, N.Y.
To Great Britain
Regular weekly sailings to Plymouth (London) during May and June, in connection with the coronation of his Majesty King George V.
LONDON—PARIS—ROTTERDAM
Every Tuesday by magnificent twin-screw steamers
*ROTTERDAM..........April 18
†RYNDAM..........April 25
*POTSDAM..........May 2
*NEW AMSTERDAM..........May 9
†Via Boulogne s. M. *Via Plymouth & Boulogne.

WARD LINE
Cuba-Mexico-Bahamas
New 10,000 ton steamers, New York to
Every Thursday and Saturday — Havana — One way $40 up. Round Trip $76 up
Every Thursday via Progreso — Vera Cruz — Connections for Mexico City, etc.
Sailings every Friday — Tampico — The home of the Tarpon.
Weekly sailings — Nassau — First cabin $25 and up.
New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Co. General Office, Pier 14, East River, N. Y. Tickets, Pier 13, E. R., 290 B'way, N. Y. 15

BERMUDA
Special Spring Tours at Inclusive Fares by the Quebec S. S. Co.'s S. S. "BERMUDIAN" every Wednesday during April and May. By the Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.'s S. S. "TAGUS" April 22, May 6, 20.
Five to Fifteen Day Tours.
Fares, including Tickets, Hotels, Drives, etc. $36 and up.
Programmes from
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Ave., 649 Madison Ave., New York.

FROM THE Hudson TO THE Golden Gate.
Elegant Steamships
New York to New Orleans
Trains of Superior Equipment
New Orleans to California
SOUTHERN PACIFIC
366, 1158 or 1 Broadway, N. Y.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY STEAMSHIP SERVICE
New Passenger and Freight Carriers Sail Thursdays, 12 noon, Pier 16, East River, (ft. Fulton St.) to
JAMAICA—PANAMA—COLOMBIA
PACIFIC COAST POINTS, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.
Stateroom reservation and information, 17 Battery Place. Telephone 1025 Rector. Or any Steamship Agency.
Additional weekly sailings from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New Orleans. 23

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Touraine.April 20 | *La Provence.May 11
*La Savoie....April 27 | *La Touraine.May 18
*La Lorraine..May 4 | *La Savoie....May 25
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (II) Cabin Passengers only.
*Chicago..........April 29
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

Go To Bermuda
$20 UP ROUND TRIP FROM NEW YORK
Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5,530 tons, sails every Wednesday, 10 A. M.
Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest, and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda. For illustrated pamphlets apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 649 Madison Av., 563 and 264 Fifth Av., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

SCANDINAVIAN - AMERICAN LINE
10,000 Ton Twin-Screw Passenger Strs., direct to
Norway, Sweden and Denmark.
Oscar II.....Apr. 27
C. F. Tietgen..May 4
Hellig Olav....May 11
United States..May 25
Oscar II......June 8
C. F. Tietjen..June 15
All Steamers equipped with Marconi Wireless. First cabin, $75 up; second cabin, $60.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., 1 Broadway, N.Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Columbia...April 22, 2 PM | Furnessia...May 6, 3 PM
Caledonia..Apr. 29, 9 AM | California...May 13, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
New Illustrated Book of Tours Mailed Free.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

FLORIDA AND ALL SOUTHERN RESORTS
Write for interesting book telling you how best to reach them and some of the things you will enjoy en route. Address CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO., 290 Broadway, or Pier 36, North River, N. Y.

NEW YORK TO ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S.S.CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.
Volturno....April 27 | Uranium......May 25
Campanello...May 11 | Volturno......June 8
Vesely & Co., Genl. Agts., 17 B'way, N. Y.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA direct without change. Calls at AZORES and GIBRALTAR (East), ALGIERS (West). SS. MARTHA WASHINGTON, etc., Wednesdays, 1 P. M. Thro bookings to Adriatic East Coast points, the Orient, and Far East (India, China, Japan).
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

EUROPE AND THE ORIENT
30 fine tours, $285 upward. Frequent sailings. 14th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 1, 1912, by S. S. Arabic; 71 days, all expenses, $400 and upward.
5 Round the World Tours, 1911; $1,650 and up.
Frank C. Clark, Times Building, New York

Fabre Line J. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St.
AZORES—ITALY.
NICE—MARSEILLES.
4,500 Miles of Delight.
Roma.......Apr. 26, 3 P. M.
*Madonna...May 12, 3 P. M.
Venezia.......May 20, 3 P. M.
Germania...May 25, 3 P. M.
*Sails from Providence, R. I., May 13.

BERMUDA FAST TWIN-SCREW S. S. "OCEANA"
Largest and Finest Steamer.
Lowest Rates and Best Service $20 UP
Bermuda-Atlantic Line, 290 B'way, N. Y.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:21 | Sun sets..6:40 | Moon rises..11:06

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:02	10:13	4:02	3:49
Governors Island	10:20	10:35	4:47	4:31
Hell Gate	12:10	12:25	6:27	6:13

Arrived—Sunday, April 16.

SS Carpathia, Gibraltar, April 5.
SS Touraine, Havre, April 8.
SS Laurentic, Liverpool, April 8.
SS Lapland, Antwerp, April 8.
SS Exeter City, Swansea, April 1.
SS Katuna, Oran, March 31.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk, April 15.
SS Ocean, Amsterdam, March 31.
SS Columbia, Glasgow, April 8.
SS Francisco, Hull, March 31.
SS Ancon, Cristobal, April 9.
SS Vigilancia, Nassau, April 13.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, April 13.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, April 13.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Rio Grande, Brunswick..	———	3:00 P.M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk..	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cristobal, Cristobal....	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Parima, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Minas Gereas, Para....	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam..	———	10:00 A.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Lusitania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Oceania, Azores	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Adriatic, Southampton..	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Taormina, Naples		12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Zulia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manzanillo, Cienfuegos..	———	12:00 M.
Curityba, Nipe	———	
Comanche, Jacksonville..	———	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Clara	Palermo	Mar. 24
Ciudad de Reus	Barcelona	Mar. 26
Oceania	Naples	Apr. 4
Deutschland (tank)	Antwerp	Apr. 2
Parima	St. Thomas	Apr. 10
Lituania	Libau	Apr. 4
Iroquois	Belfast	Apr. 4
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Apr. 8
Athinai	Patras	Mar. 31
Coamo	Porto Rico	Apr. 12
Ascania	Haiti	Apr. 12
Proteus	New Orleans	Apr. 12
Oceana	Bermuda	Apr. 15
Bermudian	Bermuda	Apr. 15
President Grant	Southampton	Apr. 7
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse	Bremen	Apr. 11
Re d'Italia	Palermo	Apr. 6
Harry Luckenbach	San Juan	Apr. 13
Volturno	Rotterdam	Apr. 6
Oscar II	Christiansand	Apr. 8
Carmania	Liverpool	Apr. 11
Calderon	Barbados	Apr. 10
Colon	Cristobal	Apr. 12
Saratoga	Havana	Apr. 15
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Alice	Algiers	Apr. 7
Dominic	Para	Apr. 7
Koenig Albert	Algiers	Apr. 10
Oceanic	Southampton	Apr. 13
Prinz Joachim	Santiago	Apr. 14

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen, was reported 1,146 miles east of Sandy Hook at 12:40 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Volturno, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported 700 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:30 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Oscar II., incoming from Copenhagen, was reported 650 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:55 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Oceania, incoming from Naples, was reported 388 miles east of Sandy Hook at 1:10 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Athinai, incoming from Patras, was reported 283 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11:35 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS President Grant, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 296 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, about noon to-day.

SS Carmania, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 987 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Wednesday morning.

SS Finland, outgoing, was reported 165 miles southeast of Brow Head at 12:57 P. M. yesterday.

By United Wireless.

SS Coamo, San Juan, was 110 m. S. of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., 16th.

SS Bermudian, Bermuda, was 186 m. S. E. of Sandy Hook at 7 P. M., 16th.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, was 161 m. N. of Tybee at 8 A. M., 16th.

SS Denver, Galveston, was 650 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at noon, 16th.

SS Tagus, Antilla, via Bermuda, was 1,045 m. S. of Sandy Hook at 7 P. M., 15th.

SS Caracas, San Juan, was 78 m. N. of San Juan at 8 P. M., 15th.

SS Prinz Joachim, Kingston, passed Watlings Island at 2 P. M., 15th.

SS Proteus, New Orleans, was 196 m. S. of Sandy Hook at noon, 16th.

SS Sabine, Brunswick, was 440 m. S. of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., 16th.

SS Momus, New Orleans, was 9 m. N. W. of Tortugas at 8 A. M., 16th.

SS Saratoga, Havana, was 320 m. S. of Diamond Shoals at 8 P. M., 16th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS New York, at Plymouth, April 16.
SS Amerika, at Plymouth, April 16.
SS Baltic, at Queenstown, April 16.

Sailed.

SS Cedric, from Queenstown, April 16.
SS Campania, from Queenstown, April 16.
SS George Washington, from Southampton, April 16.
SS Vaderland, from Dover, April 16.
SS Ultonia, from Fiume, April 15.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via Seattle)—Kamakura Maru	Apr. 17 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru	Apr. 21 6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Mineric	Apr. 23 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Apr. 24 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via Tacoma)—Seattle Maru	Apr. 24 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, Australia, and New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Aorangi	Apr. 28 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via San Francisco)—Siberia	Apr. 28 6:30 P.M.

(For Latest Shipping See Page 1.)

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—It is cooler in the Middle Atlantic States and New England, and generally warmer over the remainder of the country, except in the North Pacific States. In the Northwestern States temperatures are from 15 to 20 degrees above the seasonal average.

There was a general and quite decided pressure fall during Sunday over the interior of the country, and indications of a disturbance near the Central Rocky Mountain region. It is not thought, however, that much precipitation of consequence will result the next two days over any portion of the country, except the Southwest, where showers are probable. Temperatures will continue comparatively high in the Middle West, and will rise Monday in the upper lake region, the Ohio Valley, and the Gulf States, and on Tuesday in the lower lake region and the Atlantic States.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast will be moderate west, becoming variable; South Atlantic and East Gulf Coasts, light to moderate and variable; West Gulf Coast, light to moderate northeast to east; on the Great Lakes, light to moderate and variable.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have moderate west winds, becoming variable, with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, and Eastern New York.—Fair Monday; Tuesday fair, warmer; light northwest winds, becoming variable.

New England—Fair Monday, preceded by snow in Maine; Tuesday fair, warmer in west portion; moderate west winds, becoming variable.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	38	39	4 P. M.	59	44
6 A. M.	54	39	6 P. M.	52	43
9 A. M.	52	37	9 P. M.	47	41
12 M.	55	41	11 P. M.	45	40

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 39; for the corresponding date last year it was 52; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 48.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 34; at 8 P. M. it was 42. Maximum temperature, 44 degrees, at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 34 degrees, at 8 A. M. Humidity, [illegible] per cent., at 8 A. M.; 40 per cent., at 8 P. M.

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Curtailed by the double holiday, transactions on the Stock Exchange last week were of even less consequence than during previous recent weeks. Perhaps the most noteworthy feature of the market's course was the fact that once or twice when something like general selling movements were undertaken the dealings quickly ran into even greater dullness than had previously prevailed, and temporary weakness was succeeded by firmness. These movements did not appear less professional in character than the operations on which other recent fluctuations of the market had been based, and nowhere in the shortened week's record of business on the Exchange was any indication found of a departure from the attitude which the general public has long maintained toward the stock market. That attitude has been a waiting one, and last week failed to supply developments which would change this condition. The long-looked for decisions in the American Tobacco and Standard Oil cases were not rendered. It was noticeable in this connection that much less nervousness was displayed over the possibility of these decisions on Monday last than had been shown the previous week. This was not because of any change in the views regarding the intimate bearing of these decisions upon business and financial affairs, but rather because the financial community for no very specific reason had concluded that the decisions, which were not rendered a week ago last Monday when they were so keenly awaited, would not be forthcoming for several weeks. This expectation may, of course, be fulfilled, but there is no way of determining the day on which the Supreme Court will be ready with its conclusions in these two cases. In some other directions developments of considerable interest were not lacking, but they were not such as to arouse the market from its lethargy. The week's events in Congress defined a little more clearly the plans of the majority in the lower house for dealing with the principal matters before it, including the Canadian reciprocity agreement and tariff revision, but to do away with the uncertainty in business, due to the latter influence, something more is needed than the mere announcement of the plan which the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives proposes to follow in dealing with the tariff question. Incidents in the Mexican situation which developed after the Stock Exchange had adjourned for the week give somewhat greater importance to developments in that country, but the disposition will be to regard the Mexican situation with the same calm which the financial markets have heretofore displayed toward this matter.

Were the estimates of the Winter wheat yield which were based on the Government's April crop report borne out in the actual crop the year's production of this cereal would exceed all previous records. It is recognized, of course, that last week's estimate of 541,000,000 bushels does not take into account a reduction in the acreage, as estimated last December, on account of Winter damage. Neither does it make allowance for any possible deterioration in conditions between April 1 and the time of harvest, the estimate being made on the so-called "old system." The condition reported by the Government as of April 1 was 83.3, compared with 82.5 on Dec. 1 last, and with 80.8 on April 1, 1910. It seems most probable in view of the favorable reports from private sources which have come from the Winter wheat fields since the beginning of the month that the full extent of the improvement over the Dec. 1 condition was not reflected in the Government's April figures. This fact, unless offset by some change from the present status of the crop, suggests the possibility of a higher figure of condition in the next report of the Department of Agriculture, an incident which would have several precedents in recent years. So far as the extent of the Winter killed acreage is concerned there is every reason to expect that it will be far below the Winter killed area last year, when an exceptional amount of damage was done to the wheat crop during the Winter months. After taking into consideration these several factors, it would appear reasonable to expect a crop fairly in excess of last year, when 464,000,000 bushels of Winter wheat were harvested. That crop itself was a large one, exceeding any Winter wheat yield back to the 492,800,000 bushels harvested in 1906. Thus even after making allowance for the factors not represented in last week's estimates of this year's probable Winter wheat yield, the crop of this cereal promises to be fully up to the gratifying expectations which have been entertained regarding it.

The report of the March exports of agricultural products published early in the week was supplemented at its close by the full trade statement for that month. The exports exceeded the imports by $22,800,000. This compares with an excess of imports in March a year ago amounting to $19,300,000, and with an export balance of $6,400,000 in March, 1909. Compared with the month of February the March returns reveal a decrease in exports and an increase in imports, but this is usual at this season. Setting up the March imports and exports against those in the corresponding month last year, it is found that exports increased and imports decreased. This is in keeping with the trend which has been displayed in such a marked degree during recent months, and the effect of which has been the accumulation of a trade credit balance of very handsome proportions. The excess of exports in March brings the total excess of exports for the nine months from July 1 last to the end of March up to $440,900,000. These figures offer cumulative evidence of the salutary effect of the present disposition toward economy, of which the recent decreases in imports, compared with the corresponding months of the previous year, have been one of the outward indications. The part which exports of agricultural products played in the credit balance resulting from the country's foreign commerce in March was an important one, although the volume of those exports, while greater than a year ago, were considerably under the exports of farm products in previous recent months. Exports of cotton which did so much to swell the total exports and to increase the credit trade balance from last October up to February of this year were smaller last month than they were in March, 1910. This is not surprising in view of the fact that the bulk of the available export supplies of this staple had been hurried forward in previous months. The fact that despite this decrease in the value of cotton exports the shipments abroad of agricultural products as a whole showed an increase in March is evidence of the fact that the influences making for a favorable position of the country's foreign trade have been by no means limited, among farm products, to cotton alone.

Last month's favorable trade balance adds just so much to the funds to the credit of our bankers in Europe, or else acts as an offset to money due abroad. We are at the season when the requirements of American travelers in Europe will soon be increasing in amount, and the current month, moreover, is one in which heavy interest payments have to be made. Beyond all this, exports for the next few months will normally be lighter than they were during the first quarter of the year. We are entering upon this period of lighter exports and increased foreign disbursements in a better position than any we have occupied in the past, or at all events in any recent year. Through our trade operations as well as through financial transactions a very large sum was established to our credit on the other side, and a large part of this is still in use in the European markets. All of this makes for a continuance of favorable money market conditions at this centre where funds are now actually in superabundance. What is needed is a settlement of the questions which have been putting restrictions upon new enterprises. When these are lifted capital accumulated during the present period of economizing and retrenchment will again find useful and profitable employment.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

WAIT ON TRUST DECISIONS.

London Traders Disinclined to Buy or Sell American Securities.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 16.—A good demand for money continued this week. Discount rates slightly hardened and interest rates were well maintained. So soon, however, as the large accumulation of Government money is disbursed a period of marked ease is expected. Trade is exceedingly active with good prospects of continued expansion throughout the year.

On the Stock Exchange there has been little life during the week, American securities suffering from the delay of the Supreme Court in giving its decisions in the trust cases. It is generally assumed in Throgmorton Street that its decisions will be adverse, but so long as they are not delivered there is room for differences of opinion, consequently indisposition either to buy or sell.

BERLIN MARKET FIRM.

Electricals Active Because of Plan to Electrify State Railways.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 16.—The market last week was firm, especially electricals, owing to the probability of the electrification of the State railways. Irons and steels were also firm, as a result of favorable trade reports.

The Berlin market is disappointed at the repeated delays in the American trust decisions, and operations in American securities will remain at a standstill till the Supreme Court has spoken.

FIRMER TONE IN PARIS.

Situation in Champagne Country, However, Reflected in French Rentes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 16.—The finance week which began slack closed much firmer, settlement day ending with a better tone all around. Rios and copper also slightly improved. Money being plentiful went begging at 2 per cent. before closing time.

Although improved, the situation in the champagne country was reflected in the strength of French rentes, which were raised sharply, their market being the less active of all.

As far as can be judged next week will be quiet.

SHARP COMPETITION FOR STEEL ORDERS

Steel Corporation Finds Independents Can Figure Closely.

PANAMA DAM JOB A PRIZE

Corporation's Bid and That of Independent Only a Few Thousands Apart in Large Total.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, April 16.—Hand-to-mouth buying is promised for the remainder of the second quarter by the present situation in the iron and steel trade. There is little or no prospect of increasing present operating capacity either in pig iron or finished steel during the remainder of the month. In some quarters a curtailment of output in steel from the present rate, attained during the closing days of March, is predicted; but this is hardly borne out by the present rate of buying of finished steel for prompt shipment and the recent unfilled tonnage report of the Steel Corporation. Truth is, the steel trade expected too much of the opening days of the new quarter.

The country seems to be absorbing steel at about the present rate of production—taking into account, of course, the unprecedented export business being done this Spring by American mills.

Unevenness of prices has developed in some quarters—though scarcely to the extent estimated by the pessimists. Price fluctuations may be expected in some of the lighter lines during the remainder of the Spring, as a result of the coming into operation of large extensions built by independent interests, who will be anxious to make the best showing possible for their new mills.

Inquiry into reprts of price shading in sheets was made at the meeting of sheet steel manufacturers held in this city during the week. It was stated that the deviation from the official list had narrowed down to three or four contracts, made at low prices last year, which were supposed to have expired with the old year, but which had been kept in force by certain independent producers. This official statement, however, is controverted by jobbers in this section, who instance offers in galvanized lines of sheet within the past thirty days at shaded prices, most of them in odd lots. The meeting of the sheet steel makers developed that, while the industry had been running at slightly under 60 per cent. of full capacity up till last Monday, new business filed for May delivery would necessitate increases in this rate within the next fortnight by a number of independents.

There is no attempt to disguise the sharp competition existing in the structural field by the various fabricating companies. The Steel Corporation set out some time since to administer a lesson to those of the fabricating companies which did not produce their own steel, which had been shading prices to uncomfortably close margins. To the surprise of the entire trade these independent interests, though forced to buy their own plain material, met the new low figures quoted by the American Bridge Company, the Steel Corporation subsidiary, which indicated a very close working agreement between the independent fabricating companies and some of the independent steel makers. The sharp race for new structural business continues. At a Government bidding on Ohio River slackwater work at Wheeling, West Va., during the week there were seventeen bidders. The Government's award of the steel work for the Panama emergency dams still hangs fire on account of the closeness of the bids, opened two weeks ago. The Steel Corporation's bid on this work was $2,339,000, and that of the McClintic-Marshall Construction Company of Pittsburg, an independent with strong steel mill backing, was $2,379,000. The independent company is urging that its equipment, already installed at Panama for hauling the steel for the main contract on the canal locks, on which it was the successful bidder a year ago, will give it facilities for completing the emergency dams more promptly, and the Government engineers have not yet decided on the award.

The steel car plants are running at a little heavier capacity than at the close of last week. Orders from Eastern lines for a considerable passenger car equipment have given the companies more work, but the added activity does not mean the consumption of much additional steel, since the passenger coaches do not call for large tonnages. Shipments of plates to Lake points on shipbuilding contracts have increased, and two large shipments of steel have gone East to coast shipbuilding yards. The Carnegie Steel Company has taken about 8,000 tons of plates for a Toledo car ferry. Pittsburg mills are furnishing 2,800 tons of sheet piling on three large Lake front contracts at Lake Erie points. The automobile industry has, it is stated, exceeded the expectations of the opening of the year in its demand for light plates, sheets, high-class steel bars, and other mill products that command a little better than standard prices. The consequence has been a speeding up of the open-hearth bar mills.

The unsteadiness in crude steel prices, noted a week ago, proved to be only temporary. Billets, both Bessemer and open hearth, are back to $23, Pittsburg mill, the price that has ruled since the opening of the year, and sheet and tin bars are not to be had under $24, mill. The shading of these prices early in the month was mostly on odd-lot sales, but it showed the trend, indicating that consumers had overestimated their needs and had turned back end-of-the-quarter shipments.

Among the pig iron fraternity, interest centres largely in the expected new price announcement on Lake Superior ore for 1911. It was expected that sales would be made establishing definite prices on ore for the coming season, but nothing along this line has developed, and the issue is deferred until this week, when it is practically assured conclusions will be reached permitting sales at definite prices by the individual interests.

Reservations have been made by strong independent interests for practically the whole of the season, but ore producers took these without any guarantee as to the possibilities of a price reduction. There has developed a strong opposition in this district to any reduction in prices from the 1910 levels. Much ore, contracted for early in 1910, and forced on consumers, has been carried over the Winter, and any reduction in prices for next season would mean a depreciation in this stock ore. Numbers of the smaller merchant furnaces are in no shape to stand such a financial blow. The price schedule of last season was an advance of 50 cents a ton over 1909 prices, restoring the 1907 price of $4.50 and $5 at Lake dock. Early in the Winter there was an agitation for the return of the 1909 prices, but before any action could be taken by the ore interests there came a protest from the holders of stock ore. The situation was then allowed to rest, and the ore interests made no effort to force the establishment of the new price for the year. The Lake season opened yesterday, and there is certain to be a rush the coming week, with several million tons closed up in short order.

Pig iron lagged all week. Two idle merchant furnaces that were scheduled to go in blast during the week remained idle, their starting being postponed till May 1 or later. Steel-making grades of iron showed absolutely no demand. Prices continued to be held firm. In foundry iron, there was light buying for prompt and second quarter delivery at the established price, $14, Valley furnace, but no sales, and little or no negotiation for third and fourth quarter deliveries. Consumers of foundry iron, comfortably stocked for the present quarter, seem intent on allowing the market to stew as long as possible, in the hopes of another break similar to that of last November, when No. 2 iron sold down to $13.25, Valley furnace, for a few days. Demand on all grades of pig iron also fell off in Ohio, and the week was by long odds the dullest yet this year.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Imitation Plush Duty Lowered—Antiques of Wool Are Not Free.

The Board of United States General Appraisers on Saturday sustained a contention made by A. & H. Veith regarding the classification under the present tariff of imitation plush composed of cotton cut into meter lengths for use as hat foundations. The Collector classified the material as an "unfinished article made from cotton cloth" under Paragraph 332. The importers claimed that the merchandise is properly dutiable at the applicable rates under Section 315 as "cotton cloth." After a consideration of the evidence adduced by both the Government and the importers the claim of the latter is sustained.

The contention of Harold Rice of Boston that an elaborate sofa conceded to be a work of art and an antique should be granted free entry the board decides adversely. The sofa has a carved wooden frame, the back and seat of which are covered with tapestry of an elaborate and artistic pattern. Although it is granted that the sofa is an "antique," the board holds that the high rates of duty in the wool paragraph are controlling.

Other antiques imported by Mr. Rice, including chairs, Chippendale articles of furniture, and tapestries not having wool in their fabric, are given exemption.

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FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

6,543. PORCELAIN FURNITURE CASTER WHEELS.—A Canadian firm manufacturing casters of all kinds writes to the Bureau of Manufactures that it would like to get in touch with American firms producing procelain furniture caster wheels, as it is in the market for the same.

6,544. GELATIN SHEETS OR BOXES.—An American firm of steamship passenger agents writes to the Bureau of Manufactures that it desires to secure the representation for sale in the United States of gelatin sheets or boxes. It is understood that there is manufactured in the United States or Europe gelatin sheets and boxes and prints or lithographs in various colors, also embossed gelatin.

6,545. AMERICAN TYPEWRITERS AND OFFICE SUPPLIES.—A report from an American Consul in a European country states that a firm in his district desires to communicate with first-class American manufacturers of typewriters and office supplies. The concern is particularly anxious to handle a first-class, practical duplicating machine. This firm has thus far been purchasing from European dealers, but wishes, however, to avoid the middleman, and purchase direct from the manufacturers in the United States.

6,546. WHEAT FLOUR.—An American Consul in a Latin American country, reporting on the possibilities for increasing the sales of American flour in his district, writes that there seems to be an opportunity for American flour to compete more successfully than in the past with other flours for pastry making. One of the largest flour importing firms in his district calls attention to some of the reasons why American flour is not sold in larger quantities at the present time, and suggests that exporters in the United States who would be willing to meet these requirements ship him a few barrels for experimental purposes. Further details of the report, together with the name of the importer referred to, can be obtained from the Bureau of Manufactures.

6,547. TENDERS FOR A FLOATING DOCK.—Consul D. R. Birch of Alexandria, Egypt, has forwarded a copy of an advertisement inserted in Egyptian newspapers, which states tenders will be received by the Director of the Sudan Government steamers, Khartoum north, up to noon on May 20, 1911, for the supply of a floating dock. Each tender must be accompanied by a declaration from a bank to the effect that a sum equal to 10 per cent. of the amount of the tender is held at the disposal of the Sudan Government. Consul Birch has forwarded copies of the forms for submitting tenders, which must be made on official paper. These can be obtained from the Bureau of Manufactures. There seems to be ample time for entering bids, and the Consul hopes that American firms will avail themselves of the opportunity presented.

6,548. AGENCY FOR AMERICAN LEATHER MANUFACTURERS.—An American Consular officer in Russia reports that a business man in his district desires to get in touch with American manufacturers of all kinds of leather. He prefers to act as selling agent for American companies, and will work on a commission basis. He furnishes references.

6,549. AMERICAN GOODS OF VARIOUS KINDS.—A firm of importers in the Levant informs an American Consulate that it desires to enter into business relations with firms in the United States exporting the following articles: Rubber shoes for men, women, and children, hand pumps, agricultural machinery and implements, petroleum stoves, stoves for burning wood and coal, nails, hardware, tools, paints and oils, lamps and lighting systems, household furniture, porcelain and glassware; shoes for men, women, and children, pasteboard for shoe soles, ink, stationery, cigarette papers, walking sticks, matches, cotton manufactures, such as jabots, dress goods, linings, drills, jeans, teacloths, chints and plain prints, shirtings, fast black colors, cambrics and lawns, watches, jewelry, phonographs and supplies, linoleum, toilet articles, perfumery, haberdashery, hosiery, woolen and cotton union suits and single piece underwear for men, women, and children. When possible sample should be sent. Catalogues in French, price lists, showing discounts and quotations, free on board, New York, or cost, insurance, and freight, Alexandretta or Beirut, should be given. Special attention is requested to these details, and correspondence should be in French if possible.

SAVINGS BANK LOANS.

Attorney General Carmody of New York has advised the State Banking Department that savings bank Trustees may loan the available funds of a savings bank, or any part thereof, upon the pledge of first mortgage bonds of railroads prescribed in the banking law.

The amount loaned, however, must not exceed 90 per cent. of the cash market value of the first mortgage pledged.

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The Investment Merits Of
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FOR LIGHTING CONSOLIDATION

Up-State Utilities Board Authorizes Three Companies to Unite.

The up-State Public Service Commission will sit in this city next Thursday for the further hearing of the complaints of various municipalities in Westchester County against the Westchester Lighting Company as to the price charged for gas and electricity.

This commission has authorized the Poughkeepsie Light, Heat and Power Company, the Newburg Light, Heat and Power Company, and the Hudson Counties Gas and Electric Company to consolidate in a new corporation, under the name of the Central Hudson Gas and Electric Company. The new company's formation is approved by a majority of the commission, Commissioners Sague and Olmsted dissenting, under conditions which include an inventory and appraisal of the properties to be made under the direction of the commission and subject to its approval, for the purposes of correcting the combined fixed capital account of the constituent companies.

The decision is considered an important one, indicating, as it does, various tests applied by the commission in consolidation cases, including the valuation of the properties involved. The opinion was written by Commissioner Martin S. Decker, and among the findings and rulings are the following:

That two of the companies operate in practically common territory, and the other company in territory adjoining and connected with the others by a transmission system.

That the stocks of the three companies are in great bulk held by a common interest and that the management of all is practically the same.

That the corporate relations of these companies have become interconnected and interdependent with common control requisite under contract relations and reciprocal supply of electric current, and larger economies in management, administration, production, and financing would result from consolidation.

That the common capital stock of each company may be properly exchanged, share for share, for stock of the consolidated company.

ELECTRIC LIGHT RATE CUT.

Edison Co. Likely to Reduce Its Charge for Service in a Short Time.

The New York Edison Company has notified the Public Service Commission that, beginning on June 1, it will again reduce the price of tungsten lamps to customers whose contracts call for free lamp renewal. This will make the third decrease in the price of tungsten lamps since the company introduced them three years ago, on the recommendation of the commission.

Beginning on June 1 40-watt tungsten lamps will be sold for 37 cents to customers entitled to free renewals, 60-watt lamps for 50 cents, and 100-watt lamps for 60 cents each. The present charge is 40 cents for 40-watt lamps, 52 cents for 60-watt lamps, and 62 cents for 100-watt lamps, and the price when they were originally introduced was $1 for 40-watt, $1.25 for 60-watt, and $1.50 for 100-watt Tungstens.

John W. Leib, Jr., general manager of the New York Edison Company, added to this information yesterday the news that the company has under consideration a general decrease of its rates. Public Service Commissioner Maltbie, who conducted an investigation into the general subject of electric rates some time ago, has been urging on the company a general revision and reduction, and Mr. Leib's statement is to the effect that such action will be announced before long by the filing of a new schedule of tariffs with the commission.

Costs $11,690 to Pay $115.

It will cost New York City $11,690 in Commissioners' fees to pay out $115 for damages to light, air, and easements on the Van Cortlandt Park extension of the Broadway arm of the Subway.

Supreme Court Justice Blanchard approved the bills of the Commissioners. They were: William George Foster, $2,870; James W. Hyde, $5,110, and William W. McLaughlin, $3,710. The Commissioners' report fixing damages at $115 was filed a week ago.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED APRIL 13. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 579,106.

Range for Year 1910. High	Range for Year 1910. Low	Range for Year 1911. High. Date.	Range for Year 1911. Low. Date.	Closing Thursday, April 13. Bid.	Closing Thursday, April 13. Ask	Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Last Dividend Paid. Per Cent	Period.	Range for Week Ended April 13. First	High	Low	Last	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended April 13, '11.
90¾	55⅛	67¼ Feb. 6.	61 Jan. 3.	62⅝	62½	− ¼	**Amalgamated Copper Co.**	100	153,887,900	Feb. 27, '11.	50c	Q	62⅜	62⅞	61½	62½	78⅜	11,850
49½	35	59⅝ Feb. 28.	46 Jan. 3.	57¼	58½	+ ⅝	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	....	..	..	57¼	57¾	57¼	57½	47½	1,660
47¼	24	47½ Mar. 1.	36¾ Jan. 12.	42⅞	43	− ½	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	....	..	..	43⅜	43¾	42½	43	40	2,900
13⅞	6⅞	10½ Jan. 25.	8⅞ Jan. 6.	9⅝	9⅞	+ ⅛	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	9⅞	10	9⅝	10	11	3,000
82¼	62	84⅝ Apr. 7.	77 Jan. 5.	83	83¼	− ⅝	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	83⅞	83⅞	82⅝	83¼	76¼	5,400
72⅞	39½	57¼ Feb. 8.	50¼ Jan. 3.	52½	52⅞	− ⅝	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	½	Q	52	52⅞	52	52½	65	900
120	109	118½ Feb. 14.	114¼ Mar. 13.	115	115⅝	+ ½	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	115½	116	115½	116	117½	300
69¾	52¼	62⅜ Feb. 28.	55⅜ Jan. 12.	56½	57	− 3	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '10.	2½	SA	58⅛	59¼	56½	56½	68	5,800
107	100	105½ Feb. 16.	104½ Mar. 2.	..	..	..	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '10.	3	SA	105	105	105	105	..	1
301	237	245 Mar. 27.	228 Jan. 24.	240	243	− 2	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	3	Q	243	243	243	243	285	170
47⅞	19	25¼ Feb. 8.	20 Jan. 10.	23	24	+ ¼	Amer. Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	23	23	23	23	38⅛	100
29¼	16⅜	25½ Mar. 14.	17⅜ Jan. 17.	23½	23⅜	− ½	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,043,100	July 20, '07.	1½	..	23½	23½	23½	23½	27⅞	200
46⅞	25½	34 Feb. 14.	30¼ Jan. 16.	30	33	+ ⅝	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	31½	31½	31½	31½	40⅜	100
62½	29	42⅜ Feb. 1.	36¼ Mar. 2.	37	37¼	− ¼	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1½	..	37½	37½	36⅞	37¼	53	960
115	102½	110⅜ Mar. 1.	104½ Apr. 10.	103½	105½	− 2½	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 21, '11.	1¾	Q	104½	104½	104½	104½	112	100
48	28½	36½ Jan. 25.	31½ Mar. 8.	31	33	+ 1¼	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	8,690,500	Nov. 2, '10.	1	SA	33⅜	34½	33⅜	34½	38	360
104	61⅜	81⅛ Feb. 2.	72⅜ Jan. 3.	73⅞	74	− ⅛	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1	Q	74⅛	74⅝	73⅜	74	86¼	5,600
112¾	98¼	106 Feb. 1.	103¾ Jan. 3.	105	105¼	− ⅛	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	105	105⅛	105	105¼	107	240
102	95½	102 Mar. 14.	99 Apr. 6.	99¾	102	+ 2	American Snuff Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	100	101	100	101	97	200
66	38	52½ Feb. 9.	39¾ Apr. 7.	44½	45¼	+ 4	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	Feb. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	41	45	40½	44⅞	63¼	1,470
124	111½	119½ Feb. 14.	111 Jan. 5.	116⅛	118	..	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 3, '11.	1¾	Q	116	116	116	116	123½	48
148⅜	126⅜	147½ Mar. 28.	140¼ Jan. 3.	145½	145⅜	..	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	268,242,200	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	146	146	145¼	145⅝	138	3,360
99⅜	90½	100¼ Mar. 14.	93¼ Jan. 4.	97½	97½	..	American Tobacco pf.	100	78,689,100	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	97½	97½	97½	97½	98	200
39½	25⅛	36½ Mar. 21.	30½ Jan. 3.	34¼	34½	+ ¼	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000	....	..	..	34	34½	34	34½	38¼	2,100
104	90⅛	96 Feb. 8.	86½ Mar. 29.	91¼	91½	+ 2	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	89¼	91½	89¼	91¼	100¼	4,510
..	..	34⅛ Feb. 7.	27⅜ Mar. 17.	29½	30¼	− ⅝	American Writing Paper Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1	SA	29½	29½	29½	29½	..	200
54	33½	41 Feb. 6.	37⅜ Apr. 12.	37½	37⅞	− ⅞	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	105,500,000	Jan. 18, '11.	50c	Q	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	47½	200
52½	51	60½ Apr. 3.	48 Mar. 24.	52½	57	..	Associated Oil Co.	100	40,000,000	Mar. 1, '07.	$1.50	..	55	55½	54	54	..	600
124⅛	90¾	110⅝ Mar. 29.	100¾ Jan. 3.	108	108¼	− ⅜	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.	100	165,645,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1½	Q	108⅝	108⅝	108	108¼	114⅝	9,300
104¼	97	103½ Jan. 27.	100⅜ Jan. 3.	102⅝	102⅞	+ ⅜	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '11.	2½	SA	102½	102⅞	102½	102⅞	102½	960
137½	102½	124 Feb. 7.	117 Jan. 3.	120	121½	..	Atlantic Coast Line	100	56,964,400	Jan. 10, '11.	3	SA	120	120	120	120	130¼	100
119¼	100¼	109¼ Jan. 31.	102 Feb. 24.	105¼	105⅜	..	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,238,800	Mar. 1, '11.	3	SA	106	106	105⅜	105½	112¼	2,060
34⅞	21	34¼ Apr. 6.	29 Jan. 12.	32⅞	33½	− 1	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	34	34	33	33	32	3,100
65	49	64½ Apr. 7.	59 Jan. 3.	62⅞	63	− ⅜	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	62⅞	63⅜	62½	63	..	850
82⅜	68½	79½ Feb. 6.	74⅞ Jan. 3.	77⅜	77⅞	..	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	100	45,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	77⅞	78	77⅜	77⅞	81	2,500
202⅜	176⅜	227¼ Apr. 4.	195⅝ Jan. 3.	225⅝	225⅞	..	**Canadian Pacific**	100	179,990,800	Apr. 1, '11.	¶2½	Q	226⅜	226½	224⅝	225⅞	183¼	9,400
48⅜	25½	33⅜ Feb. 2.	26⅝ Mar. 14.	28	28½	+ ⅜	Central Leather Co.	100	39,572,000	....	..	..	28½	28½	28	28½	45½	1,100
109¼	99¼	105 Feb. 10.	99 Mar. 13.	99	99¼	..	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,261,800	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	99	99¼	99	99	108	410
92	65	86⅜ Feb. 8.	80 Apr. 11.	80⅝	81	− ⅝	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Mar. 31, '11.	1¼	Q	81¼	81⅜	80	80⅝	88⅜	5,400
66⅜	23⅞	30 Jan. 9.	25 Apr. 7.	24⅜	30	+ 1	Chicago & Alton	100	19,537,800	Feb. 15, '10.	2	..	26	26	26	26	54	100
36⅞	19	24⅜ Feb. 6.	21 Mar. 9.	21	21¼	− ¼	Chicago Great Western	100	43,690,700	....	..	..	21¼	21¼	21	21	30	320
64⅛	40	49⅛ Feb. 6.	43 Feb. 24.	43⅜	44½	+ 1	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	40,162,800	....	..	..	44	44	44	44	55	100
158⅜	113¾	133½ Feb. 7.	119⅛ Mar. 3.	120	120⅜	− ⅞	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	121⅝	121⅝	119½	120⅛	144½	9,050
172¼	143	155½ Feb. 6.	147 Jan. 3.	148	149	..	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	147⅞	148	147⅞	148	159½	250
182½	137¼	150 Feb. 1.	142½ Jan. 5.	144¼	145	− 1	Chicago & Northwestern	100	130,121,700	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	144	144	143⅞	144	155	365
12¼	4⅞	7¼ Feb. 6.	5¼ Apr. 11.	5	7	− 2	Chicago Union Trac. pf., tr. rcts.	100	4,571,700	....	..	..	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	..	100
..	..	22⅜ Mar. 23.	21½ Apr. 7.	22¼	22½	+ ½	Chino Copper	5	8,500,000	....	..	..	22	22½	22	22¼	..	7,600
50	22½	36⅜ Feb. 6.	30¼ Apr. 12.	30¼	31½	− 1	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	31	31	30½	30¼	42	300
83	70	77 Jan. 24.	74½ Mar. 27.	75	76	+ ¼	Colorado & Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	75	76	75	75½	79	680
81	70	75½ Mar. 2.	73½ Jan. 11.	72	74½	− 1⅜	Colorado & Southern 2d pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	74½	74½	73½	73½	78¼	275
160⅝	122½	146½ Mar. 22.	135⅝ Jan. 3.	143⅞	144	− ½	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,816,000	Mar. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	144½	145	143¼	143⅞	144	4,350
23¼	11½	15 Jan. 5.	13⅛ Jan. 10.	14⅛	14½	..	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	14	14⅛	14	14⅛	17	300
86⅜	70⅜	80⅞ Mar. 30.	74⅞ Jan. 10.	78½	79½	+ ⅛	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,817,600	Apr. 10, '11.	‡2	Q	79	79	78⅝	78⅝	78¼	750
185	149¼	172 Feb. 3.	164¼ Jan. 3.	167	168	..	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,503,000	Mar. 20, '11.	2¼	Q	167	167	167	167	175	110
52	23⅞	35 Feb. 15.	28⅛ Jan. 3.	30⅜	32	− ½	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	42⅞	100
84	62⅜	74 Feb. 21.	68 Jan. 5.	69½	69⅜	− ¼	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,772,400	Jan. 16, '11.	2½	SA	70	70	69⅝	69⅝	79⅞	500
36⅜	25¼	38¼ Mar. 1.	32⅜ Jan. 11.	34½	35½	− ¼	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,781,400	Jan. 31, '11.	½	Q	34½	35⅛	33⅞	34⅝	31⅝	800
18⅜	10	15⅝ Mar. 30.	11 Jan. 6.	14¼	15¼	− 1	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	14½	14½	14½	14½	15⅞	229
34⅝	17	30⅛ Mar. 30.	22 Jan. 6.	26	28	− 2⅛	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	26⅛	26½	26⅛	26½	28½	100
87	82½	87 Apr. 3.	82 Jan. 18.	86¼	87⅜	..	Du Pont de N. Powder pf.	100	14,863,700	Jan. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	87½	87½	85⅜	85⅜	..	80
34⅝	19½	32⅜ Feb. 15.	27¼ Jan. 11.	29⅞	30¼	+ ¼	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	30¼	30⅛	29⅜	30⅛	31	7,150
52⅜	35	51⅞ Feb. 20.	45⅝ Jan. 12.	47⅜	48	− ¼	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	48⅛	48⅛	47⅝	48⅛	49⅝	700
42	26¼	40½ Feb. 20.	35 Jan. 9.	37⅝	38	− ½	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	37½	37½	37½	37½	38⅝	200
88	30	46 Mar. 16.	35 Jan. 19.	..	..	− 2	**Federal Sugar Refining Co.**	100	6,077,200	....	..	..	44	44	44	44	..	100
109⅜	93	135 Feb. 16.	104½ Jan. 28.	130	135	..	**General Chemical Co.**	100	7,410,300	Mar. 1, '11.	1½	Q	135	135	135	135	91	10
107	101⅛	108 Apr. 5.	103⅜ Jan. 11.	107¼	108½	..	General Chemical Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	..	20
160⅝	134	155½ Feb. 10.	145⅛ Mar. 3.	150⅛	150⅜	+ ⅛	General Electric Co.	100	65,181,200	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	150	152½	150	150½	153⅜	8,425
9¼	7⅜	7⅞ Jan. 3.	5⅛ Jan. 14.	6	6⅛	+ ⅛	Goldfield Consol. Mines	10	35,591,480	Jan. 31, '11.	50c	Q	6	6⅛	6	6⅛	..	1,500
143⅞	118	131½ Feb. 1.	122 Feb. 24.	126	126¼	+ ⅜	Great Northern pf.	100	209,951,900	Feb. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	127⅜	128⅜	126	126⅜	139⅜	7,110
80½	45	63⅜ Feb. 2.	56 Jan. 5.	61	62	..	Great Northern cfs. for ore prop.	...	1,500,000	Mar. 15, '11.	50c	..	62½	62½	61¼	62	70⅞	1,627
140	102	130 Mar. 23.	128 Mar. 24.	128	128½	..	**Hocking Valley**	100	11,000,000	Jan. 18, '11.	2	SA	128	128	128	128	..	100
89	81	85⅜ Mar. 29.	84½ Feb. 15.	85	87½	..	Homestake Mining	100	21,840,000	Mar. 25, '11.	50c	M	86	86	86	86	..	10
147	124	138¼ Mar. 30.	132 Jan. 3.	136⅜	138	− ½	**Illinois Central**	100	109,282,500	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	137⅜	137⅜	136⅜	137	141	700
25½	14¼	20⅝ Feb. 10.	18¼ Mar. 2.	18½	19	− ½	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	....	..	..	19	19	18½	18½	23¼	1,070
62⅞	41½	55⅜ Jan. 4.	50½ Mar. 9.	52⅜	53	− 1	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	53½	53½	52⅝	53	59	920
125⅞	83⅛	121⅞ Feb. 20.	109 Jan. 3.	116	117	− ⅜	International Harvester	100	79,999,700	Apr. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	117½	117½	117	117	94⅜	600
129	117	124½ Apr. 10.	122⅜ Jan. 3.	122½	124¼	+ ½	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	124½	124½	124	124½	123	300
16	9	13⅜ Jan. 31.	9⅝ Apr. 12.	9⅜	10¼	− ⅞	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	....	..	..	10	10	9⅝	9⅝	13⅞	950
61½	41½	56⅜ Jan. 16.	47 Feb. 21.	47½	49	− ½	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Apr. 15, '11.	½	Q	48	48½	48	48½	52	400
54⅝	36⅜	44 Feb. 8.	39½ Mar. 4.	39½	40	− 1	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	40	40	39⅜	39⅜	47⅜	700
30	15	19⅞ Feb. 3.	16¼ Apr. 8.	16	16½	+ ¼	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400	....	..	..	16⅝	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜	23⅝	200
54¼	25	33⅜ Feb. 7.	30 Mar. 8.	29½	30½	− ⅝	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,600	May 1, '00.	1½	..	30½	30½	30	30½	42½	700
44¼	23	35½ Feb. 21.	32 Jan. 3.	33⅛	34⅛	+ ¼	**Kansas City Southern**	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	34	34	34	34	37¼	150
71	58	68 Mar. 17.	64½ Jan. 3.	66	67	+ ½	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1	Q	66⅜	66⅜	66⅜	66⅜	68	100
45	34	48 Apr. 12.	38 Feb. 16.	44	47	+ 5	**Lackawanna Steel Co.**	100	34,978,000	....	..	..	48	48	47	47	..	800
116½	93¾	114½ Jan. 20.	102¼ Mar. 27.	102⅝	102¾	− ⅛	Laclede Gas Co.	100	9,500,000	Apr. 6, '11.	‡10	..	102⅝	102¾	102¼	102¾	108¼	1,400
186	173¼	181⅛ Feb. 3.	170⅜ Mar. 8.	172⅞	173	− ⅞	Lehigh Valley	50	60,501,700	Jan. 14, '11.	5	SA	173⅞	174	172⅞	173	..	6,450
70¼	60	63 Jan. 14.	58 Apr. 13.	58	64	− 8½	Long Island	50	12,000,000	Nov., 1896.	1	..	60	60	58	58	68	1,400
159⅜	131½	148⅜ Jan. 18.	142½ Jan. 25.	144⅜	145⅜	+ ½	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Feb. 10, '11.	3½	SA	144½	145½	144⅝	145	151	850
146	128	141 Jan. 6.	134 Mar. 28.	136	139	..	**Manhattan Elevated**	100	60,000,000	Apr. 1 '11.	1¾	Q	137	137	137	137	136⅞	210
24⅜	12⅝	18 Jan. 24.	15½ Jan. 17.	17⅛	17½	− ⅝	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....	..	..	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	20½	100
..	..	18⅝ Apr. 13.	18⅝ Apr. 13.	18¼	18⅜	..	Miami Copper	5	3,820,275	....	..	..	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	..	300
58¾	23	31 Feb. 15.	22½ Apr. 10.	22	23	− 1	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04.	2½	..	22½	22⅝	22½	22⅝	37	425
80	40	42 Mar. 22.	35 Mar. 13.	36	38	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	4,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	..	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	68⅜	30
145	114	152¼ Mar. [illegible]	132¼ Jan. 4.	137⅞	138	− 1⅜	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	20,831,900	Apr. 15, '11.	3½	SA	147	147¼	138	138½	140	3,870
92⅜	86¼	90⅝ Mar. [illegible]	88⅜ Mar. 24.	[illegible]	89⅞	− ⅜	M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	100	11,145,500	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	88⅝	88⅝	88⅜	88⅜	89½	100
..	..	8⅛ Mar. [illegible]	7 Apr. 13.	..	..	− ⅝	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. rights	...	....	..	..	..	7⅝	8½	7	7½	..	8,518
51⅛	27	36⅜ Feb. [illegible]	31 Feb. [illegible]	32¼	32⅜	− ⅛	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	33	33	32⅜	32⅜	44⅜	900
74⅝	57	68⅜ Mar. [illegible]	63⅛ Jan. 16.	67⅜	69	+ ⅛	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '10.	2	SA	67½	67½	67½	67½	74	100
73⅝	41	63 Feb. [illegible]	45⅝ Jan. 11.	48⅛	48⅞	+ ⅛	Missouri Pacific	100	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	48⅛	49	46⅜	48⅝	70½	57,710
140	125	145 Apr. 7.	140¼ Jan. 19.	145	160	..	**Nashville, Chat. & St. Louis**	100	10,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	3	SA	144⅜	145	144⅜	145	..	200
119½	100	141 Apr. 4.	117⅜ Jan. 16.	136	137½	− 3	National Biscuit Co.	100	29,236,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	138	139	136	136	109½	2,635
125	118⅜	130 Feb. 4.	124 Jan. 20.	127½	129¼	..	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	24,804,500	Feb. 28, '11.	1¾	Q	127½	127½	127½	127½	123½	13
28⅛	14	18½ Mar. 27.	17 Jan. 10.	16	18	− 1½	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05.	1½	..	17	17	17	17	23½	100
89⅝	46½	59 Feb. 2.	51 Mar. 4.	52½	52⅝	− ½	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Mar. 31, '11.	¾	Q	52½	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	84	200
110½	101¾	108½ Jan. 10.	105¼ Mar. 24.	105½	107	− 1⅛	National Lead Co. pf.	100	24,463,600	Mar. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	105⅝	105⅞	105⅝	105⅞	109	200
37½	23½	38⅜ Feb. 18.	34 Mar. 17.	34⅜	35	..	National Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	124,043,100	....	..	..	35	35	35	35	28¼	300
22⅜	17½	20 Feb. 6.	17⅜ Apr. 10.	17⅜	18	..	Nevada Consol. Copper Co.	5	9,991,175	Mar. 31, '11.	37½c	Q	18	18	17⅜	18	..	1,200
128	105⅛	115½ Feb. 3.	105⅜ Mar. 4.	106	106¼	− ⅝	New York Central	100	222,729,300	Apr. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	106⅜	106⅜	105⅞	106⅛	125	5,900
98	82⅜	90 Jan. 27.	83 Apr. 7.	79	83	..	New York, Chi. & St. Louis 2d pf.	100	11,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	2½	SA	83	83	83	83	85⅜	100
162	149	151¼ Feb. 23.	146⅜ Apr. 11.	145	146⅜	− ¼	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	116,590,200	Mar. 31, '11.	2	Q	147	147	146⅜	146⅜	155⅝	200
50	38⅛	44½ Feb. 6.	40⅞ Jan. 11.	41⅛	41½	− ⅝	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 15, '10.	2	A	41⅝	41⅝	41	41	45½	950
108⅜	88½	109⅜ Mar. 28.	100¼ Jan. 3.	107⅛	107½	− 1⅛	Norfolk & Western	100	70,962,000	Mar. 18, '11.	1¼	Q	108½	108½	106½	107¼	104⅜	10,800
84	60⅛	72½ Mar. 21.	64 Jan. 10.	71	72	− ⅝	North American	100	29,779,700	Apr. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	70⅞	71½	70⅞	71⅛	77	400
145⅝	111½	128⅜ Feb. 1.	116 Jan. 3.	123½	124	− ⅝	Northern Pacific	100	247,995,200	Feb. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	124½	125⅜	123⅜	123⅝	137⅜	15,675
8½	2	1⅞ Feb. 28.	1½ Jan. 23.	1½	2	+ ⅛	**Ontario Mining Co.**	100	15,000,000	Dec. 30, '02.	30c	..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..	200
46¼	30	54⅝ Jan. 31.	44 Jan. 3.	50¼	51½	− ½	**Pacific Telephone & Telegraph**	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	51⅜	51⅜	50	51	38	3,850
138½	122½	130¼ Feb. 2.	124⅜ Apr. 13.	124⅜	124⅞	− 1⅛	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	412,610,700	Feb. 28, '11.	1½	Q	125⅞	126	124⅜	124⅜	137⅜	26,540
..	..	2 5-32 Apr. 13.	2 3-32 Apr. 13.	..	..	..	Pennsylvania Railroad rights	...	....	..	..	..	2⅛	2 5-32	2 3-32	2 3-32	..	37,400
116⅜	103	109 Jan. 19.	103 Apr. 5.	103⅜	104	+ ¼	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Feb. 25, '11.	1¾	Q	103½	104⅛	103¼	103⅜	111½	2,000
106½	84	109 Mar. 18.	100½ Jan. 3.	106½	107	− 1	Philadelphia Co.	50	88,561,000	Feb. 1, '11.	1½	Q	106	106	105½	105½	102½	700
104⅞	89	100 Jan. 17.	95 Apr. 11.	94	95	− ⅜	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	85,675,800	Jan. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	95¼	95¼	95	95	102⅜	500
27⅞	13	22⅜ Mar. 23.	17¼ Jan. 3.	20½	21⅜	..	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J.	100	28,104,600	....	..	..	21½	21½	20½	20½	21⅜	1,400
85	60¼	82½ Apr. 7.	67⅜ Jan. 4.	80⅜	81⅜	+ ⅜	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,071,800	Jan. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	81⅜	81⅜	80	81	75	1,700
..	..	104 Apr. 13.	103 Apr. 13.	104½	104½	..	Pittsburg Steel pf.	100	7,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	103	104	103	104	..	570
51⅞	25	36¼ Feb. 6.	30¼ Jan. 3.	32	33	− ⅞	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	32⅜	32⅜	32	32	43⅞	880
107½	90	99⅛ Feb. 23.	92¼ Jan. 3.	98	99	+ ¼	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Feb. 23, '11.	1¾	Q	98⅜	98⅜	98¼	98½	104	250
200	155	163 Jan. 30.	159 Jan. 3.	159⅞	160	..	Pullman Company	100	120,000,000	Feb. 15, '11.	2	Q	160⅜	160⅜	159⅜	160	192	1,872
51⅞	28	38 Feb. 8.	31 Jan. 11.	31½	32	− 1	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	32⅜	32⅜	32	32	48	400
107	90¼	100 Feb. 23.	92 Jan. 3.	99	100½	− ½	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf.	100	13,500,000	Mar. 20, '11.	1¾	Q	99½	99½	99	99½	105	872
..	..	17½ Mar. 29.	15⅜ Apr. 7.	15⅞	16	− ⅛	Ray Consol. Copper	10	11,991,750	....	..	..	15⅞	15⅞	15⅜	15⅜	..	100
172¼	130⅝	161⅜ Feb. 7.	150⅛ Jan. 3.	155	155⅛	− ¼	Reading	50	70,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	3	SA	155⅞	155⅞	154¼	155⅛	167⅜	78,800
110½	87	99⅛ Feb. 8.	94 Jan. 5.	96	97½	− 1⅛	Reading 2d pf.	50	42,000,000	Nov. 10, '10.	2	SA	97½	97½	96½	96½	103	500
45⅞	27	35½ Feb. 6.	31¼ Jan. 4.	32	33	− ½	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	32⅜	32⅜	32½	32½	38¼	200
57¼	22⅞	33⅞ Feb. 1.	28⅜ Mar. 3.	29⅛	29¼	− ⅛	Rock Island Co.	100	90,818,900	....	..	..	29	29⅜	28⅞	29⅛	49½	2,710
92½	54	65½ Feb. 1.	58 Mar. 3.	58	60	− 2	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,898,900	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	59	59	58	58	92½	300
73	58	68 Feb. 3.	62 Jan. 10.	63½	65	+ 3½	**St. Louis & San Fran. 1st pf.**	100	5,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	1	Q	63½	63½	63½	63½	70½	100
60	34½	44 Feb. 6.	38½ Jan. 3.	41	41½	− ¼	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	40⅜	41	40⅜	40⅜	51¼	400
63	53	62 Feb. 23.	59 Feb. 9.	58¼	60	..	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new st. cfs.	1000	13,469,000	Jan. 1, '11.	2	SA	60	60	60	60	61	12
77½	51½	69 Feb. 21.	59⅜ Jan. 3.	66½	67	− ¼	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '11.	2	SA	66¼	66¼	66¼	66¼	75¼	100
190	150	192 Feb. 6.	144 Mar. 15.	145	146½	− 1	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	100	30,000,000	Feb. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	146	146	146	146	165	800
86½	48¼	56¼ Feb. 6.	50 Jan. 26.	51⅜	53	− ⅜	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1¼	..	52	52¼	52	52¼	78½	800
118⅜	114	112 Feb. 14.	112 Feb. 14.	..	..	..	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co. pf.	100	6,700,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	112	112	112	112	..	17
138⅛	103¼	121¼ Feb. 2.	114¼ Jan. 13.	115¼	115⅜	− ¼	Southern Pacific	100	272,672,200	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	115½	115⅝	114⅞	115¼	128⅜	5,425
33⅜	18	29 Feb. 7.	25⅛ Mar. 4.	26⅞	27	− ⅜	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	27⅛	27½	26⅜	26⅞	28⅞	1,700
75	43	66⅜ Feb. 7.	61⅞ Jan. 11.	63	64	− 1	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Oct. 17, '07.	1½	..	63⅞	63⅞	62⅞	63	65⅞	1,800
40⅝	19⅜	39¼ Feb. 14.	32 Jan. 11.	36⅜	37½	− ⅝	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Jan. 26, '11.	1.50	..	37½	37½	36	36⅞	31½	1,700
144	134	136½ Feb. 1.	128 Apr. 7.	128⅝	130	+ 2	Texas Company	100	27,000,000	Mar. 31, '11.	2½	Q	130	130	130	130	..	100
36⅜	22½	30¼ Feb. 21.	25½ Jan. 3.	27	28	− 1¼	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	27½	27⅜	26½	27	33	1,850
19½	5½	12 Jan. 5.	8⅝ Mar. 2.	9¼	10	− ½	Third Avenue	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07.	1½	..	9½	9½	9½	9½	7	100
54⅝	19	24⅜ Feb. 8.	19⅝ Apr. 12.	18½	20	− 1	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	20⅜	20⅜	19⅞	19⅞	43⅞	900
72¼	42⅜	58⅞ Jan. 5.	45 Apr. 11.	45	47¼	− 1⅝	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1	Q	48½	48½	45	47¼	65⅞	3,100
..	..	67½ Apr. 11.	63 Mar. 29.	66½	67½	+ 4	**Underwood Typewriter**	100	8,500,000	....	..	..	66⅜	67½	66⅜	67½	..	545
..	..	105 Apr. 8.	103 Mar. 31.	105	106	..	Underwood Typewriter pf.	100	5,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	105½	106	105½	106	..	45
204⅜	152¼	181¼ Feb. 6.	169⅜ Jan. 3.	176⅝	176⅜	− ¼	Union Pacific	100	216,579,700	Apr. 1, '11.	2½	Q	177½	177¼	175½	176⅜	188	48,310
103⅜	88⅜	95⅜ Apr. 5.	90⅞ Mar. 6.	94	94½	− ⅜	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,300	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	94⅜	94⅜	93½	94⅜	97¼	1,500
100½	100	104 Feb. 23.	101½ Mar. 17.	102½	104	..	United Cigar Manufacturers pf.	100	5,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	103	103	103	103	..	112
122	96	106⅜ Feb. 20.	100½ Jan. 27.	104	105	+ ¼	United Dry Goods	100	14,427,500	Feb. 1, '11.	2	Q	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	114½	100
113⅞	99¼	107 Feb. 18.	102½ Jan. 5.	104¼	105½	+ ⅜	United Dry Goods pf.	100	10,849,100	Mar. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	105⅜	105⅜	105⅜	105⅜	109	135
42½	23⅜	49 Feb. 20.	31⅜ Jan. 3.	42¼	43	− 1⅜	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	....	..	..	42½	43⅜	40	42½	37	1,801
72⅞	47	76¼ Mar. 22.	60⅜ Jan. 3.	71⅜	73	− ⅜	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07.	2½	..	71½	72	70	71⅞	..	1,800
32	14½	19 Feb. 23.	15 Jan. 10.	16½	18	+ 1	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	17½	17½	17½	17½	28	100
84	49	61 Feb. 23.	50 Jan. 16.	56½	58½	− 1⅜	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fdy. Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	Mar. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	57	57	57	57	73¼	154
145	94	104 Feb. 1.	95 Jan. 7.	98	100	+ 1	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '10.	3	SA	99	100	99	100	..	211
84¼	64⅜	74¼ Apr. 13.	65⅛ Jan. 25.	73½	74¼	+ 1¼	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Feb. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	73	74¼	73	74¼	80	1,000
11	4	4½ Jan. 13.	3⅝ Mar. 17.	3⅞	7½	+ ¼	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co.	100	5,918,800	Apr. 1, '08.	1	..	4	4	4	4	..	100
52½	27	47⅝ Mar. 1.	36 Jan. 6.	41⅜	41½	..	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,666,000	Apr. 30, '00.	1	..	41⅜	41⅜	40⅜	41⅛	44	1,850
116½	99	114⅞ Apr. 10.	109¼ Jan. 18.	112	112⅞	+ ½	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	39,824,400	Jan. 31, '11.	2	Q	114⅞	114⅞	112⅝	112⅝	114	600
91	61⅞	82½ Feb. 6.	71⅞ Jan. 3.	77	77⅛	− ⅝	United States Steel Corporation	100	[illegible]	Mar. 30, '11.	1¼	Q	77⅞	77⅞	76⅞	77	87⅞	85,600
125⅝	110½	120⅞ Feb. 4.	116⅜ Jan. 3.	119¼	119⅝	+ 1	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	[illegible]	Feb. 27, '11.	1¾	Q	119	120	119	120	122½	8,284
60⅝	39⅜	47⅝ Jan. 9.	43⅜ Mar. 4.	43⅜	44	− ⅜	Utah Copper	10	15,625,590	Mar. 31, '11.	75c	Q	43⅜	44	43⅛	43⅜	48⅜	900
66¼	47	70⅝ Feb. 28.	62⅜ Jan. 3.	65¼	65⅜	− ⅛	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Feb. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	66⅜	66⅜	65¼	65⅜	60	10,250
129¼	117	128½ Mar. 15.	123⅜ Jan. 3.	125	127½	− 1½	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co. pf.	100	18,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	124⅜	125	124½	125	124	200
73	50	66 Feb. 11.	52 Jan. 6.	..	..	..	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....	..	..	60	60	60	60	..	10
..	..	41⅝ Apr. 13.	41½ Apr. 13.	41⅜	41⅝	..	Virginia Ry. & Power	100	7,450,500	....	..	..	41½	41⅝	41½	41½	..	400
27⅜	12¼	18⅜ Feb. 23.	15¼ Jan. 6.	16¼	17	..	**Wabash**	100	53,189,200	....	..	..	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	22⅞	350
61	28½	40⅜ Feb. 23.	32⅞ Jan. 11.	37⅞	37⅜	..	Wabash pf.	100	39,189,200	....	..	..	37⅜	37⅜	37	37⅜	49⅞	3,300
186	144½	166 Feb. 27.	155 Jan. 4.	162	164	..	Wells Fargo Express Co.	100	23,967,300	Jan. 16, '11.	5	SA	164½	164½	164¼	164½	..	10
54⅜	40	51⅜ Feb. 1.	49½ Mar. 31.	49	50⅛	..	Western Maryland	100	38,757,900	....	..	..	49⅞	50⅛	49⅞	50	49⅛	1,200
77	67	77 Jan. 6.	75 Jan. 14.	73	76	..	Western Maryland pf.	100	10,000,000	Jan. 20, '11.	1	Q	76	76	76	76	70	50
78¼	58	76½ Jan. 19.	71⅜ Mar. 8.	72⅜	73¼	− ⅛	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,716,100	Apr. 15, '11.	¾	Q	73¼	73¼	72⅜	72⅜	72	600
82½	49⅜	71 Feb. 15.	65⅜ Jan. 12.	65½	67	..	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	36,633,450	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	67	67	66	66	68½	300
120	110	123 Jan. 5.	116 Jan. 14.	117	117¼	− ½	Westinghouse E. & M. 1st pf.	50	3,998,700	Apr. 15, '11.	†1¾	Q	117	117	117	117	..	100
64	43	73 Mar. 30.	57 Jan. 3.	67	70	− 1	Wisconsin Central	100	16,147,900	....	..	..	70	70	69	69	53	400

THE OKLAHOMA BANK SITUATION

What Bankers in Close Touch with It Say of the Guarantee.

During the past three months there has been a considerable movement of State banks in Oklahoma to take out National bank charters, and there has been much discussion of this as an evidence of the failure of the bank guarantee law, which has been in force just three years. It has also been remarked that deposits in National banks in Oklahoma have largely increased within a few months, while a decrease in State bank deposits has been reported. There has been talk of a movement among Oklahoma State bankers to bring about a public investigation of the administration of the guarantee fund.

As this is a matter of public concern and of great interest to bankers, THE NEW YORK TIMES last week sent telegrams to leading bankers and to the State banking officials of Oklahoma, asking them to give the facts of the whole situation. The following letters have been received in reply:

Clearing House Banker's View.

Mr. E. H. Cooke, President of the Clearing House Association of Oklahoma City, was out of town when the telegram reached his office, and John M. Hale, Vice President of the State National Bank of Oklahoma City, of which Mr. Cooke is President, sent a letter in his stead, in which he says:

First, you ask, "What are facts regarding shift of deposits State to National banks?"

If you mean to inquire as to whether or not deposits have been shifted from State to National banks by reason of a fear of the guarantee law of this State, I must advise you that no deposits have been shifted for that reason. If, however, you mean to inquire as to whether or not deposits have been shifted by reason of State banks giving up their State charters and entering the National system, I can answer that in the affirmative. Since the first of the year there have been approximately forty State banks that have taken out National charters or consolidated with National banks. The changes as indicated have carried into the National system something like $2,500,000.

I might say, further, that while some of the State banks that have left the State system and gone into the National system had heretofore been State banks, the majority of the banks changing were formerly National banks that had converted to take advantage of the guarantee law.

You say you would appreciate a statement of the whole situation. I wish it were in my power to give you a full statement of the situation, but I can only say that the situation is so involved that no one man has sufficient information, nor can one man secure sufficient information, to give a full account of conditions. I say this by reason of the fact that the methods followed by the old Banking Board of this State were so lax and unbusinesslike that even their records do not afford the information that they should to clear up the banking situation as it obtains in this State.

One of the best-known auditing companies of the West has recently completed an investigation of what we call "The Columbia Affair," or, in other words, the failure of the Columbia Bank and Trust Company of this city, and the condition of the guarantee fund after the failure in question. This company has made a voluminous report, which as yet has not been given to the public, but the writer has had the privilege of looking over the report, and I am constrained to say that after a careful perusal of the report I am about as much in the dark as to actual conditions as I was before ever I read the report.

This condition arises by reason of the fact that so many of the necessary records of the bank were not in evidence and could not be secured by the auditing company, and their report is necessarily incomplete.

I presume that your inquiry was probably caused by reason of the report that one of the State banks in this city is now being liquidated by the Banking Board. If this is true, I beg to advise you that so far as surface indications are concerned, no one would know that a failure had taken place, everything being absolutely quiet.

JOHN M. HALE.
Oklahoma City, Okla., April 11, 1911.

Bank Commissioner Defends the Law

J. D. Lankford, Bank Commissioner and Secretary of the State Banking Board, presents the views of those who favor the guarantee law. He says in his reply:

Replying to your telegram of April 10, I beg to thank you for this opportunity of presenting our side of the bank guarantee law in Oklahoma. The Eastern press has been very severe in its criticism of the law, taking only one side of the question and thus leaving a false impression.

When the law became effective Feb. 14, 1908, State banks had deposits aggregating $18,000,000, at the same time National banks had deposits amounting to $38,000,000. On March 7, 1911, State banks had deposits amounting to $49,723,977.50 and National banks had deposits aggregating $48,169,088.82, and this in connection with the fact that several of the largest State banks in the State had converted to the National system.

At the time the law was put in operation a great number of National bankers were forced to take out State charters in order to protect their interests, as people were depositing their money in State banks because deposits were guaranteed by the depositors' guarantee fund of the State of Oklahoma. These bankers did not take out State charters because they were in sympathy with the law, but in order that they might successfully compete with others who were operating under the guarantee law.

On March 2, 1911, the Banking Board saw fit to call for an emergency assessment of 1 per cent. on the average deposits, and since that time quite a number of State banks have liquidated their institutions and converted to the National system. It is quite interesting to note, however, that a large number of those who have recently converted to the National system were, before the law went into effect, National bankers, and have never been in sympathy with the law. Since nationalizing they have never lost an opportunity to keep up criticism not only upon the law itself, but upon the administration of the same.

In order to give you some idea of the practical workings of the law we wish to call your attention to the failure of the Columbia Bank and Trust Company of Oklahoma City on Sept. 28, 1909. This was the largest bank in Oklahoma, either State or National, and had deposits aggregating $2,900,000. Not a depositor lost a single dollar. Had a National bank failed in Oklahoma City with the same amount of deposits widespread ruin and disaster would have followed in its wake, shaking not only the business conditions of Oklahoma City, but of the entire State as well. As it was, business conditions were never disturbed in the least; no run was made on the bank, and in less than two weeks all depositors were paid, excepting those whose address could not be found, and those against whom the Banking Board had counter claims.

In direct contrast with the handling of the Columbia Bank and Trust Company is the case of the Capital National Bank, which failed in Guthrie, Okla., about seven years ago. This bank was liquidated under the National system, and depositors have up to the present time received about 70 per cent. of the amount they had on deposit. Take into consideration the fact that they have been seven years in getting even this much of their money, you will readily see that they have only received a good rate of interest on their money and have lost the principal entirely.

We wish to say that the guarantee law is more popular with the common people than ever before. The law was not enacted in order that favored classes might reap the benefit of it, but it became a law in order that those who can least afford to lose their savings would be protected, and only those bankers who do not care to give their depositors protection, from the fact that it will cost them something, are trying to ruin the law. The majority of State banks throughout this State are in hearty sympathy with it, and even though at times it seems rather costly, their increase in deposits has more than compensated them for this outlay of money.

We note with a great deal of interest that a considerable number of States have had under consideration the passage of the depositors' guarantee law and believe we are safe in making the prediction that in the very near future many States will have this law on their statute books.

J. D. LANKFORD,
Bank Commissioner.
Oklahoma City, Okla., April 11, 1911.

Prison for Cotton Men.

Judge H. C. Niles, in the Federal District Court at Aberdeen, Miss., on Wednesday, sentenced J. H. Miller, who was found guilty of using the mails in the cotton bill of lading frauds, to seven years in prison and to pay a fine of $11,000.

L. C. Steele and C. H. G. Linde, who accepted a verdict of guilty on the same charge, were sentenced to two years' imprisonment and a fine of $10,000 each.

The men were members of the cotton firm of Steele, Miller & Co. of Corinth, Miss., which failed several months ago. It was charged at the time of the failure that bogus bills of lading amounting to $7,000,000 had been issued by the firm.

The convicted men will be confined in the Federal prison at Atlanta.

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35 NASSAU ST.,
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THE ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO R. R.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE SEVEN-YEAR four and one-half per cent. gold notes of St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, issued under Trust Agreement, dated February 1, 1905:

Notice is hereby given that St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, pursuant to Article Three of the Trust Agreement hereinafter referred to, by notice in writing to Bankers' Trust Company, Trustee, of its intention so to do, has elected to require the holders of $4,000,000, face amount, being all of its seven-year four and one-half per cent. gold notes issued under and secured by a Trust Agreement, dated February 1, 1905, between St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company and Bankers' Trust Company, as Trustee, and numbered from 1 consecutively upwards to 4,000 inclusive, to deliver said gold notes held by them respectively to St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, or on its order, on August 1, 1911, for payment and redemption at their face value and accrued interest; said August 1, 1911, being an interest date designated in each of said gold notes, in said Trust Agreement and in said notice; that all of said gold notes outstanding will be paid and redeemed on said August 1, 1911 by said St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, at the office of said Trustee, Bankers' Trust Company, No. 7 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, N. Y., at their face value and accrued interest thereon to said August 1, 1911; and that upon said August 1, 1911, both principal and interest of said gold notes will become due and payable, and the holders of said gold notes are hereby required to surrender for delivery to said railroad company, for such payment and redemption, said gold notes with coupons maturing on and after said August 1, 1911, at the office of said Bankers' Trust Company, as Trustee, and that interest upon said gold notes shall cease on said August 1, 1911.

Dated at New York, this 15th day of April, 1911.

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILROAD COMPANY. By T. D. Heed, Assistant Secretary.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE KENTUCKY FIRST MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF

THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY

Secured by its Kentucky First Mortgage, or Deed of Trust, dated December 1, 1908.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding Kentucky First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds on the first day of June, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated December 1st, 1908, from The Consolidation Coal Company to The Fidelity Trust Company, (Baltimore, Md.,) Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of The Fidelity Trust Company, Trustee, 200 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md., or at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at which said place and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the Trustee or of said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of June, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust:

105% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to June 1st, 1911, at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 21st day of February, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
President, The Consolidation Coal Co.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 105 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART,
Assistant Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 21st, 1911.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Pfd.
Chase National Bank
Worthington Pump Preferred
Childs' Restaurant Common
E. W. Bliss Common
Lawyers Mortgage Co.
Prudential Life Insurance Co.
Blake & Reeves
34 Pine St. BANKERS New York

6% Gold Mortgage Bonds
At Par and Interest
Denominations—$100—$500—$1,000
New York Real Estate Security Company
42 Broadway
Write for Information—Circular "72"

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society 4½%
Founded 1888. Bank Department supervision. Mailing size pass books. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before April 29th earn from May 1st. Begin now or write for booklet A. 1 Beekman St., cor. Park Row, N. Y.

WE WILL BUY OR SELL:
NORTH JERSEY ST. RY. 4s
HUDSON COUNTY GAS. CO. 5s
NORTH HUDSON COUNTY RY. 5s & 6s
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Phone 6060 Hanover. 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

AMERICAN BRASS
COLT'S ARMS
HARTFORD CARPET
HARTFORD FIRE INS.
STANDARD SCREW, Pfd.
NEW MILFORD POWER 5%
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New York & Boston Stock Exchanges.
7 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Boston Hartford

Chicago & Erie 1st 5s, 1982
Winona St. Peter 1st 7s, 1916
Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley 6s, 1933
Florida Cen. & Peninsular Con. 5s, 1933
Louis. & Jeffersonville Bridge 4s, 1945
E. BUNGE & CO.,
20 Broad Street. Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
206 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

¶ If you are going abroad you should arrange for the prompt collection during your absence of coupons, matured or call bonds, notes and drafts.

The Long Island Loan & Trust Company can render valuable service in such matters. Payments will be made in all parts of the world.

This Company also furnishes letters of credit and issues drafts on London, Paris and other principal cities abroad.

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Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.
Receiver, Assignee or Committee.

Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY.
Allows Interest on Deposits.
Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000
Personal and Business Accounts Invited

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus.....$23,000,000
Deposits..............133,000,000

To the Bondholders of the

JAMES LIVINGSTON CONSTRUCTION COMPANY,

18 West 27th St., N. Y. City.

The United States Mortgage and Trust Company, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage executed by the James Livingston Construction Company to it, as Trustee, dated May 1st, 1909, has notified said Construction Company that it has drawn for payment the following Bonds secured by said Mortgage, to wit: Bonds numbered

7	109	197	267	336	420
12	111	199	269	338	422
19	114	202	270	347	425
22	119	206	275	349	427
23	124	209	276	350	428
27	125	210	279	354	430
29	131	215	286	356	432
30	134	217	291	358	441
32	135	225	292	364	447
41	140	226	295	366	453
46	143	227	299	372	454
49	145	230	300	383	459
56	150	231	303	386	462
58	153	232	305	388	464
60	157	234	306	389	467
61	159	236	308	393	468
71	161	239	309	394	475
72	164	240	311	395	476
84	168	243	314	399	482
87	178	250	318	406	489
89	181	254	319	410	491
91	184	255	325	411	493
94	185	258	326	413	496
102	190	260	329	415	497
103	195	263	333	417	500

Bonds bearing the above numbers will become due and payable on May 1st, 1911, and will cease to bear interest on and after said date. Said bonds, with coupons attached, should be presented for payment on or after May 1st, 1911, to the United States Mortgage and Trust Company at its office, No. 55 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Dated April 1st, 1911.

JAMES LIVINGSTON CONSTRUCTION COMPANY,
By James Livingston, President.

SOUTHERN STATES LAND COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that thirty-five Second Mortgage Bonds of the Southern States Land Company, $500 each, numbered as follows:

13	46	57	95	112	134	150
17	47	60	98	124	135	156
25	49	68	106	127	137	169
33	51	85	107	131	145	182
35	54	93	111	133	148	197

have been drawn by lot for redemption from the amount to the credit of the Sinking Fund, and will be paid for at the rate of $512.50 per bond, with accrued interest, at the office of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, 60 Broadway, New York City, New York, on the first day of May, 1911, after which date said bonds will cease to bear interest.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY,
CHARLES H. KEEP, President.

Dated April 14, 1911.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice of Redemption of One-Year Five Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes.

To each and every holder of the One-Year Five Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes of Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, issued under and secured by the Trust Agreement, dated August 1, 1910, between said Railway Company and Union Trust Company of New York, as Trustee:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company has elected to redeem the entire issue of said Notes on May 1, 1911; that interest on said Notes will cease on said day, and that on presentation and surrender thereof, with all unmatured coupons, to said Railway Company at the office of Union Trust Company of New York, No. 80 Broadway, New York City, said Notes will be paid at par with accrued interest to said redemption date; and that the holders of said Notes are required to present the same for redemption.

Dated New York, March 16, 1911.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY.
By C. N. WHITEHEAD, Treasurer.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
—FIFTEENTH YEAR—
Will you allow us to show you how $100.00 per annum for ten years invested ten years ago is now returning an income of over $100.00 per annum and is represented by securities worth over $3,000.00.
Please call or write for Circular E, describing
CONVERTIBLE BONDS yielding 6.66%
METROPOLITAN DEPT.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

WHEAT HELD UP BY CHICAGO CONGESTION

Western Receipts Decrease in the Face of Bright Crop Promises.

RAINS DELAY FARM WORK

Cotton Advance Held in Check by Fears of Curtailment of Mill Operations.

Conditions which have developed in the wheat market have been largely those resulting from congestion in the May delivery at Chicago and a strong advance in Minneapolis. There has not been in any other market any congestion of importance. Nevertheless the markets have been unsettled by the undoing of spreads and the covering of shorts in the Chicago May and May and July in Minneapolis. The trade has been inclined to look upon the change in the Chicago market from about 1c. a bushel discount for the May to over 4c. a bushel premium over July as in part the result of a big spreading operation by one of the Chicago operators, possibly in an effort to even up against unsuccessful operations on the bull side during the past three months.

Aside from the technical developments in the May the market has been without particular feature. The new crop deliveries have been relatively heavy, and the selling of the new crop deliveries has been influenced by the weather and crop developments. The weather conditions have not been unfavorable for Winter wheat other than the low temperatures have tended to retard rapid growth. The reports from the fields are in the main promising and there seems to be an almost unanimous tendency to report maintained or improved conditions compared with the Government report of April 1.

There was uncertainty as to deductions to be made from the April report. That made by the New York Produce Exchange gave the highest indicated yield of 541,000,000 bushels. This estimate was based on the average yield of the last ten years, and the average condition reported at harvest during that time from which a deduction was made of the meaning of 100 as equal to 18.8 bushels per acre. The condition reported April 1 of 83.3 was taken as indicating in bushels 83.3 per cent. of 18.8 bushels, which was equal to 15.7 bushels. The figures used at the West for the meaning of 100 were evidentally those published in the Government Crop Reporter of December, 1909, of 17.5 for a ten-year meaning of 100 and 17.9 for a five-year meaning of 100. These Government figures do not, however, take into consideration the high relative yields of the past two years. The estimates based on an allowance for possible deterioration between the present time and harvest and for the possible reduction in acreage to be reported in May were less than the other estimates.

The losses in acreage in previous years have been slightly under 1,000,000 acres minimum up to nearly 5,000,000 acres maximum, and have averaged about 8.5 per cent. The report as given for April 1 presented the unusual condition that of a gain of eight points compared with December, while the average the past ten years has shown a loss of 4.4 per cent. Such an unusual showing as this naturally makes an effort to forecast deterioration, particularly susceptible to error.

Indications are for a crop equal to the previous high record of 494,000,000 bushels, and possibly a new high record will be made even after deduction for any possible loss in area to be reported in May unless the crop should suffer from unusual weather conditions between now and harvest.

The weather conditions in the Northwest have been favorable in the supply of moisture, but with the middle of April at hand there is beginning to be some apprehension on account of the persistent rains in the Northwest. In order to get the Spring seedings, not only of wheat but of other grains, completed in good shape, weather conditions will need to be of quite a favorable character for the next month.

The movement of wheat is still very small at the West, and receipts are decreasing instead of increasing. The decrease since the 1st of January has been very heavy, and as a result there has been a steady reduction in the visible supply, while a year ago there was a slow but pretty steady increase in the visible supply. The reduction in stocks is attracting attention, and is a considerable factor in the market fluctuations now being witnessed.

The action of the corn market has not been very pronounced. Prices worked up at the opening of the week, reacted sharply, but hardened again. The improvement in the market has been several cents a bushel, particularly in the cash grades, from the low point. In the late Winter the cash grades were weak and difficult to sell. Of late this condition has been materially improved, and with the moderate movement a much better tone has developed in the cash market. The demand has been of rather limited proportions for export, but the stocks are being decreased and the country is not selling corn very freely. Whether this is due to the persistent rains delaying farmwork or to a holding tendency on the part of the country for other cause is not clear. It is still early for any anxiety regarding corn planting, but the weather conditions have delayed preparations of the land and seeding of the early crops, which may have an important bearing on the corn acreage. In some sections of the country, however, work is reported advanced to about a normal point, although later than last year.

OATS.

Oats have perceptibly hardened, and there has been a fair degree of interest in the market, due evidently to the weather conditions. Rains the early part of the month were considered a favorable condition, but the rains have been so persistent throughout the entire country that Spring work is being delayed and some anxiety has developed as to whether a normal acreage will be put in, and also whether seeding will not be delayed to such a point that the crop will be unusually subject to the extreme heat conditions of the Summer.

PROVISIONS.

Provisions have shown an improving tendency, with prices advancing from the low point with a rather limited volume of trade. There has been, however, a considerable better tone running into a sharp advance on Saturday. This improvement has been in part due to more moderate marketings of hogs and to evidentally a partial cessation at least of the liquidating pressure in the future market. While the movement of hogs is heavy and packing continues to largely increase, compared with last year, the situation is not as depressing as it was early in the month. The weights of hogs are falling off slightly, possibly due to the fact that hogs have declined so much there is less profit in feeding and the actual receipts have fallen off. In the feeding question alone, taking the decline in the price of hogs, compared with Jan. 1 and the advance in the price of corn, there is an apparent loss of equal to 25c. a bushel in feeding hogs at present, compared with the first of the year. Stocks of product are still heavy, however, but it is believed that the distribution at the present level of values will be of sufficient amount to prevent continuation of the heavy increases in stocks seen the past two months.

COTTONSEED OIL.

There was an irregular market in cottonseed oil last week, but on the whole the trend of values was toward a lower level. It was apparent that bears were displaying more caution, while the consensus of opinion was that prominent refining interests were lending some support when the market showed signs of acute weakness.

Underlying conditions have changed but little, and the continued declining tendency of the lard market is against bullish enthusiasm. Demand for compound lard on this account is extremely limited, and on the whole the disposition on the part of consumers is to purchase oil only as required. The grease situation has not changed materially, although a slight improvement was recorded in tallow circles, but this was not sufficient to cause any upturn in values.

Export demand has been in slightly improved volume recently, and, although there were no large transactions reported, the fact that bids were in the market was encouragingly regarded. The position of crude mills is gradually becoming less of a factor as numerous reports of closings are coming to hand, with remaining crude at the South widely scattered. The developments in the cotton belt recently have not been of a character to warrant the carrying over of crude, especially as the new crop months of oil are ruling at large discounts.

The belief that the bulk of the available supply of oil is in the hands of large concerns is leading to the opinion in some quarters that efforts will be made to sustain values, although at the same time refiners are thought to have fair-sized hedged sales outstanding. The firmness in lard on Saturday led to some higher bids on oil, (5 to 10 points,) although there was no official session on that day.

COTTON.

The market continued its upward movement during the past week and as a result new high levels were scored as compared with prices prevailing since the culmination of the bull campaign in December, 1910. Profit taking at different intervals by longs had the effect of causing irregularity, but on the whole support given to the list by leading bull interests tended to increase nervousness on the part of shorts. The operations of the bulls have been subjected to a wide diversity of opinion, but, nevertheless, the belief prevails in conservative quarters that the action of May, which month reduced its premium considerably, was indicative of a desire on the part of the prominent holders to avoid attracting cotton from the South at the present time. It was also thought that the short interest in that month was reduced materially although it is not unlikely that fair sales are still outstanding but these are hedged by actual cotton in the majority of instances. The tactics pursued by holders has done much to confuse sentiment, but with all their operations seem to be of a scalping character on the bull side.

Considerable stimulus was caused by foreign advices, particularly those from Manchester, where a good business is transpiring and the liberal stocks held in Great Britain are not proving burdensome. Trade conditions in other sections have shown but little change, while in this country advices coming to hand are quite pessimistic. The natural course for mills to pursue would be to curtail more drastically as the cost of raw material increases, especially as manufactured goods show but little enhancement in values. This increased curtailment talk is heard from many quarters, but it is apparent that the actual reduction in working time has not become severe enough as yet to have appreciable effect. There seems to be no denying of the fact that mills are operating on a very unprofitable basis, but the bulls maintain that with the enormous and increasing spindleage of the world, in view of the limited supply of raw material, more or less curtailment is an absolute necessity, while at the same time many mills are known to be adverse to closing. This attitude is brought about partly by the knowledge of the fact that although operating is extremely expensive the alternative of curtailing might result in disorganization of mill hands, which is not desired. The recent consolidation of numerous mills is thought to be a step in the right direction toward eliminating many unfavorable features existing in milling circles to-day.

The statistical position of cotton has not changed materially during the last week, and figures given by The Chronicle, although bullish, are less so than for the few preceding weeks. The visible supply shows the substantial decrease of 164,000 bales; this decrease, however, is considerably less than that shown this time a year ago, which amounted to 187,000 bales.

Total spinners' takings of all kinds were placed at 332,000 bales for the week, 000 bales last year; since Sept. 1 these are approximately 374,000 bales greater than last year, although it must be remembered that spinners' takings are subjected to "call" and generally hedged, so that they do not necessarily imply the passing of the cotton into actual consumption. The into-sight figures for the week totaled to 78,000 bales, against 108,000 bales last year; sinhe Sept. 1 10,760,000 bales against 9,313,000 bales a years ago. The amount of cotton to be exported for the balance of the season in conjunction with the decreases noted in the American visible supply from week to week will be the determining factors in the situation as to how acute the scarcity of cotton at the termination of this season will be. Last week's exports were 65,000 bales, against 129,000 bales this time a year ago. At the end of the first week in March the amount exported was 1,703,000 bales greater than that of a year ago, while for the period ended the past week from Sept. 1, exports were only 1,573,000 bales, showing a falling off of approximately 130,000 bales in six weeks. For the week ended March 3 the world's visible of cotton showed a total of 377,000 bales over that of last year, while at the end of the past week this total was only 171,000 bales in excess of last year. The amount on shipboard not cleared is small, aggregating to only 63,000 bales, against 78,000 bales in 1910 and 148,000 bales two years ago. The amount of cotton at the principal Southern points held in stock is approximately 842,000 bales, against 828,000 bales last year, although it is impossible to arrive at the amount of this already sold. According to the into-sight figures and on the basis of a crop of 12,000,000 bales, there are nearly 1,240,000 bales to be accounted for for the balance of the season.

Weather conditions last week were not entirely favorable owing to the abundance of precipitation in many sections of the belt. The season so far is a comparatively early one; it is therefore thought that this precipitation at the [illegible] will delay planting operations, while the moisture may be of benefit ultimately to the plant. The fact remains, however, that the position of the bulls in the old-crop months would be fortified by a late start of the plant.

PACKARD STOCK OFFERED.

Read & Co. Placing Large Block on 6.40 Per Cent. Basis.

William A. Read & Co. of 25 Nassau Street are offering the unsold portion of 10,000 shares of the preferred stock of the Packard Motor Car Company, recently purchased by them, at 108 and accrued dividend, netting approximately 6.40 per cent.

The stock is entitled to 7 per cent. cumulative dividends and is subject to redemption at par on Aug. 30, 1939, and may be redeemed by the company on ninety days' notice at $110 per share and accrued dividends. Its statements show net assets on Jan. 1 last over and above all liabilities of at least $12,000,000. Net earnings for the fiscal year ended Aug. 31, 1910, are reported at over $3,150,000, and have averaged for the last three years not less than $2,600,000 a year. The 1910 earnings, as reported, equalled nearly two-thirds the amount of the preferred stock outstanding and were equal to nine times the annual dividend requirements.

The company's physical property is said to represent an investment in excess of the amount of the preferred stock outstanding. All the voting rights of the common stock are possessed by the preferred except as regards the election of Directors.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 16.—Strikes in North Butte and Franklin last week were of importance—indeed, about the only developments in the copper situation worth notice.

The rich ore opened on the twenty-third level of Franklin is doubly significant because of its extreme southerly situation. As the mine is now opened every 100 feet to this level the same ore should be found below.

The vein which has been intersected in the Speculator shaft of North Butte is believed to be a northerly branch of the Edith May vein, and the possibilities are excellent, both above and below. Then, too, for a width of sixteen feet on the 1,800-foot level of the Croesus vein 10 per cent. copper has been found. Altogether the discoveries are of great importance to the company.

Recent developments on the tenth level of Utah Consolidated are encouraging. The company is said to have made more money in the last three months than in the entire year 1910.

The estimate of the March output of the Lake Superior district is 19,674,764 pounds. In March, 1910, it was 20,062,442 pounds.

The ore passing through the Ray Consolidated mill at present averages 2.2 per cent. copper.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

The following were the daily rates of call and time loans last week:

	On Call.	Ruling Rate.	60 Days.	90 Days.	Six Months.
Monday	2 @2¾	2¾	2½	2¾@3	3@3¼
Tuesday	2¼@2¾	2¾	2½	2¾@3	3@3¼
Wed'day	2 @2¾	2¾	2½	2¾	3
Thursday	2¼@2½	2¾	2½	2¾	3
Saturday	2½	2¾	2½	2¾	3
W'k's r'ge	2 @2½	2¾	2½	2¾@3	3@3¼

Corresponding Week Last Year.—On call, 2½@3½; ruling rate, 3¼; 60 days, 4@4¼; 90 days, 4¼@4½; six months, 4¼@4½.

Year to Date.—On call, 1@6; ruling rate, 2½; 60 days, 2½@3¼; 90 days, 2¾@3¾; six months, 3@4.

Corresponding Period Last Year.—On call, 1@14; ruling rate, 3; 60 days, 3¼@4¾; 90 days, 3½@4¾; six months, 3¾@4¾.

FOREIGN DISCOUNT RATE.

	London Short.	London 3 Mos.	Berlin.	Paris.
Monday	2½	2¾	2⅞	2 5-16
Tuesday	2½	2⅝	2⅞	2 5-16
Wednesday	2⅝	2⅝	2⅞	2 5-16
Thursday	2⅝	2⅝@2¾	3	2⅜

BANK RATES.

	Per Cent.	When Fixed.
England	3	Mar. 9, 1911
Germany	4	Feb. 17, 1911
France	3	Jan. 23, 1910
Belgium	5	Oct. 20, 1910
Bombay	6	Nov. 18, 1910
Bengal	7	Mar. 30, 1911

STERLING EXCHANGE.

	Demand.	60 Days.	Cables.
Monday	$4.8630	$4.8395	$4.8660
Tuesday	4.8620	4.8390	4.8650
Wednesday	4.8625	4.8390	4.8655
Thursday	4.8635	4.8380	4.8665

Week's Range—Demand, $4.8620@$4.8635; 60 days, $4.8380@$4.8395; cables, $4.8650@$4.8665.

Corresponding Week Last Year—Demand, $4.8760@$4.8765; 60 days, $4.8410; cables, $4.8790@$4.88.

Year to Date—Demand, $4.8505@$4.8650; 60 days, $4.8175@$4.84; cables, $4.8545@$4.8680.

Corresponding Period Last Year—Demand, $4.8750@$4.8785; 60 days, $4.8350@$4.85; cables, $4.8620@$4.8825.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	St. Paul.
Monday	*10c	†25c	†40c	†70c
Tuesday	*10c	†25c	†35c	†70c
Wednesday	*10c	†30c	†35c	†70c
Thursday	*10c	†35c	†40c	†70c

*Discount. †Premium.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

	Paris. F.	Paris. C.	Berlin. M.	Berlin. Pf.
Monday	25	30¼	20	45¾
Tuesday	25	30⅜	20	45¾
Wednesday	25	30½	20	46¼
Thursday	25	31	20	46¼

GOLD AND SILVER BARS IN LONDON.

	Gold Bars. s.	Gold Bars. d.	American Eagles. s.	American Eagles. d.	Bar Silver. d.
Monday	77	9	76	6	24⅛
Tuesday	77	9	76	5	24½
Wednesday	77	9	76	5	24 9-16
Thursday	77	9	76	5	24⅛

GOLD PREMIUMS.

	Madrid.	Lisbon.
Monday	8.50	11.00
Tuesday	8.40	10.00
Wednesday	8.50	11.00
Thursday	8.45	11.00

FRENCH GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Consols.	French Rentes.	Russ. 4s.	Ger. Imp. 3s.	Turkish 4s.
Monday	81 13-16	96f 20c	94	82¼	92½
Tuesday	81 11-16	96f 17½c	94	82½	92½
Wednesday	81 13-16	97f 7½c	94	82½	92½
Thursday	81 13-16	97f 7½c	93¾	82½	92½

WORLD'S WHEAT SUPPLY.

The world's stocks of wheat on April 1 aggregated 226,883,000 bushels, against 212,038,000 bushels on the same date last year. The compilation of The Daily Trade Bulletin shows present stocks the largest at this time on record. Following are comparative figures of stocks, in bushels:

	Apr. 1, '11.	Mar. 1, '11.	Apr. 1, '10.
Europe	112,580,000	109,250,000	96,220,000
Argentina	4,000,000	3,680,000	2,360,000
Australia	18,520,000	19,990,000	16,000,000
America	91,782,000	102,589,000	97,458,000
Total	226,883,000	235,509,000	212,038,000

For a series of years the world's wheat supplies on April 1 have been as follows, figures representing bushels:

1911	226,883,000	1906	197,495,000
1910	212,038,000	1905	172,938,000
1909	170,585,000	1904	157,453,000
1908	189,080,000	1903	155,562,000
1907	207,620,000	1902	183,323,000

New Orleans Banks.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, April 16.—Statements of Clearing House banks for the week of five days, with a comparison of the full week a year ago, show:

	1911.	1910.
Clearings	$14,860,139	$16,821,835
Legal tenders	5,678,600	5,981,700
Loans	52,908,800	58,859,400
Deposits	33,565,000	36,118,300
Deposits not subject to check	19,792,600	18,314,100

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
54 Wall Street

Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,090 has been earned)

Authorized to act as Executer, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Receive Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY

358 Fifth Ave.
125 St. & Lenox Ave.
60 Broadway
148 St. & Third Ave.
New York

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION
as Reported to New York State Banking Department Tuesday, February 28, 1911

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Cash on Hand and in Banks	$8,055,401.03	Capital Stock	$3,181,000.00
Bonds and other Securities	9,232,293.61	Surplus & Undivided Profits	5,847,925.30
Demand Loans	3,541,020.33	Unconverted "B" Certificates	57,000.00
Time Loans	12,990,270.75	TOTAL CAPITAL AND SURPLUS	$9,085,925.30
Bonds and Mortgages	3,275,394.19	Due Depositors	32,007,280.44
Real Estate, Banking Houses	3,907,657.86	Dividend Checks Outstanding	36.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	316,355.18	Reserve for Taxes, etc.	77,786.29
		Accrued Interest Payable	147,964.93
	$41,318,393.95		$41,318,393.95

THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
25 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee, Receiver, Fiscal Agent for Corporations and Individuals, Trustee of Corporation Mortgages, Transfer Agent and Registrar. Takes full charge of real and personal property.

ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHEQUE.
ISSUES INTEREST BEARING CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

OFFICERS
William C. Lane, President.
Frank K. Sturgis, William C. Cox, Vice-Presidents.
Charles M. Billings, Secretary. Edward M. F. Miller, Treasurer.
E. Brainerd Bulkley, Zelah Van Loan, Asst. Secretaries.

DIRECTORS

John T. Atterbury	Pliny Fisk	John G. McCullough	Charles F. Smillie
Francis S. Bangs	William D. Guthrie	Charles L. Pack	John A. Spoor
William M. Barrett	Fairfax Harrison	John S. Phipps	Henry L. Sprague
William C. Cox	Gardiner M. Lane	Henry W. Putnam, Jr.	Charles Steele
Alexander H. De Haven	William C. Lane	Basil W. Rowe	Frank K. Sturgis
Samuel M. Felton	E. M. F. Miller	William Salomon	Eugene V. R. Thayer

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Company of New York
MAIN OFFICE: 80 BROADWAY.
Uptown Office: 425 Fifth Avenue, corner 38th Street,
With Modern Safe Deposit Vaults.
Capital $1,000,000 Surplus (earned) $7,800,000
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
Acts as Executor, Guardian, Trustee, Administrator, and in all Fiduciary Capacities on behalf of Individuals, Institutions or Corporations.

AUTOMOBILE **ROYAL** POLICIES

EVERY INSURANCE REQUIRED BY THE AUTOMOBILE OWNER,
PRINTED ON ONE SHEET—STANDARD FORM SIZE

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

ROYAL INDEMNITY COMPANY

Against actual loss or damage by fire, explosion, self-ignition or lightning; also while being transported in any convenance by land or water, against loss or damage caused by stranding, sinking, collision, burning or derailment of such conveyance; also against general average and salvage charges for which the insured is legally liable; and also against loss or damage if amounting to Twenty-five dollars ($25) on any single occasion by theft, robbery or pilferage by any person or persons other than those in the employ of the insured.

NEW YORK DEPARTMENT.
Royal Insurance Company, Limited.
CECIL F. SHALLCROSS, Manager

PERSONAL INJURIES
Against loss by reason of liability imposed by law for damages on account of personal injuries to any person or persons; provides for investigation, negotiation and settlement of claims, legal defense in all suits brought on account of injuries; also provides taxed costs in legal proceedings and accrued interest after entry of judgment and expense for immediate surgical relief.

PROPERTY DAMAGE
Against loss by reason of liability imposed by law on account of injury or destruction of property—provides defense of claims or suits, costs and expenses, taxed costs and accrued interest after entry of judgment.

COLLISION
Against loss or damage sustained by insured's own Automobile, including operating equipment.

EASTERN DEPARTMENT.
Royal Indemnity Company.
CECIL F. SHALLCROSS, Manager

POLICIES ISSUED WITH CONCURRENT EXPIRATIONS, CLAIMS ADJUSTED AND LOSSES PAID BY THE SAME MANAGEMENT

ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDING
84 William Street, New York.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of The Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company has been called by the Board of Directors of said Company, to be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Richmond, Virginia, on Saturday, the 29th day of April, 1911, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the following purposes:

(a) to consent to, approve and authorize the creation and issue of mortgage bonds of the Company to be limited to a principal amount, in United States gold coin, of $125,000,000 at any one time outstanding; such bonds to mature at such date, and to bear interest from such date and at such rate or rates, not exceeding five per cent. per annum, as the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company may determine; to be issuable for such purposes, upon and subject to such terms and conditions and in such denominations, to be payable, both principal and interest, at such place or places, in such currency or currencies and at such rate or rates of exchange, and to be in such form and to contain such terms and provisions, as said Board or said Committee may determine;

(b) to consent [illegible] approve and authorize the execution and [illegible] of a mortgage and deed of trust on and [illegible] any part of the railroads, equipment, franchises, and property, including corporate stocks and obligations, owned by the Company at the date of the execution and delivery of such mortgage and deed of trust or at any time thereafter acquired by it; such mortgage and deed of trust to secure not only such bonds, but also, in pursuance of covenants heretofore made by the Company and otherwise, to secure, in such manner and to such extent as may be authorized or approved by the Board of Directors or Stockholders of the Company, not exceeding $37,200,000, face amount, of the Four and One-Half Per Cent. Twenty-Year Convertible Gold Bonds of the Company, issued or issuable under the trust indenture, bearing date April 28, 1910, between the Company and United States Mortgage and Trust Company, as Trustee;

(c) to approve, or to authorize the Board of Directors of the Company in its discretion to determine, the form and terms of such mortgage and deed of trust, and the property of the Company to be embraced therein;

(d) to ratify and confirm and to authorize and consent to any action theretofore taken or authorized by said Board of Directors or by the Executive Committee of the Company, which may be submitted to the meeting, whether for the purposes of or in connection with or in contemplation of any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise; and

(e) to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed for such meeting on Monday, the 10th day of April, 1911, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Dated, Richmond, Va., March 27, 1911.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JAS. STEUART MACKIE, Secretary.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Albany, N. Y., March 27th, 1911.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and three Inspectors of the next election, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, in Union Depot, in the City of Albany, N. Y., on the third Wednesday (being the 19th day) of April, 1911, at 12 o'clock Noon. The Poll will be opened at 12 o'clock Noon and continue open for one hour thereafter.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

R. M. HAAN & COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a meting of the stockholders of R. M. HAAN & COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, No. 13 Park Row, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York, on the 24th day of April, 1911, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will be open for the space of one hour. Transfer books will be closed from April 15th to April 25th, 1911.

Dated New York City, N. Y., April 10, 1911.
JOSEPH HAAN, Secretary.

HOTEL CUMBERLAND.—Pursuant to a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hotel Cumberland, a special meeting of the stockholders of said company is hereby called, to be held at the office of the company, Hotel Cumberland, 54th St. and Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., on the eighteenth (18th) day of April, 1911, at five o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing five Directors of said company, and taking action on such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, April 1st, 1911.
[Signed] ROBERT S. FINNEY, Secretary.

ESTABLISHED 1754

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the New York Society Library for the election of five Trustees will be held at 109 University Place, on Tuesday, April 25th, from 3:30 to 9:30 P. M.
BEVERLY CHEW, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

OFFICE OF
THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
Cleveland, Ohio, April 3d, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, in Cleveland, Ohio, on the FIRST WEDNESDAY (being the 3d day) of MAY, 1911, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The Poll will continue open for one hour thereafter.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF NORTON & POTTER:

You are hereby notified that pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of Norton & Potter, passed in accordance with Section 221 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York, a special meeting of the stockholders of Norton & Potter will be held at the office of the corporation at Number 30 Church Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 24th day of April, 1911, at six o'clock in the afternoon, to vote upon a proposition that the said corporation be forthwith dissolved.

Dated, New York, March 31, 1911.
P. A. POTTER, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the stockholders of COTTIER & COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No 3 East 40th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on May 1st, 1911, at 12 M. for the purpose of electing 5 Directors for the ensuing year and 2 Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open one-half hour.

WALTER P. FEARON, President.
THOMAS E. VALENTINE, Secretary.
New York, April 17, 1911.

TERRIBLE MINING COMPANY.

Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Terrible Mining Company for the election of trustees and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company, No. 15 Broad Street, New York City, on May 1, 1911, at 12 o'clock M.

A. HARRISON, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

A meeting of the Board of Directors has been called for 3:00 P. M., May 1st, 1911, for the purpose of declaring a dividend (No. 21) of $1.50 per share upon the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company, for the quarter ending April 30th, 1911, payable on May 15th, 1911, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., May 1st, 1911. The Transfer Books will not close and owners desiring checks payable to themselves should have stock certificates issued in their own names on or before the last-mentioned date. Checks for the dividend will be mailed.

D. H. FOOTE,
Secretary of the Pacific Gas and Electric Company.

MINES COMPANY OF AMERICA.
111 Broadway, New York, April 6th, 1911.

The Directors of the MINES COMPANY OF AMERICA to-day declared a dividend of two and one-quarter per cent. for the quarter ending March 31st, 1911, payable on April 24th to stockholders of record at close of business on April 11th, 1911.

J. D. TOOKER, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

WEST POINT, N. Y., April 15, 1911.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 2 o'clock P. M., May 15, 1911, for supplying the United States Military Academy with fuel, gas coal, and charcoal required during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, and for building materials, plumbing materials, gas and steam fittings, hardware, paints, glass, electrical goods, stationery, and other miscellaneous stores specified in schedules to be had upon application to this office. The right is reserved to accept or reject any or all proposals or any part thereof. Proposals for fuel, gas coal, and charcoal, to be submitted in triplicate; all others, in duplicate. Envelopes containing proposals should be endorsed as indicated in printed instructions to bidders and addressed to Quartermaster, West Point, N. Y.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 309, Custom House, Baltimore, Md., April 13, 1911.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Patapsco River, Md., will be received at this office until one o'clock P. M., May 15, 1911, and then publicly opened. Information on application.

THOS. L. CASEY, Colonel, Engineers.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 2, Custom House, Norfolk, Va., April 10, 1911.—Sealed proposals for dredging the channel to Newport News, Va., will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, May 15, 1911, and then publicly opened. Information on application.

MASON M. PATRICK, Lt. Col., Engrs.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

We hereby announce that the firm of CONTE, WOLFERT & CO., 7 Great Jones St., have dissolved partnership, and Mr. Alfred Conte has remained in the business and will settle all debts and suits against the firm.

S. WOLFERT.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Week Ended April 13, $9,807,500

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	87½	87½	87½	2
Albany & Sus. 3½s	93¾	93¾	93¾	28
Allis-Chalmers 5s	77	77	77	2
Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	40
Am. Cotton Oil 4½s	98¼	98	98¼	25
Am. Hide & Leather 6s	98	98	98	11
Am. S. & R. deb. 6s, rects., full paid	102	102	102	21
Am. Spirits Mfg. 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Am. Ice 6s	76	76	76	3
Am. Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	90¼	90	90	21
Am. Tel. & Tel. con. 4s	108⅞	108⅜	108¾	70
Am. Tobacco 6s	107½	106¾	107	51
Am. Tobacco 4s	85⅝	85	85	99
Am. Writing Paper 5s	90	89¾	89¾	2
Armour 4½s	93	93	93	36
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	99⅛	99	99⅛	82
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	91	91	91	1
A., T. & S F. adj. stp	91	91	91	12
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s	109½	108½	108½	34
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s, 1960	104¼	103¾	104	135
A., T. & S. F. cnv. 5s	110¾	110½	110¼	5
A., T. & S. F. Trans., S. L. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	2
A., T. & S. F., E. Ok. 4s	97½	97	97½	9
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	94½	94¼	94¼	23
A. C. L., L. & N. 4s	94	93¾	94	40
Baldwin Locomotive 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	8
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	98¾	98⅜	98⅜	22
Balt. & O. g. 4s, reg	97	97	97	1
B. & O., P., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	91½	91½	91½	15
B. & O., S. W. Div. 3½s	90⅞	90⅝	90⅞	26
Bethlehem Steel 5s	94½	92½	93⅞	297
Brooklyn Rap. Tr. 4s	84½	84½	84⅝	52
Brooklyn Rap. Tr. 5s	103	103	103	1
Brooklyn Un. El. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	1
Brooklyn Un. Gas 5s	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	20
Buff. & S. Iron deb. 5s	90	90	90	1
Buffalo Gas 5s	60¼	60¼	60¼	1
Bush Terminal 5s	100	98¼	100	31
Bush Terminal 4s	93	93	93	13
Cal. Gas & El. 5s	95¼	95¼	95¼	6
Can. So. 1st ext. 6s	103	102⅞	102⅞	18
Cent. of Ga. consol. 5s	108	108	108	3
Cent. of Ga. 1st inc. 5s	108	107	108	9
Cent. of Ga. 2d inc. 5s	104	104	104	1
Cent. of Ga. 3d inc. 5s	100	100	100	4
Central Leather 5s	99	98¾	98⅞	40
Central of N. J. 5s	122¾	122¾	122¾	3
Central Pacific 4s	96¼	96⅛	96¼	18
Ches. Ohio fd. 5s	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	2
Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	112	111⅝	111⅞	15
Ches. & Ohio gen. 4½s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	48
C. & O. conv. 4½s	96¼	96	96	81
Chi. & Alton 3s	73¼	73¼	73¼	5
Chi. & Alton 3½s, reg.	69	69	69	3
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	97⅛	96⅞	97⅛	141
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96¼	96	96¼	173
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	96¼	96¼	96¼	4
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	101⅜	101¼	101¼	81
C., B. & Q., Neb. ext. 4s	99	99	99	1
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	99½	99⅜	99½	25
C. & E. I. gen. 5s	110	110	110	3
Chi. Gt. West. 4s	86⅝	86¼	86⅝	31
Chi., Ind. & L. ref. 4s	95⅝	95	95⅝	35
Chi. & Ind. Coal 5s	109¾	109¾	109¾	1
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s, A.	98¾	98⅝	98¾	12
C., M. & St. P. 4s, 1934	92¼	92¼	92¼	5
C., M. & St. P., Dub. 6s	114½	114½	114½	6
C., M. & St. P., W. & M. 5s	106½	106⅜	106½	2
C. & N. W. gen. 4s	99	99	99	59
C. & N. W. ext. 4s	99	99	99	1
Chi. & N. W. con 7s	110¼	110¼	110¼	3
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	74½	73¾	73⅞	212
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼	6
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	88¾	88½	88¾	160
Chi. & West. Ind. 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	4
C., St. P., M. & O. 6s	124½	124½	124½	3
Col. Industrial 5s	76	76	76	10
Col. Fuel & Ir. deb. 5s	100	100	100	25
Col. Fuel & Ir. gen. 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾	1
Col. & So. ref. 1st 4s	95½	95	95¼	20
Col. & So. ref. 4½s	98½	98¼	98½	30
Con. Gas, Chicago, 5s	101½	101½	101½	2
Con. Tobacco 4s	85½	85½	85½	1
Del. & Hud. eq. 4s	101½	101½	101½	3
Del. & Hud. conv. 4s	99	98¾	99	20
Del. & Hud. ref. 4s	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞	27
Den. & Rio G. ref. 5s	92¾	92½	92⅝	69
Det. & Mack. g. 4s	90	90	90	3
Detroit United 4½s	81¾	81¾	81¾	1
Distillers' Securities	78¼	77½	77½	78
Du Pont Powder 4½s	84	84	84	4
E. T. V. & Ga. con. 5s	110¼	110¼	110¼	4
East. Tenn. reor. 5s	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	2
Erie conv. 4s, A	79⅝	78	78¼	6
Erie conv. 4s, B	71½	71	71½	10
Erie 1st conv. 7s	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	6
Erie 1st conv. 4s	85	85	85	1
Erie gen. 4s	76½	75½	75½	46
Ft. W. & R. G. 4s	82½	82½	82½	10
Flint & P. M. (Pt. H. Div.) 5s	102	102	102	1
Gen. Elec. conv. 4s	151	149	149¼	99½
Gen. Elec. 3½s	81	81	81	1
Green Bay deb. B	14¼	14	14	50
Hocking Valley 4½s	102⅝	102	102⅝	15
Hous. & T. C. gen. 4s	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	1
Hous. & T. C. 1st 5s	110	109½	110	3
Hudson Co. Gas 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	2
Ill. Central 4s, 1952	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	1
Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	97	96½	96½	28
Ill. Central 4s, 1953	97	97	97	½
Inter.-Met. 4½s	78⅞	78⅝	78⅞	97
Inter. Rap. Tran. 5s	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝	45
Int. & G. N. 2d 5s. t. r.	119	117½	118⅞	611
Int. Steam Pump 5s	94¼	93⅝	94¼	84
Iowa Cent. ref. 4s	68	66¼	68	19
James., F. & C. 4s	94½	94½	94½	1
Kanawha & Mich. 4s	90¾	90¾	90¾	1
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	80	79¼	80	39
Kan. City So. 3s	73⅜	73⅜	73⅜	5
Kan. City So. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	26
Kan. City Term. 4s	98	98	98	6
Kentucky Cent. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	1
Lake Erie & W. 1st 5s	108½	108½	108½	1
Lake Erie & W. 2d 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼	4
Lack. Steel 5s, 1915	95¾	95¼	95¾	100
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	99	98¼	98¼	29
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	93¾	93¼	93⅝	5
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	93¼	93	93¼	23
Lake Shore 3½s	88⅞	88¼	88¼	34
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	102½	102½	102½	5
Lehigh V., N. Y. 4½s	106	106	106	6
Lehigh & W. B. con. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Long Isl. Ferry 4½s	98¼	98¼	98¼	3
Louis. & Nash. gen. 6s	116¼	116¼	116¼	1
Louis. & Nash. gen. 5s	112¼	112¼	112¼	5
Louis. & Nash. unif. 4s	98½	98⅜	98⅜	10
Manhattan 4s	96½	96½	96½	3
Manhattan 4s, tax ex.	97	97	97	17
Mercantile Marine 4½s	66¾	66	66¾	114
Mex. Cent. con. 4s	99¾	99¾	99¾	1
Met. St. Ry. 5s. t. r.	74½	74½	74½	10
M., L. S. & W. ext. 5s	110	110	110	8
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	97¼	97⅛	97⅛	16
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	84¼	84¼	84¼	1
Mo., K. & T. ext. 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	1
Mo., K. & T. 4½s	86¾	86¾	86¾	2
Mo., Kan. & E. 5s	110	110	110	5
Mo. Pacific 1st 6s	109¼	109	109	5
Mo. Pacific conv. 5s	94¾	93⅝	93⅝	140
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1920	101¼	101¼	101¼	27
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917	101¼	101⅛	101¼	10
Mo. Pacific 4s	78¼	78	78	13
Mor. & Essex con. 7s	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	1
Nassau Electric 4s	78⅛	78	78¼	12
N. Rys. Mex. gen. 4s	86¼	86¼	86¼	1
N. Rys. of M. pr. 4½s	93⅞	93½	93¾	87
N. Y. Cent. deb. 4s	93¼	93¼	93¼	2
N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	88½	88½	88½	13
N. Y. C. gen. 3½s, reg.	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	1
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s, reg	78¼	78¼	78¼	10
N. Y. C., M. C. 3½s, r.	78	78	78	9
N.Y.C. & St. L. 1st 4s	99½	99½	99½	8
N. Y. & E. 2d ext. 5s	105¾	105¾	105¾	2
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	88⅜	87⅜	88	23
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 5s	103½	103¼	103¼	17
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6s	133½	132½	133½	28
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-conv. 4s, 1956	93¼	93¼	93¼	3
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-conv. 3½s, 1955	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	2
N. Y., N. E. & H. cv. 3½s	97¾	97⅜	97¾	31
N. Y., O. & W. 4s	96½	96½	96½	12
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	99⅝	99	99¼	90
Norf. & West. con. 4s	99	98¾	99	19
Norf. & West. conv. 4s	108¼	106⅝	107	267
Norf. & West., Poc. 4s	89¼	89	89¼	6
Norf. & West. Div. 4s	93⅝	93	93	22
Northern Pacific 4s	99⅞	99¾	99⅞	77½
Northern Pacific 3s	70⅝	70½	70⅝	18
Ore. R. R. & N. con. 4s	97	96½	96½	6
Oregon S. L. ref. 4s	94	93¾	94	85
Oregon S. L. 6s	114¼	114¼	114¼	3
Ozark & Chi. C. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼	6
Pac. Tel. & Tel. 5s	97½	97⅜	97½	170
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	24
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915	97	96¾	96¾	141½
Penn. 4s, 1948	103	103	103	8
Penn. gtd. 3½s, 1916	97¼	97¼	97¼	1
Peo. & East. 1st 4s	90½	90½	90½	2
Pere Marq. ref. 4s gtd.	75¾	75¾	75¾	3
Peo. & East. inc. 4s	54	54	54	3
Phil., B. & W. 4s	102	102	102	1
Pocahontas Coll. 5s	85	84	85	3
Pub. Serv. Corp. sf. 5s	94	94	94	31
Reading gen. 4s	97⅛	97	97⅛	124
Rio G. West. 1st 4s	92	91⅝	91⅝	10
St. Jo. & Gr. Is. 4s	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	1
St. L. & I. M. gen. 5s	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜	3
St. L., I. M. & S., R. & G. 4s	85⅝	85¼	85⅝	26
St. L. & I. M. unif. 4s	85½	85⅜	85½	16
St. L. & S. F. R. R. ref. 4s	82¼	82⅛	82¼	13
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s	88⅜	87⅞	88½	162
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 6s	118	118	118	5
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	7
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	79¼	78⅝	79¼	159
St. P., M. & M. con. 4½s	105½	105½	105½	1
St. P., M. & M. con. 4s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	6
San A. & A. P. 4s	86⅞	86½	86⅞	54
Sea. A. L. adj. 5s	78¼	77⅞	78¼	137
So., Car. & Ga. 5s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	1
So. P., San F. Ter. 4s	92½	92½	92½	10
So. Pac. conv. 4s	97½	97¼	97¼	127
So. Pac. ref. 4s	95½	95¼	95½	142
So. Pac. col. 4s	92¼	92	92¼	10
So. Ry. 1st 5s	106⅞	106⅝	106¾	32
So. Ry. ref. 4s	79⅝	79	79½	819
Spokane & Int. 5s	102½	102½	102½	2
Tenn. C. & I., Tenn 6s	105	105	105	4
Term. Assn. St. L. ref. 4s	97¼	97¼	97¼	1
Texas & Pacific 5s	110¼	110	110	7
Th. Av. con. 4s, t.r., sta.	61⅞	61¼	61⅞	87
Tri-City Ry. & L. 5s	98	97⅞	98	5
Union El. L. & I. ref. 5s	93	93	93	1
Union Pac. 1st 4s	100⅞	100⅜	100½	81½
Union Pac. ref. 4s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	17
Union Pac. conv. 4s	105¼	105	105¼	136
U. S. Realty & Imp. 5s	90	89¾	90	11
Un. Rys. Inv., Pitts. 5s	84	84	84	2
U. S. Rubber 6s	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝	28
U. S. Steel 5s	105⅝	105½	105⅝	181
U. S. Steel 5s, reg	105⅝	105½	105½	24½
Va.-Car. Chem. 5s	101⅝	101¼	101¼	43
Va. Iron, C. & C. 5s	93	92½	93	12
Va. Mid. 5s, Series E	106	106	106	½
Wabash 1st 5s	108½	108	108½	11
Wabash 2d 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Wabash ref. 4s	69⅛	68½	68⅝	165
W. P. T. 4s, Cent. t. r.	41⅞	39⅞	41¼	289
W. P. T. 4s, col. t. r.	41⅞	40½	41½	21
Wabash Equip. 5s	104	104	104	2
Western Electric 5s	101⅜	101¼	101⅜	9
Westchester Light 5s	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	1
West Maryland 4s	86½	86¼	86⅜	47
West Shore 4s	101	101	101	8
West. Nor. Car. 6s	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	5
West. Elec. & Mfg. 5s	92⅝	92½	92½	16
West. Union coll. 5s	100	99¾	100	81
Wheel. & L. E. con. 4s	82	82	82	1
Wisconsin Central 4s	93	92⅝	92⅝	29

Total sales $8,287,500

Foreign Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Japanese 4½s	94⅝	94	94	186½
Japanese 4½s, 2d Ser.	94	93⅞	93⅞	10
U. S. of Mexico	96	96	96	1

Total sales $197,500

State Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs.	61⅛	60½	60½	218

New York City Issues.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
3½s, 1941, reg	88¼	88¼	88¼	5
4s, 1958	99½	99⅜	99⅜	7
4s, 1959	99⅝	99⅜	99½	97
4¼s 1960, rcts	102	101⅞	102	64
4¼s, 1960, rcts	102	101⅞	102	886
4½s, 1957	107½	107⅛	107⅛	2
4½s, 1957, new	107½	107¼	107¼	45
4½s, 1917	102½	102½	102½	1
4½s, 1917, reg	102¼	102¼	102¼	½
4½s, 1917, new	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	2

Total sales $1,109,500

Grand total $9,807,500

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1911 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last. Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914..J. J.	....	....	100 Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	....	....	113⅜ Jan. 19, 1909
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960.	....	....	105⅛ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960	104⅞ Feb. 11	104⅛ Jan 11	104⅞ Feb. 23, 1911
North Carolina 6s, 1919..A. O.	....	....	114⅜ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small	....	....	100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax..A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933..J. J.	....	....	103¼ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913..J. J.	97 Mar. 1	96 Jan 18	97 Mar. 1, 1911
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913 small	....	....	95¼ Jun. 20, 1910
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs	67¼ Mar. 6	40 Jan 13	60½ Apr. 13, 1911
Virginia fund. debt, 2-3s, 1991. J. J.	86½ Mar. 4	86½ Mar 4	86½ Mar. 6, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg..Q. Jan.	101¼ Feb. 15	101⅛ Feb 15	101¼ Feb. 15, 1911
U. S. 2, coupon..J. Jan.	101⅝ Apr. 3	101 Feb 1	101⅝ Apr. 3, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg..Q. F.	116 Feb. 21	115 Apr 3	115 Apr. 3, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon..Q. F.	116⅜ Feb. 17	115⅞ Apr 5	115⅞ Apr. 5, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon. Q. F.	102⅝ Feb. 1	102¼ Mar 29	102⅝ Apr. 7, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg..Q. F.	103 Feb. 7	102 Apr 6	102 Apr. 6, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small	....	....	102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1930, reg	....	....	100⅜ Oct. 26, 1910
Panama 2s, 1938, reg	....	....	101⅛ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg	....	....	100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925..F. A.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931..Q. F.	....	....	111 May 3, 1906
Phil. Isl. p. w. & imp. reg. 4s, 1935..Q. M.	....	....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Phil. Isl. land pur. 4s, 1914-45..Q. F.	....	....	100½ July 14, 1910
Argentina 5s	99 Jan. 18	97¼ Jan 3	99 Mar. 23, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4½s, Feb. 15, 1925..F. A.	95¾ Jan. 3	93½ Mar 30	94 Apr. 13, 1911
I. Jap. Gov. 4½s, 2d ser. Jy. 10, 1925..J. J.	95¼ Jan. 9	93⅜ Mar 31	93⅞ Apr. 13, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925..F. A.	90 Jan. 5	87⅝ Mar 21	88⅝ Apr. 7, 1911
Republic of Cuba 5s..M. S.	104 Feb. 20	102½ Apr 4	103 Apr. 7, 1911
Republic of Cuba 4½s	100 Feb. 2	97¾ Jan 17	99½ Feb. 6, 1911
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p.c., 1919.	97½ Jan. 7	97 Jan 23	97 Mar. 25, 1911
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 5s..Q. J.	97¾ Jan. 6	96 Apr 12	96 Apr. 12, 1911
U. S. of M. 4s, Ser. A, Dec. 1, 1953. J. D.	94½ Jan. 6	91 Mar 20	91 Mar. 20, 1911
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B	....	....	96⅝ May 2, 1910

NEW YORK CITY SECURITIES.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last. Sale.
Corporate stock 3½s, 1954..*M. N.	88⅝ Jan. 6	88 Mar 6	88 Mar. 6, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1954, reg..M. N.	87½ Jan. 18	87½ Jan 18	87½ Jan. 18, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1955..M. N.	....	....	88¼ Nov. 2, 1910
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1936..M. N.*	97½ Mar. 27	97½ Mar 27	97½ Mar. 27, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1955..M. N.*	98⅞ Jan. 9	98¼ Jan 21	98¼ Mar. 18, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1956..M. N.*	98¼ Mar. 1	97⅞ Mar 2	98 Mar. 31, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957..*M. N.	99⅞ Jan. 6	98⅝ Jan 11	99¼ Apr. 5, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957..*M. N.	108 Feb. 17	106½ Jan 12	107½ Apr. 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg	....	....	107 Dec. 21, 1910
Corp stock 4½s, 1957..M. N.*	108 Feb. 20	106⅜ Jan 7	107¼ Apr. 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg	107½ Jan. 5	107½ Jan 5	107½ Jan. 5, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958..M. N.*	99⅝ Jan. 5	98½ Jan 11	99⅜ Apr. 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958, reg	99¼ Mar. 21	99¼ Mar 21	99¼ Mar. 21, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959..*M. N.	99⅞ Jan. 6	98⅝ Jan 11	99½ Apr. 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959, reg	99⅝ Mar. 28	99 Feb 15	99⅝ Mar. 28, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960..*M. S.	102 Apr. 13	100¾ Jan 11	102 Apr. 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960, reg	101⅝ Apr. 4	101⅝ Apr 4	101⅝ Apr. 4, 1911
Corp stock 4¼s, 1960, rcts	102⅛ Feb. 20	100⅞ Jan 14	102 Apr. 13, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..*M. N.	103 Jan. 5	102 Jan 25	102½ Apr. 11, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..M. N.*	102½ Apr. 7	101⅞ Mar 29	102⅝ Apr. 10, 1911

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The following is the forecast for Monday and Tuesday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina—Fair, warmer Monday and Tuesday; light, variable winds.

Georgia—Fair, warmer Monday. Tuesday fair; warmer in eastern portion; light, variable winds.

Florida—Fair Monday; warmer in northern portion. Tuesday fair; warmer in northeast portion; light to moderate variable winds.

Alabama—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; slightly warmer Monday; light, variable winds.

Mississippi—Fair in northern, unsettled in southern portion Monday. Tuesday unsettled; light, variable winds.

Louisiana—Unsettled Monday and Tuesday; probably occasional local showers; light to moderate, variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Unsettled, with local showers Monday and probably Tuesday; warmer Monday in interior; light to moderate northeast to east winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Local showers and slightly warmer Monday. Tuesday generally fair.

Utah—Fair, Monday and Tuesday.

Oklahoma and Kansas—Fair, warmer Monday. Tuesday unsettled.

[illegible]—Fair Monday. Tuesday unsettled.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair, slightly warmer Monday. Tuesday fair.

Ohio—Unsettled and slightly warmer Monday. Tuesday fair, warmer; light to moderate variable winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair in southern, unsettled in northern portions Monday; warmer. Tuesday fair; light to variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Monday; warmer Tuesday in southeast portion; light to moderate variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Monday; moderate winds, becoming southerly.

Wisconsin—Fair, warmer Monday. Tuesday fair; cooler in western portion; moderate southeast to south winds, shifting to northwesterly by Tuesday.

Minnesota—Fair Monday; warmer in eastern portion. Tuesday fair; slightly cooler; moderate southerly winds, becoming northwesterly Tuesday.

Iowa—Fair Monday; warmer in northern and eastern portions. Tuesday fair; slightly cooler in western portion.

Missouri — Fair, slightly warmer Monday; Tuesday unsettled.

North Dakota—Fair Monday; slightly cooler in western portion. Tuesday fair, cooler.

South Dakota—Fair Monday; Tuesday fair, cooler.

Nebraska—Fair Monday. Tuesday fair, slightly cooler.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ‡Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. *Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s	$1,250,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97½	100
Am. Cit. R. & L.	10,761,165	†2½	S	Jan. 2, 11	73	75
Do preferred	6,906,178	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 11	98	99
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,593,800	..	..	..	74	80
Do 6% cum. pf.	2,798,100	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	81½	82½
Ariz. Power	3,000,000	..	..	....	20	24
Do preferred	825,000	..	..		56	60
Do 1st 6s, '31	1,798,000	3	S	M. & N.	85	93
Atl. Av. 5s, '31	2,241,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	102
Aub'n & Syr. E. R.R. "T.E." 5s	1,460,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99	101
Aug. R & E 5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	100	..
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Jan 10, 11	40	44
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Jan 10, 11	85	88
Do 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100½	101
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	815,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93	95
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	90	91½
Birm. R. & E. 5s of '24	982,000	V	V	V	101	..
Bleecker St. & F. Ferry stock	900,000	V	S	V	20	25
Do 1st 4s, 1950	700,000	2	S	J. & J.	50	60
B'way & 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	Oct 10, 10	125	135
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	V	V	V	100	103
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s, '24	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	104
B., B. & W. E gen. 5s, 1933	121,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	102
B'klyn C.R. ($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	165	170
Buf. Cr't'n 1st 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	V	103½	104½
Buff. Gen. El. 5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	101
B. & Lockp. 5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
B. & N. Falls E. L. & P. 1st 5s, '42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	100
Capital Trac.	12,000,000	V	V	V	125¾	126½
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	112	112¾
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	4½	Q	Oct. 1, 07	90	140
Do 1st 6s, 1922	250,000	V	S	V	80	95
Central Maine Power 1st 5s	1,100,000	..	S	M. & N.	96½	98½
Charleston Con. R., G. & E. ($50)	1,500,000	2	S	V	80	..
Do con 5s, '90	1,734,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95½	96½
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923	766,000	2½	S	M. & S.	102	..
Chattan'ga Rys	3,000,000	..	..	....	35	39
Do preferred	2,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 11	72	77
Do 1st 5s '56	2,165,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	96
Cit'z L, H. & P. 5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	..
Cleveland, El. & W. 5s	1,073,000	2½	S	M. & S.	..	92¼
Clev. El. Ry. 5s, '15	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100¼	100¾
Columbia G. & E.	50,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	14	15
Do 1st 5s, '27	14,980,500	2½	S	J. & J.	62	65
Col., Nwk. & Z. 5s, '24	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96¾	..
Clev. Ry. 5s, '12	3,151,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	100¼
Do 1st 5s, '31	10,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99¾	100½
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble	10,682,800	2¼	S	J. & D.	101¾	102¾
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2¼	S	J. & D.	101¾	..
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	5	..
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	July 1, 10	96	100
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,900	2	Q	Feb., 1907	50	60
Do 1st con 4s	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	83
Con. Gas, E.L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	9,831,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	87¾	88
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 11	75	76½
Do 1st 5s, 1933	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	103½	104¾
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22	3,658,000	2	S	M. & N.	92½	95
Detroit & Flint 5s, 1921	1,400,000	2½	S	V	90	92
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	100
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,108,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
E. Penn. Rys. 5s	3,186,000	2½	S	V	75	..
Economy L. & P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94½	96½
Eighth Av. R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	280	312
Elmira Water. L. & RR. 1st 5s	1,661,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	..
Emp. Dist. El. Co	1,756,500	V	V	V	..	..
Do preferred	501,100	V	V	V	80	83
Do 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	77½	80
42d St. & Gr. St.	748,000	13½	N	Aug 6, 10	190	225
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st 6s, '10	1,200,000	V	V	V	98	100
Do inc. 6s, 1915	1,600,000	..	..	....	50	60
Gas & El. Sec. Co	1,000,000	..	..		97	102
Do preferred	1,000,000	7	A	Monthly	85	87
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	84	86
Harwood El. 5s, '39	700,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	97
Hudson Cos. pf.	V	V	V	V	59	62
Int. Ry. of Buf.: Buf. Div. 5s, '31	4,708,000	2½	S	F. & A.	105	105½
Do deb. 6s, '17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	104½	105
L. & O. Div. 1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	100
B. & L. Div. 1st 5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
B & N F D 1st 5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	..
Int. Trac. 4s, '49	18,335,000	2	S	J. & J.	74	75
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	76	77
Joplin & Pit. Rv 5s	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	95
Kankakee G & E. 1st and ref 5s, '30	700,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	95
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..		20	24
Do preferred	9,407,500	1¼	Q	Mar 1, 11	67	70
Do 1st l.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97½	98
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & S.	99¾	100¼
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	107	108
K. C. Elv. 4s, '22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	84	87
Kan. C. West. 5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	84	87
K.C. Met. St. Ry cn. ex. 1st 5s, '13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	99
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s, 1937	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102	108
Knoxv. Trac. 5s	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	102	..
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33	1,972,000	2½	S	A. & O.	108½	..
Los A.G. & E. 5s	1,100,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95½	97½
Memph. St. R. 5s	7,394,000	2½	S	M. & M.	95	96
Met. Elec. (Reading) 1st 5s, '39	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	..	95
Metrop. St. Ry.	52,000,000	1½	Q	Jul 15, 07	7	..
Mich. Un. Rys. 5s	1,900,000	V	V	V	86	91
Min'p's Gen. E. 1st con 5s, '33	5,486,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99½	99
Nash. R. & El. 5s	4,054,000	V	V	V	101	103
Nashv. R. & L.	4,000,000	¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	66	68
Do preferred	2,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	87	89
Do ref. 5s, '58	1,785,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	96
Nassau L. & P. 1st 5s, '27	619,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	102½
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.	1,250,000	..	..	....	50	55
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	Q	Dec. 1, 10	78	83
Do 1st 5s	2,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101	103
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	100½
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101
N. F. Pow. 5s, '32	10,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	102½
N. Y. State Rys	19,952,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	82	86½
N Y & Westch'r Ltg G M 4s, 2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	83	84
*N'hmtn, East'n & Wash Tr 5s	550,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	96
Nor. Hudson Co. Ry. ext. 5s	100,000	2	S	M. & N.	77	79
Ninth Avenue	V	V	V	V	150	175
Nor. Jer. St. Ry. 1st. 4s, 1948	15,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	76¼	78
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	99½
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28	6,533,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	95
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s, '28	1,616,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	99
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,355,000	2½	S	F. & A.	94½	94½
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97	..
Pacific Lt. & P. (Los Ang.) 1st 5s, '42	38,827,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
Peoria Ry. 1st ref. 5s, '21, '26	....	2½	S	F. & A.	..	96
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	7,608,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	99
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes, '12	2,624,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Port. Gen. El. 5s	7,178,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99½	101½
Pot'm'c El. Pow con. mtg. 5s, '36	3,941,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99⅞	100
Do 1st 5s, '29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	107½	109
Pub. S. Cor. ctfs	19,940,830	2½	S	Nov 1, 10	104½	106
Puget Sd. E. Ry	3,500,000	V	V	V	15	20
Do preferred	3,000,000	V	V	V	83	86
Do 1st con. 5s, '32	4,179,000	V	V	V	88	90
Roch. Gas & El. 1st 5s, 1912	2,000,000	2½	S	V	100	..
Roch. Ry. 1st con. 5s	2,700,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103½	..
Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Roch. Ry. & L. 5s	8,575,000	2½	..	J. & J.	99¼	..
Same bond, tax exempt, N. Y.	....	..	..	....	99¾	100½
Roch., Syr. & E. 5s	4,828,000	2½	S	M. & N.	84	87
Rockld. L. & P. 5s	555,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s, '46	1,700,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	96½
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,230,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	99
Sagn. Val. Tr. 5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	..
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s	1,000,000	..	S	F. & A.	96½	98½
San Diego Con. G. & E.	700,000	1¾	Q	Dec 15, 10	90	95
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	95	100
Do 1st 5s, '39	1,925,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97
San Joaquin Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '45	2,695,000	2½	S	J. & D.	93	96½
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	J. & J.	70	75
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99
Scranton El. 5s	2,271,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	50	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	62½	70
Do con. 5s, '32	1,100,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Seabeach 1st 4s	650,000	2	S	Au. 31, 09	75	85
Seat. El. Co. con. 5s, '29	4,643,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	99
Seattle Ltg. 5s	3,368,000	2½	S	A. & O.	94	96
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25	1,963,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	101
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	5	..
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	45	55
Do 1st 5s, 1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	95	100
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	92	94
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	V	115	130
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	250,000	2½	S	V	60	85
So. Cal. Ed's'n 5s	5,364,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Do pf. stock	4,000,000	2½	S	Jan 15, 11	69	71
So. Ferry 1st 5s	350,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 10	85	93
South'n Pow. 5s	3,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	..
Stein'y Ry. 1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	102	105
Syn., L. S. & N. 5s, '47	V	V	V	V	96	96½
Syracuse R. T.	V	V	V	V	..	62
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	..	98
Do 5s, '48	V	V	V	V	100	101½
Superior W., L. & P. 1st 4s, 1931	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	80	82½
Tampa El. 1st 5s	882,500	2½	S	J. & D.	97½	98½
34th St. Crosst'n 1st guar. 5s, '96	1,000,000	2½	S	V	70	80
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996	1,500,000	2½	S	V	20	30
23d Street	600,000	4½	Q	V	200	250
Tri-City R. & L.	9,600,000	..	..	....	34½	35½
Do preferred	2,826,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	92	92¾
Union Ry. 5s	2,000,000	2	S	V	100	102
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	4,875,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	92½	93
UG & E of N J 5s	V	V	V	V	85	95
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s, '41	2,268,000	..	S	M. & S.	96	98
Virg. R. & P. 5s	V	V	V	V	92½	93
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	98
W., Balt. & A. 5s	V	V	V	V	82	83
Wash. R. & El.	6,500,000	1	..	Dec. 1, 10	35½	36½
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 10	88½	89
Do gen. 5s, '51	10,244,000	2½	S	J. & D.	85	85¼
Wash.-Va. Ry.	2,000,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred	1,000,000	3	V	V	67	..
W'chest. El. 5s	500,000	2½	S	V	65	75
West'n Power	12,000,000	..	..	....	31	33
Do 6% cum. pf	5,220,000	..	..	....	60	63
West. Unit. G. & E. 1st ref. 5s, '50	2,405,500	2½	S	F. & A.	95	98
West. Penn. Rys 1st 5s, '31	8,671,000	2½	S	A. & O.	98	100
Yonkers Ry. 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	78	85

n Three semi-annual dividends of 4½% were paid together.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Chicle	6,000,000	1	M	Mar 20, 11	236	240
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	V	105	108
Am. Malt. 6s	3,078,000	3	S	M. & N.	100	101
Am. Screw	3,250,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 10	166	170
Am. Shipb'g pf.	7,900,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	112	113
Am. Typefd.	4,000,000	1	Q	Apr 5, 11	48	51
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 5, 11	98	101
Am. Un. Telph. (H's'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	..	25
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	....	1	2¼
Ast. V'neer Mls. & Dock 6s, '41	500,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105
Atlas Port. Cem. 1st s. f. 6s, '25	4,600,000	3	S	M. & S.	102	104
Babcock & Wilcox, stk.	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	95	105
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92	95
Bliss E W Co ($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	120	125
Do pf., ($50)	1,250,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	120	130
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '54	887,000	2½	S	J. & J.	60	75
Do 5s of '36	780,000	2½	Q	J. & J.	38	43
Bord. C. Milk	21,250,000	4	S	Feb 15, 11	119½	121
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 15, 11	105	107
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s	2,600,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	127	131
Cen. Coal & Coke	5,125,000	1¼	Q	Jan 14, 11	83½	84½
Do preferred	1,875,000	1¼	Q	Jan 14, 11	78½	80
Cen. Fireworks	1,406,800	1½	S	V	12	5
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	..	30
Cent. Fdy. pf.	6,650,000	..	..	....	⅛	¼
Cent. Fdy. 6s	3,863,000	3	S	V	31	40
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	49	54
Do 1st 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Do 5s of '19	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	..
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Mar 15, 11	750	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,485,800	1	Q	Jan 25, 11	41	45
Con. Coal 4½s, '34	5,141,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	95	97
Con. Cot. Duck	V	V	V	V	5	6
Do preferred	6,000,000	..	..	....	19	21
Con. Rub. Tire	4,000,000	..	..	....	2½	3¼
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	Q	Dec., 1909	18	21
Do deb. 4s	2,850,000	3	A	J. & J.	38	45
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	3,595,200	..	..	....	11	12
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31	2,292,300	2½	S	A. & O.	29	34
Crocker-Wh'ler	V	V	V	V	75	95
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,525,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98⅞	99¼
Cumb. T. & T.	19,680,150	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	148	150
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	86	88
Empire St. & I.	1,254,770	..	..	....	10	15
Do preferred	2,500,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 11	55	65
Fair. Coal 5s, '31	5,283,000	3	S	J. & J.	95	97
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000				70	71¼
Gen. Motors	16,000,000	..	..	....	37½	38½
Do preferred	9,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	76½	77½
Hav. Tobacco	30,000,000	..	..	....	4	8
Hav. Tob. pf.	5,000,000	..	..	....	10	16
Hud. Nav. 5s, '23	304,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	93½
Internat. Salt	18,231,390	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	5	8
Do 1st 5s	8,999,900	2½	S	A. & O.	50	52½
Int. Nickel pf.	8,912,626	1½	Q	May 1, 11	91	94
Do 1st con. 5s	9,206,837	2½	S	A. & O.	93½	94½
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	V	V	V	63	..
Kan.C. Home Tel	3,000,000	2	Q	Jan 15, 11	110	115
Do 5s, '23	3,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 2, 11	91	92½
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25	1,199,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 11	87	88
K. C. Stocky'ds	8,156,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 11	99	100
Do cv. 5s, '13	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	100½
Kinloch Tel. (St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	..	105
Lan. Monotype	6,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 30, 11	93¾	94¼
McArthur Br. pf	3,000,000	3½	S	Mar. 1, 11	98	100
May Dept. Store	15,000,000	..	..	....	66	67
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	107¼	108¼
Mergenth. Lino.	12,796,800	‡3	Q	Mar 31, 11	218½	218¾
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	13,627,700	1½	Q	Nov 5, 06	38	45
O'Gara Coal 5s	2,833,000	2½	S	M. & S.	78	79
Otis Elevator	6,375,300	1½	S	Apr 15, 11	66	70
Do pf.	6,310,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 11	98	100
Pabst Bwg. pf.	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 15, 10	105	107
Paint Cr. coll. 5s	2,913,000	2½	S	J. & J.	46	52
Poc. Con. Col. inc. 5s of '57	3,187,300	2½	S	J. & J.	82	84
Proc. & Gamble	10,500,000	3	Q	Feb 15, 11	395	402
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Apr 11, 11	180	200
Producers' Oil	3,000,000	1.50	Q	Mar 31, 11	..	130
Do conv. 6s	2,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	..	101
Royal Bak. P.	10,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	175	185
Do 6% cum. pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31, 11	106	108
Safety Car Heat & Lighting	9,862,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	122½	124½
Schwarz. & S. 6s, '16	5,251,000	V	V	V	100⅝	101½
Singer Mfg.	60,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	295	305
Std. Cord. 1st 5s	2,805,373	2½	S	Oct., 1907	15	18
Stand. Coupler	1,200,000	2	S	Dec 30, 10	30	36
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Dec 30, 10	100	110
Stand. Milling	4,600,000	..	..	....	13	18
Do preferred	6,900,000	2	S	Apr 15, 11	48	52
Do 1st 5s	3,174,000	2½	S	M. & N.	83	86
Standard Oil	100,000,000	$15	Q	Mar 15, 11	660	666
Stern Bros. pf.	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 1, 11	98¼	100
Studeb'kr Corp.	30,000,000	V	V	V	49	49¾
Do. preferred	13,500,000	V	V	V	101¾	103
Temple Iron 4s	642,000	2	S	J. & J.	101	104
Tren. Potteries	1,750,000	5	..	Feb., 1893	5	8
Do preferred	1,250,000	1	Q	Jan 25, 11	48	55
Underw'd Typ.	8,500,000	..	..	....	66½	67½
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	105	106
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	36	37½
Do 1st pf	4,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	107	111
Do 2d pf	5,000,000	4	S	Apr. 1, 11	105	110
Unit. Banknote Corp., ($50)	4,495,000	1	Q	Feb 15, 11	50	53
Do pf., ($50)	4,495,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 11	50	51
Unit. Cig. Mfrs.	15,000,000	1	Q	May 1, 11	56	57
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar. 1, 11	102	104
U. S. Play. Cd.	350,000	2½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	150 sold.	
U. S. Ptg. Co.	3,500,000	1⅝	Q	Jan. 3, 11	91 sold.	
U. S. Tel. Co. (Clev.) 1st 5s	2,156,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	82½
U.S. Worsted pf.	2,340,600	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 11	100 sold.	
West. Elec. 1st. 5s, '22	8,750,000	2½	..	J. & J.	100⅝	101
Worth'n H.R. pf	2,000,000	3½	S	May 1, 11	106	110

¶Extra stock dividend of $9,000,000, or 50%, paid June 30.
a Also extra bi-monthly 1%, payable Nov. 19.
c Also cash dividend of 25% paid July 15.
s Stock div. of 100% to holders of former $30,000,000 capital stock

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$10,395,400	2½s	Q	May 1, 11	284	287
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	May 1, 11	105	106
Auburn 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	99	100
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938	750,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97½	98½
Bklyn Bor. Gas	500,000	..	..	....	70	..
Do 1st mtg. 5s	500,000	V	V	V	95	98
Buffalo Gas	7,000,000	..	..	....	4	5
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	..	20
Buf. G. 1st 5s, '47	5,900,000	2½	S	A. & O.	60½	61
Burlington Gas	V	V	V	V	86½	89
Cent. Un. 5s, 1927	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103¼
Cities Service	4,889,825	½	M	Apr. 1, 11	66	67
Do preferred	8,779,650	½	M	Apr. 1, 11	76¾	77¾
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	1	M	Aug 1, 10	30	33
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	74	75
††Con. G. of N.J. 1st con. 5s, 1936	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	85	95
Dayton Gas 5s	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97½	99½
Denver G. & E.	2,500,000	½	M	Aug. 1, 10	200	..
Do gen. 5s	5,691,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90½	91½
Det. City Gas prior lien 5s, '23	5,619,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100⅛	100¾
Gd. Rap. G.L. 5s	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	..	100
Houston G. 5s, '20	825,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97½	99½
Hud. Co. Gas	10,500,000	4	S	Dec. 1, 10	137	142
Do 1st 5s	10,500,000	2½	S	M. & M.	103½	104½
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..	....	35	37
Do 1st 4s, 1958	3,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	65½	67
Ind'apolis ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	12	20
Do 1st 5s, 1952	4,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	78	82
J'ksonville 5s, '37	1,096,000	1¼	Q	Mar, 1911	92½	95
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	22	23
Do 1st 6s, '16	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	99	100
Do 2d 6s, '18	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	79¼	85
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	..	..	....	24½	25
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926	400,000	3	S	A. & O.	103	108
Mass. Gas	25,000,000	1	Q	May 1, 11	92¼	92⅝
Do preferred	25,000,000	2	S	Dec. 1, 10	97⅝	98¼
Mich. Light pf.	2,144,000	1½	Q	....	96	99
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27	7,982,000	2	S A	M. & N.	90	91
Minneap. Gas 5s	V	V	V	V	98½	100
Mobile Gas 1st 5s, '24	550,000	2½	S	J. & D.	..	94
M'hawk Val. Co	7,500,000	1½	V	Jun, 1910	98	101
Mutual	3,500,000	3	S	July 9, 10	170	180
Nashville G.	1,150,000	¾	S	Jan., 1911	88	92
N. Ams'm 5s, '48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¼	102
N.Y. & E.R. 1st 5s, 1944	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	104	106
Do con. 5s, 1945	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
N.Y. & Q. G. Co. 1st 5s, "T. E."	816,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98½	..
North Union 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99½	101½
Okla. G. & El.	1,118,900	2	Q	Mar 15, 11	104	110
Do 7% cum. pf	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 11	95	100
Do 5s, '29	1,875,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95½	97½
Omaha Gas 6s	V	V	V	V	102½	..
Pacific G. & E.	19,272,000	V	V	V	63½	64
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Feb. 15, 11	89	89
Do deb. 6s, '37	3,651,000	3	S	J. & D.	98	101
Portl'd G. & C. 5s	2,711,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
Que.-Jac. Cartier 1st ref. 5s, '30	....	2½	..	A. & O.	92	95
St. Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	94
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944	3,439,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	100
Do con. mtge. 6s, 1918	600,000	3	S	J. & J.	105½	..
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s, '23	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¾	102½
Do deb. 5s, '35	600,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	102
Do deb. 5s, 39	550,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	102
South. Lt. & Tr. col. tr. 5s, 1949	2,090,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	95
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	133	139
Do 1st 5s	11,717,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97½	98½
Sp'brook Wat. 5s	4,600,000	2½	S	A. & O.	96	98
Spg. Val. Wat. 4s	17,859,000	4	A	Dec. 1, 10	90	92
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	55	75
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	90	..
Do 1st 5s, 1930	1,862,000	2½	S	M. & N.	103	106
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	103
Syrac. L. & P. col. tr. 5s, g., '54	5,452,500	2½	S	J. & J.	81	82
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	..
U.G.I. Co. ($50)	50,473,335	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	85½	85⅝
Washington G.	2,600,000	V	V	V	81⅛	81½
Do 5s, 1960	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	110	110¼
West. N.Y. Wat.	5,000,000	V	V	V	..	10
Wilkes-Barre G. & E. 1st c. 5s, '55	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102

s Also regular stock dividend of 2½ shares to 100 in common.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.	$300,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 11	175	180
America	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 3, 11	605	615
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 10	239	248
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	V	Jan. 3, 11	130	..
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Feb. 1, 11	400	..
Bronx Borough	150,000	10	S	Dec 31, 10	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	135	145
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	150	160
Chase National	5,000,000	‡11	S	Jan. 3, 11	550	..
Chat.-Phen. Nat.	2,250,000	..	..	....	170	175
Chelsea Exch.	200,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	200	..
Chemical Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	Mar. 1, 11	425	435
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	157	162
City (National)	25,000,000	5	S	Nov. 1, 10	402	407
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	155	160
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 11	420	..
Columbia	300,000	6	S	Jan. 1, 11	370	400
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	219	221
Corn Exchange	3,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 11	327	335
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	115	120
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 2, 10	160	175
Fifth Avenue	100,000	25	Q	Apr. 1, 11	4100	4500
Fifth National	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	300	350
First National	10,000,000	‡‡7	Q	Apr. 1, 11	915	945
Fourteenth St.	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	145	150
Fourth Nat.	5,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	204	206
Gal'tin Nat. ($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Oct. 6, 10	340	350
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	275	305
Ger.-Am. ($75)	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	140	150
German Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 11	450	500
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Nov 1, 10	550	565
Gotham Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	150	160
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 11	240	255
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	630	650
Harriman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	270	..
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 3, 11	575	585
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 10	..	95
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	212	218
Jefferson	500,000	4	S	Jan. 4, 11	145	155
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 11	590	620
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 11	400	425
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	8	S	Jan. 3, 11	330	..
Mar. & Fult. Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	247	253
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	Feb. 10, 11	258	262
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	150	155
Merch. Nat. ($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 11	178	185
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	165	170
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 11	..	390
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	200	205
Mount Morris	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	250	265
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	290	300
Nat. Nassau	500,000	4	S	Nov 1, 10	305 sold.	
Nat. Reserve	1,200,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 11	..	100
N. Netherland	200,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 11	210	..
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 3, 11	310	320
N.Y. County Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. 3, 11	900	..
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Apr 15, 11	160	168
Pacific ($50)	500,000	2	Q	May 1, 11	230	240
Park National	5,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	372	375
People's ($25)	200,000	‡7½	S	Jan. 3, 11	245	260
Plaza	100,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 11	600	..
Seaboard Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	415	..
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	400	..
Sherman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 11	250	280
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	150	..
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	165	175
Wash. Heights	100,000	2	Q	Mar 31, 11	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 11	650	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 10	535	560

‡‡Dividend of 8% payable same day on First Securities Co.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust	$1,250,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 11	340	350
Bankers' Trust	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	640	680
Bd. & Mg. Guar	5,000,000	3	Q	Feb 15, 11	250	255
Broadway Tr.	700,000	1½	Q	May 1, 11	140	145
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 11	430	445
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Apr. 1, 11	1010	1030
Citizens'	500,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 11	[illegible]	130
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	300	310
Commercial	500,000	V	V	V	100	110
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Mar 31, 11	300	315
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31, 11	500	..
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Feb. 1, 11	1525	1550
Fidelity	750,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	215	220
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	200	218
Franklin	1,500,000	4	S	Dec 31, 10	175	205
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 11	290	310
Guaranty	5,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31, 11	805	815
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	125	140
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Feb. 1, 11	270	290
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	100	105
Hudson Trust	500,000	‡4	S	Jan. 3, 11	150	160
Kings County	500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 10	505	..
Knickerb. Trust	3,181,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	283	293
Lawyers Mtg.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	255	258
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	245	248
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	120	127
Long Island	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 11	300	310
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	‡6	S	Jan. 3, 11	390	..
Mercantile	2,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31, 11	725	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 10	420	440
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 11	108	112
Mutual Alliance	700,000	1½	Q	Apr. 3, 11	125	135
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Feb. , 11	160	175
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31, 11	600	620
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	‡25	S	Dec 10, 10	1095	1110
N.Y. Mtg. & Sec.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	215	220
People's Trust	1,000,000	1	M	Mar, 1911	300	315
Realty Assoc't's	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 14, 11	109	114
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Mar 31, 11	380	400
State Investing	500,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 11	80	85
Title Guar. & T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Mar 31, 11	492	497
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	132	135
Tr. Co. of Am.	*2,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	330	340
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Apr 10, 11	1240	1270
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31, 11	465	472
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 3, 11	1150	1165
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	355	370
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 29, 10	95	102

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Apr. 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety	$2,500,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	275	285
City of N. Y.	500,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	..	200
Commonwealth	500,000	5	S	Jan. 4, 11	326	..
Continental	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 5, 11	1050	1065
Empire City	400,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	190	..
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	9	S	Jul 21, 10	475	..
Fidelity-Phenix	2,500,000	5	S	Jan. 5, 11	330	335
Germ. Alliance	400,000	7½	S	Jan. 3, 11	300	315
Germ.-Amer.	1,500,000	15	S	Jan. 3, 11	600	620
Germania ($50)	1,000,000	9	S	Jan. 3, 11	280	295
Germania Life	200,000	6	S	July, 1910	210	225
Glens Falls ($10)	200,000	15	S	J. & J.	1525	..
Globe & Rutgers	400,000	10	Q	V	475	500
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	210	..
Home Fire	3,000,000	‡17½	S	J. & J.	705	715
Home Life	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡13	S	F. & A.	400	425
Metro. Casualty	200,000	5	S	Jul 21, 10	185	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	170	..
Nassau ($50)	200,000	5	S	J. & J.	125	140
National Surety	1,500,000	*3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	230	..
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	285	300
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Oct 10, 10	155	165
Pacific ($25)	200,000	‡7	S	J. & J.	185	..
Peter C'per ($20)	150,000	3	S	Feb. 2, 11	90	105
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	2½	Q	V	450	500
Stuyv's'nt ($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
Un. States ($25)	250,000	6	A	V	[illegible]	100
U. S. Casualty	500,000	2½	Q	Oct 30, 10	200	225
U. S. Life	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
W'sb'g City ($50)	250,000	10	S	J. & J.	..	390
W'chester ($10)	300,000	20	S	Feb. 1, 11	435	..

*Including 1 per cent. extra.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF LIQUIDATION OF THE CITY DEBT.
Room 206, City Hall Annex.
New Orleans, La., April 4th, 1911.

The Board of Liquidation of City Debt, acting under authority of Act No. 19 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana for the Session of 1906, and Act No. 116 of said General Assembly for the Session of 1908, and Act No. 23 of said General Assembly for the Session of 1910, as amended by Act No. 5 of said General Assembly for the Second Extra Session of 1910, which said Acts No. 19 of 1906 and No. 116 of 1908 have been adopted and ratified by Constitutional Amendment, and have become part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, will receive sealed proposals at its office in the City of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, up to twelve o'clock noon on the eighth day of May, 1911, for the purchase of $7,000,000.00 in face value of New Public Improvement Bonds of the City of New Orleans, authorized by and to be issued, under and subject to the provisions of the acts aforementioned, and the Constitutional Amendments ratifying same.

Said bonds are of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars each and bear interest at the rate of four per cent. (4%) per annum, evidenced by interest coupons attached, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July of each year respectively. Said bonds are by law exempt from taxation, State, Parish, and Municipal.

Said bonds are payable January 1, 1942, and are subject to call at the option of the City of New Orleans after January 1, 1928, and are and will be issued under and subject to the statutes aforementioned, all of which are hereby referred to and made part of this advertisement for greater certainty and particularity.

Said proposals shall be received under and subject to the following conditions to wit:

1. That no sale shall be made of any of the said bonds unless the aggregate of bids received shall be for the full amount of said bonds, to wit, $7,000,000.00 in face value.
2. Said bonds shall be adjudicated to the highest bidder or bidders, provided that said bonds, or any part thereof, shall not be adjudicated for less than par and accrued interest, less a commission or deduction not to exceed six per centum (6%) on the principal thereof.
3. All matured interest coupons on said bonds shall be cut from said bonds and canceled, and the successful bidder or bidders shall pay the interest which may have accrued on said bonds up to the date of delivery.
4. Said bonds shall be paid for by the successful bidder or bidders in cash as fast as they can be signed and delivered, and all of said bonds shall be delivered in not more than sixty days from the date of the opening of said bids.
5. No bid will be received or considered unless accompanied by a certified check on some chartered bank in the City of New Orleans for an amount equal to three per cent. of the amount of the said bid; said check shall be made to the order of the Board of Liquidation of the City Debt, and the check or checks of the successful bidder or bidders shall be cashed and the proceeds retained by the Board of Liquidation of the City Debt as a guarantee that the successful bidder or bidders, respectively, will comply with its or their bids, and the said proceeds shall be applied to the payment of the bonds last delivered to the said bidder or bidders respectively. In case of the neglect or refusal to comply with any bid the proceeds of said check shall be forfeited to the Sewerage & Water Board.
6. Any local bank or banks that may bid for said bonds may stipulate in its or their bids that it or they desire to be awarded the custody of the Public Improvement Fund, as provided by Act. No. 23 of the General Assembly for the Session of 1910, amended by Act No. 5 of said General Assembly for the Second Extra Session of 1910.
7. If any local bank or banks should, pursuant to the statutes aforesaid, be awarded the custody and deposit of the Public Improvement Fund, as established by law, the said local bank or banks shall be required to pay the rate of interest on daily balances as may be fixed by the Board of Liquidation of the City Debt, pursuant to the statutes aforementioned, and shall comply with all the provisions of said statutes as to security and other matters.
8. The Board of Liquidation of the City Debt reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Mark all bids "Proposals for the purchase of New Public Improvement Bonds."

Further particulars and information will be furnished upon application to T. Wolfe, Jr., Secretary Board of Liquidation, City Debt, Room 206, City Hall Annex, New Orleans, La.

(Signed.) T. WOLFE, JR.,
Secretary Board of Liquidation, City Debt.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE CORPORATE BONDS OF THE
SOMERSET COAL COMPANY
Secured by its Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated Jan. 28, 1902.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the said SOMERSET COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding bonds on the first day of August, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated January 28, 1902, from the Somerset Coal Company to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, New York, the place at which said bonds and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of August, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Mortgage or Deed of Trust:

110% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to August 1st, 1911, and at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 23rd day of February, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
Vice President, Somerset Coal Company.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 110 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART, Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 23rd, 1911.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF THE
ALICE GOLD & SILVER MINING CO.
New York, N. Y., April 12, 1911.

To the Stockholders of the ALICE GOLD & SILVER MINING COMPANY:

In accordance with a resolution duly adopted by the Board of Directors of the Alice Gold & Silver Mining Company, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Alice Gold & Silver Mining Company will be held at the principal office of the company, in the Utah Savings & Trust Building, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Monday, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1911, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of considering a proposition to dissolve the said corporation, and to wind up and terminate its existence and business affairs, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before said meeting.

The stock transfer books of the company will be closed on Friday, the 21st day of April, A. D. 1911, at 3 o'clock P. M., and remain closed until Tuesday, the 9th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors of the
ALICE GOLD & SILVER MINING COMPANY.
J. W. ALLEN, Secretary.

THE LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.
New York, April 17, 1911.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF LONG ISLAND CITY AND FLUSHING R. R. CO. FIRST MORTGAGE 6% COUPON BONDS, DATED MAY 1st, 1881, PAYABLE MAY 1st, 1911:

The privilege of exchanging the above-mentioned bonds for Long Island R. R. Co. Refunding Mortgage 4% Bonds maturing March 1, 1949, guaranteed both principal and interest by The Pennsylvania Railroad Co., will be accorded the holders thereof for a period of 30 days on and after May 1, 1911, the Refunding Bonds to be taken at 97% of par and two months' accrued interest. The difference of $23.33 will be paid in cash at time of exchange; or the principal of the maturing bonds will be paid on and after May 1, 1911, upon presentation at the office of

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.,
85 Cedar Street, New York.

The coupons due that date should be detached and presented to the United States Mortgage & Trust Co., New York.

JAMES F. FAHNESTOCK, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMaster, Fort Hamilton, N. Y., April 12th, 1911. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 11 A. M. May 12th, 1911, for construction of launch basin and improvements to wharf. Plans, specifications, and full information can be obtained on application to this office. Deposit of $5 required as guaranty of return of plans. The right is reserved to accept or reject any or all proposals or any part thereof. Envelopes containing proposals must be marked "Proposals for Wharf Improvements" and addressed to CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER, Fort Hamilton, N. Y.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—REBECCA B. POWELL, ISABELLE P. HARNED, and ETHEL P. DELAMATER, Plaintiffs, against HELEN DWELLE JENKINS and ANNA LEVY, Defendants.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, March 18, 1911.

DAVID H. TAYLOR,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
Office and P. O. Address, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

To the above-named defendant, Anna Levy:

The foregoing summons is hereby served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 12th day of April, 1911, and filed on the 13th day of April, 1911, with the duly verified complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, the original summons and duly verified complaint in this action having been duly filed in said office on the 18th day of March, 1911.

Dated April 13th, 1911.

DAVID H. TAYLOR,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
Office and P. O. Address, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Loans on desirable improved property will receive prompt attention and be quickly acted upon.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Geo. R. Read & Co
REAL ESTATE
Head Office: 60 Liberty St., nr. B'way.
Branch: 3 East 35th St.

WATER FRONTS FACTORY SITES
Interboro Investing Company, 156 Broadway.

West Side.

New Modern Residences
Nos. 12-14-16
West 86th St. Parkway.
Equal to Best on Fifth Avenue.
Otis Elevator, &c.
STREET 100 FEET WIDE,
In charge of Dept. of Parks.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.
W. W. & T. M. HALL,
OWNERS AND BUILDERS,
11 East 42d St.

DOCTORS
West 69th St., off Broadway, 4-story brownstone house with extension. For sale to close an estate. Fine location for a physician. Apply S. D. Hollis, 74 Broadway.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOLLIS PARK GARDENS
Three artistic and splendidly built homes in highly restricted residence Park, with all improvements; 25 minutes out and one block from station. Desirable purchasers for early occupancy can secure bedrock prices and their own terms. Send for photos and plans of houses.
INLAND CITIES REAL ESTATE CO.,
585 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BEAUTIFUL QUEEN ANNE COTTAGE
$5,100; $35 monthly; newly renovated; all up-to-date modern improvements; 8 rooms and bath; sewers, sidewalks, water, gas, electricity, etc.; beautiful bathing beach; fine yacht clubhouse on water front; dock for anchorage of motor boat or steam launch; only one-half hour from N. Y. C.; train service excellent. COTTAGE, 146 East 34th St., New York.

A MODEL TWO-FAMILY HOUSE
In Elmhurst, Queens, 15 minutes from Herald Square. Brick and stone, hardwood trim, parquet floors; steam heat; all city improvements, including sewers. Small cash payment, easy terms. T. O. PETERSON, Room 1,209, 366 Fifth Avenue.

A NEW SEVEN ROOM HOUSE
Bath, steam heat, ample closets, all conveniences. Full-grown shade trees. Good transportation; only 25 min., 5c. fare to Manhattan. Price $4,500; small cash payment, balance like rent. T. O. PETERSON, Room 1,201, 366 Fifth Avenue.

BEAUTIFUL home on NORTH SHORE, 35 minutes from Herald Square; bathing, boating, and fishing; improved grounds; best water front bargain offered this season; your own terms; must sell this week. McAulay & Caulfield, 1 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

Queens, N. Y. City, L. I.—Houses and apartments for sale or rent; every modern convenience; 8 minutes from station; restricted property. Call, write, or phone 8257 Cortlandt. Queens-Court Realty Co., 200 Broadway, N. Y.

Ideal home in suburbs, 22 minutes Herald Square; excellent bathing beach; shade trees; picturesque scenery, an all-the-year-round residence; only $1,000 cash, balance in five years. Address "Ideal," Box 600 Times.

BROADWAY FLUSHING.—Four houses at 29th St.; latest designs; all improvements. Apply premises or Christensen, 1 West 34th St.

Five houses in Flushing, one at Woodside. Must sell; need money. Owner, J 185 Times.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Pelham Manor.
BARGAIN.—Modern frame house; 10 minutes' walk from main line station; 14 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements; high ground; 100x104; can sell at low price and make very easy terms. MRS. EDMUND W. BODINE, 193 Main Street, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Bungalow Thirty Minutes from Grand Central
Beautiful surroundings; convenient to railroad station. Nine rooms, tiled bath, electricity; living room; stable, chicken runway. Price $9,000. Rent $60 per month. Suitable for all-year-round use.
ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY,
near New Haven Station, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

PELHAM HEIGHTS.
We offer a bargain in a cement house, fine style of architecture, every modern improvement, parquet floors, eleven rooms, three baths, sun parlor and porch, large plot; convenient location. Cooley & West, Inc., New Rochelle.

HUDSON RIVER ESTATES.
Riverdale to Hudson. For sale or rent. Furnished or unfurnished houses by season or year.
WESTCHESTER CO. PLACES.
Farms and country seats in all sections. Nichols & Hobbie, 7 East 42d St. 6962 Bryant.

Ideal plot, 75x100, River View Manor, Hastings-on-Hudson; sacrifice; contract. D 250 Times Downtown.

Mount Vernon.

IDEAL "ALL-THE-YEAR-ROUND" HOME.
Strictly Colonial. Living room twenty-seven feet wide. Sunny dining room, with oak beamed ceiling and wainscoting. Tiled kitchen. Back stairs. Enclosed sleeping porch. Six bedrooms. Two bathrooms. PRICE $12,500. A BARGAIN. SEE IT.
ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY,
Near New Haven Station, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

New Rochelle.

FOR SALE.—House, 10 large rooms, 3 baths, just completed; overlooking Sound; private park; bathing beach and boathouse; 12 minutes' walk to station. FRANK M. WELLS, 60 Wall St., N. Y. C.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

A Boat and $400 to A Bungalow! $1250.
A bungalow site close by the Hudson, with a magnificent view of the river and all the conveniences of a high-class town within an hour of the city and close to yacht club. Send for folder and information to
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N.Y.

Farms!
Let me send you information of the opportunities in Rockland and Orange Counties; fruit and poultry or large stock and dairy farms with fruit. Ask for "In the Farm."
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N.Y.

ADIRONDACK COTTAGE
for sale, conveniently located, newly furnished; 1,800 feet altitude, near two stocked lakes; tents, sheds, &c., $1,300 complete. J 123 Times.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LUMBER
BUILDING LUMBER OF ALL KINDS.
J. F. MURPHY LUMBER CO.
[illegible] Street and 11th Avenue.
TEL. [illegible] COLUMBUS.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TWENTY FIVE YEARS EXPERIENCE. **HENRY MEYER BUILDING CO** STANDARDIZED CONSTRUCTION

SEVEN ROOM ONE FAMILY LIME AND BROWN STONE $7,250. SMALL PROFITS, QUICK SALES, OUR MOTTO.
IN THE HEART OF FLATBUSH, BROOKLYN.

SELLING FAST.
SIX LEFT AT THIS PRICE.

$150 SECURES THIS HOME, BALANCE TO SUIT YOUR PURSE.

TITLE GUARANTEED FREE OF CHARGE.

ABSOLUTELY NO ASSESSMENTS GUARANTEED.

The exquisite finish will appeal to you who have seen what is commonly termed "up to date." In operating our own mill we install many extra features which help to beautify the home, and our experience eliminates faulty construction and finishing that is found elsewhere. The streets are improved and in building on both sides there is uniformity in height. Here we have every imaginable improvement; selected hardwood trim, dining rooms and foyer in solid panel wainscoting, parquet floors, showers, electric light, tiled kitchens, burglar proof doors, laundry and extra toilet in cellar, heat, and Meyer's Specialties.

Only One Stairs for the Tired Housewife to Climb.

Selected Section. EASY-KEPT-IN-ORDER HOUSE Trees and Hedges.

Over 1,100 Houses Finished and Sold.

We are 2 blocks east of Flatbush Av., 2 blocks west of Rogers Av., 4 blocks west of Nostrand Av. trolley lines.

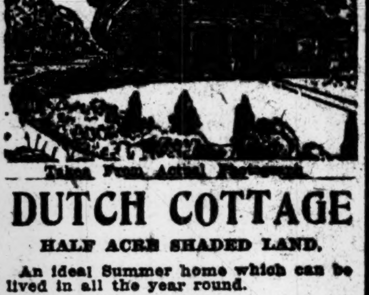
Office of Buildings **AVENUE "D" AND EAST 25TH ST.** ALWAYS OPEN.

Flatbush, 1,278 East 10th St., near Av. M.; $2,850 cash required; beautiful two-family detached, 15 large, airy rooms; steam heated; lot 40 by 100; Smith St., Franklin Av. cars, Elm Av. station, Brighton Beach "L." On premises 1-5 P. M., or owner, Smith, 480A 6th Av., Brooklyn.

ONE-FAMILY BRICK HOUSES
Seven and eight rooms and bath, large porch, hardwood trim, open plumbing. 25 years' experience in these houses.
$300 Cash, Balance $30 Quarterly.
Also one two-family brick corner and a selection of detached houses. Buy a home and save your rent.
150 Houses Built in 18 Months.
Buy from the wholesaler and you will save 25% on the purchase. One or two Lots Taken as Part Payment.
Write for booklet or visit the property, Sea Beach L from Brooklyn Bridge, or Subway to Atlantic Av. and Sea Beach L to Kings Highway Station, on property. 35 minutes to New York, 5c. fare.
OTTO SINGER, BUILDER,
Kings Highway and West 8th St., B'klyn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Price $4,250. Liberal Terms.



Taken From Actual Photograph.

DUTCH COTTAGE
HALF ACRE SHADED LAND.
An ideal Summer home which can be lived in all the year round.

Has living and dining room, maid's room, butler's pantry, kitchen on first floor; three bedrooms and bathroom on second floor. Open air balcony from largest bedroom. Parquet floors, running water, electric light, steam heat, stone cellar with laundry.

This property is within easy commuting distance, less than an hour out, on a beautiful lake; elevation 1,000 ft.; pure air, good water, no mosquitoes.

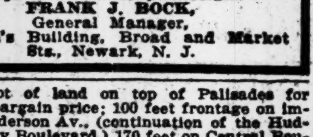
Curtis Smith 170 B'way, N. Y. City. Telephone 1522—Cort.

WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT, NEWARK, N. J.
The beautifying and constant improvement of the Weequahic Park makes this part of Newark most attractive as a place of residence.
There is no section of Newark where in the immediate future development will be more rapid or real estate values increase to a greater extent.
BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED PLOTS for sale; all restricted. Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust.
Take Pennsylvania, Central, or Lackawanna trains to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.
Maps and further particulars.
FRANK J. BOCK,
General Manager,
Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

Finest plot of land on top of Palisades for sale at bargain price; 100 feet frontage on improved Anderson Av., (continuation of the Hudson County Boulevard,) 170 feet on Central Boulevard, and 100 feet on 19th St.; two corners and streets three sides; level land, with beautiful, large trees; will sell with or without restrictions to suit object of purchaser; excellent for high-class residence, all surrounding land being restricted and fine residences in proximity; unsurpassed location for hotel or roadhouse; only 10 minutes from 125th St., Harlem, by five-cent trolley and ferry; 20 minutes from 42d St. by trolley, one block from property. Call forenoon, B. W. Hitchcock, 49 8th Av., New York; brokers protected.

Cranford.—New hollow tile and stucco house, just completed, up-to-date in every detail; 7 rooms and bath, all improvements; sewer, water, gas, electric lights and fixtures; street macadamized and has sidewalk, curb, &c.; this house is in the best residence section of Cranford, 34 minutes out on Central Railroad of New Jersey; immediate occupancy; price $5,350; easy terms, $400 cash, balance $40 a month, includes all carrying charges. Send for photograph and complete details. Henry S. Crouch, owner, 210 East 23d St., New York.

ON THE RIVER—$75.



BUNGALOW FARM, 3,750 square feet of land; high, dry; 35 minutes from Broadway; 1 minute from station; fare 13c.; mountain scenery; boating, bathing, fishing; title guaranteed; $10 down, $5 monthly. Address LACKAWANNA, 63 Times.

FURNISHED COTTAGES
We have for rent the Best Furnished Cottages at SEABRIGHT, RUMSON ROAD, MONMOUTH BEACH, DEAL BEACH, LONG BRANCH, ELBERON, ALLENHURST & RED BANK.
Consult us before going elsewhere.
PANNACI BROS.,
45 West 34th St. 'Phone, 3039—Murray Hill.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME.
House 6 rooms, bath, two lots, near station, schools, churches, stores. Commutation $4.85. Price $2,600; $500 cash. Balance $20 monthly. Whitworth, Room 459, 200 Fifth Av., Cor. 23d.

Corner mansion, spacious grounds, elaborately furnished, all modern improvements, garage and barn; block station; 25 minutes Lackawanna; leaving for Europe; great sacrifice; furnished or unfurnished. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

A.—AT YOUR OWN TERMS.
Magnificent, modern residence at Grantwood, facing Grant's Tomb; inspection invited. BARON, 203 East 48th.

ACREAGE, FARMS, HOMES, ESTATES, ALL PRICES, SALE OR EXCHANGE.
A. G. NELSON, Manager New Jersey Dept.
GEORGE B. CORSA, 198 Broadway, N. Y.

For Sale.—In the West Hills section, 18 acres high land; fine view; old Colonial house in good repair; would make a beautiful home. Valentine & Walters, Cold Spring Harbor, L. I.

A Teaneck Bargain—New six-room cottage; bath, plot 80x125; $4,000; suitable terms; beautiful location. Carl Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Farm tract 5½ acres, suitable for poultry, fruit, garden; no buildings; near station; hour out on Lackawanna; commutation 14 cents; $200 per acre. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Tenafly, N. J.—For sale, a ten-room house, mission design; electric light, hot water heat; garage; on lot 200x350; four minutes from station. Apply E 205 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

INVESTORS, ATTENTION
6% interest on mortgage loans. Principal and interest guaranteed. Title insured by Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company. I will invest for you sums from $200 to $3,000. For particulars, Henry Y. Haffey, 103 Park Av., N. Y. City.

GOOD second mortgages wanted; $100,000 placed monthly, (seconds exclusively.) Howard H. Mosher, 135 Broadway.

$20,000 to lend; 1st mortgage; Manhattan property; act quick. Lampiase, 49 2d St., Manhattan.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

A BARGAIN
Two six-story apartment houses; well rented; near West 135th Street; trade for lots. ALDHOUS, 2,339 Seventh Avenue.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Fertile Farm of 200 acres, 165 acres cultivable, Colonial house 8 rooms, enormous barns, just outside pretty village near Norwich, Ct.; MILE RIVER FRONT. Owner incapacitated, we offer this exceptional farm for $3,500 cash. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY.
Beautiful Bungalow sites; Shore fronts; houses of every description; small farms; $5 deposit will secure your future home; balance same as rent; act at once. Owner, Box 480 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For Bankers, Brokers, Lawyers and Real Estate Operators

Suite and Single Outside Rooms

TIMES BUILDING
(Times Square)

For Rent May 1st

Most Accessible, Best Lighted and Best Ventilated Office Building in New York

APPLY TO RENTAL AGENT, TIMES BUILDING

DOUBLE COMMISSIONS TO BROKERS
134 TO 140 WEST 29th St.
100x100 Bldg.
2 BIG LOFTS E. G. SOLTMANN, Tel. 7960 Mad. Sq.
ONE TO BE SUBDIVIDED. LIVE STEAM.

AT ENORMOUS SACRIFICE
Will Sublet
2,458 square feet on the 4th floor of
25 BROAD STREET,
suitable for broker's office.
Will Divide.
Apply to WARREN & SKILLIN,
174 Fulton Street.

Going to manufacture? And need motive power? We have to let on 3d floor 2,500 square feet with elevator 6x12, steam heat; nothing better to be had anywhere; don't spend your life in dark places; see us for this loft. Wm. Kral & Co., cor. Franklin and Munson Sts., opposite 92d St. Ferry, Astoria, N. Y. C.

33 Water St. near Broad St
Entire five-story-and-cellar building to let; size 30x80; rent low; possession May 1st.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

Just completed, very desirable stores, 20x50, ground and parlor floors, at Nos. 34-36 East 58th St.; attractive rents for immediate occupancy.

Desk room; large, light, airy; with and without desk. Builders' Exchange Building, 34 West 33d St., Suite 1113, New York City.

28th St., cor. 1st Av.—Two lofts, 100x100; light on four sides; steam power; large elevator; all improvements. Apply on premises.

Entire Building, Broadway, Long Acre Square; three floors, each floor 1,000 square feet; $70; arranged for business purposes. J 130 Times.

Brooklyn.

MANUFACTURING LOFTS TO LET
Fireproof building, passenger and freight elevators, steam heat, power day and night, live steam, lowest insurance rates, light on four sides; one block from Manhattan Bridge Plaza; two blocks from Brooklyn Bridge Plaza; convenient to freight terminals; ready for occupancy.
THE CAVANAGH CO.,
Pearl & Prospect Sts., Brooklyn. Tel. 1304 Main.

NEW JERSEY.

Two lofts, 5,000 feet each, to lease; good light; convenient to Pennsylvania ferry; also Hudson tunnels. 61 Bishop St., Jersey City.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Country Homes **FARMS** Near New York City
H. M. Bennett Co., 45 West 34th St., N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

To all persons interested in the Estate of LORD ADVERTISING AGENCY assigned to FRANCIS P. SHERWOOD, for the benefit of creditors, as creditors or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear in the Supreme Court of the State and County of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of May, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., there and then to show cause why a final settlement of the accounts of FRANCIS P. SHERWOOD, Assignee of the above-named LORD ADVERTISING AGENCY, insolvent debtor, should not be had, and if no cause be shown then to attend the final settlement of the Assignee's account.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto caused the seal of the said Supreme Court to be hereto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the said Supreme Court of the State of New York, this 7th day of April, 1911.
[Seal] WM. F. SCHNEIDER, Clerk.
MORRIS & PLANTE, Attorneys for Assignee, 135 Broadway, New York City.

Notice is hereby given that United Bank Note Corporation, a domestic corporation, having its principal office in the City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 8th day of May, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "American Bank Note Company."
Dated New York, N. Y., April 15, 1911.
United Bank Note Corporation. By D. E. Woodhull, Vice President.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Window at the Coronation

Of King George and Queen Mary would be acceptable to most of us, but the looking from it would give only temporary satisfaction. Just a passing show would we see—mere pomp and vanity—not a thing we could call our own or know what to do with if we had it.

¶ Very different is looking from a window in a house at GARDEN CITY ESTATES—YOUR HOUSE for the price of a window or two or a small balcony front in London during Coronation Week.

¶ From YOUR window in YOUR house at GARDEN CITY ESTATES, you may look upon the colors that never weary us—the green and the flower hues beneath and around, the blue, the silver and gold above, and upon more adjacent architectural beauty than belongs to any royal palace in all England.

¶ Why not look from such a window in YOUR house whenever you please and as long as you please?

¶ If the house of your liking is not already in GARDEN CITY ESTATES, it will be built for you if you so desire, where coronation under healthfulness, wholesomeness and happiness is a continual performance.

¶ This matter merits early personal attention.

Garden City Estates, Long Island
Nassau Boulevard Station (30 minutes out.)
New York Office, 334 Fifth Ave.
TIMOTHY L. WOODRUFF - - - - - President

Actual Frontage Directly on the Water At Wampage Shores
on Manhasset Bay, Sands Point, L. I
Ready This Spring
No road or reservation in front. Plots ¼ acre up, with every possible convenience—running water supply, electric light, power and telephone lines in conduits. Splendid macadam roads; trees, hedges, shrubs planted.
Write for Illustrated Booklet.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.
Tel. Bryant 5610. 542 Fifth Av., New York.

A Summer Home Is A Wise Investment
A Special Opportunity NOW
Streets, electric lights, pure water supply, already in. The money you pay goes to make the property more valuable. The men you buy from founded the enterprise and are in to stay.
STONY BROOK ASSOCIATION
offers sites at moderate prices to early buyers—where healthful recreation and helpful instruction are insured.
GET CIRCULAR NO. 3.
454 Nostrand Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BARGAINS IN
beautiful new suburban houses in HOLLIS COURT, a private residence park between the Sound and the sea—FOR SALE OR TO RENT. Thirty minutes from Herald Square or Battery. All improvements. Deposit and $35.00 per month up. HOME SITES for sale. Take Subway to Atlantic Av.; then take Queens Local to Bellaire Station. HOLLIS COURT one block north. For facts and house photos call, write, or 'phone T. L. McNeece, 150 Nassau St.
'PHONE 4070—BEEKMAN.

GREAT NECK, LONG ISLAND.
We have listed several very attractive homes at moderate prices, convenient terms, select colony, near and overlooking Manhasset Bay; 28 minutes to New York; if considering home and good investment, write for photograph and particulars, SHIELDS CO., Tel. 2775 Rector, 1 Wall St., New York.

WORTH $20 000—SELL FOR $15 000
Beautiful new Home, finest construction throughout, overlooking Manhasset Bay, 30 minutes from Pennsylvania Station. To quick buyer will sacrifice and sell on easiest terms. Address OWNER, J 99 Times.

MODERN HOUSE
11 miles out overlooking L. I. Sound; deeded with permanent water front privileges for boating, bathing, etc.; $500 cash needed. Seeley, 3 East 125th St., N. Y. 2620 Harlem.

18 ACRES $40,000
Best location, Long Island. Sacrifice for cash. Entertain exchange. John B. Hibbard, 156 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Apartment To Let
TWO ROOMS AND BATH.
52 WEST 39TH ST.

22D ST., 144 EAST.—Completely furnished four rooms and bath; housekeeping, elevator apartment; until Oct. 1; $45 monthly; all front rooms and improvements; maid service, if desired; seen by appointment; 'phone 6406 Gramercy; Apartment 32; references.

The Strathmore, 404 Riverside Drive, 118th.—Corner apartment, elegantly furnished; 10 very large rooms, 3 baths, 13 closets; ideal for the Summer months; to sublet until Sept. 15, 1911; terms reasonable. Telephone 6996 Morningside.

Responsible party for six or 12 months; possession immediate; completely furnished six rooms and bath; all front rooms; St. Nicholas Av. and 115th St.; elevator, electric light, hall service, telephone; near Central Park; express train service. Appointment by Tel. 6829 Broad.

To Sublet—Apartment, 112th St. and Broadway; 10 rooms, 2 baths; furnished or unfurnished; May to October; unusually large, light rooms; reasonable. D 256 Times Downtown.

Riverside Drive, near 110th St.—Artistically furnished 8 rooms, 2 baths; May or June 1, to October 1 or shorter time; $150 per month; references required. J 108 Times.

136 Madison Av.—One of four rooms and bath, no kitchen; one of ten rooms and bath, including kitchen; both from May to October. Apply to Sullivan on premises.

Great Sacrifice.—Beautiful corner apartment; 5 outside, breezy rooms, bath; furnished or unfurnished, $85; Summer rate. Apartment 75, 536 West 111th St.

Two bright, desirably located rooms, with bath, $62.50 per month. Art Club Studio Building, 119 East 19th St.

Bachelor apartment, furnished, with service; fashionable quarter, 65 West 54th St., May or June to October. $60 a month.

Beautifully furnished apartment, four outside rooms, overlooking Hudson, $45. 455 Fort Washington Av., near 181st.

Exceptionally well furnished, 6 rooms, modern in every respect. 6 E Claremont Hall, 2,881 Broadway, or 'phone W. J., 6460 Mad.

Comfortable front apartment, three large rooms, bath, kitchenette, "Clairmont View," 137th Subway, Riverside. Apart. 6.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; elegantly kept.

60th St., 22 West.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; elegantly kept.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

To Rent.—Old-fashioned house in Southern Catskills, fully furnished; old mahogany furniture, large piazza, and shade; $400 for the season. Address, for full particulars, D. L. Reynolds, 10 John St.

Furnished houses for rent. E. J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

Jersey City.

94 Highland Av., Jersey City Heights.—House to let; 7 rooms, bath; decorated; immediate possession; convenient to 3 trolley lines; reference required. Inquire 23 Highland Av.

IF
You are thinking of investing in Suburban Real Estate
ANYWHERE
this Spring, either for a home or for an Investment, we will gladly mail you, upon request, a little book calling attention to the many important things that should be considered, entitled "How to Buy Suburban Real Estate Intelligently."
GAGE E. TARBELL,
320 Fifth Avenue

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

WASHINGTON
318-322 West 51st. Attractive apartment, six large, light rooms; elevator, telephone; all improvements. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

A few desirable suites of 3 and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th St.

To sublet at 140 Claremont Av., New York City, five exceptionally light rooms and bath; all improvements. Apartment 31.

46 West 9th St.—Apartment 7 rooms to rent for Summer or year; reasonable rent; well furnished. Apartment 3.

21st St., 326 West.—Six light rooms; bath; hot water supply; hall heated; reasonable rent.

98TH 53 W.—Six light rooms and bath, $32.

46th St., 45 West.—Handsome unfurnished apartment; gentlemen; reference.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Yonkers.
506 SOUTH BROADWAY.
Five and Seven Rooms and Bath.
New Up-to-date Apartments.
Steam heated; very light and attractive. Rents low; 10 minutes from Van Cortlandt Park Subway station. J. Romaine Brown & Co., on premises.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
352 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

3 min. 116th St. Sta. 6th and 9th Av. "L."
MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTMENTS
FIVE ROOMS, $60.00.
Housekeeping Conveniences; Modern Elevator building; Restaurant optional. Morningside Park, East corner West 118th Street.

STANLEY COURT
519-527 W. 134TH ST.
2—4—5—6 ROOMS, $25 to $37.
Telephone, electric light, high class; view on 3 streets. H. Bowie, Agt., Tel. Morning 640.

515 & 523 W. 122nd St.
Elevator apartment, 4, 5, 6, and 10 rooms. Electric light. All modern improvements.

A $45 apartment, 4th floor of No. 419 West 115th St. (every convenience) will be sublet at $40. Inquire for L. Gurnee.

118th St., 423 West.—To sublet from May 1. Apartment 42; five outside rooms overlooking Columbia campus.

East Side.

Flats of seven extra large, light rooms and bath; in the well-kept apartment houses, 720-728 3d Av., near 45th St.; rents low; possession May 1. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

Just completed, attractive bachelor suites, two rooms and bath, $45-$65, service included, at Nos. 34-36 East 58th St.; special rates for Summer months.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th STREET.
Handsome apartment; eight large, light rooms.

BROOKLYN.

Park Slope Duplex Houses
Seven large, all light rooms with bath. Every improvement, handsomely decorated. All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment. Rents $65 and $70. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that amount. 30 minutes from Park Row. Elevated, Trolley, or Subway.
WALTER L. JOHNSON
536 9th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs., Brooklyn.

BRONX.

Stebbins Av., 1,282-1,284.—3 short blocks west of Freeman St. Subway Station; 4, 5, and 6 large, light rooms and bath; all improvements; rent, $21, $26, and $30; finest flats in Bronx.

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SCHOOLS. SCHOOLS.

Ethical Culture School
Central Park West and 63d Street, New York City

Kindergarten, Elementary, High School, and Normal Departments. Founded 1879 by Felix Adler.

Only a few new places are available for the year 1911-12.

Parents who wish to place their children in the School should apply without delay.

The following are some of the noteworthy features: Country Camp to promote outdoor life and interest. Wholesome athletic sports and games. Co-education with its advantage in approximating to the family type.

School Festivals (and music) are under the direction of Mr. Peter Dykema.

Direct ethical instruction by Dr. John Lovejoy Elliott.

Democratic ideal maintained by a system of scholarships which afford the advantage of contact with companions in different financial circumstances.

In the upper grades and the High School, classes do not exceed 20 pupils. Thus the instructors are able to give proper attention to the individuals.

By means of a broad course of study and well-trained teaching staff and a complete model equipment in all its departments, the School prepares students for various life callings as well as for any college or technical institution. The School has certificate privileges in colleges where certificates are accepted. For information and circulars, address

Franklin C. Lewis, Superintendent

LANGUAGES
The Berlitz School of Languages
Madison Square (1122 Broadway).
Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Av., nr. 127th St.
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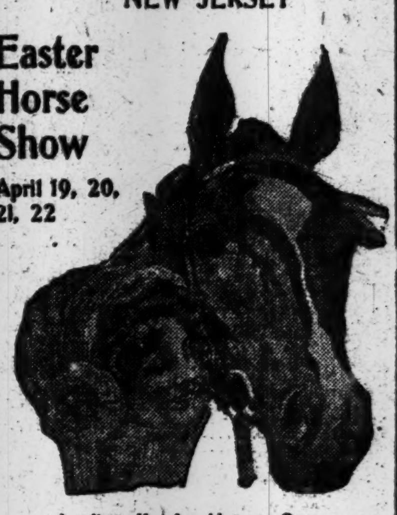
All languages by superior native teachers.
Terms Reasonable. Trial Lessons Free.
Private lessons and classes. School or Residence.

SPRING RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Atlantic City
NEW JERSEY

Easter Horse Show
April 19, 20, 21, 22



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Traymore Chalfonte
Galen Hall Haddon Hall

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NEWEST ADDITION TO ATLANTIC CITY'S HOTELS
The new fireproof structure is completed and occupied. This addition represents the latest and best in Fireproof Hotel Construction and is equipped with every detail calculated to the thorough comfort, convenience, and pleasure of patrons.
On the Ocean Front. Open All the Year.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

HOTEL ARLINGTON
Michigan Avenue and Beach, Atlantic City, N. J.
High-class family hotel, every modern appointment. Home comforts. Absolute cleanliness and good table guaranteed. Unusually light, cheerful rooms due to open surroundings. Private baths. Rooms with running water. Special early season rates, $10.00, $12.00, $14.00 up weekly; $2.00 up daily.
R. J. OSBORNE & SON.

HOTEL RUDOLF
Full block ocean front. One of the largest and leading hotels. Hot and cold sea baths; private and public. Magnificent sun parlor, overlooking the sea. Orchestra. Early season rates. No extra charge for use of baths. Always open. Booklet.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

HOTEL WESTMONT
OCEAN END RHODE ISLAND AVE.
A high-class moderate-price family hotel with home comforts and refined surroundings, service and cuisine unexcelled. W. H. MOORE, Mgr.

HOTEL CARLTON,
Chelsea Ave. & Beach. NOW OPEN.
Offering attractive rates for the Spring.
HOTEL YARMOUTH—Open June 1st.
CHAS. P. ZAZZALI.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

NEW ENGLAND S. Car. Ave. and Beach; private baths; elevator to street level; running water in rooms; capacity 350; special Spring rates.
BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL SHOREHAM OCEAN END VIRGINIA AVE.
Elevator; steam heat; private baths; open surroundings; $2 up daily; $10 up weekly. Booklet upon application. W. B. COTTEN.

HOTEL CLARENDON Virginia Ave., near Beach and Steel Pier. Open all year. M. D. NEIMAN.

Ask **Mr. Foster** | Martinique, B'way & 33d St. Hotel. Free information.

Spend the Spring days at
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—Monmouth Beach.

MONMOUTH BEACH INN.
Ocean Front Annex, Board Walk, Cottages, De Luxe Bathing Pools and Dressing Rooms. Opening date June 21st. Address until open:
MONMOUTH BEACH CLUB HOUSE CO.,
51 Chambers St., N. Y. City.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

SPRING SEASON AT LAKEWOOD
Among the health-giving pine forests of New Jersey. Season, October 1 to June. Healthful, open-air life.
International Polo Carnival
Golf Tournament at Country Club
Weekly handicap events throughout the Spring months.
Horse Show and Pony Races the latter part of April.
Motoring, cross country riding, boating, tennis, and a variety of other outdoor sports.
LAUREL HOUSE—A. J. Murphy, Mgr.
LAUREL-IN-THE-PINES—F. F. Shute, Mgr.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap

THE KITTATINNY
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Now open. Largest, most modern, finest located, and leading hotel in this region. Climate mild, air dry and invigorating, beautiful walks and drives. Rooms en suite with private baths and running water, electric lights, elevators, steam heat, open fires, sun parlors. Noted for its cuisine and service. Own dairies, farm, and green houses. Golf, tennis, bowling, pool, boating, and fishing on Hotel's grounds. Orchestra. Livery. Garage. Booklet of views. Auto maps, etc., on application. G. FRANK COPE.

SPRING RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00

NEW YORK—New York City.

Enjoy the First Spring Days
in the country in New York City; 24 minutes from 42d St. Station by New York Central trains or 34 minutes by Subway, with 10 minutes' walk or 5 minutes' drive. THE CHESTNUTS, at Riverdale on the Hudson, on estate of 8 beautiful acres, 300 feet above Hudson; all modern conveniences; rates, transient $2.50 per day up; week $14 up; booklet fully explains. Write or telephone 135—Kingsbridge; references.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

CRYSTAL LAKE HOTEL, FREEPORT, L. I.
Open for guests; booklet on application.
A. E. FROST, Prop., Freeport, L. I.

VIRGINIA.

HOTEL CHAMBERLIN, OLD POINT COMFORT
THE COMPLETE YEAR ROUND RESORT.
Booklets at New York Office, 1122 Broadway.
Phone 1872 Madison, or address
GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

The Boulevard Idea

is to entertain as well as dine you. By "entertain" we do not mean the usual cut and dried restaurant affair with which you are familiar. We really entertain you. Listen to our contralto sing "Comin' thro' the Rye" and you will have an idea what we mean; hear our Hungarian band play selections from "The Pink Lady," with an indescribable Magyar twist and you will know what we mean.

The Cafe Boulevard way of dining you needs no comment. When we offer a Table d'Hote dinner with coffee at 75 cents a head, you know that it means a dinner designed by the fastidious for the fastidious.

Better phone for your table. 4040 Orchard.

Café Boulevard
10th St. & 2nd Ave.

HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Ave.
Block from Grand Plaza
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.
Family Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5
and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
1½ Barclay St., 5 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5916 Barclay. | 345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.

Furniture Retailed at Wholesale Prices

Bungalow Brass Beds	$6.50
Brass Beds, 2 inch posts	9.00
White Enamelled Beds	2.50
All Steel Springs	2.00
Guaranteed Mattresses	3.00

Full line of Cottage Furniture at equally low prices.
FREDERICK W. EVERS, Inc.
30-32 East 21st Street.
A step East of B'way. Phone 1071 Gramercy

Horrocks' **DESKS**
Oak Mahogany
All Finishes.
FRANKLIN OFFICE FURNITURE CO., 48 E. 20th St

UNDERWOODS
[illegible] and all other Typewriters sold, rented [illegible] and allow 3 months' rental to apply [illegible] TYPEWRITER SALES CO., [illegible] Cortlandt St. cor. Broadway. Tel. 1083 Cortlandt.

High-Grade Office Furniture
desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St. Tel. Spring 5488.

OFFICE FURNITURE
AT THE RIGHT PRICE.
Budd & Co.
40 E. 20 St. Tel. 2661 Gramercy.

DESKS Roll and Flat Top. Chairs, Filing Cabinets. Office Partitions.
HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest prices. Save money by getting my price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. Phone connections.

When You Are Not Working.

¶ Every day without employment means that you lose a day's pay plus a day's carfare hunting work plus only a few pennies spent on the most important thing you do—advertising that you can make good.

¶ The Times effective Want advertisement gives you opportunity at once to stop loss. Spend only one dollar to say fifty words about yourself to the thousands of employers who read The New York Times.

¶ The fact that The Times accepts your advertisement helps you to get employment.

¶ Any advertising agency or office of The New York Times will aid you in preparing the right kind of effective Want advertisement, or telephone 1000 Bryant.

Lost

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST OR MISLAID—Five policies, Nos. 524,-081-2-3-4-5, issued by Penn. Life Ins. Co. on life of John J. Hearn; finder return to undersigned; application made for issuing duplicates. F. O. Dunning, 30 Church St.

LOST—Between 164th and 169th Sts., Clay and 3d Avs., Bronx, a bracelet, keepsake from a dead mother. Miss Hehle, 1,264 Clay Av., Bronx; reward.

LOST—Umbrella, 72d St. Subway, Sunday afternoon; gentleman who received it kindly write Owner, care L Co., Room 74, 99 John St.

LOST—Watch; monogram M. A. B.; Brooklyn, via Grand Central to 46th St. and Broadway; reward. Phone 2200 Gramercy.

LOST—Saturday, locket off watch fob; reward equal to value. F. Oppenheimer, 204 West 137th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Boston bull terrier, about 8 years; stocky build; Saturday night, neighborhood 145th St. and Broadway; reward. Ullman, 600 West 165th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND—Small sum of money on 23d St. and Broadway; mention amount. J 134 Times.

FOUND, April 14.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.: Bag, gloves, watch, chain, can, music, photos, three packages, three umbrellas.

FOUND, April 15—JERSEY CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J. Fur collar, two packages, book, glove, rosary beads, umbrella, violin, two umbrellas, package, three pairs of gloves.

FOUND, April 15—NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station. Dress suit case, hat pin, three umbrellas, veil, hat.

FOUND, April 15—LONG ISLAND RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City. Two packages, two umbrellas.

FOUND, April 15—LACKAWANNA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J. Seven umbrellas, five packages.

FOUND, April 15—PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City. On trains: Raincoat, four umbrellas? Cortlandt St. waiting room, spectacles; lobby, package; Cortlandt St. boat, umbrella; Manhattan transfer, bundle; Lehigh Valley Railroad, umbrella.

FOUND, April 15—ERIE RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City. Six umbrellas, three sheets of music, ostrich boa, package, satchel, rubbers, shirt, egg boxes.

FOUND, April 15—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av. Pullman, books, bottle, child's clothing, safety razor, eyeglasses, slippers, eyeglasses, umbrella, pajama coat, two scarf pins, cane, safety razor, hair switch, rubbers.

Help Wanted

EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

MISS BRINKLEY,
EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 6892 Bryant.
Supplies housekeepers, governesses, competent household servants. Houses opened, cleaners installed. Circular sent on request.

MISS WILD'S
Employment Agency,
47 West 34th St.,
Will remove April 24
to 305 5th Av.
Telephone 8822-8823 Madison Square.

MRS. MACK, Waldorf Employment Agency, 12 West 33d St. 'Phone 300—Madison. (Formerly of Eaton Terrace, London, England.) Only first-class help supplied of all classes and nationalities, after careful investigation of references; no fees until positions are secured.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St. Telephone 6370 Harlem.

Situations Wanted

EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS.	High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3167 John

Domestic.

COMPETENT HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th St. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK.—Swedish; young; good, all-round; reliable; good references; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 214 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; good references; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486—Morningside.

LAUNDRESS.—Best work; highly recommended; first-class shirts, collars; competent, reliable; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

MAID and CHAMBERMAID.—Neat, willing, and obliging; experienced; good references; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

NURSE.—Refined young woman, with good references; good seamstress; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 West 134th.—Bond $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1110 Harlem.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references thoroughly investigated. Roth's, 210 East 83d St. 2508—Orchard.

SELECT colored help furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St. Telephone 6370—Harlem.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St.; tel. 1556 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished; male, female; references.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

[illegible] St., 25 West.—Handsome, unfurnished [illegible] furnished room; gentleman; references.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

DRUG store, old and well established, in one of the finest residential and business sections of New York City (Borough Queens); sales $15,000; owner, having other interests, will sell to quick buyer for cash; no agents. Address EPSOM, P. O. Box 8, Long Island City.

Young man, (23,) well-educated, with some business training, unquestionable references, would like to enter established concern, preferably manufacturing, with a view to learning business and contributing some capital if found satisfactory. D 268 Times Downtown.

Permanent, well paying position for man of ability, perseverance, and energy to take charge office, growing corporation; must furnish $5,000; money secured. Address E 213 Times Downtown.

Fast growing warehouse, jobbing business; staple; large department store and supply house trade; making money now; part interest to right man for active Manager. Address M 245 Times Downtown.

Manufacturer has permanent, well-paying position for compent, all-around, good, working machine operator who is able to invest conservatively $500 or more. D 265 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Party having $1,000 cash to manage office for manufacturer and broker; option to purchase 1-3 interest. D 267 Times Downtown.

Tea and coffee, old established mail order business; previous knowledge unnecessary; easily learned; no agents call. 92 Fulton St., city.

Business Notices

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Practical instructions given in how to fly aeroplane privately. Opportunity, 216 Times Downtown.

Start a mail order business and prosper; valuable pointers free; plans furnished. Advertising Company, P. O. Box 1,615, New York.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER, accurate, understanding stenography, well recommended; state experience and salary expected. D 204 Times Downtown.

COOK.—A competent cook may secure an excellent situation with a small family; good wages; attractive living conditions; references. Apply this morning, Apartment 8E, The Dorlexa, 318 West 100th St.

HAIRDRESSER, five years' experience; fine salary. 207 East 14th St. Herbium.

MASSEUSE MAID, Swede, traveler and packer; age, about 30; excellent references required. Call Monday, Tuesday, 6 o'clock, 43 East 72d St.

SALESLADY, EXPERIENCED ON MILLINERY. SCHWARTZ'S, 685 8TH AVENUE, NEAR 43D ST.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BROAD-GAUGED MAN to sell bonds; live leads furnished; men who make good will have golden future. Call mornings, 9-10, Mr. Holter, Eastman Realty Co., Marbridge Building, Broadway 34th St., city.

CARRIAGE PAINTERS WANTED—FIRST-CLASS WORKMAN ACCUSTOMED TO HIGH-GRADE AUTOMOBILE BODY WORK—STRIPERS, COLOR AND VARNISH HANDS, VARNISH RUBBERS. STEADY WORK AT GOOD WAGES TO CAPABLE WORKMEN. IN REPLY GIVE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA, BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

COACHMAN WANTED; man not under 50; one who thoroughly understands the care of horses, carriages, and harness; must be a good and careful driver and willing if required to work in garden and about the place; must be an abstainer and able to give good personal references; state nationality and address Box 29, Red Hook, Dutchess County, N. Y.

MACHINIST for bookbindery; thoroughly familiar with all machines; state experience and salary expected; good position for right party. D 261 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—A manufacturer of safety starting crank wants salesmen who own an automobile or motor boat; we will attach our Nokik Crank and allow you good commission to act as our representative; retail price $15; attachable to any motor car or boat; guaranteed for one year; we did not change the cranking method, but we did positively eliminate the "kick." In replying state make of car or boat and what territory you desire to sell in. Good men will be given free large territories to appoint agents. References necessary. Nokik, 39 Times.

SALESMEN having insurance or canvassing experience can make permanent connections with large corporation; salary $10 and commission; opportunity for those speaking foreign languages. Continental, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN WANTED FOR MIDDLE WEST IN A POPULAR LINE OF SKIRT AS A SIDE LINE. IMPERIAL SKIRT CO., 371 CANAL ST.

SALESMAN capable of interviewing business men; strictly high-class proposition; for man of ability and integrity there is big money. Call at 1,779 Broadway, Suite 406.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Salary and commission; magazine proposition; reliable firm. Call from 9 to 5, Room 1,002, Tribune Bldg., New York City.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good paying, steady position. 277 Broadway, Room 601; ask for Mr. Routh.

SALESMAN, experienced, only with a large acquaintance among horsemen; excellent opportunity; salary and commission. Mollins's Supply Co., 336 West 25th St.

SALESMAN to sell Waltham watches on installments; $1 down, $1 weekly; big money; experience unnecessary. United Watch Co., 154 Nassau St.

SALESMAN wanted with $100; good opportunity for live man. Berger Company, 12 East 42d St.

STOCK SALESMEN.—You can sell our stock; earned 30 per cent. past two years; large commissions; live leads. Call, mornings, Mr. Winans, 840 Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—Competent, reliable salesman for our lubri-motor oils. Cooke Bros., 40 Exchange Place.

WANTED—Two salesmen, over 25, of good education and address, for out of town work. Shuman Co., 156 5th Av.

YOUR FRIENDS and acquaintances are worth money to you; agreeable and interesting work; call and learn how to make money easily; out-of-town people write. Mr. Winans, 840 Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, office assistant; anything in clerical line; quick, correct at figures; understands switchboard; best references. Thorough, 211 Times Downtown.

A RELIABLE WOMAN wishes 3 days' cleaning a week. Willard, 227 West 19th St.

COMPETENT, responsible, capable young lady; educated; references. Couse, 22 Meeker St., West Orange, N. J.

INTELLIGENT, capable young woman stenographer anxiously desires a position in a publishing or newspaper office, with an opportunity for advancement to the literary staff. J 82 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, any clerical work; three years' experience registrar and bookkeeper in city hospital; salary $40. J 87 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; refined young woman of executive ability, rapid typist, versed office routine, wishes position with first-class firm; salary, $15; references. E 215 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Dependable young woman, 10 years' experience, desires confidential stenographical or secretarial position of responsibility; highest references. Stenographer, 231 West 128th St.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, desires position where neatness, accuracy, and intelligence are desired; best of references from last employer; salary, $12. E 216 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, BOOKKEEPER.—Several months' experience; best references; moderate salary. Beginner, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 880 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; spells and punctuates well; typewrites neatly and quickly; understands office work; references; salary, $8. E 214 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, first-class in every respect; handle any work, no matter how technical; unquestionable references; no agencies. Dependable, 212 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 24, three years' experience, high school graduate, possessing tact and ability, best of references, desires position. L. M., 263 West 126th St.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

STENOGRAPHER, educated, competent; three years' experience general lines; moderate salary. Ambitious, 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young business woman, six years' experience, desires high-class position. Miss Mangus, 503 West 111th St.

STENOGRAPHER, superior education, five years' experience; ability equal to the best. V. P., 248 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office work, bright, ambitious, well grounded in profession; $7. Ambitious, 242 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, excellent education; best references; salary, $8. L. M., 209 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience; very best references; $10. Miss D., 208 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience; any kind dictation, technical, &c. Miss R., 207 Times, Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, audits, devises, and installs simplified systems, conducts investigations, and keeps books written up. W. A. Fleming, Public Accountant and Auditor, 35 Nassau St. 'Phone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—ACCOUNTANT seeks part time bookkeeping work; similar good attention to this as to auditing or systematizing; highest class references. Goldenberg, Room 706, 56 Liberty St. Telephone 6877 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT. AUDITOR.
HERMANN E. GOLDSCHMIDT.
High grade. Moderate. References.
150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4317.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 1,317, 320 Broadway. Phone Worth—1819.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit, loss, business statements. Geo. Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed; balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books kept part time, audited; systems installed; profit and loss, and business statements rendered; corporation and partnership accounts. D 255 Times.

ACCOUNTANT
will open, post, systematize, and audit books; terms moderate; personal service. Accountant, J 153 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Accountant.—By a thorough and practical accountant, over 18 years' experience in mercantile manufacturing corporation; competent to take entire charge; trial balances, opening and closing of books, financial reports, &c.; speaks German; $30 per week. J. H., 794 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, competent, reliable, elderly gentleman; moderate salary. D 222 Times Downtown.

CARETAKER.—German; respectable, reliable man and wife wish first-class caretaker place. Inquire all week, personally or mail, L. Schonewald, 382 East 137th St., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swede, single, 35, wishes permanent position; can do all running repairs; best city, country references. Carlson, 405 West 48th St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, will travel; machinist; do all repairing; wages moderate. H. Schmand, 228 2d St., New Brighton, N. Y.

DETECTIVE, licensed, accepting day's pay; strictly confidential. Frederick Wagner, 1,243 Lexington Av., near 86th.

ELECTRICIAN.—Expert gas, steam engines, pumps, plumbing, overhauling everything; executive ability. Rath, 254 Times Downtown.

JANITOR.—25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN NEW YORK OFFICE BUILDINGS; BEST OF REFERENCES. J 88 TIMES.

JAPANESE, splendid cook, wants position; best references. E 206 Times Downtown.

NURSE and MEDICAL ATTENDANT.—Long experience; graduate in medicine, with highest honors; best references; will travel. J 118 Times.

A1 OFFICE MAN, accountant, correspondent, bookkeeper, and stenographer; unquestioned references, bond; young Southerner desires position where merit will win. J 126 Times.

PACIFIC COAST RESIDENT SALESMAN desires line of silk waists and silk dresses or silk petticoats for territory Denver West for coming Fall season; best New York references and connections. Address M. B., R. 523 Commercial Bldg., San Francisco.

SALESMAN.—Neat line of popular-priced underwear can secure services of salesman calling on department stores in New York and New England; commission basis. Box 24, 352 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, office man; able correspondent; six years' experience all details; initiative and executive ability; age 27; references. E 203 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Position as office man and buyer for engineering and contracting firm; 9 years with large New York firm; familiar with drawings, shop and field work and prices; excellent references; reasonable salary. D 239 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, has successfully practiced law for five years, has previous commercial experience, good reputation, broad acquaintance, desires to connect with reliable business house. D 231 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, good education, with two years' experience in manufacturer's salesroom, wishes position; moderate salary at start; A1 references. J 83 Times.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge typewriting, stenography, bookkeeping, desires office position. Koster, 1,340 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

$18 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED, ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS.

$25 AND UP PER WEEK FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED, ELECTRIC-LIGHTED SUITE OF PARLOR, BEDROOM, AND PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM, PRIVATE TELEPHONE, AND DELICIOUSLY PREPARED HOTEL MEALS.

$12 PER WEEK AND UP FOR ROOM, PRIVATE BATH AND MEALS.

Special rates to families.

Southern exposure, billiard room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give fairyland effect; one block from station; fireproof; not a country hotel, but a first-class metropolitan house; why continue to pay same rates in a boarding house with one bath to fifteen people?

Positively nothing like it in New York at the price. Therefore, you have to take the wonderful McAdoo tube, either from your office door at Broadway and Cortlandt Street, or the centre of the theatre and shopping district at Broadway and 33rd Street; no crowded Subway; no ferries; charmingly located in metropolitan zone only 35 minutes from Broadway; thirty thousand former New Yorkers and their wives visit town daily and laugh at ignorance of you who refuse to investigate and imagine you simply must exist on crowded Manhattan.

OTHER BARGAINS AND SPECIAL RATES IN NEW YORK CITY AMERICAN-PLAN HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES. THESE PLACES DO NOT ADVERTISE. YOU SAVE TIME AND MONEY. COSTS NOTHING TO INVESTIGATE.

WRITE OR CALL ON MR. VINCENT K. GARLAND, ROOM 1,814, NO. 303 FIFTH AVENUE, CORNER THIRTY-FIRST STREET, FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET. DON'T PROCRASTINATE. ACT, GRASP THIS OPPORTUNITY TO-DAY! !

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished, attractive, large, small rooms; all conveniences; refined surroundings; references.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large and small room; with substantial board; terms very low; transients. Telephone, 4139 Chelsea.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths, house, table strictly first-class references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single and double rooms; table guests; references.

58TH ST., 133-135 WEST.—Large, small, sunny rooms; near "L," Subway; parlor dining; references.

58TH, 336 WEST.—Well-furnished, comfortable rooms, large, small; excellent meals; conveniences; telephone; reasonable.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath, $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; elegantly kept.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, very large private bath; electricity, dressing room; select house and location; attentive service; also smaller room.

71ST ST., 206 WEST.—Pleasant front room, attractively furnished, suitable for one or two; excellent table a specialty; home cooking; telephone; convenient to Subway express, elevated, and surface cars; references.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.—Freshly furnished, light, airy rooms; running water, electric lights, "L," Subway, trolley; board optional; Summer rates; references.

72D, 131 WEST.—Second floor front; private bath; southern exposure; single room; table boarders.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

72D ST., 210 WEST.—ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, WITHIN 20 FEET OF SUBWAY, STAGE, ALL SURFACE CARS; TABLE BOARDERS.

72D ST., 172 WEST.—Large, handsome room; private bath; smaller room, with bath; superior cuisine.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable one, two room suites; high-class accommodations; table guests desired.

74TH ST., 131 WEST, (16th year.)—Sunny front; private bath; small rooms; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated single and double; private bath, hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Gentiles.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high-class; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Large rooms, also single rooms, with board; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Rooms, with board; parlor dining room; table guests; transients accommodated.

79TH, 132 WEST.
THE BONHEUR.
New furniture, carpet, and decorations; rooms en suite, singly; private baths; 'phone every room.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; every convenience; ideal location; Subway, L; parlor dining room.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; superior table board; near Subway; reasonable.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish house; first-class room; board; table guests accommodated.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Newly decorated, delightful double, single rooms for Summer; conveniences; near Park; table guests; references.

85TH ST., 330 WEST, near Riverside.—Home for one, small private family; refined atmosphere; elevator; sunlit apartment; $12; references. Gardner; elevator attendance.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Large room; handsomely furnished; private bath; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

96TH, 61 WEST.—Rooms, with board; parlor dining room; Summer rates.

102D ST., 243 WEST.—Rooms, handsomely furnished; delightful location, block from Riverside; excellent table; refinement.

121ST ST., 148 WEST.—Handsome large room; every convenience; excellent board; telephone.

122D, 520 WEST.—Large, bright front room, newly furnished; conveniences; excellent table board. Kerker.

131ST, 264 WEST.—Large front room; cool, homelike; private American family; good table; gentlemen.

142D, 637 WEST.—Large, beautifully furnished room, bath; private house; telephone; exceptional table; reasonable.

169TH ST., 600 WEST, Washington Heights.—Can accommodate couple appreciating high-class home, with large, sunny room, two closets; Subway station. Field.

A.—47 5TH AV.—Second floor suites, with baths, single rooms; parlor dining room; small tables; transients and table guests accommodated.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 WEST 44TH ST.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

AMERICAN private family offers two refined gentlemen suite or single room; opportunity to learn English; Subway, elevated; telephone. Bonvivant, E 145 Times.

A.—THE EARLE.
Waverley Place, 103.—Beautifully furnished room with private bath; excellent meals; central location.

THE MARTIN,
227 West 45th.—Seven houses with good leases; permanent or transient guests; large and small rooms; hotel service and accommodation. Telephone 1866 Bryant.

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Large, sunny room, nicely furnished; telephone; reasonable.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large, small adjoining rooms; elegant board; every accommodation; southern exposure; references.

29TH ST., 36 EAST.—Large and small, comfortable, well-kept rooms; reasonable; references; board optional.

30TH ST., 40 EAST.—Rooms; excellent board, optional; elevator; Summer engagements at reduced rates.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Second floor; other rooms; excellent board; parlor dining; reduced rates.

MADISON AV., 71.—Desirable large and small rooms; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

MONROE PLACE, 1, Corner Clark.—Exceptionally fine single and double rooms; spotless; convenient to Subway and bridge; don't fail to investigate.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; telephone.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

THE HALL, GLEN COVE, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York; large wing; absolutely fireproof; rooms, with bath; steam heat; private bathing beach and dock; tennis courts; opens May 27; references. Address 53 Irving Place, New York. Tel., 2123 Stuy.

EDGEHILL INN, Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson.—Country surroundings combined with city conveniences; high-class board for limited number; sanitary conditions and service of the best; tennis courts; billiard room; no bar. For terms address Mary E. Huntington.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Elegantly furnished sunny rooms, single or en suite, for people seeking superior accommodations; private home.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Room, first floor, private bath; smaller room, running water, telephone.

22D, 431 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; running water, steam, bathroom every floor; clean; reasonable.

36TH ST., 88 WEST.—Large and small rooms adjoining bath; all conveniences; references required.

36TH ST., 51 WEST.—Large and small rooms; centrally located; reasonable; telephone.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large room, all conveniences; refined surroundings; Southerners accommodated; references.

38TH ST., 52 WEST.—Very attractive single rooms; moderate rental; also large studio and basement.

42D ST., 242 WEST, near Broadway—Elegantly furnished rooms, private baths; all conveniences. Raith.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; clean, comfortable; tiled bath; refined people; references. Hughes.

45TH ST., 27 WEST, (NEAR 5TH AV.)—NEWLY FURNISHED LARGE, BRIGHT ROOM; PRIVATE BATH.

45TH ST., 249 WEST, Near Hotel Astor.—Furnished rooms; also parlor, suitable doctor; reasonable. Telephone 7822—Bryant.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.
Large room, private bath; meals if desired.

48TH ST., 138 WEST.—Neatly and comfortably furnished, newly decorated large room; excellent neighborhood.

52D ST., 43 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Newly furnished house; large and small rooms, each with private bath; Oriental rugs, brass beds, hair mattresses, electricity; American basement suite, with private bath; parlor floor, four rooms and private bath, arranged for physician or dentist.

52D ST., 46 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with or without bath; furnished or unfurnished; reference.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Desirable, homelike rooms, with or without bath; all improvements; Summer rates.

65TH ST., 150 WEST.—Elegant furnished front and back parlor; running water, piano, telephone; near Broadway; also sunny room with kitchenette; $6, $8.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large, single room, with hot and cold water; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Large room, with bedroom; all accommodations; select; gentlemen.

74TH, 123 WEST.—Doctor's office, large and small rooms; private bath; board; reference; telephone.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Second-story room, private bath; also medium-sized room, southern exposure.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractively, newly furnished rooms, large and small; hot water; telephone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Second floor front room, also another room; attractive neighborhood. 'Phone 8124 Schuyler.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Handsomely furnished; second floor; private bath; singly or en suite; reasonable.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large and small rooms; light and homelike.

82D ST., 150 WEST.—Large room, dressing room; running water; southern exposure; private house; telephone.

83D, 11 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, single, double, or connecting; parlor bedroom; special rates.

87TH ST., 176 WEST.—Refined home; rooms from $2 to $5. Bruns.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, sunny front rooms; running water; newly furnished; private house.

95TH ST., 316 WEST.—Large room, $4; smaller $3.50; delightful location; private family; references. Hurlbut.

95TH ST., 316 WEST.—Attractive room, $3.50; one large, adjoining bath, $4; private; references. Hurlbut.

98TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large room; respectable private house; gentleman; telephone.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable furnished room, with bath; suitable for bachelors or married couple; select neighborhood; near Riverside Drive.

103D ST., 216 WEST, corner Broadway.—Comfortable room, adjoining bath, $3.50; private family. Apt. 2.

108TH ST., 201 WEST.—Bright, attractive suite rooms; shower; Cornwallis apartments; private family. Telephone, Harris.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Minute Lenox Subway; exceptional room, with bath; also smaller room; breakfasts.

112TH, 504 WEST, Cathedral Heights.—Very attractive front room; elevator; telephone; shower; reference. Cook.

115TH ST., 605 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms overlooking Columbia; fourth floor, east; elevator; cafe.

115TH ST., 424 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; one flight; kitchen privilege; telephone, all conveniences.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Large, bright front room; small room; kitchen privilege; transients accommodated. Smith.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Sunny corner, four windows; newly furnished; conveniences; telephone; $3-$5. Hungerford.

118TH ST., 417 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Front suite; elevator apartment; dining room in house. Elmer.

121ST ST., 508 WEST.—Living room, 2 bedrooms; light housekeeping; opposite Columbia College. Fairjohn Rooney.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Very attractive outside rooms; elevator, telephone; references. Apartment 61.

122D, 511 WEST.—Fine rooms, reasonable; choice board, (optional); responsible references. Levan.

122D ST., 526 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms; small rooms, $3.50. Carter.

140TH ST., 520 WEST.—Clean, attractive room, private house; abundance of hot water; gentlemen; references; $3.50.

ATTRACTIVE, scrupulously clean suite; splendid bath; two flights; no other roomers; $9; references. Telephone, 2995 Riverside. Lilly, 78 Manhattan Av., (104th.)

A LADY would let pretty room; conveniences; steam, bath, telephone, elevator; near "L," Subway; reasonable. Apartment 10, 237 West 111th.

FRENCH LADY would rent nice room in furnished apartment. Sorel, 39 West 61st St.

A.—Large, small rooms; private house; telephone. Owner, 425 Convent Av., (148th,) Washington Heights.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 117.—First-floor rooms; bath; charming Summer location; walking distance everywhere.

East Side.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming, large room, with extension; private or professional; other rooms; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Two large connecting rooms and bath; also single room; well-kept house; telephone; all conveniences.

43D ST., 13 EAST, (opposite Hotel Manhattan.)—Large, attractive room; running water; also small room.

55TH ST., 55 EAST.—Two large, handsomely furnished rooms, with private bath; electricity; references.

55TH ST., 24 EAST.—Finely furnished rooms; baths and telephones; suite or separately.

69TH ST., 20 EAST.—Large, light room, private bath; newly decorated; electric light.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 39 EAST.—Rooms, with all comfort; first-class private house; near Park.

58 EAST 86TH ST.
DENTIST OFFICE with eye and ear specialist in one of the growing districts of the city; also other rooms. Call or 'phone 3755—Lenox.

A.—THE ROHDA.
69 MADISON AV.—SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR SUMMER; SUPERIOR APPOINTMENTS; RESTAURANT SERVICE.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Rooms, with private bath; board optional; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 838.—Large, sunny rooms; hot and cold running water; also small rooms; 'phone and bath. 'Phone 3146—Plaza.

LEXINGTON AV., 157.—Two most desirable large rooms; private house.

Brooklyn.

PUTNAM AV., 234, near Nostrand.—One or two furnished rooms; central location; private family.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Responsible party for six or 12 months; possession immediate; completely furnished six rooms and bath; all front rooms; St. Nicholas Av. and 115th St.; elevator, electric light, hall service, telephone; near Central Park; express train service. Appointment by Tel. 6829 Broad.

The Strathmore, 404 Riverside Drive, 113th.—Corner apartment, elegrantly furnished; 10 very large rooms, 3 baths, 13 closets; ideal for the Summer months; to sublet until Sept. 15, 1911; terms reasonable. Telephone 6996 Morningside.

22D ST., 144 EAST.—Completely furnished four rooms and bath; housekeeping; elevator apartment; until Oct. 1; $45 monthly; all front rooms and improvements; maid service, if desired; seen by appointment; 'phone 6406 Gramercy; Apartment 32; reference.

Riverside Drive, near 110th St.—Artistically furnished 8 rooms, 2 baths; May or June 1, to October 1 or shorter time; $150 per month; references required. J 108 Times.

186 Madison Av.—One of four rooms and bath, no kitchen; one of ten rooms and bath, including kitchen; both from May to October. Apply to Sullivan on premises.

Great Sacrifice.—Beautiful corner apartment; 5 outside, breezy rooms, bath; furnished or unfurnished; $65; Summer rate. Apartment 75, 536 West 111th St.

Exceptionally well furnished, 6 rooms, modern in every respect. 6 E Claremont Hall, 2,881 Broadway, or phone W. J., 6460 Mad.

Bachelor apartment, furnished, with service, fashionable quarter, 65 West 54th, May or June to October. $60 a month.

Beautifully furnished apartment, four outside rooms, overlooking Hudson. $45. 455 Fort Washington Av., near 181st.

Two bright, desirably located rooms, with bath, $62.50 per month. Art Club Studio Building, 119 East 19th St.

Comfortable front apartment, three large rooms, bath, kitchenette. "Clairmont View," 125th Subway, Riverside. Apart. 3.

86TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; elegantly kept.

60th St., 22 West.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30, $50 month; meals; Subway; elegantly kept.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Just completed, attractive bachelor suites, two rooms and bath, $45-$65, service included, at Nos. 34-36 East 58th St.; special rates for Summer months.

A few desirable suites of 3 and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th St.

To sublet at 140 Claremont Av., New York City, five exceptionally light rooms and bath; all improvements. Apartment 31.

46 West 9th St.—Apartment 7 rooms to rent for Summer or year; reasonable rent; well furnished. Apartment 3.

118th St., 423 West.—To sublet from May 1, Apartment 42; five outside rooms overlooking Columbia campus.

A $45 apartment, 4th floor of No. 419 West 115th St. (every convenience) will be sublet at $40. Inquire for L. Gurnee.

21st St., 226 West.—Six light rooms; bath; hot water supply; hall heated; reasonable rent.

46th St., 45 West.—Hadsome unfurnished apartment; gentlemen; reference.

Bronx.

Stebbins Av., 1,282-1,284.—3 short blocks west of Freeman St. Subway Station; 4, 5, and 6 large, light rooms and bath; all improvements; rent, $21, $26, and $30; finest flats in Bronx.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Steinway Grand Piano in fine condition, $275. Wissner, 538 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Open evenings.

$95—Beautiful Bradbury Upright piano; $30 Mason & Hamlin organ, $2 monthly until paid. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn.

A.—Steinway Upright in splendid order, cheap. 35 West 14th St.

Knabe Upright, good as new, at low price. 35 West 14th St.

Krakauer Upright piano, in good order, $150. 35 West 14th St.

$50—Billings Upright piano. Great bargain. 35 West 14th St.

Player piano, standard make, 88 notes, bench, music; sell very cheap. 316 West 42d St.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, typewriters, safes, cash registers, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, adding machines, neostyles, bookcases, partition. Nathan, White St., corner West Broadway.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-69 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—HARFORD WILLING HARE POWEL as substituted Trustee, &c., et al., Plaintiffs, against JOSEPH WIENER, and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 31st day of March, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 24th day of April, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

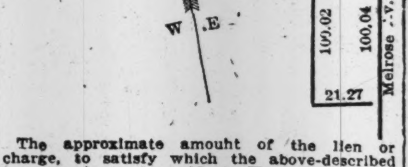
All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, consisting of so much of the easterly half of Lot Number Twenty Eight, on a map entitled, "Map of North Melrose," in the manor of Morrisania, in the County of Westchester, New York, made by Andrew Findlay, Surveyor, dated April 22, 1850, filed in the office of the Register of Westchester County, May 18th, 1850, as Map Number Two Hundred and Forty-two, which remained after the opening of Melrose Avenue, and is bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-third Street, (formerly First Street,) with the westerly side of Melrose Avenue; running thence westerly along the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-third Street, nineteen feet and forty-six one-hundredths of a foot, more or less, to the westerly side of the westerly wall of the building now erected, and standing upon said premises hereby intended to be conveyed; thence southerly along the said westerly side of said wall, and on a line in continuation thereof, one hundred feet and two one-hundredths of a foot, to the northerly line of Lot Number Thirty-six, on said map, thence easterly along the said northerly line of said lot twenty-one feet and twenty-seven one-hundredths of a foot, more or less, to the said westerly side of Melrose Avenue, and thence northerly along the westerly side of Melrose Avenue one hundred feet and four one-hundredths of a foot, to the said southerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-third Street, at the point or place of beginning.

Dated, New York, April 1st, 1911.
FELIX H. LEVY, Referee.

BOWERS & SANDS, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, No. 31 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 921 Melrose Avenue.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Twenty thousand seven hundred and twenty-five eighty-three one-hundredths dollars, ($20,725.83,) with interest thereon from the 25th day of March, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to Six hundred and thirteen ninety-five one-hundredths dollars, ($613.95,) with interest from March 31st, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Eight hundred and fifty-seven seventy one-hundredths dollars, ($857.70,) and interest.

Dated, New York, April 1st, 1911.
FELIX H. LEVY, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, County of Queens.—CELINE S. HOLLINS, Plaintiff, against CHARLES A. WISSMANN and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition duly made and entered in the above entitled action, dated the 17th day of January, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said interlocutory judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of April, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, Esq., Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the westerly side of First Avenue, distant thirty-nine feet six inches southerly from Thirty-third Street; running thence southerly along the westerly side of First Avenue nineteen feet nine inches; thence westerly, parallel with Thirty-third Street, seventy feet; thence northerly parallel with First Avenue, nineteen feet nine inches; thence easterly parallel with Thirty-third Street, seventy feet, to the point or place of beginning; northerly and southerly walls of the building being party walls.

Dated, March 22d, 1911.
WILLIAM RASQUIN, Jr., Referee.

EARLE & RUSSELL, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 55 Liberty Street, New York City, N. Y.

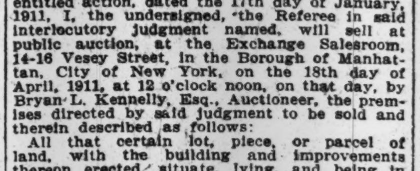
CHARLES P. LATTING, Esq., Attorney for Defendants, Frances de R. Wissmann and others, 34 Pine Street, New York City, N. Y.

MORGAN, MORGAN & CARR, Attorneys for Defendant, Louise E. Cryder, individually and as Executrix, etc., 60 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y.

FERRISS, ROSER & STORCK, Attorneys for Defendant, Charles A. Wissmann, 165 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

ALBERT HANDY, Attorney for Defendant, Henry S. Glover, Executor, etc., 62 William Street, New York City, N. Y.

WELTON C. PERCY, Attorney for Defendants, Charles A. Wissmann and others, as Trustees, etc., 32 Nassau Street, New York City, N. Y.



Any and all taxes, assessments, or water rates that may be liens against said premises on the day of sale, will be paid by the Referee. The premises will be sold free and clear of any mortgages thereon.

Dated March 22d, 1911.
WILLIAM RASQUIN, Jr., Referee.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—BANK OF GREAT NECK, Plaintiff, against SIMON UHLFELDER, et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 12th day of April, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of May, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All those two plots of land, situate in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the first of which is more particularly bounded and described as follows, viz:

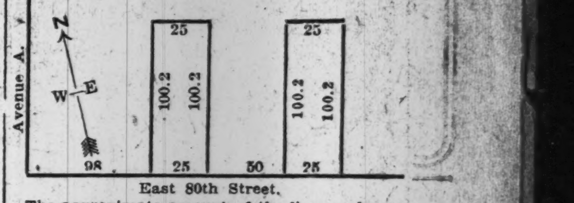
(a) Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Eightieth Street, distant ninety-eight (98) feet easterly from the northeasterly corner of Eightieth Street and Avenue A; running thence northerly and parallel with Avenue A one hundred and two (102) feet, two (2) inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line twenty-five (25) feet; thence southerly again parallel with Avenue A one hundred and two (102) feet, two (2) inches to the northerly side of Eightieth Street, and thence westerly along said northerly side of Eightieth Street, twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning; and

(b) Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Eightieth Street, distant one hundred and seventy-three (173) feet easterly from the northeasterly corner of Eightieth Street and Avenue A; running thence northerly parallel with Avenue A one hundred and two (102) feet, two (2) inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line twenty-five (25) feet; thence southerly again parallel with Avenue A one hundred and two (102) feet, two (2) inches to said northerly side of Eightieth Street, and thence westerly along said northerly side of Eightieth Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, April 13th, 1911.
LEO L. LEVENTRITT, Referee.

BOWERS & SANDS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
No. 31 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street numbers are 503 and 509 East Eightieth Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is twelve thousand five hundred and fifty-nine 16-100 dollars ($12,559.16) with interest thereon from the 6th day of April, 1911, together with costs and allowances amounting to three hundred and eighty-one and 45-100 dollars ($381.45) with interest from April 12th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is six hundred and eighty-one 83-100 dollars ($681.83).

Dated New York, April 13th, 1911.
LEO L. LEVENTRITT, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—SANTE TALAMINI, Plaintiff, against CAROLINA B. DUCKER and GEORGE M. DUCKER, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 4th day of April, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of May, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Herbert A. Sherman, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Sixty-ninth Street, distant one hundred sixty-four (164) feet two (2) inches westerly from the northwesterly corner of Sixty-ninth Street and Amsterdam (formerly 10th) Avenue; running thence northerly, parallel with Amsterdam (formerly 10th) Avenue, one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly, along said centre line, twenty (20) feet six (6) inches; thence southerly, parallel with Amsterdam (formerly 10th) Avenue, and partly through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the northerly side of Sixty-ninth Street; and thence easterly, along the northerly side of Sixty-ninth Street, twenty (20) feet six (6) inches to the point or place of beginning. Be said several distances and dimensions more or less. Said premises being known as and by street No. 213 West 69th Street, in said Borough of Manhattan.

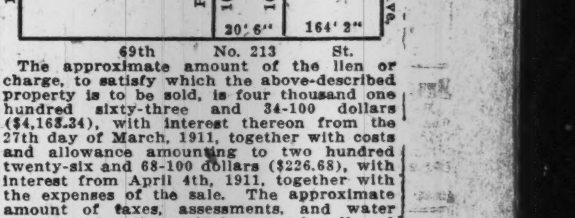
Subject to a mortgage of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) and interest, now a prior lien on said premises, and

Subject to any state of facts which an accurate survey would show.

Dated New York, April 7th, 1911.
JAMES OLIVER, Referee.

CHARLES ZERBARINI, Attorney for Plaintiff, 346 Broadway, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 213 West 69th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is four thousand one hundred sixty-three and 34-100 dollars ($4,163.34), with interest thereon from the 27th day of March, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to two hundred twenty-six and 68-100 dollars ($226.68), with interest from April 4th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is four hundred sixteen and 62-100 dollars ($416.62) and interest.

Dated New York, April 7th, 1911.
JAMES OLIVER, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—SARAH HEDGES BENTLEY, Plaintiff, against NATHAN REISLER and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date April 12, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of May, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

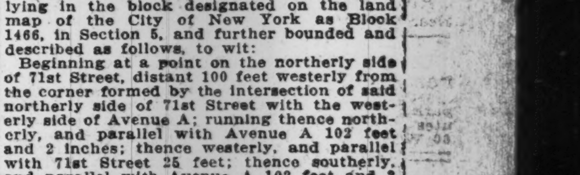
All that certain piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements erected thereon, situated and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, and lying in the block designated on the land map of the City of New York as Block 1466, in Section 5, and further bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of 71st Street, distant 100 feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of said northerly side of 71st Street with the westerly side of Avenue A; running thence northerly, and parallel with Avenue A 102 feet and 2 inches; thence westerly, and parallel with 71st Street 25 feet; thence southerly, and parallel with Avenue A 102 feet and 2 inches, to the northerly side of 71st Street, and thence easterly, along said northerly side of 71st Street, 25 feet, to the point or place of beginning. Together with all gas fixtures, stoves, or ranges, heaters, boilers, engines, furnaces, tubs, sinks, and other plumbing fixtures of every description, whether the same, or any of them, are securely attached to said premises, and the same were declared real estate and intended to be covered by said mortgage.

Dated New York, April 15, 1911.
PETER GATENS, Referee.

HOWLAND, MURRAY & PRENTISS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, 35 Wall Street, New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 439 East 71st Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $24,933.33, with interest thereon from April 10, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to $348.41, with interest from April 12, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $1,150.00 and interest.

Dated New York, April 15, 1911.
PETER GATENS, Referee.

DRINK LEADS TO STABBING.

Italian Is Slain as the Result of an Easter Celebration.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., April 16.—An Easter celebration among the Italian residents at Montville, eleven miles from here, resulted in the death of Laurettio Divito and the flight of Rocco Coantgna and Maria, his wife. All three lived near the Delaware Lackawanna & Western quarry and had been drinking. Divito went to the home of the Coantgnas and got into an argument with them.

The man and woman, the police say, attacked Divito with knives, drove him from the house and stabbed him to death. Then they fled. Coantgna is described as of medium height, with a heavy, black mustache and a protruding lower lip. His wife is about twenty-five years old.

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While taking food, or at short intervals between meals, try sipping

MAN-A-CEA WATER

A Natural Mineral Spring Water. (Not a Laxative Water.)

It rarely, if ever, fails to allay Nausea, stop Vomiting, and restore Good Digestion. Send for Booklet.

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FACTORY: . . 441 Pearl Street

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The best permanent mixture. Makes close velvety turf. No foul seeds; no weeds. New crop sure to grow.

Per lb., 30c; 5 lbs., $1.35; 15 lbs., $3.95

Vaughan's Seeds 25 Barclay Street Catalogue Free

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FIRE-PROOF STORAGE For Household Goods.

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C. S. HAMMOND & CO., Map Engravers and Publishers, 142 Fulton St. (Half block east of Broadway) New York

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108 to 112 East 14th St. Tel., 1480—Stuyvesant. FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT. A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE. Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA. WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.

Pilsener Genossenschafts-Brauerei. GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

O'DONNELL'S

[illegible] Restaurant. B'way and 60th St. Cuisine Highest Class. See "Ev. Telegram."

CAVANAGH'S 258-260 W. 23d St. Restaurant, Grill, and Banquet Room. Shellfish a Specialty. Vocal & Instrumental Music.

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

Herald Square Hotel 34th St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

[illegible] W. 35 St. [illegible] MORETTI Tel. 614 Murray. Lunch. [illegible] 40c.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music.

MANY BILLS OFFSET DIX ECONOMY PLAN

Salary Grabs Running Into Thousands of Dollars Abound in Tammany Measures.

STRIKE AT HOME RULE, TOO

Democratic Platform Pledges Ignored by Certain Legislators—Mayor's and Governor's Veto May Block Them.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 16.—Economy was the keynote of the Democratic platform pledges. Home rule is a well-established principle of the Democratic faith. Both have been flagrantly violated in legislation affecting the City of New York which has been introduced by members of the Democratic majority in the Legislature.

Special legislation and salary grabs abound in the bills, introduced mostly by Tammany members of the Legislature. A few weeks ago the publication in the newspapers of a list of such bills, the passage of which would add at least $4,000,000 annually to the New York City budget as a result of mandatory measures passed at Albany, aroused civic organizations and taxpayers' associations there into unwonted activity. But their efforts to check the flood of bills establishing new salaried places in the city's service, or increasing by legislative mandate existing salaries, has not done much good. They are expected to keep up the fight when the Legislature reconvenes to-morrow.

Measures of this nature seem to have received exceptionally kind treatment from the Legislature this year. Already bills have been passed or reported from committees with a probability that they will be enacted in the face of any protests that may come from the Republican minority or from outside sources, which would swell the annual expenditures of the city for administrative purposes by at least $125,000. Only the vetoing power of Mayor Gaynor and of Gov. Dix, if wisely exercised, will save New York City from spoliation at the hands of Tammany Hall.

This power Mayor Gaynor has already exercised in at least one instance, where an exceedingly vicious bill by Assemblyman Oliver was concerned. This measure increased by 100 per cent. the fees of six Condemnation Commissioners for services already performed in connection with the taking over by the city of property for the Manhattan terminals of the Brooklyn and Manhattan Bridges. Several of Senator Timothy D. Sullivan's political friends, including ex-Senator Fitzgerald and Proprietor Kahn of the Occidental Hotel, would have benefited directly by the proposed increase in fees. Several of the Republican legislators from this city protested, but the steam roller ran over every obstacle, and the bill was passed in both houses in short order.

Grab in Mortgage Tax Fees.

Senator Thomas H. Cullen of Brooklyn, Chairman of the Committee on the Affairs of Cities in the upper house, again has introduced and is earnestly advocating a bill which was vetoed by Gov. Hughes last year, providing that recording officers, in addition to their already ample salary, may retain as fees one-half of 1 per cent. of all mortgage recording taxes accounted for by them.

On the basis of the last year's figures this would provide $14,000 annually to be distributed between the Register of New York County and of Kings and the County Clerks in Queens and Richmond. The two Registers already receive as compensation fixed by law $12,000 annually, while the County Clerk of Richmond receives $5,000 a year. The County Clerkship in Queens is a fee office. Under the present system recording fees are paid into the City Treasury, where the receipts from this source are merged into the general fund for the redemption of the city debt. This bill has been reported favorably by the Senate Cities Committee.

The amount of $12,600 will be added to the city payroll if a series of bills introduced by Assemblyman A. J. Levy become law. Two of these bills provide that the salary of each of the official interpreters and record clerks of the Court of General Sessions may be raised to $3,000 a year by action of a majority of the Judges. A third bill provides that the salaries of the eight clerks in the department for the preservation of public records in the Surrogates' Court shall be fixed at an amount not to exceed $1,600 a year. Seven of these clerks now receive $1,200 each. One receives $1,800. These bills have been reported out of the Assembly Judiciary Committee, of which the introducer is Chairman.

Assemblyman Mark Goldberg of the Eighteenth Assembly District is sponsor for a bill which has already passed the Assembly, fixing the salaries of attendants and messengers in the Surrogates' Court at $1,800 annually. The bill affects nine employes, and the aggregate increase under this bill might be $2,700. Gov. Hughes vetoed a similar bill last year.

Vacations For All Employes.

Indirect but large increases in the city payroll would result from the passage of three bills introduced by Assemblyman James J. Hoey. One of these bills was introduced by Mr. Hoey last year and the year before, but in both instances failed to become a law. It requires the head of each department bureau, board, or commission of the State, of every county, city, or other civil subdivision of the State to grant to each employe who has been in the service at least one year two weeks' vacation with full pay. No discretion whatever is allowed a department head to reduce the vacation period, but it may be extended for any period the head of a department in his discretion shall consider that the circumstances warrant.

Another Hoey bill establishes an eight-hour day with holiday and half holidays at full pay even for per diem employes of any such department and with the further proviso that work on any holiday or half holiday shall be at double compensation. Members of the uniformed force of the Police and Fire Departments do not come under the provisions of this bill, but it has been suggested that it might be construed as conferring on policemen and firemen the benefit of double pay for more than eight hours' work in any day and for services performed on holidays.

The activity of the Tammany delegation has been rivaled by the representatives of the Tammanyized Democratic organization of Brooklyn.

Senator Felix J. Sanner has a bill which has been reported favorably by the Senate Committee on Internal Affairs which provides for a Chief Clerk of the Surrogate's Court in Brooklyn to be appointed by the Surrogate, who is empowered to fix his salary. This court already has one chief clerk—a Republican. The Surrogate is a Democrat. If the salary should be fixed at the amount the present clerk is receiving it would add $7,000 to the city payroll.

Senator Loring M. Black, Jr., and Assemblyman Louis Goldstein of Brooklyn have a bill removing the limit of $2,500 on the salaries of the twenty clerks employed in the Appellate Division and the Supreme Court in Kings and giving the Justices power to fix the salaries by majority action.

Making Places For Democrats.

"There are," said J. O. Hammitt, Secretary of the Citizens' Union and legislative representative of that organization, "two bills which form part of the programme of the Brooklyn Democratic organization to legislate Republican district leaders out of office and put good Democrats in their places. Legislation of this sort is, of course, wholly indefensible. In fact, astonishment has been expressed that anything quite so 'raw' should be attempted. One of these bills, introduced by Senator Barth Cronin, puts out of office the present Chief Clerk of the Kings County Court, who is appointed by the County Judges, and provides for the appointment of his successor by the County Clerk.

"The other, introduced by Senator Sanner and Assemblyman Goldstein, puts out of office the administrator of Kings County, who under the present system is appointed by the Surrogate and the County Judges, and provides for the appointment of his successor for a term of five years by the Surrogate. Of course, the Surrogate and County Clerk are Democrats. The County Judges both happen to be Republicans."

Another bill which—while its purpose is wholly benevolent—constitutes a violation of the home rule principle, and has been vetoed once by Mayor Gaynor, increases from $75,000 to $150,000 the amount which may be appropriated for the adult blind not inmates of charitable institutions. This bill was introduced by Assemblyman McCue. It has already passed the lower house. The State Charities Aid Association is opposed to the bill on the ground that mandatory interference with questions within the discretionary powers of the city authorities is undesirable.

There has been a veritable flood of special bills vesting power in the city authorities for the adjudication of all sorts of claims that should be adjusted under the general statutes. In addition to these there have been bills the effect of which would be to weaken the power of the city authorities and undo reforms which have been enacted by other Legislatures.

Other Tammany Bills.

Senator Timothy D. Sullivan has succeeded in having passed through the Senate a bill giving to applicants for theatrical licenses the right of hearing before a license is refused by the Police Department and the right of review by certiorari afterward. Under such a proceeding the ruling of the Police Commissioner might be upset on the merest technicality, and in addition the petitioner can select a friendly Justice before whom to bring his proceedings. Such licenses at the present time are refused in nearly every instance only when a place of public amusement constitutes a menace to public morals or to the safety of public life or public health. Senator Sullivan has large theatrical interests. The bill was passed just fourteen days after its introduction.

Assemblyman Harold Spielberg has introduced a bill which is regarded a distinct blow aimed at the reform in the bail system, adopted to put the professional bondsman out of business. It is provided by law that a Magistrate admitting a prisoner to bail must notify the District Attorney and afford him an opportunity to examine the bail offered. This examination is considered as of vital importance as a protection against straw bondsmen. The Spielberg bill makes it unnecessary for a Magistrate to consult the District Attorney.

Senator Stephen J. Stilwell has a bill in the interest of some newspapers in his home borough of the Bronx. Where the present law provides for the publication of the session laws in two newspapers in any county where that number are printed the Stilwell bill would make an exception of New York County by providing that the laws passed by the Legislature must be printed in two newspapers in Manhattan and two in the Bronx.

FUNDS OVERDRAWN.

Results of Poughkeepsie Inquiry Announced by State Controller.

ALBANY, April 16.—State Controller Sohmer has transmitted to the Treasurer of the City of Poughkeepsie the report of the examination of its fiscal affairs, made at the Controller's direction.

In a letter to Mayor Sague, supplementing the report, Controller Sohmer says that there has not been strict compliance with the prison law relative to the purchase of prison made articles; that all receipts of money have not been promptly reported; that the law regulating the issuance of licenses has not been strictly followed; that the Chamberlain retained for his personal use fees aggregating $871, and that funds had been overdrawn, which is forbidden by the charter.

He also states that the Common Council audited and allowed unverified bills aggregating over $9,000. The Controller's examiners question the legality of the payment of bills aggregating $3,508, and Controller Sohmer advises the Mayor to take immediate steps to have the question determined and to cause all moneys illegally paid to be restored to the city treasury. Controller Sohmer advises the Mayor that many errors were found in the City Treasurer's reports, and in the extension and addition of the tax rolls of the city.

Relative to the Department of Public Works, Controller Sohmer points out the necessity for a more careful examination of bills before their payment, and advises the discontinuance of contracting with members of the board for labor and material, since it is forbidden by both the city charter and the penal law.

The examiners state in their report that many errors were found in bills paid by the Board of Education, and that the teachers' retirement fund had not been properly administered. Criticism is also made of the administration of the Board of Charities, the Board of Police Commissioners, and the Board of Health.

Controller Sohmer informs Mayor Sague that although errors and irregularities were found by his examiners, they report nothing which reflects upon the integrity of any one connected with this administration.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., April 16.—In commenting on the report of the State Controller's office on the fiscal affairs of Poughkeepsie, given out to-night, Mayor John K. Sague said that he did not propose to "let half-baked theoretical experts come down here and tell me what to do.

"I shall pay no attention to any recommendations made in this report," he added. "I declare it defamatory, biased, and untrue."

FIGHT SWADDLING CLOTHES.

Diet Kitchen Association Details a Nurse to Enlighten Italian Mothers.

To uproot a practice many hundred years old, which inflicts needless suffering upon new-born babies, the New York Diet Kitchen Association has placed in "Little Italy" a trained nurse, to give her entire time to the work. Women from Southern Italy and Sicily bind their babies tightly in swaddling clothes from the ankles to the hips, and very frequently to the armpits. They are kept on until the babies are six months and very often nine months old, even in the hottest Summer weather.

"It is to prevent the baby from becoming bowlegged," is the reason given for the practice. "It was done by my mother, grandmother, and my ancestors for hundreds of years."

The nurse, who is trying to emancipate babies from this bondage, makes her headquarters in the Wickham Kitchen, 169 Mott Street.

AUTO TRUCK FIREMEN DEAD.

One Victim of Passaic Accident Was Going Along as a Visitor.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., April 16.—Lieut. James A. Delaney of Fire Engine Company 1 and Charles F. Cowley, a member of the Passaic Board of Education, died in St. Mary's Hospital this morning of injuries sustained last night, when an automobile combination hose and chemical wagon, answering an alarm from the tenement district, was wrecked in Passaic Street.

Delaney never regained consciousness, dying three hours after the accident. Commissioner Cowley was semi-conscious until a few minutes before his death at 4 o'clock. Both had concussion of the brain.

Cowley was not a member of the department, but had been a fireman for several years in the volunteer days. When the alarm rang he was in the exempt firemen's headquarters, and asked Capt. Graham if it would be all right to go along, as he had done several times since the paid department was installed two years ago.

"It is up to you, Charley," said the Captain, and Cowley jumped on the rear step.

A wife and two daughters survive Mr. Cowley. Lieut. Delaney leaves a wife and six children.

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WAGES UP IN 1910, BUT MORE IDLENESS

Workers in This State Made More Per Day, but Their Average Earnings Were Less.

EFFECT OF CLOAK STRIKE

Unions Add 74,698 Members, Bringing the Total Up to 481,924, Says Labor Report.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 16.—Conditions in the field of labor in New York State are set forth in the Bulletin issued to-day by the State Department of Labor. Monthly returns from 192 representative trade unions throughout the State, with a total membership of 118,000, show that during the last half of the year 1910 the amount of idleness among organized wage earners averaged higher than in 1909, and that unemployment—that is idleness not caused by disability or labor disputes but due to the condition of trade—averaged just about the same as in 1909. The higher proportion of idleness in general was due to the great number of cloakmakers idle in New York City during the strike in that trade in July and August.

In comparison with earlier years, both 1909 and 1910 show much lower percentages of unemployment for the last six months and for the close of the year than did 1907 or 1908, but, on the other hand, the 1909 and 1910 percentages are still considerably above those for 1904, 1905, and 1906.

Returns from all labor organizations in the State, numbering nearly 2,500, show, for a total of 409,060 male members who had some work during the quarter, average earnings for the months of July, August, and September of 1910 of $213 per member. This is $20 below the corresponding average for the same months of 1900, which was the highest on record, and is considerably below the averages for the years from 1905 to 1907, though not so low as the average in 1908.

"The explanation of lower average earnings in 1910 as compared with the year before cannot be found in lower rates of wages," says the report. "On the contrary, the average per diem wage for the quarter of the men whose earnings are considered was $3.30, as against $3.23 in 1909.

"This difference is in part a merely mathematical result of large changes in membership, but only partly so; and in every one of the thirteen groups of trades or industries represented in the returns the average per diem wage was as high or higher, except in three of the less important groups, in which the decreases were small. The lower average earnings in 1910 must be sought, therefore, in less time worked, and as a matter of fact the average number of days worked by those reporting earnings was only 64.5 in 1910, as compared with 72.0 in 1909.

"The reduction in average time worked and consequently the decline in average earnings is very largely traceable to the strike of cloak makers and one in the building trades. The general result indicated by the returns, therefore, is that union wages ruled higher in 1910 than in 1909, and that in consequence earnings were also generally higher.

"On Sept. 30, 1910," continues the report, "the number of union members in New York State was nearly half a million, an increase of 74,698 between April 1 and Sept. 30, having brought the total up to 481,924. This is over 45,000 above the highest previous record, of September, 1907. The increase in the half year was largely localized geographically, 85 per cent. of it being in New York City, and only Buffalo, Yonkers, and Schenectady of the union centres outside of the metropolis showing gains of as many as 500 members, each of these gaining from 1,600 to 1,700 members.

"Similarly, the increase was localized industrially, 72 per cent. of it being found in the clothing trades. As a result this group of trades now stands first in union membership in this State, having passed by a little over 500 the building and stone-working trades, which have hitherto stood first. Outside of the clothing trades, only four groups of trades gained as many as 2,000 members, these being the metal trades, 5,774; the transportation trades, 8,355; public employment, 2,362, and trades connected with the preparation of food and liquors, 2,097.

"Among individual trades, the increase among the cloakmakers in New York City consequent upon the strike last Summer quite overshadows any other gains. Taking all branches of that trade together, there was an increase in the six months of over 50,000 union members. This is equal to two-thirds of the total increase for all trades in the State."

The Bulletin presents some brief comparisons between the growth of labor organization and of population in the State during the decade from 1900 to 1910. It is found that while population increased about one-quarter, union membership nearly doubled, so that the proportion of organized workers to total population increased from 3.4 to 5.3 per cent.

According to the returns received by the Bureau of Mediation and Arbitration in the third quarter, July, August, and September, of 1910, strikes and lockouts were just about as numerous as in the corresponding quarter of 1909, fifty-six, as compared with fifty-three, but the number of disputants and amounts of time lost because of disputes in 1910 exceeded the corresponding figures for any other year on record. This was also due mainly to the cloakmakers' strike in New York City, which accounts for 60 per cent. of the disputants and 80 per cent. of the time lost in that quarter. In fact, the time lost in that one dispute, 2,940,000 days, far exceeded the total lost in all the disputes of any entire year since 1904.

In the six months from September to February, inclusive, the State Bureau of Mediation and Arbitration intervened in thirty-five disputes, as compared with thirty-four in the corresponding period of 1909-10. In fourteen disputes conferences were arranged, and in seven the bureau's efforts were directly successful in bringing about settlements.

In commenting on the Workmen's Compulsory Compensation act which was declared unconstitutional by the Court of Appeals, the Bulletin says that "in New York it appears to be settled beyond peradventure that the fundamental law of the people as embodied in the Constitution makes a compulsory compensation law impossible because proof of fault or negligence is, according to the Court of Appeals, the only 'due process of law' by which an employer may be required to pay compensation to an injured employe."

Manufacturers' Meeting Next Month.

The annual meeting of the National Association of Manufacturers is to be held at the Waldorf on May 15 to 17. In all probability an entire day will be devoted to the discussion of accident prevention and industrial relief, and the report of the Special Commissioners of the association, F. C. Schwedtman and James A. Emery, on their trip to Europe will be before the convention. Banking and currency will also be taken up from the manufacturers' point of view, and immigration, industrial education, patent reform, and the creation of an independent Tariff Commission of experts will also be considered.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
12:05	261 W. 44th St.; Isaac Harlan	Trifling
12:30	210 W. 26th St.; L. P. Vanwiter	$200
12:55	789 Lex. Av.; Benamio Brothers	$1,000
3:00	488 11th Av.; L. Legin	Trifling
7:00	1,554 Broadway; Owner Unknown	None
7:25	113 Henry St.; A. Levine	Trifling
9:15	446 E. 115th St.; Dominick Lafaro	Trifling
10:20	302 E. 75th St.; Jake Crasino	$25
10:35	30 E. 113th St.; William Welkowitz	Trifling
10:45	224 Lex. Av.; Owner Unknown	None
11:10	49 Willett St.; George Witeyn	Trifling
P. M.		
12:30	61 and 63 Delancey St.; J. Rosa	$5
3:15	Foot of Delancey St.; Department of Street Cleaning	Trifling
3:35	189 E. Houston St.; I. Brewstein	$25
4:25	118 Sheriff St.; Harry Weinstein	Trifling
5:20	279 E. 4th St.; Isaac Goodman	$300
6:37	77 Mott St.; Casper & Nelke	Trifling
6:50	76 E. 113th St.; David Solomon	Trifling
7:30	4 Beach St.; Wing Sing	$50
8:10	2,125 Arthur Ave.; Della Gilbert	$1,000
9:05	290 Stanton St.; Dr. Mittelman	Trifling
9:05	599 Brook Ave.; A. Tannenbaum	$10
9:35	305 8th Ave.; M. Rosenthal	$200
9:45	56 W. 118th St.; Dr. Landesman	Trifling
10:05	143 E. 60th St.; Anna Schultz	$50
10:05	Foot of East Scofield St., City Island; Texas Oil Co.	$6,000
10:15	560 Fox St.; Jennie Young	$50
10:35	105 E. Third St.; Harry Furst	$25

FRIEND'S ADVICE FATAL.

Woman Whose Child Died After Giving It Patent Medicine a Suicide.

Heart-broken over the death several months ago of her baby daughter Gertrude, for which she believed herself responsible, Mrs. Gertrude Beeger, 30 years old, committed suicide last night by gas asphyxiation in her home, 515 Fifteenth Avenue, Newark, N. J.

The body was discovered by her husband, Joseph, and her 10-year-old son, Joseph, when they reached home after visiting friends. Two gas jets were open, and on a dresser was this note, addressed to her husband:

> Dear Joe: Had I never spoken to that woman my life would still be happy. My life isn't worth living since I made that fatal mistake. Take good care of the boy. I love him still. All I lived for was my children. O God ! O God ! For me to make that mistake; I who loved my children to the verge of madness ! Oh, that I had never been born ! Good-bye.
>
> GERTRUDE.

The mistake referred to was that Mrs. Beeger, on the advice of a friend, when little Gertrude was taken sick with whooping cough, had given her a patent medicine instead of calling a doctor. The child died six days later, and the mother could never forgive herself.

TAUGHT TO STEAL, SAYS BOY.

Peter Ossoff, 17 years old, of 242 East Thirteenth Street, was arrested last night by Detective Finn, charged with robbing a woman in the Dewey Theatre. The detective, who was sitting directly behind Ossoff, said he saw Ossoff open the woman's handbag.

To Magistrate Herman in the Night Court Ossoff said he had been taught to steal by a man whose name he didn't know, and that he had stolen much money in the last two weeks. He said the man also taught several other boys how to open handbags. Magistrate Herman held Ossoff in $500 bail and ordered the boy's parents to be in court to-night.

CAN'T PAY HIS JAILERS.

Unless Moore's Income Shows Up He Must Go to a Real Cell.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, April 16.—Henry G. Moore, the wealthy Philadelphian who was arrested in Rutherford on March 25 for failing to pay his wife $40,000 alimony, and who is being detained in the Hackensack Hospital as a prisoner in default of $30,000 bail, is a bit worried because his monthly income check of $3,000 is now two weeks late.

Under the pretense that he was ill at the time of his arrest, Moore was taken to the hospital instead of the Hackensack Jail, but County Physician McFadden says there is no reason at all why Moore should not be in jail, so far as his physical condition is concerned. But Moore is paying each of the constables $5 a day for guarding him, and is paying the hospital well for his spacious, attractive room.

Moore is short of money now. In fact, he was so pinched that he gave a diamond ring to the Rutherford barber who shaves him in the hospital a few days ago, and the ring was pawned for $250.

As the county will not stand for the payment to Constables to guard a prisoner in the hospital it means that Moore will soon be occupying a cell in the jail if his income is not soon forthcoming, for his bill of $10 a day is fast reaching a fair-sized figure for guards alone.

Moore, who is the son of a Philadelphia brewer, receives his $3,000 a month income under a spendthrift trust. His wife got a separation twelve years ago and he was ordered to pay her $300 a month alimony.

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The EDITORIAL REVIEW

EASTER "PEACE" NUMBER

"Christ, The Prince of Peace" Henry van Dyke

"United Effort Toward Universal Peace" James Bryce British Ambassador to the United States

"Shall the United States Lead the World Toward Peace?" Samuel T. Dutton Secretary New York Peace Society

President Wm. H. Taft contributes "The Path to Peace"

Peace—"What has the woman to say?" Mrs. Elmer Black Field Director American Peace & Arbitration League

Live Articles by Edwin Ginn, James Brown Scott, Theodore Marburg, William J. Hull, Dr. J. A. McDonald, John A. Stewart

The EDITORIAL REVIEW

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AUCTION SALES. | AUCTION SALES.

CLARKE'S ART ROOMS, 5 WEST 44TH ST. (ADJOINING THE FIFTH AV. BANK). Important and Interesting Art Event.

EXHIBITION TO-DAY

The entire collection of

The Cella Classic Shop, Inc.,

No. 1 East 46th St. (Windsor Arcade), will be sold at unrestricted public auction OWING TO THE DISSOLUTION OF THE CORPORATION and the winding up of the business,

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) at 2 O'CLOCK P. M., and following days.

The Collection comprises

FINE ANTIQUE EXAMPLES

French, Italian, Spanish, Dutch and English Furniture and Works of Art.

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Superb Aubusson Tapestry Suites,

A large assortment of

Italian Marbles and Terra Cottas,

Replicas of Vatican and other famous pieces. XVII. CENTURY ITALIAN PAINTINGS. MIRRORS, CANDLESTICKS, LAMPS, SCONCES, CLOCKS, PEDESTALS, SHEFFIELD PLATE, &c., &c.

The sale will be conducted by Mr. Augustus Clarke.

CATALOGUES UPON APPLICATION.

TAKE NOTICE THAT, BY VIRTUE OF A lien held by me against the following-described personal property, to wit, 40 shares of the capital stock of the Charles J. Geiser Company, a domestic corporation, belonging to Charles J. Geiser of 805 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, New York, now in my possession, I will sell such personal property at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy such lien through Adrian H. Muller & Son, Auctioneers, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of April, 1911, at 12:30 o'clock P. M.

Dated New York City, April 6, 1911.

KATE S. LANGSTROTH.

EVERETT, CLARKE, BENEDICT & WARD, Attorneys for Kate S. Langstroth, 79 Wall St., New York City.

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EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Eves. at 8:20. Matinees Sats. only, 2. WM. GILLETTE Farewell in his famous plays. LAST 7 TIMES. HELD BY THE ENEMY Beg. Next Mon., Final Week—Repertoire.

KNICKERBOCKER. Broadway & 38th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. BEG'G TO-NIGHT AT 8:15 SHARP. RALPH HERZ IN DR. DE LUXE a new musical play by Hauerbach & Hoschna.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Begins 8:20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. MRS. FISKE in MRS. BUMPSTEAD-LEIGH. SPECIAL! THIS AFT. AT 3 KITTY CHEATHAM'S ANNUAL EASTER HOLIDAY MATINEE.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in NOBODY'S WIDOW.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL BOXES, SEATS and TABLES FOR THE OPENING PERFORMANCE OF THE FOLIES BERGERE —WILL BE HELD NEXT— THURSDAY AT THE HUDSON THEATRE AT 3 P. M. THOMAS E. KIRBY, Auctioneer.

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. THE CONFESSION. Seats selling 4 weeks ahead.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Spectacular Dramatic Triumph. UNEQUALLED SINCE BEN HUR. THAIS

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eves. 8:15. Wed. Mat., 50c. to $1.50. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe. THE PINK LADY

"EXCUSE ME" AT THE GAIETY 46 St. & B'way. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. "Giggles for the girls and solar-plexus laughs for the boys."—Press.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Overture 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. 5th Month. "The captivating success of all years." CHRISTIE MACDONALD in THE SPRING MAID

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Ev. 8:20. Wed. Mat., Pop. Prices. A Laugh or a Song Hit Every Minute. BAYES & NORWORTH in "LITTLE MISS FIX-IT."

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE B'way & 43d St. PHONE 392 BRYANT EVE. 8:15. MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15. COHAN'S BIGGEST GET-RICH-QUICK WALLINGFORD

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WINTER GARDEN Evgs. at 8. Matinees Tues. Thurs. & Sat. 2. 50th St. & B'way. Telephone 411 Columbus. MATINEE TO-MOR'W 50c. to $1.50 Ballet, Spectacle, Musical, Variety & Comedy Features. 30 STARS. 250 NEAR STARS. Special Sun. night Concerts.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. To-Night and Every Eve. This Week, 8:15. BEST SEATS $1.50. Mr. Mantell in King Lear Wed. Mat., "As You Like It"; Sat. Mat., "The Merchant of Venice."

THE PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Prices $2 to 50c. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30. OVER NIGHT Will continue its successful Hackett Theatre run.

CASINO B'way and 39th. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-day. Best Seats $1.50. LOUISE GUNNING in THE BALKAN PRINCESS

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. EVERYWOMAN (Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love) "WINS THE PLAUDITS OF PLAYGOERS OF EVERY CLASS, AND AN AVALANCHE OF COMMENDATORY CRITICAL COMMENT AND EULOGISTIC ENDORSEMENT."

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Last week here. Next week Maxine Elliott's Theatre. THE DEEP PURPLE By Armstrong and Mizner. "Action swift enough to play the long roll on a snare drum."—Metcalfe, in Life.

BROADWAY Thea., B'way & 41st St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LEW FIELDS IN THE HEN-PECKS

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, bet. B'y & 6 Av. Evs. 8:30. Last Week. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Charles Klein's New Play, THE GAMBLERS —with— George Nash. MON., APR. 24. THE DEEP PURPLE Will be transferred from the Lyric Thea.

39TH STREET THEA. 39th, nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day. Best Seats $1.50. JOHN MASON In Augustus Thomas' best play AS A MAN THINKS.

William Collier's COMEDY Thea. 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow. 2:30. William Collier in The Dictator

MAJESTIC B'way & 59th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mat. To-day, 2:30. Best Seats $1. "Best Farce in ten years."—Eve. Mail. BABY MINE Reg. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

WEST END 125th St., W. of 8th Av. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. THE INTENSE GRIPPING DRAMA. MADAME X

LAST WEEK | Madison Sq. Garden TWICE DAILY, 2:15 & 8:15 P. M. Doors Open at 1:15 & 7:15. CIRCUS BARNUM & BAILEY $3,500,000 CAPITAL $7,500 DAILY EXPENSE 1280 PERSONS 108 CAGE ZOO 400 CIRCUS ARTISTS 1,000 NEW CIRCUS WONDERS A Whirlwind of Fun by 50 CLOWNS. Adm. 25 & 50c. Reserved Seats 75c., $1 & $1.50. Boxes, Seats, $2 & $2.50. Children under 10 years half price afternoons. LAST 2 PERFORMANCES NEXT SATY.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. EASTER JUBILEE 12 BIG STAR ACTS

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. WM. H. THOMPSON & CO., "High Life in Jail," Belle Baker and others.

BRONX 149th St. & 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. NAT C. GOODWIN & Co., Ryan & Richfield Co., Marshall P. Wilder.

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. 253d TIME TO-NIGHT. "THE CONCERT"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. FRANCES STARR in EUGENE WALTER'S THE EASIEST WAY.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th. Mats. Wed. & Sat. LAST 8 TIMES. POMANDER WALK The Comedy of Happiness. MONDAY, APR. 24. Mabel Hite in "A CERTAIN PARTY." A Rollicking Musical Farce. Seats Thursday.

MANHATTAN Opera House. 34th St., 8th Av. Wed. Matinees, 25c. and 50c. Eve. & Sat. Mat. 25c.-$1. VIOLA ALLEN THE WHITE SISTER.

Hammerstein's Victoria, 42d St. Daily Mat. Victor Moore & Co., Cressy & Dayne, Howard & North, and 14 others.

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45 St. NEXT FRIDAY AT 8:30. WAGENHALS & KEMPER Present, first time, What the Doctor Ordered A. E. Thomas.

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. First Mat. Sat. Beginning WED. EVE. Seats Now. The London Follies

Irving Place Theatre...Conrad Dreher To-night & Every Eve. & Sat. Mat., Leo Fall's operetta, "Der Fidele Bauer" (The Jolly Peasant).

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15. BURLESQUE—Sam Howe's LOVE MAKERS.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | BURLESQUE, Pop. Mat. To-day, 15, 25, 50c. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. Smoking.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S West 125th St. Matinee Daily. Robinson's CRUSOE GIRLS. To-morrow Night—Wrestling.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. President Diaz. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Orchestral Concerts Afternoon and Eve.

BROOKLYN ADVERTISEMENT.

AMPHION Happy Hooligan Mat. Mon., Wed., Sat. 25c. Evg. Prices, 15-25-50c.

ORPHEUM Brooklyn Mat. Daily, 25c. | ELSIE JANIS, Chas. Richman & Co., Rooney & Bent, others.